ATDS: it may not

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# FINANCIALTIMES

**EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER** 

No. 30,183

Friday March 13 1987

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## .World news

## Perle to quit defence post

Hardline US Assistant Secretary of Defence Richard Perle is resigning to become a defence consultant and the US Securities and texchange to make the US Securities and texchange to make the US Securities and texchange to the US Securities and the US Securities and texchange to the US Securities and texchange to the US Securities and texchange to the US Securities and the US Securities and texchange to the US Securities and the US to write a novel based in part on his experiences in Washington.

He is widely regarded as the most able and articulate critic of

past arms control agreements between Washington and Moscow. The news was greeted with concern by some conservatives on Capitol

#### Threat to hostage

An underground group in Lebanon threatened to kill a French hostage within 48 hours unless it received an explanation of remarks by French President François Mitter rand that he would continue to supply lraq with arms. Page 4

#### Second Soviet test

Moscow staged its second nuclear test in 15 days after ending a 19-month self-imposed freeze. Tass said it was carried out near Semi-palatinsk in Central Asia.

#### Swedish boycott

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Sweden is to impose a total boycott on trade in goods with South Africa in a move that marks a unique departure from its traditional foreign and trade policy. Page 4

#### Pretoria pact fails

South Africa's two ultra-right parties, the Herstigte Nasionale and the Coservative Party, failed to agree on an electroral pact which might have helped them take seats from the ruling National Party in the May 6 whites only general elec-

#### Pinochet silenced

A bomb knocked out electrical power in several parts of Santiago while a speech by President Augusto Pinochet was being broadcast on STERLING closed in New York at

#### Lagos warns rioters

The Nigerian Army warned ricters involved in murder or arson in the northern state of Kaduna that they would be shot. Religious clashes between Moslems and Christians this GOLD rose \$2.75 on the London bul-Page 4

#### Hess 'seriously ill'

Rudolf Hess, 92, once Hitler's deputy, is so ill that he did not recognise his son, Wolf-Ruediger Hess, when he visited him in the West Berlin Military Hospital, the son said afterwards. But an Allied spokesman said his condition had improved.

#### Secret designs stolen

Secret designs for an anti-submarine ship being built in a Finnish shipyard for the Swedish Navy have been stolen during a break-in

### Spanish violence

Ten Spanish policemen were overpowered by a rampaging mob in the northern town of Remosa during violent scenes sparked by threatened job losses. They surrendered and were marched away but colleagues later freed them.

**Defector returns** Professor Klaus Hennig, 52, a senior member of the East German Acedemy of Sciences who defected to West Germany recently, has returned home, East Germany said.

### Ex-Premier fined

Former New South Wales Premier Neville Wran was fined A\$25,000 (\$17,000) for contempt of court for a remark be made while in office. He had said he believed an accused index said no beneved an accused judge was innocent. The News Limited media group was fined AS200,000 for publishing the com-

#### Business summary

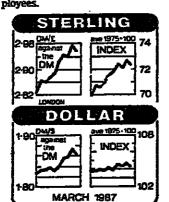
## Merrill Lynch banker sacked

asion of insider trading, was sacked yesterday by Merrill Lynch as the head of mergers and acquisitions in its London office.

Merrill Lynch said it had taken the action after Vaskevitch failed to provide satisfactory explanations of the SECs allegations. He had been suspended from his position on Wednesday after the SEC filed a civil complaint in a Manhattan

The SEC alleged that Vaskevitch, 38, masterminded an insider trad-ing scheme which netted more than \$4m using confidential information about Merrill's US clients.

Merrill Lynch said it was continuing to co-operate with authorities on both sides of the Atlantic. As far involve other Merrill Lynch em-



DOLLAR closed in New York at DM 1.8585; SFr 1.5575; FFr 6.1840; and 1.8585; SFr 1.5575; FFr 6.1840; and 1.8505 (DM 1.8715); to Y153.80 (Y153.80); to FFr 6.19 (FFr 6.2225); to SFr 1.5595 (SFr 1.5700). On Bank of England figures the dollar's exchange rate index fell from 104.5 to 104.3 Page 71

164.2. Page 31

\$1.5870. It fell in London to \$1.5880 (\$1.5910); to DM 2.9550 (DM 2.9775); to Y244.0 (Y244.75); to SFr 2.4750 (SFr 2.4975); and to FFr 9.83 (FFr 9.90). On Bank of England figures the pound's exchange rate index fell to 72.3 from 72.7. Page 31

so rose in Zurich to \$416.00 (\$407.45). Page **39** 

LONDON equities were mixed with the FT SE 100 down 10.3 to 1.989.7 and the FT Ordinary up 5.6 at 1,578.0. Gilts were buoyant. Page 46 TOKYO surged to its third peak with a 157.24 gain in the Nikkei market average to 21,470.20.

FABRIQUE Nationale Herstale, troubled Belgian arms and aeron-antics manufacturer, made a net loss of BFr 1,45hn (\$38m) and blamed strikes, the weak dollar and

falling oil price. Page 21. ITALY'S central bank announced

specific rules to govern the formation of domestic merchant following last month's decision to allow commercial banks to form merchant hank subsidiaries. Page 21

K MART, world's second largest re-tailer, reported a 20.8 per cent rise in earnings for the year to \$578.3m. or \$4.25 a share, citing a better merchandise mix, lower expenses and reduced interest rate costs. Page 21.

SANDVIK, Swedish cemented carhide and special steels group, showed a 4.3 per cent rise in profits before appropriations and taxes to SKr 1.678bn (\$260m) in 1986. Page 22

CYACQ, US investor group, said it would raise its tender offer for Cyc-lops, industrial products and electronic retailing group, to \$82.50 a share from \$80 under certain conditions, thus exceeding a \$90.25 offer by Dixons of the UK. Page 21.

# European Court's bitter blow to purist German brewers

WEST GERMANY yesterday lost its five-year battle to protect the purity of its prodigious beer market from being adulterated with base in lost in according to the product of the product o

The European Court of Justice ruled that the 470-year-old Bavarian Reinheitsgebot, banning the sured words, that there was more use of additives in German beer, froth than substance in the German could not be used to stop foreign beer from being sold there. The decision was hailed in Brus-

sels as a milestone for the free movement of goods in the Common Market - and deplored in Bonn and Munich as a sorry day for the Ger-

ance with the law laid down in 1516 by Duke Wilhelm IV of Bavaria. The Court ruled, in its own mea-

claim that the health of its menfolk would be impaired by the additives allowed in foreign brews. The Bonn Government had ar-

gued, according to its chief counsel, Mr Martin Seidel (whose name, in-Aunich as a sorry day for the Gernan beer drinker.

It means that West Germany can per cent of his daily nutritional in-

additives would constitute a health

The court decided yesterday that a blanket ban on additives was dis-

The judges agreed with the European Commission, which brought the case on the basis of a 1982 complaint by a brewer in Alsace, that

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS

proportionate to the health risk inout the rest of the EEC, without ap-

origin.
It confirms the principle of "mutual recognition" already set out in the Cassis de Dijon decision, which

trade barrier.

take from beer alone - and to allow

Germans to change their own laws affecting beer brewed in the Federvolved - not to mention the fact that al Republic. But it requires Bonn to all the foreign beers in question are allow free circulation for foreign freely sold and consumed throughvided they comply with the health and food laws in their country of parent ill effects.

the German insistence on its own

ensured free circulation of the French blackcurrant liqueur. The atmosphere in the Luxemdefinition of "beer" amounted to a ers and press, was funereal as the The ruling does not require the

> brave face on it, declaring that domestic beers, at least, would main-tain the age-old standards.

we are not afraid of the practical results," he said. "The purity law will remain German law. It is a very distinguished sign of quality for beer

The case has whipped up a furore in Germany, where it is seen as unforgiveable Brussels interference. bourg courtroom, packed with rep- in what is regarded as a national inthat German commitment to the brief judgment was announced.

Mr Klaus Asche, West German

Buropean cause remained intact.

"For us, European union is a vital
brewers' federation president, put a
question, the first priority," he said.

"We expected the judgment, but single internal market in the EEC. The court ordered the German Government to pay the costs of the

The decision was welcomed in

Eurofer maintains that the steel

22 members to tolerate a free trade

to keep production controls - which

15.26m tonnes of closures, although

the Commission is only prepared to

duce 11.5m tonnes of capacity cuts.

built up in the EEC steel market by

The full Eurofer offer would rep-

system and wants the Community

# Sizewell go-ahead opens way for £6bn **ŪK N-programme**

BY DAVID FISHLOCK AND PETER RIDDELL IN LONDON

THE BRITISH Government yester day gave the go-ahead for the con-troversial Sizewell B pressurised water reactor on the east coast of England, clearing the way for a programme of nuclear reactor construction costing more than 25bn (\$9.1bn).

Mr Peter Walker, the Energy Secretary, said the environmental questions raised by the Chernobyl nuclear accident in the Soviet Union had been taken into account before the £1.5bn project in Suffolk

The Central Electricity Generating Board designed the reactor as the lead station in a "small family" of at least five identical 1,175Mw plants. It hopes to build other stations, each costing at least £200m less than Sizewell B at present

Site preparations will start at Sizewell next month and the electricity board expects to have confirmed contracts worth £500m within several weeks. British industrialists welcom the Government's decision. Sir Ter-

ence Backett, the retiring director general of the Confederation of British Industry, said the move was "good news for all who wish to see a modern go-ahead competitive Britain." However, environmentalists and anti-nuclear groups attacked the decision, claiming that the Gov-ernment had acted against the wishes of the majority of the Brit-

ish people. station for which orders have been (\$407.45). Page 39

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones indent. All are PWRs, the others be-WALL STREET: The Dow Jones indent. All are PWRs, the others bedrustrial average closed down 1.78 at ing two in South Korea, two in Chi-



government, said the Sizewell decision was immensely important to

had continued, many governments had wavered after Chernobyl, in particular those of West Germany,

the Netherlands, Sweden and Swit-Mr Walker said he had received grances from the Government's assurances from the Covernment's chief nuclear inspector, Mr Eddie Ryder, that the Chernobyl accident involved a reactor of different de-

sign and a country with a different nuclear safety culture from Britain. After Britain's longest-ever public inquiry, predominantly into safety matters, Sir Frank Layfield, the inquiry inspector, recommended in January that Sizewell B should be given planning permission.

Lord Marshall, Electricity board for the electricity consumer. It Sir John Hill, president of the British Nuclear Forum and a former chief nuclear adviser to the its electricity supply and would re-

place the ageing Maqnox nuclear

Sizewell B would generate an average of 10,000 a year for seven years. The "small family" of identical plants could increase this to 40,900-plus jobs for the next ten years.
It would also enable the electrici

ty board to progress the mix of oth-er nuclear and coal-fired stations it Lord Marshall said the electricity

board would make planning appli-cations for the second PWR at Hinkley Point in Somerset, and for two coal-fired stations before the end of

He said the board had taken no decision about further advanced gas-cooled reactors its current nuclear system, other than a "commit ment to keep the technology alive "I don't see it as the death knell of

the AGRs at all," he said. But he acknowledged that the PWR would now become its main line of con-Lord Marshall rejected recentl

reported Treasury criticism of the board's investment plans as too am-bitious and too expensive. Mr Walker told Parliament that the Energy Department had re-examined the economic case for Size-

well B "against a range of coal prices considerably lower than those discussed" in the public inqui-Sir John said Britain's painstaking public inquiry procedure and use of judges such as Sir Frank Layfield and Sir Roger Parker to nent inspection of residual levels.

Beckground, Page 9; Editorial comment, Page 18

## **US** offers permanent missile monitoring

By Stewart Fleming in Washington

THE US Government yesterday proposed the permanent placement of Soviet and American inspectors at missile sites as part of a regime for monitoring adherence to the treaty on intermediate range nuclear missiles which is under discussion in Geneva.

The verification proposals were tabled in Geneva yesterday and later Mr Charles Redman, the State Department spokesman, gave de-tailed account of the treaty propos-

which would lead to the elimination of medium range missiles in Eu-rope, but which would leave the Soviet Union with the right to station 100 missiles in Asia and the US the right to station a similar number in the US.

Verification of compliance with the proposed treaty is one of the most difficult problems still to be resolved. Another is what agree ments can be reached on shorter range nuclear missiles.

Mr Redman said the detailed ver fication proposals were designed to create confidence in the agreement to deter violation and to allow for the quick and unambigious detection of any violations.

He outlined a six-point plan t achieve these objectives including agreements covering monitoring of test flights, location of missiles, monitoring of the dismantling of missiles as their numbers are being establish how many missiles there preside over nuclear inquiries im- In addition the US is asking for the pressed European governments. right to conduct short-notice inspections to check compliance with any

# Brussels rejects closure plan by steel producers

THE European Commission yester- to Paris today for talks with Mr day dismissed as inadequate a Alain Madelin, the French Industry scheme by the EEC's major steel Minister. producers to offer voluntary closures in exchange for slower lib- market is still too depressed for its eralisation of the industry.

The Brussels authorities said

they would now press ahead with proposals to scrap production quo- help to support prices - in place untas for light sections, merchant bars til 1990. and wire rod when the EECs 12 in- In exchange, Eurofer is offering dustry ministers meet next Thurs- what it claims will amount to day. This will reduce the proportion of steel output subject to Community controls from 60 per cent to 45 believe at this stage that it can proper cent

Formally, the Commission wants, by the end of this year, to scrap the entire system of quotas used since quarters of the 21m tonnes to 31m tonnes of overcapacity which the ture its way out of recession. However, the Commission emphasised that it was still taking an the end of the decade.

open attitude" to the closure plans The Commission's main criticism

offered by Eurofer, the European is that the plan contains no con-integrated steel makers' associa-crete proposals for cuts in hot rolled coil and strip production. This is Mr Karl-Heinz Narjes, the Indus-try Commissioner, and Mr Peter most difficult to tackle because the Sutherland, the Commissioner re-plants involved are very large and sponsible for competition policy, tend to be publicy owned. Four or five major public sector flew to London yesterday evening

to discuss the outlook for possible plant closures with Mr Giles Shaw, ple, would have to be closed to deal Britain's Trade and Industry Secrewith overcapacity in hot rolled coil tary. They are expected to move on products alone,

STEEL CAPA	CITY EEC - MELLIC	H TONNES	
Category	existing capacity		nated acity 1990 worst
hat rolled colf	71.7	5.5	11.2
reversing mill plate	14.2	4.7	5.9
wide beems/sections	12.1	2.8	3.7
wire rod reinferolog bers and	15.1	1.1	22
merchant bere	27.2	7.4	10.8
TOTAL	140.3	21.5	32.1
Source: European Commission			

# Soviets accused of systematic distortion of growth figures

BY PATRICK COCKBURN IN MOSCOW

THE SOVIET UNION has dramati- underestimation of price inflation ures, are likely to undermine, rath-

in 1985 and last year, have been ar-tificially inflated, says Dr Jan Va-nous, research director of PlanEc-statisticians reduced. on, a private research organisation the drop in alcohol sales by cutting on the Soviet and East European its contribution to total retail trade

The Soviet Union puts its annual 1.6 per cent in 1986. The Soviet Union puts its annual growth rate in national income at 3.5 per cent in 1985 and 4.1 per cent assumption that prices were rising by 1.7 per cent a year in 1981 to 84, port, that the real figures for to an implicit Soviet claim that they growth in Soviet national income are 1.1 per cent in 1985 and 1.4 per cent in 1988.

Soviet accomming elatistics annual screen in 1986.

cent in 1988.

He says the official Soviet figures ly heavily publicised in the press, are distorted, among other things, are taken as the main indicator of by an exaggaration of growth in retail trade, in spite of a clampdown on alcohol sales in 1985, and by an However, distortions in the figcent in 1986.

search organisation.

Soviet statistics, showing an increase in the economic growth rate growth rate since Mr Gorbachev Dr Vanous points out that Soviet

statisticians reduced the impact of

turnover from 6.9 per cent in 1965 to

Soviet economic statistics, usual-

cally overstated improvements in its economic performance since Mr Mikhail Gorbachev became leader two years ago, according to a US reintroduced so far are too little Some Soviet officials, notable

those in the republic of Moldavia have been attacked for exaggeral ing the figures for economic performance. A check by the central authorities showed that the figures had been padded in the first half of 1986 in every fifth enterprise in the republic where the accounts were

viet press, or in Polithuro speeches, that the Central Statistical Administration is falsifying the national accounts as a whole, in spite of the publicity given to the falsification of statistics in Moldavia.

The exaggerations appear to b mainly concentrated in the politi-cally sensitive aggregate economic statistics for national income, retail trade, investment and prices.

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KENYA'S YEAR OF DISCIPLINE **BEGINS** TO BITE

President Daniel arap Moi is taking a harder line on political opposition as economic problems surface, Page 4

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Lombard: the importance of round

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# Moscow set to add short range missiles to talks

BY DAVID BUCHAN IN LONDON AND WILLIAM DULLFORCE IN

discuss reductions in shorter range nuclear missiles "in parallel" with negotiations on a treaty with the US eliminating medium range missiles from Europe, Moscow's chief arms control tactician said yesterday.

But Mr Viktor Karpov, head of the Soviet Foreign Ministry's new arms control department, told a press conference in London that Moscow saw "no link" between shorter and medium range missiles in terms of agreements. They were "not a package." he stressed.

package," he stressed.

Discussions on reducing the number of missiles of less than 1,000 kilometres range were acceptable to Moscow, "if they do not hamper" the negotiations for a medium range missile treaty which could be completed within six months, Mr Karpov

US yesterday completed its draft of such a treaty by submitting to Soviet negotiators detailed proposals to prevent cheating.
On-site inspection to supplement electronic and satellite monitoring of the removal of the missiles forms part of the tight verification plan which the US agreed with its Nato allies US agreed with its Nato allies in Washington on Monday. Britain, West Germany, Italy, Belgium and the Netherlands have agreed to open their sites currently housing US missiles

to Soviet inspectors. Mr Rarpov yesterday con-firmed Soviet willingness to accept reciprocal on-site inspec-tion by the US. He also said the Soviet side had not yet decided whether to proceed by making its amendments to the US draft treaty or by presenting a clean draft of its own. Ever since Mr Mikhail Gorba-

chev, the Soviet leader, advanced the prospect of early elimina-tion of medium range missles

THE Soviet Union is ready to from Europe by separating the issue from the more intractable US-Soviet disagreements over intercontinental missiles and space-based defence, the West has stepped up its calls for some accompanying reduction in the Soviet shorter range missile

soviet shorter range missile superiority.
But at this stage Moscow was only ready to talk about reductions in missiles with a range down to 500 km and no lower. Mr Karpov sald. This had already been agreed by the US in Geneva, he claimed.

The proposed accord would see removal and destruction of some 270 triple - warheaded Soviet SS-20 missiles and 316 US Pershing and cruise missiles from Europe, leaving each superpower with 100 warheads in Soviet Asia and the US. Seeking further to reassure West Europeans, Mr Karpov said yesterday that remaining SS-20s would be deployed "in Meanwhile in Geneva, the a way that they won't reach Europe." Nor would they be able to hit US territory, he said. But in return for the latter constraint, he was insistent that the US must place its remaining medium range missiles where they could not hit Soviet

> An additional point of disagreement in Geneva Mr Karpov said, concerned a US proposals that launchers for dismantled medium range missiles could be converted into short range weapons. The Soviet official called this "very dangerous" because there was no guarantee that such conversion could not be reversed. The Soviet Union opposed giv-ing the US any right to "build up" to Soviet levels in shorter range weaponry. "If there are imbalances—which Nato claims do exist—we are for eliminating these imbalances by reduc-tions," he said.

## **Haughey Cabinet ponders** tough budget measures

BY HUGH CARNEGY IN DUBLIN-

MR CHARLES HAUGHEY, the in the markets over the past new Irish Prime Minister, two days that interest rates, at

heavy debt burden. With government spending still outstrlpping revenue by 30 per
cent, the national debt has
grown to fi24bn (£21.7bn), or

The Cabinet was also likely

The Government has already warned that the budget will tinues after the British budget have to contain tough measures to try to tackle the country's flows from Ireland into what charvings and even relet to the budget will be two Warsew Pact allies.

Mr Ceausescu had accused Hungary of reviving fascist, to try to tackle the country's flows from Ireland into what charvingsts and even relet

nearly 150 per cent of gross to have discussed the resignanational product.

A key part of Fianna Fail's Garret FitzGerald, the former economic policy is to try to reduce Ireland's high interest the Fine Gael party. Fianna rates to generate more growth Fail will be hoping that Fine and help reduce unemployment Gael sticks to Dr FitzGerald's of nearly 20 per cent of the pledge to support the Government if it takes tough action in the budget.

### Mediterranean countries to meet on labour problems

BY JOHN WYLES

MINISTERS of Labour from 10 Italy's Minister of Labour, said Mediterranean countries are to that it would be quite wrong meet in Tunis later this month for the EEC to build a protecfor one of the first conferences of its kind on mutual employ-

The breadth of support for this Italo-Tunisian initiative from northern Mediterranean countries partly reflects current difficulties in employing immi-grants from the north African littoral and Turkey, and fears about future immigration pressures caused by population growth in southern Mediterranean countries. France, Spain, Jugoslavia and Greece

tive barrier around its labour market and leave the Mediterranean's developing countries to languish with their population problems.

Mr Nouraddin Mejdoub, the Tunislan Ambassador to Rome, said that populations along the southern Mediterranean shore will have grown by 170m in the second half of this century.
Youth unemployment was unemployment becoming particularly grave and he implied that these countries needed to be able to continue to export some of Mr Gianni De Michaelis, their labour surplus to Europe. policy.

## **Support** grows for **Dutch** tax reductions

THE DUTCH parliament has spoken out in favour of tax cuts next year in a bid to improve the country's international competitiveness and to maintain purchasing power

During the past two days of parl-lamentary debate both the govern-ing coalition parties, the Christian Democrats and the Liberals, and the opposition parties voiced support for reductions in taxes and social welfare premiums.

Income taxes and excise duties on fuels are the most likely targets although the value added tax and various tax deductibles also are under consideration.

A decision on whether to lighten the burden of taxes and premiums is expected to be made before the 1968 budget is unveiled in September. Public debate is likely to increase as the cabinet remains distributed in the control of the vided on the question with Mr H.
Onno Ruding, the arch-conservative
Finance Minister, adamantly opposed to reductions and Mr Rund
Lubbers, the Prime Minister, more disposed toward them.

Tax and premium cuts have tak-

en on a fresh sense of urgency with the growing realisation of the Netherlands' deteriorating competitive position on world markets. The strong gilder boosted by January's revaluation in the European Mo tary System (EMS), is expected to hit Dutch exports' and squeeze ex-porters' profit margins this year. Moves by West Germany, the UK and the US to trim their taxes have exacerbated worries over high Dutch taxes and the floor they put under wage and manufacturing costs. Marginal income tax rates peaked at 72 per cent and social se-

curity premiums can add another 13 per cent.

#### **Hungary** and Romania in war of words By Leslie Colitt in Berlin

HUNGARY and Romania have traded their strongest accu-sations in a war of words over the alleged suppression of the 1.8m Hungarian minority in

-Mr Gyula Horn, State Secre-tary in the Hungarian Foreign MR CHARLES HAUGHEY, the new Irish Prime Minister, chaired a lengthy first meeting of his Fianna Fail Cabinet yesterday, which included discussion of the budget which is due to be presented to Parliament on March 31.

The Government has already in the markets over the past two days that interest rates, at about 13 per cent for prime borrowers, may soon begin to move downwards. The recent strengthening of sterling has brought a corresponding slide in the value of the Irish pound.

The Government has already in the Hungarian Foreign Ministry, responded to a recent scatting attack on Hungary by Mr Nicolae Ceausescu, Romania's leader. Speaking on Hungarian TV, Mr Horn rejected as brought a corresponding slide in the walue of the Irish pound.

Dealers say if this trend con-

theses." He sharply attacked the Hungarian Academy of Sciences for issuing a three-volume His-tory of Transylvania edited by Hungary's Minister of Culture Most ethnic Hungarians in Romania live in Transylvania, which was awarded to Romania pied by Hungary.

#### Greenland may face election

By Hillary Barnes in Copenhagen

Mr Jonathan Greenland's home rule Prime Minister, yesterday to call an election in May following the break-up of his coalition Gov ernment as the result of a quarrel over the modernisation of the US radar facility at Thule in north-west

Mr Motzfeldt, leader of the moderate left-wing Siumut party, was criticised by the Inuit party, a more extreme left-wing group, for taking an unciritical attitude to the moder-

The US has converted the radar facility into a phased array radar, which the Soviet Union claims conflicts with the 1972 ABM Treaty. But Mr Motzfeldt said the ciriticism made further co-operation with Inuit impossible. Greenland has had home rule sta-

tus since 1979, Denmark retains responsibility for defence and foreign

Patrick Cockburn reports on a Soviet swing towards 'sensible sufficient defence'

# Military influence on the wane inside Kremlin

willingness to contemplate radical cuts in the Soviet nuclear forces and the extended unilateral test ban which ended unilateral test ban which ended last month are both strong evidence that the influence of the Soviet military is on the wane in the Kremlin.

The new leadership sees its relationship with America and its alkes an predominantly political terms. Despite the growth in US defence budgets under President Reagan, it regards military parity, achieved in the late 1960s when Moscow built up its Interconti-

Moscow built up its Interconti-nental Ballistic Missile (ICBM) force to equal Washington's, as solid.

This basic confidence in the This basic confidence in the stability of the military balance between the superpowers underlies the more flexible Soviet approach to arms control over the past two years. Mr Gorbachev shares the view of Mr Georgy Arbatov, head of the USA and Canada Institute, expressed in the mid-Seventies, that "military force has become all the more difficult to translate all the more difficult to translate into political influence."

But in 1984, just before Mar Gorbachev came to Gorbachev came to power, Marshal Nikolai Ogarkov, the Soviet Chief of Staff, was vigorously expressing the army's need for expensive high technology conventional wea-pons. His dismissal later that year was accompanied by editorials in the Communist Party daily newspaper, Pravda, and the army daily Red Star saying that sicial programmes



Sakelov: in tune with reform

could not be sacrificed to meet defence needs,
Today Mr Gorbachev takes
care to stress that high US
defence budgets are an attempt
to spend the USSR into bankruptcy or to sabotage economic
reform. Last month he told the trade union congress in Moscow that the Soviet Union would do enough to defend itself, "but we shall not take a single step over and above the demands and requirements of sufficient defence." Mr Gobachev's emphasis on the political rather than the military constituents of the

balance of power with the US has been accompanied by two other changes which have reduced the institutional clout of the Soviet military.

Most important is the shift of control over foreign and security control over foreign and security policy away from the military and towards the Communist Party secretariat. The appointment of Mr Anatoly Dobrynin, for 24 years ambassador to Washington, to be party secretary in charge of foreign policy in 1986, means that the military has less say in determining the degree of threat the USSR faces degree of threat the USSR faces from the US or anybody else.

General Secretary saw the pass-ing of a generation of Soviet leaders who made their reputa-tions in the Second World War and whose view of world politics was more militarised than that of their successors.

Mr Gorbachev has also changed some of the older com-

Secondly, the election of Mr Gorbachev as Communist Party

manders — Naval Commander Admiral Sergei Gorshkov and General Aleel Yepishev, in effect the army's Chief Commis-"Not all our commanders, political instructors and staff officers have fully realised the omeers have runy realised the essence of reconstruction, defined their role and position in it, understood that it is necessary to begin with themselves," Marshal Sergei Sokolov, the Defence Minister and a non-voting member of the Polithuro, and loss month. said last month Certainly Marshal Sergei Akhomromeyev, the Chief of

The Soviet Union yesterday staged its second nuclear test since it ended its 19-month moratorium on nuclear test-ing last mouth. The 20-kiloton explosion took place at the traditional Seviet test site baside a hill at Semiplathask in Soviet Central Asia. It was held with " the aim of improv-ing military equipment," the Soviet news agency Tass said. The end to the unilateral Soviet test ban on February 26 followed the refusal of the US to end its tests and fears that the Soviet Union would fall behind militarily unless it

Staff who succeeded Marshal Ogarkov, has publicly committed himself to all Mr Gorbachev's disarmament initiatives. At the summit with President Reagan in Reykjavik last October he headed the working group which detailed the package of nuclear arms cuts, including the agreement on medium range nuclear missiles now to be negotiated separately.

Soviet spokesmen.

negotiated separately.

There is no sign, however, that the reduced political leverage of the armed forces has meant they have less share in the allocation of resources. Soviet military spending is put by the US at between 13 per cent and 15 per cent of gross national product and there is no sign of this being reduced.

with the US would ultimately allow the transfer of Soviet resources from the military to the civilian side, but in the short term a cut in medium range or strategic nuclear weapons would have very little economic pay-off for the Kremlin.

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Nuclear arsenais are cheap compared with conventional weapons. It is the high techweapons. It is the high technology conventional weapons,
which Marshal Ogarkov
hankered after, which are the
most costly item in the procurement budgets of both the
US and the Soviet Union.

Mr Gorbachev knows that a
cutback on defence needs in
this expensive area would air. this expensive area would sig-nificantly boost his plans for

economic restructuring, An assessment by the US An assessment by the US
central Intelligence Agency
and Defence Intelligence
Agency last year concluded
that, as a result of investment
in the defence industry,
"almost all of the production capacity required to support Soviet force modernisation over the next six years or so is already in place."

No doubt the armed forces will fight hard to maintain their share of Soviet resources, but they have a vested interest in the success of Mr Gorbachev's efforts to modernise economic management and raise the technical level of industry. It is this which ultimately deter-mines the ability of the Soviet Union to maintain conventions!

# Hopes rise for Andreotti-led government

ITALY'S Christian Democrats are beginning to nurture cau-tious hopes that Mr Giulio Andreotti, their veteran prime ministerial candidate, may succeed in forming a five-party co-Their optimism has been in-

creased by the clear withdrawal by Mr Bettino Craxi, the outng Socialist Prime Minister, going Socialist Frime aminister, of any threat to block Mr Andreotti on the grounds that he is being foisted on the other parties by overbearing Christian Democrats.

"It seems to us that a common desire is emerging to find a government capable of seeing out the current legislature

out the current legislature under Christian Democrat under Christian Democrat leadership," said Mr Ciriaco De Mita, the party's secretary and

Mr Crazi's main adversary, after want any internal inquests into referendum problem would not talks with Mr Andreotti yester- the terms on which we agree hold," said Mr Glovanni Spado-

day.
Although he may well change his mind, it appears that Mr Craxi does not want to be seen as responsible for tripping up Mr Andreotti and pushing the country into general elections before they are due in June next

A source close to the Socialist

leader, who is keeping out of the limelight, said yesterday that Mr Craxi had been influenced by foreign newspaper editorials arguing that he should provide statesman-like support for Mr Andreotti. However, Mr Craxi wants the "crisis" to be prolonged until after his party's congress at the beginning of April. "We don't

the terms on which we agree to support Andreotti," said his close ministerial colleague. However, at the moment Mr

Craxi's flexibility has precise limits and these concern the referenda over nuclear power and the responsibilities of the judiciary which are due to take place on June 14.

In soundings among all the other potential coalition partners—the Republicans, Liberals and Social Democrats — Mr Andreotti has encountered a burning desire to exploit the government's constitutional power to avoid a referendum through pre-emptive legisla-

lini, the Republican leader on Wednesday, reflecting the generally held view that, unless resolved beforehand, the parties conflicting positions on the issues would tear the coalition apart and lead to early

Andreotti's efforts would pro-hably end in failure and early-elections, but he may just be buying time and bidding for policy concessions, particularly

"An alliance paralysed by the . over nuclear energy:

The Socialists are saying that any new government should not seek to prevent the Italian people from voting on issues of key national concern. If Mr Crast held to this position, Mr

country's new coalition gov-

Antolin and other directors

hostage on Wednesday in pro-test against plans to axe al-

1,700 jobs. Antalia, who has been given the transport and public works portfolio in the

Basque country, was later sworn in with the rest of the

government in the Basque capital, Vitoria.

Areas of possible defence

operation still to be decided

est 500 of the company's

before the end of this year for a new bases agreement.

The Greek warning was delivered in an official protest by Mr Karolos Papoulias, the Foreign Minister, to US Ambassador to Athens Mr Robert Keeley.

The move was prompted by remarks on the Turkish military presence in Cyprus made hefore the Sanate foreign relations committee earlier this week by Lieut Gen Philip Gast, the senior Pentagua official responsible for security assistance.

Echoing recent statements by Mr Caspar Weinberger, the US

Mr Caspar Weinberger, the US Secretary of Defence, Mr Gast reportedly said Turkish troops in Cyprus, which are equipped with US weapons, were serving defensive purposes.

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### **NBC** backs satellite TV for hotels

NBC of the US are backing plans for a new 24-hour satellite news channel aimed at the leading hotels of Europe and later cable television net-AngleVision, a new com-

munications company, plans to launch the service aimed at the up-market business idience in late May or June. American Express, NBC and Independent Newspapers of Ireland each have a 30 per cent stake in the venture. The last 10 per cent is held by the entrepreneur behind the project, Mr Andy Mulligan, a former Irish rugby scrum-half and reporter, and prenair and reporter, and pre-ducer on the BBC current affairs programme Panorama. Mr Mulligan played rugby for Ireland with Mr Teny O'Reilly, the leading Irish businessman who is chairman of Independent Newspapers.

The satellite channel, which will carry NBC's news output such as the breakfast pro-gramme Today and the Nightly News with Tom Brokaw, will also feature business and sports news.
Exploratory talks have also taken place with Mr Ted
Turner's CNN, the BBC, CBC in Canada and Channel 7 in Australia.

"We will make a virtue of the diversity of sources of programming," Mr Multigan said yesterday. Unitially the service will be aimed at the 120,000 business category rooms

# Spain to seek EMS membership

Spain's growing labour unrest took a sudden violent turn

yesterday when civil guards

SPAIN wants to bring the peseta into the European Mons-tary System, Mr Felipe Gon-zalez, the Prime Minister, said date for joining, however. Madrid's decision to seek membership of the seven-currency system was discussed yes terday in summit talks with President Francois Mitterrand and members of the French

Government. Mr Gonzalez said Spain still needed to work out the neces-sary precautions to enable the peseta to co-exist with the other currencies. It is expected to seek an extra margin in the peseta's fluctua-tion band similar to the range

of movement permitted for the Italian lira.

When it joined the EEC last year, Spain left the question of EMS membership open, at least until it had reduced its inflation gap with the rest of the Community.

Since December, Spain's 12month inflation rate has dropped from over 8 per cent to under ewned steel company in the northern region of Cantabria to free the company's chairan. Four civil guards and four workers were seriously injured in the fighting. Mr Enrique Anteliu, the chairman, was recently ap-pointed as one of the Socialist Party's representatives in the neighbouring Basque In a joint press conference,

Mr Gonzalez also confirmed Spain's desire to join the Western European Union the seven-nation defence forum, and that France supported this

The two countries, which are both members of Nato without belonging to the alliance's military command structure, " began a reflection" on their respective space of the south-western Mediterranean.

on included satellites, France's Rafale fighter project and a new generation of tanks, Mr Gontalez said. Mr Mitterrand said Spain and France were

the same wavelength" on defence, and that he and Mr Gonzalez coincided in giving a cautious welcome to Mr Mikhail a reflection" on their respective Gorbachev's latest proposal for defence roles in the air and sea a separate Soviet-US agreement to eliminate medium-range nuclear weapons.

# US Scandinavia air free-for-all proposed

BY KEYIN DONE, NORDIC CORRESPONDENT IN STOCKHOLM

ments have proposed free com-petition in transatlantic air traffic between Sweden, Denmark and Norway and the US. The proposals put forward during negotiations this week in

Washington suggest free pric-ing as well as free market access on equal terms.

THE SCANDINAVIAN Govern- Scandinavian Governments were travel group, to introduce low one of the conditions set by the fares. Scandinavian authorities when they approved hefty fare reduc-

The proposal put forward by

# traffic between Sweden, Dentark and Norway and the US. The proposals put forward the street of the proposal put forward by the Scandinavian Governments in Washington this week has the backing of SAS, the Scandinavian arrival authorities were the proposal put forward by the Competitors eye West Germany's beer market after EEC ruling

BRITAIN'S Brewers' Society was quick to acknowledge yes terday that West Germany's closest neighbours will be the main beneficiaries of the European Court of Justice's ruling that German beer purity laws breach EEC free trade rules. French, Dutch and Belgian companies with sources close to the German border may make some sales gains. For the rest, however, the cost of transporting what is basically flavoured fortified water for any distance is likely to prove just as probl-bitive as the strictures of Germany's ancient Reinheitsgebot. There may be some excep-tions. There will probably be opportunities for brewers with specialist bottled offerings.

what can be done through their

willingness to back their faith

in their products with invest-

ment in marketing.

FT Reporters sample some heady brews on offer from the world's drink industry Their heavy expenditure on shipping lager round the world has paid off handsomely in the

However, opportunities in Germany will probably remain limited by the fragmented structure of the industry—more than 1,200 brewers serve a wide range of local tastes—and the inherent conservatism of German drinkers German brewers are unlikely

the legacy of hundreds of years of Reinheitsgebot could even reinforce national adherence to beer brewed simply from malt, hops, yeast and water. Where the Germans have one Guinness, which sells well in Germany, is a case in point. The Australians also have shown law governing brewers, Britain has at least seven, covering ingredients in general, and miscellaneous additives, colours, preservatives and stabilisers in

UK brewers may use sugar, grains other than bariey, aiginates to brighten the beer, alginate-esters to stabilise the head, accordic acid and sulphur dioxide to preserve the hrew, caramel to colour it, enzymes like the meat-tenderiser papain to consider the properties of the like the meat-tenderiser papain to consider the properties of the like the meat-tenderiser papain to consider the properties of the like the meat-tenderiser papain to consider the properties of the like the meat-tenderiser papain to consider the properties of the like the meat-tenderiser papain to be the properties of the like the meat-tenderiser papain to be the properties of the like the meat-tenderiser papain to be the properties of the like the meat-tenderiser papain to be the properties of the propert to speed fermentation and isingless to clear the brew.

The result, as Britain's 110litre annual consumption testi-fies per head, is a popular pro-duct—in the UK. Performance overseas is less encouraging. Exports last year to the whole of the rest of the world amounted to less than 2 per cent of production. The fashion for Guinness has made the US the top export market, followed by Belgium, Italy and Ireland. However, Denmark's United exported just 0.3 per cent of Breweries, which claims its their production — but this Tubors brand has the biggest excludes beer brewed overseas. share of the German market of

Danish beers are subject to compulsory labelling require Danish beers are subject to from next year brewers display compulsory labelling require the level of sulphites in the ments and additives must be brew, which can be harmful to declared. The court decision is bound to

brewery said yesterday. More than two-thirds of the beer sold by United is sold outside Denark. It also has breweries in the UK, Spain and Italy.

In 1015, according to the washington to Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms. However, it can also contain other malted cereals (such as rice), carbothe UK, Spain and Italy. Forbidden additives run to a huge list." Bottles and cans United has not publicly expressed an interest in acquiring a German brewery, but it is known to be looking carefully although the Food and Drug Administration has ordered that

The bulk of Ireland's 1.7m welcomed by US brewers, not- hectolitre annual beer exports ably St Louis-based Anheuser-Busch, the world's largest brewer. Last year, US brewers is accounted for by Guinness two large groups stout, most of it going to the UK, but some to Continental Europe, including West German market, many, Guinness contains no The French to excludes beer brewed overseas. additives and fully complies is the leading brower in France American beer, which often with German purity laws, with about half of the French

There is no legislation in than a Ireland governing the labelling of ingredients in heer.

The French beer industry yesterday welcomed the court used in ruling, which is expected to give it finally access to the West German beer market. For years, the German obstacles to French beer exports had been a source of major friction between the

two countries. The structure of the French beer industry is now such to give France possible advantages to penetrate the West German market. The French industry is concentrated in the hands of two large groups which are ex-pected to have the necessary resources to penetrate the West

The French foods giant BSN

market. The other big French TINK INCUSTRY

group is the Francaise de
Brasseries, which is a subsidiary
of Heineken and controls more than a quarter of the French

French browers emphasised yesterday that the additiver used in France were limited and that they expected the Ger-mans to have difficulty raising further objections While old technology reigns in most beer drinking countries new technology offers some possible assistance to the world

Processes have been perfec-ted by leading brewers in Britain and the Netherlands for concentrating beer into a highly

intoxicating syrup.

In theory, rather in the fashion of pub cola dispensers, the syrup can be diluted into an acceptable drink, reputedly indistinguishable from beer by the addition of carbona-

# at US policy on Turkey GREECE yesterday warned the

Athens hits

GREECE yesterday warned the US that the condoning of the presence of Turkish troops in Cyprus and preferentially arming Turkey would damage relations with Athens.

At the core of the two countries' relations is the presence of four US military bases in Greece, operating under an

Greece, operating under an agreement which expires at the end of 1988. Washington is seeking to launch talks with Athens before the end of this year for

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Consumerated Tomore Control of the State of

# Reagan report on Soviet arms record scorned

BY STEWART FLEMING, US EDITOR IN WASHINGTON

CRITICS of the Reagan Ad- ambiguous or "probably wrong." ministration's arms control policies yesterday poured scorn on the White House's latest report to Congress on Soviet compliance with US/Soviet arms control agreements describing it as a "total distortion" of the Soviet record on arms control.

Mr John Steinbruner, direction in the Reagan arms control agreements arms control.

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Earlier this week the White House released its annual report on compliance which again took Moscow to task for not living up to its obligations under the 1972 anti-Bailistic Missile Treaty and other arms control accords.

Mr John Steinbruner, director of Foreign Policy Studies at the Brookings Institution, a Washington think tank, said the President's assessment of treaty compliance "made no attempt to make a fair judgment."

control accords.

The report again cited such alleged violations of past accords as the construction of a large phased array radar at Krasnoyarsk which the US has repeatedly alleged violates the ABM treaty.

At a briefing yesterday on the report, Mr Spurgeon Keeny, president of the Arms Control Association, said only one of the alleged breaches of the alleged breaches of the seven treaties and agreements is clear cut and the others are

## Deaver bid to halt perjury case fails

BY LIONEL BARRER IN WASHINGTON

former White House aide who still advises President Ronald Reagan, has suffered a legal setback in his efforts to block a special prosecutor filing per-

jury charges against him.

The charges arise from an investigation into Mr Deaver's activities as a Washington lob
Senate select committees in-

On Wednesday, a federal tail on how the profits were judge in Washington turned apparently skimmed off to fund down Mr Deaver's request to the Nicaraguan Contra rebels.

MR MICHAEL DEAVER, the block the threatened indict-former White House aide who ment. Mr Deaver is expected Mr Deaver's court action is

similar to moves by Lt Col Oliver North, the White House

byist after he left the White vestigating the Iran arms scan-House in May 1985. These are dal voted to give limited im-alleged to have violated con-flict of interest laws. House in May 1985. These are dal voted to give limited imalleged to have violated conflict of interest laws.

Mr Deaver had tried to block the special prosecutor's investigation by challenging the constitutionality of the law under stitutionality of the law under force General Mr Richard which the independent counsel Second, an important figure in was appointed—the Ethics of the covert US arms sales to Iran, could provide crucial deform Wednesday a federal tail on how the profits were

## Perle to quit Defence **Department**

By Stewart Fleming In Washington

MR RICHARD PERLE, the US assistant Secretary of Defence, is resigning to become a defence consultant and to write a novel esed in part on his experiences

Mr Perle, a hard-line conservative, is widely regarded as the most able and articulate critic of past arms control agreements between Washington and Mos-

The decision, which has long been russoured, brought sharply conflicting assessments of its im-plications for the arms control negotiations underway between the LIS and the Series Holes. the US and the Soviet Union. Mr Spurgeon Keeny, president of the arms control association and an outspoken critic of the Reagan Administration's policies towards Moscow on arms con-

radically change the situation." The news was greeted with concern by some conservatives on Capitol Hill.

troi, said: "I do not mourn his de-

parture, but I do not think it will

time", one said. It would be difficult to find a replacement with the influence in the Administration and the expertise on arms control issues which Mr Perie

Some conservatives fear that the White House might make agreements with Moscow which sould require the US to compromise on issues such as research, the testing of space weapons, and verification of arms control ac-cords, which they believe are not

The combination of Mr Weinberger and Mr Perle's hard line views on the inadequacy of past soms control agreements, and the importance they have attached to issues such as stringent verification and the need to pur-sue the President's strategic De-fence Initiative, have been inter-preted as factors which have made it more difficult for Washington and Moscow to conclude new arms control agreements.

Tim Coone in Buenos Aires reports an annual exodus to answer the call of the sea

# Argentina's middle class goes on holiday

THE ARGENTINE on holiday ahroad was once known by the nickname "Da-me-dos." Translated it means "give me two," a reference to the legendary, although long affiuence of the average Argentine tourist, who in the archetypal encounter with the soller of a somecounter with the seller of a souve-nir, an article of clothing or a res-taurant meal, on being told the price, would response "OK give me

Argentina's economic situation does not justify such an observation today but like all apocryphal tales, the description carries an element Tourism, more than 390,000 Argen of truth. The southern hemisphere times regularly visit Western Eu-

Every year the call of the sea, the blazing sun waiting to toast skins a deep shade of brown, and the pa-rade of scantily-clad sirens along the beaches of the region's resorts, hire the Argentines to spend some \$1bo on tourism.

Resorts from the exotic Rio de Janeiro in Brazil, to the boomtown Punta del Este in neighbouring Uruguay with its yacht clubs and expensive discotheques, through to Argentina's own version of Miami beach known as Mar del Piata, have all been competing for a share of this huge consumer spending lam-boree which takes place between

January and March. In homage to this annual ritual (during which many businesses and government offices become practically non-functional) the local newspapers run daily reports from the main tourist centres, sporting the mevitable photographs eulogising Argentina's female youth garbed in ever-decreasing strips of cloth known as the "cola-less" bikini (the most recent version of which is now termed the "dental floss").

cinemas – the businessman on holi-day can keep watch on his invest-ments and still relax with his news

from home.

The middle and upper class Argentines range as far afield as the Middle and Far East for the vacations. One upper-ranking Government official confessed recently he went on a Christmas tour to the Egyptian pyramids and the Holy Land. According to the Ministry of Tourism, more than 300,000 Argenholiday season is now drawing to a rope each year, especially Italy, close.

Spain and France.

However, the real honey-pots for Argentina's affluent middle and upper classes are Rio de Janeiro and Punta del Este. Brazil in particular for its low prices and its permissive and easy-going beach culture and night life. In 1983, some 250,000 Argentines visited Brazil. The following year this had almost doubled to 450,000 and this year the figure is expected to reach as high as 800,000 tourists.

Even the scourge of Aids in Brazil, where government alarm has promoted public education cam-paigns and widespread distribution stem the flood of Argentines, although Health Ministry officials are threatening to begin screening tests of travellers returning from

According to a report, Brazil has spent up to S8m in publicity and advertising campaigns in Argentina this year to attract the "portenos," the residents of Buenos Aires, where most of the country's wealth



and spending power is concentrat-

In contrast, the Uruguayan Government has spent a mere \$90,000 this season to attract business and the country's tourist industry has been doubly hit by the slide of Argentina's currency and a drive by change and stock markets in Buenos Aires. In so doing they help to promote holidays at home rather

of visitors to the main tourist rethe seawater to dangerous proporsorts on Argentina's Atlantic coast tions.

for the resignation in January o municipal officials, the local gov-h Mr Alfredo Silvera Lima, the Tour ernment lacks funds for adequate

ist Minister, for the Government's

"lack of tourism policy" Meanwhile, in Mar del Plata. ho meanwhile, in Mar del Plata, ho tels have reported 100 per cent oc cupancy rates and police figures show that 3m Argentines have flooded in to the resort since the beginning of the holiday season in December.

Vaguely reminiscent of Italy's Rimini, where one's square metre of space on the crowded beaches is preciously guarded against rival beach towels and umbrellas, Mar del Plata is Argentina's tourist mec-ca. It is the site of the trade unionowned hotels and holiday complexes, but where neighbouring beaches also attract visitors from across the social stratum.

The state-owned casino in the city attracts 15,000 gamblers and sightseers every day, ranging from vehicle fitters to elegantly dressed grandmothers, and businessmen and financiers from the capital eager to try their lack on the roulette reduce the Government's fiscal defi-

Mar del Plata - literally the silver The result has been that there has been an estimated drop of 25 has been an estimated drop of 25 has been an estimated drop of 25 hese days. A report produced these days. A report produc

The problem is so serious in Uru the problem and only one left-wing guay that representatives of the magazine has dared to give any coverage to the issue. According to

sewage treatment facilities and an underwater pipeline.

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However, there appears to have been no major public health prob-lem as yet, and the principal com-plaint against the resort seems to be directed at the conservative

mores of Argentina's society.

The national capital of platonic love" ran the headline of a report in one daily paper recently. The "cola-less" fashion is for looking but not for touching it seems. Whereas Rio is considered the social haven for the single and the adventurous, Mar del Plata apparently has only six "transitory hotels," the places usually associated with casual holi-

day affairs, lamented the article.

One may ask where do the rest of
Argentina's 30m inhabitants go for
their holidays? Those unfortunate enough not to be middle class or a member of a financially powerful trade union with its own subsidised vacation facilities, stay at home, visit the parks in the capital or risk a dip in the murky River Plate.

Argentina still has a large and thriving middle class which likes to spend and to show it has money to throw around. The "da-me-dos" reputation is not without foundation. For the rest, economic recession makes holidays something of a hixury and the Government's austral plan has cut back living standards for those on fixed incomes, especially in the state sector.

The Communist Party newsp was moved to permit itself a dash of seasonal ideologically-correct humour recently, when it published on its front page a drawing of a nearly nude woman wearing the briefest of "cola-less" bikinis made out of Argentine banknotes. The caption read "next the salary-less, every

# Ecuador estimates losses from earthquake at \$600m

PRESIDENT Leon Febres away more than 17 miles of the Cordero of Ecuador has estimated the total losses from the earthquake that struck the country last week at about Ecuador's Amazon production 5600m (£377m), including 5370m in lost oil exports. At least 1,000 people are thought to have died and 4,000 are missing around El Reventador in the protheast 1,000 people are thought to have died and 4,000 are missing around El Reventador in the protheast foothills of the construction will probably the north-east foothills of the construction will probably the north-east foothills of the construction that the prothes are thought to build a connecting a plan to build a connecting to build a connecting to build a connecting which to the Colombian pipeline to the Colombian pipeline which to the Colombian pipeline to the colom market supplied. S8.4bn debt. Ecuador failed to make an interest payment eartheast for the Putumayo and is currently operating well below capacity. The link should be completed in six weeks and will allow between 30,000 harrels and 50,000 harrels and 50,000 harrels and 4000 are missing around El Reventador in the prothes the Putumayo and is currently operating well below capacity. The link to the Colombian pipeline which crosses the Andes from barrels of crude over the operating well below capacity. An unconfirmed report published in Caracas said Venezuela has offered to loan the Putumayo and is currently operating well below capacity. An unconfirmed report published in Caracas said Venezuela has offered to loan the Putumayo and is currently operating well below capacity. An unconfirmed report published in Caracas said Venezuela has offered to loan the Putumayo and is currently operating well below capacity. An unconfirmed report published in Caracas said Venezuela has offered to loan the Putumayo and is currently operating well below capacity. An unconfirmed report published in Caracas said Venezuela has offered to loan the Putumayo and is currently operating well below capacity. An unconfirmed repor to have died and 4,000 are missing around El Reventador in the north-east foothills of the Andes mountains.

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zuela would supply petroleum to some of Ecuador's inter-national clients under a similar

the north-east foothills of the Andes mountains.

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# Ultra-right parties fail to agree poll pact in S Africa

BY JIM JONES IN JOHANNESBURG

right parties, the Herstigte Nasionale Party (HNP) and the Conservative Party (CP), have failed to agree on an elec-toral pact which political analysts believe would have allowed the two parties to gain seats from the ruling National Party (NP) in the white general election on May 6.

Apart from taking some pres-sure off the NP, the right's failure to agree on an electoral coalition has improved the chances of the Progressive Federal Party (PFP) continuing as the official white parliamentary opposition.

Talks between the HNP and CP have been far from amic-

che have been far from anti-able, as the parties differed in their interpretations of the creed of white supremacy. But hopes of an election pact and an eventual merger of the parties were raised at the week-and when both parties appeared end when both parties appeared to agree with compromise elec-

SOUTH AFRICA's two ultra- division of seats to be contested in the May election and an end-1987 deadline for a merger of the two parties.
Political analysts believe that

in the Transvaal alone, an HNP-CP coalition could win about giving it more parliamentary seats than the PFP and allowing the ultra-right coalition to be-come the official opposition.

That outcome, it is believed, would lead the Botha Government to reverse its stalled re-form programme. They add that reforms are only likely to re-sume if the PFP remains the official opposition.

Both the HNP, which was

Both the HNP, which was formed by break-away NP members over a decade ago, and the CP formed by an NP splinter group in 1982, have steadily won the support of former NP members and have demonstrated their growing support in by exertions during the past three verts.

end when both parties appeared to agree with compromise electoral proposals devised by the extreme Afrikaner Weestands-beweging (AWB).

Those compromise proposals proved insufficient late on Tuesday night when the HNP rejected CP proposals on a further loss of support.

### Nigerian army 'will shoot Kaduna rioters'

THE NIGERIAN army warned yesterday it would shoot rioters involved in murder or arson in the northern state of Kaduna—scene of religious clashes in which 11 people have died,

Reuter reports. Lagos Radio broadcast the warning and quoted Brig Peter Ademokhai, commander of the First Mechanised Division based in Kaduna, as saying the measure was necessary to pre-vent a complete breakdown of

Troops and police mounted joint patrols in Kaduna yesterday.

The patrols enforced a dusk-to-dawn curiew imposed by the federal military government which also closed schools and colleges in the mainly Moslem

The outbreak of mob violence and arson in at least three cities was the worst in Nigeria's vola-tile north since 1985. It was sparked by fighting Marwa.

between rival groups of stu-dents last weekend in Kafan-chan, a railway town which is one of the few places in the north with a Christian majority. Clashes spread to the univer-sity city of Zaria and to Kat-

"Preliminary reports traced the disturbance to some undesir able elements hiding under the cover of religion as an excuse to breach public peace," the statement added.

The military governors of all 10 northern states, including Kaduna, who were in Lagos for a routine meeting yesterday, were told to return immediately to their states, officials said.

The violence was the most serious since April 1985, when 101 people died in the northern city of Gombe after armed police moved against followers of a Moslem prophet from Cameroun, Alhaji Mohammadu

Everyone knows how much battery electric

### Sweden to ban trade with South Africa

By Kevin Done, Nordic Correspondent in Stockholm

SWEDEN IS to impose a total boycott on trade in goods with South Africa in a move that marks a unique departure from its traditional foreign and trade policy.

The principles of Swedish

trade policy.

The principles of Swedish neutrality have previously ruled out the country's participation in any trade sanctions. except those agreed by the UN Security Council.

Following the failure of the Security Council last month to

agree on binding sanctions in the face of vetoes from the US and the UK, Sweden's Social Democratic Government has de-

Democratic Government has decided to take unilateral action. The decision came even though Mr Sten Andersson, Swedish Foreign Minister, accepted that the trade boycott was a breach of international trade law embodied in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt).

The embergo, which is expected to be supported by all the opposition parties, except the conservatives, will come into force from the beginning of October.

of October. The Swedish Foreign Minis-

try said yesterday that the gov-ernment had decided to act because of the "unique cir-cumstances" in South Africa. cumstances" in South Africa.
In no other country was the
"systemac violation of a majority people's fundamental
rights constitutionally entrenched as in South Africa."
Initially, the embargo covers
goods and not services, and the
Government is for the moment not taking any direct action to force Swedish companies with subsidiaries in South Africa to dispose of their local operations, although continuing links

will now be circumscribed.

Under previous measures, it
is already forbidden for Swedish companies to invest in South Africa or transfer tech-

South Africa or transfer technology through patent or licensing rights.

Mrs Anita Gradin, Sweden's Foreign Trade Minister, admitted yesterday that any moves to force Swedish companies to pull out of South Africa would raise considerable legal problems and could give rise to substantial damages claims from stantial damages claims from Swedish corporations.

South Africa accounts for some 0.3 per cent of Sweden's total exports, which have comprised chiefly machinery, pulp and paper, vehicles and office equipment.

President arap Moi may face some criticism during his US visit, Andrew Buckoke reports

# Kenya braces itself for 'year of discipline'

would be the "year of disci- prices for coffee-Kenya's main pline," most Kenyans under foreign exchange earner, topline," most Kenyans under-stood that it was not just a call for hard work. It was a clear warning that the Government was determined to continue a crackdown on dissent in a country which has long been regarded in the West as a rare example of stability, tolerance and comparative prosperity on a

troubled continent.

The reputation helped win Kenya a "most favoured nation" status in the eyes of its two main allies in the West—Britain and the US—who have put the country at the top of their African eid list

African eid list.

The reputation, however, is under strain. This week President Daniel erap Moi may face some tough questioning on his visit first to Washington, where he will meet President Reagan, and then to London for talks with Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minister.

By contrast with neighbour-

By contrast with heighbour-ing Tanzania and Uganda, or indeed with most states of Africa, the economy appears sound, as the well-stocked shelves of Keyan supermarkets would testify. But it is fighting what seems a losing battle to keep pace with the demands of keep pace with the demands of a 4 per cent annual growth in population—the highest in the world. On the political front, a shadowy opposition movement known as Mwakenya has pro-voked an unprecedented clampdown on opposition to the rul-ing Kenya African National Union (Kanu), the country's sole legal party.

On the economic front there may at first sight appear little cause for concern, for 1986 was a boom year when GDP grew 5 per cent compared with an

WHEN President Daniel arap average of 3.4 per cent between Moi recently declared that 1987 1978 and 1985. High world would be the "year of disciprices for coffee-Kenya's main

the capacity of the country's infrastructure to service tour-ists some of whom may be put off by concern about Aids (acquired immune deficiency syndrome) in Kenya—is fully

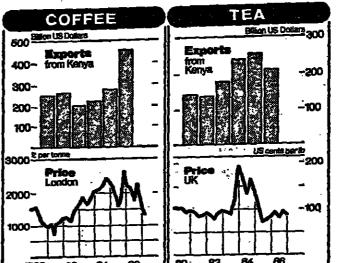
At the same time, pressure is increasing on Kenya's scarce land resource—only 18 per cent of the country is classified as high or medium agricultural notential—while hopes that the industrial sector can switch from import substitution to exports are proving optimistic. According to Professor Jona-

than Ng'eno, Minister of Com-merce and Industry, the proportion of manufacturing out-put has actually fallen, from 7 per cent in 1980 to 4.5 per cent in 1984. With neither agriculture nor industry able to expand at a rate which meets the demand from over 800,000 school leav-

ers entering the market each year, competing for around 20,000 jobs in the formal sector, unemployment is likely to rise to critical levels.

Rising unemployment, growing land hunger, and a widely-held belief that corruption is rife is a dangerous combina-tion, as an abortive coup in 1982 illustrated.

It is these issues, together with accusations that the country's economy is in the hands of



and a domestic elite, that dissent and crode the authority and a domestic elite, that appears to fuel Mwakenya. It is a clandestine, overtly Marxist and passionately nationalist movement which first emerged last year and declares its objective as the overtirow of "the neo-colonialist government" through guerrilla action.

Within the last year over 65 people have been jalled for their connection with the movement—even possession of one

ment-even possession of one of its leaflets is treated as a of its leaners as created as a serious offence. Its only known "guentilla" action was a clumsy attempt to derail a train and the lavel of support is hard to assess. But there is a tangible degree of sympathy from intellectuals and the rurel and urban

Criticism of government has come from other quarters, not-ably the church, some lawyers and a few MPs in response to government measures which seemed designed to stifle

80 82 or perliament. Constitutional

Constitutional amenaments have removed the security of tenure of the attorney and auditor general. Voters at pent year's elections may have to queue an public behind the candidate of their choice, effectively removing the secret cambage of their thinks, and the secret ballot. Kann, declared Mr Moi, is "supreme" over pankament, the judiciary and all other

These measures prompted en outspoken response from the hishops of the Catholic church representing Sm Catholics, accusing the party of assuming "a totalitarian role." Kanu, said the bishops, "claims to speak for the people and yet does not allow the people to give their views." Both the Law Society of Kenya and the National Christian Council of Kenya, representing about 6m Protestrepresenting about 6m Protest-ants, also condemned the

rity.

The clampdown has intensi-

fied this year, merked by further excess, directives closing private einstrips, the can-celling of private radio licences and the barriag of unauthor-ised visits to foreign embassies by government officials. Two MPs with a record of

criticising the government, Mr. Charles Rubia and Mr Abuya, Charles Ribbs and air Aduys, were picked up earlier this year and held for questioning for several days. Mr Kimani Wa Nyoke, an MP who has easied for dialogue between the party and church, was sacked from his post as assistant minister for labour and suspended by his level party branch nanding inlocal party branch pending in-vestigations into Mwakenya oath-taking in the district.

ozen-taking in the dastreet.

Two weeks ago Mr Gisson Knria, a prominent Nairobi lawyer who has defended detainers and handled their cases against the Government alleging beatings and torture, was also arrested by plain latette welfer and to present in the case of the case the c detention himself.

So far neither the US Government—which under a 1980 agreement has access to Kenyan airports and the Indian Ocean port of Mombess—nor Britain, which conducts military training exercises in Kenya, have publicly expressed their

Western Hustration of growing Western anxieties came in January. Mr Howard Wolpe, chairman of the US House of Representatives Africa subcommittee, ended a visit to Kenya with a frank attack of the Government's human rights record. "Unless it improved," he warned, "it could be very hermful to Kenya's stability and to Kenyan-American relations."

Battle against

#### Threat to kill Beirut hostage

AN UNDERGROUND group in Beirut threatened yesterday to kill a French hostage within 48 hours unless it received an explanation of remarks by French President Francois Mitterrand on arms supplies to Iraq, Reuter reports.

Revolutionary Justice Organisa-tion said: "If an explanation is not issued within the assigned period (Jean Louis) Norman-din will be put on trial and executed." A statement sent by the

# Colombo to free Tamil prisoners

SEVERAL hundred Tamil prisoners will be released and the economic blockade of the northern peninsula relaxed, Mr Lalith Athulathmudali, Minister of National Security said yester-

day. The decision follows Wednes-day's Cabinet meeting at which President Junius Jayewardene and his ministers discussed growing Indian protest against the effect of the blockade on 800,000 Tamils living in the Jaffna Peninsula.
"We plan to release all those

over 40 years detained under the Prevention of Terrorism Act against whom charges have not been laid," Mr. Athulathmudali

Soviet Foreign Minister and

Vietnam's Foreign Minister, Mr Nguyen Co Thach, have Nguyen Co Thach, have declared that their bilateral co-operation must be more effi-cient in future, Vietnamess

Moscow is reported to have

told Hanoi of its unhappiness with wasted economic aid, which according to the Soviet

media said yesterday, reports from Bangkok.

also made statements admitting complicity in terrorism-related offences, but the Attorney-General believes these may not be regarded as admissible evidence by the courts.

The minister denied Indian reports that there was an acute food shortage or any scarcity of essential medical supplies in the peninsular and said that firewood supplies would be re-sumed and a petrol rationing scheme introduced based on coupons to be issued by govern-

Hanoi pledges better use of aid

Vietnamese officials have admitted to waste, and at last December's party congress, promised "bold renovations" aimed at a more efficient use of

conomic resources. Mr Shevardnadze arrived in

munist states of Indochina want to open talks with China and the Association of South-

Reuter adds:

up of public opinion against Sri Lanka in the important southern Indian state of Tamil Nadu, where 100,000 Sri Lankan Tamil refugees live in camps.

In the past few days, both Tamil Nadu's chief minister, Mr M. G. Ramchandran and Mr

Appapillai Amirthalingan's TULF, the main Srl Lankan Tamil party, have sent urgent messages to the Indian Prime Minister, Mr Rajiv Gandhi, urging him to send food, fuel The petrol could be collected and medical supplies on humanist points just outside the tarian grounds "by air or sea."

Kampuches, Mr. Thach said,

countries had agreed to his

nach did not say China and Assan

Barnala moves to legislature Several hundred youths have peninsula, Mr Athulathmudali said.

The Government has been anxiously watching the build-THE RATTLE by Sikh extrem the RATTLE by Sign exten-ists to oust the moderate Chief Minister of Punjab, Mr Surjit Singh Barnala, has moved to the state legislature which this week began its budget session, during which a trial of strength

during which a trial of strength is expected.

Mr Barnala's opponents in the legislature are the 19 members of what is known as the Break-away Akali Party which have formed their own group after splitting the rating Akali Party in the middle of last year.

Since of their own group after splitting the rating Akali Party in the middle of last year.

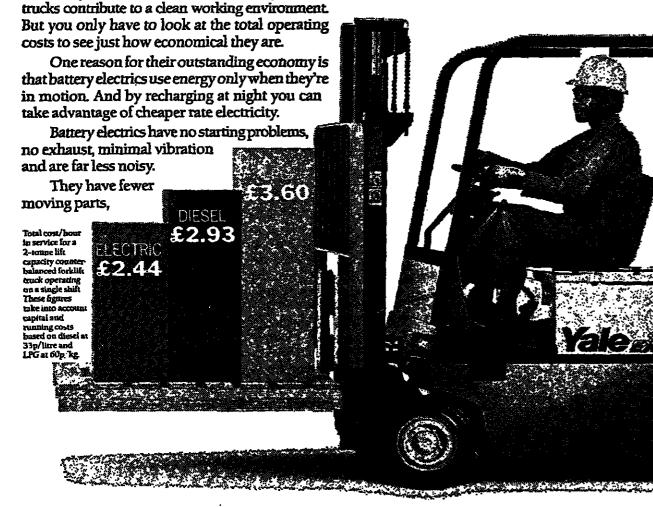
Since of the area with politicians patronised by the extremists and the new militant high priests of the Golden Temple in Amritsar appointed by them.

their common attempt is to dislodge Mr Barnala from office now that the high priess have ing police into the temple to

according to the Voice of Vietnam radio. He was quoted as saying that Mr Barmala is thought to be Vietnam, Laos and Kampuches wanted to launch the dialogue on the basis of equality and respect for each side's safe as long as Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's Congress-I party, which is in the opposition in Punjab, supports him. The law-and-order situation

has deteriorated so much that banks announced yesterday they will not open any more branches in the State until further notice.

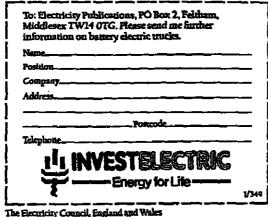
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# Manila resumes talks with Moslem rebels

BY RICHARD GOURLAY IN ZAMBOANGA, PHILIPPINES

NEGOTIATIONS between the Philippine Government and Moslem rebels, who have been fighting for self-determination in the southern islands on and off for 15 years, resumed this week with the two sides far apart but prepared to continue talking.

With a self-imposed deadline looming on May 11, the Government has to reach agreement with the Moslems, who have threatened to resume the war. while protecting the rights of the Christian majority in the of the Moslems live. The talks are crucial for

President Corazon Aquino because the armed forces lack the ability to fight the Moslems and the communist-led New People's Army rebels at the same time, according to the Defence Secretary, retired Gen Rafael Ileto.

Mr Habib Hashim, the chief negotiator for Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF), yesterday threatened to res the war if the autonomy issue is not resolved before Mrs Aquino's power to make law by decree disappears when a legislative assembly is elected on May 11.

The Moslem insurgency h also strained relations with neighbouring Malaysia. Kuala Lumpur wants to see a settle-ment to allow the return of more than 200,000 mainly Moslem Filipino refugees living in the Malaysian state of Sabah Most of these people fled Mindanao during the civil war between the Government and the Moslems from 1972 to 1976 when more than 50,000 people

Government negotiators insist that any agreement must be within the context of a new constitution approved by a refer-endum in February. MNLF leaders, on the other

hand, say this will not meet say the Philippine Government Minadao" after a referende their demands for "full auto- could never agree. Minadao" after a referende but will only cover the i for the islands Mindanao, Tawi-Tawi, Basilan, Sulu and Palawan that they claim as their ancestrial lands. The MNLF panel also re-newed an old demand for a

Since Mrs Aquino agreed a temporary ceasefire last September with the MNLF's chairman, Mr Nur Misuari, her negotiators have made little progress towards a lasting peace. regional security force to be set up under joint MNLF and hands have been tied by the Philippine Government leader new constitution. It calls for ship which military observers full autonomy for "Moslem

sovereignty.

whether

Mr Thach did

but will only cover the five provinces in Mindanso and the other smaller islands where there is a Moslem majority. Hopes for a compromise still rest on Mr Misuari's belief in Mrs Aquino's sincerity. But there is growing unpatience

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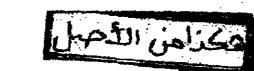
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# 1986 Results and Chairman's Review

- Annual earnings up 28% to 616 cents per capital unit.
- Dividends raised from 195 to 230 cents per ordinary share.
- Current value per capital unit up 41.9% to 8,618 cents.
- South African mining contributions increased.
- Sappi and other industrial contributions restored and improving.
- Malcor/Malbak becomes principal industrial associate.

#### Sectoral analysis of net income for year ended 31 December

	1986 R million	1985 R million
Mining	<del></del>	
Gold and Uranium	165.2	113.8
Platinum	33.0	36.3
Coal	45.8	45.2
Metals and Minerals	161.2	150.6
Mining Total	405.2	345.9
Overseas Ventures	(16.5)	11.9
Sappi	56.9	25.7
Other Industries	38.1	(48.8)
Finance	148.1	214.8
Services (net of corporate costs)	(4.7)	15.5
Total ·	627.1	565.0
Unapportioned financing costs	(35.4)	(107.0)
Attributable Income	591.7	458.0
Per capital unit - cents	616	481

#### Sectoral analysis of permanent capital holders' interest

	31/12/86 R million	31/12/85 R million
Mining		
Gold and Uranium	3,467.9	2,105.0
Platinum	1,410.3	801.9
Coal	290.8	494.0
Metals and Minerals	849.3	850.0
Mining Total	6,018.3	4,250.9
Overseas Ventures	83.5	349.6
Sappi	879.9	335.0
Other Industries	1,232.4	1,001.3
Finance	322.7	152.5
Services and corporate assets	155,4	88.6
Total	8,692,2	6,177.9
Unapportioned loans	(272.4)	(395.6)
Permanent capital bolders' interest at valuation	8,419.8	5,782.3
Current value - cents	8,618	6,074

#### Abbreviated audited financial statements for vear ended 31 December

INCOME STATEMENT	1986 R million	1985 R million
Source income after exploration costs and amortisation Financing costs	937.2 231.8	967.3 482.1
Income before taxation Taxation	785.4 79.2	485.2 82.2
Income after taxation Attributable to outside shareholders	626.2 123.7	403.0 52.3
Consolidated income Equity accounted income	502.5 87.6	350.7 102.9
Total income Net transfer from deferred taxation benefits reserve	590,1 1.6	453.6 4.4
Attributable income before extraordinary items Extraordinary items	591.7 (254.0)	458.0 (8.5)
Attributable income after extraordinary items Distribution in respect of permanent capital	337.7 237.9	449.5 205.8
Retained income	99.8	243.7

BALANCE SHEET	31/12/86 R million	31/12/85 R million
Capital employed Permanent capital holders' interest Outside shareholders' interest	2,754.4 986.1	2,486.9 964.9
Group equity Long-term financing Deferred taxation liabilities	3,740.5 1,698.6 84.7 5.523.8	3,451.8 2,011.5 85.6 5,548.9
Employment of capital Investments at book value Fixed assets Other non-current assets Current assets	1,671.9 2,828.5 440.6 2,379.1 (1,796.3)	1,368.4 3,062.9 566.5 2,390.0 (1,838.9)
Current liabilities  Valuation surplus	5,523.8 5,665.4	5,548.9 3,295.4

#### Final dividend and interest payment

The following dividends and interest payme	nt were declared on 12 March 1987:
Dividends Ordinary shares 8.5% convertible preference shares;	150 cents per share 115.25 cents per share
Interest 12.5% convertible debentures: Last day for registration: Payable on: Perieters of members will be closed:	168.75 cents per debenture 27 March 1987 16 April 1987 28 March 1987 to 10 April 1987



Mr. Derek Keys, chairman.

### Chairman's review

#### MARKET DEVELOPMENTS

On average R2.28 was received during 1986 for each US dollar of income. This was fractionally more than the R2,23 received during 1985 and hardly contributed to an increase in earnings. Since the end of the year this negligible currency gain on our exports was actually reversed at the time of writing each US dollar of income yields less than R2.10.

The Rand weakened materially against the DM, Yen and Sterling but no benefit accrued to us as our sales prices are mostly set in US dollars.

#### Prices of major export products

proved net export prices in Rand could only be realised by higher US dollar prices in world markets.

Gold did not disappoint, averaging \$367 per ounce compared to \$317 the previous year. The present price level of the order of \$400 continues this favourable trend. Platinum did even better with free market prices rising by 60%. This exceptional

increase was driven by speculative fears of supply disruption from South Africa and anticipations of increased demand from the automotive industry. Perceptions as regards both factors have now been modified; consequently the prices are well off their 1986 peaks but still considerably up on the previous year.

Following the lower level of crude steel production the prices of manganese products came under pressure during the year. Market conditions are expected to remainunchanged in 1987. US dollar prices of ferrochrome stabilized during the year after falling early in 1986 and are expected to be maintained in 1987.

Paper and pulp markets gained strength in the course of the year with international prices in US dollars rising by 18%. Current price and demand firmness augurs well for the year ahead.

Coal's average f.o.b. export values in US dollars declined by 10% in 1986 and have subsequently declined still further. The influence of the oil price decline on coal prices was further aggravated by illconsidered action on the part of certain S.A. producers who would appear to have lower injudiciously. lowered prices somewhat

Domestically sold products of the group The South African economy, in which we sell the bulk of the products of our industrial companies, grew only mar-ginally in real terms. The condition of overcapacity in most manufacturing sectors consequently persisted and markets remained generally weak and highly competitive; to some extent, however, competition from imports lessened. Somewhat greater real growth is expected this year.

#### Financial markets

Short-term funds were freely available and rates of interest dropped accordingly. This trend is probably near its end and rates are expected to remain in their present range or to move up moderately during the year.

Long-term rates followed the short rates down but to a much lesser extent since lenders kept one eye fixed on the anticipated inflation rate which seemed to threaten an extended period of negative real returns.

Partly due to these reservations, local funds poured into the Johannesburg Stock Exchange, absorbing with ease fairly considerable foreign selling and driving the All Share Index up by 50% in the course of the year. Since prices of these

shares on overseas stock exchanges did not behave similarly the financial rand discount widened to an extent previously not experienced. As financial rand is the abroad, the viability and attractiveness of new overseas investments for us dimin-ished accordingly.

#### COSTS

Costs continued to rise at a rapid rate in all divisions of the group. Physical productrvity improvements of the order of a few percentage points were swallowed up by the price increases of major inputs of the order of 20% per annum or more. Whereas in local markets these increases can be passed on to an extent, in export markets this was of course out of the

#### RESULTS

Shareholders will be pleased with the increased dividend of 230 cents (195 cents) paid out of earnings of 616 cents (481 cents) per capital unit.

Major contributors to this net improvement were:

Eliminating the 1985 losses of certain industrial companies 72 cents Lower net financing costs 61 cents Beatrix's growing contribution 37 cents to gold earnings No need for further amortisation of foreign

36 cents exchange losses on loans Sappi's better result 32 cents Genbel's improved performance 19 cents Improved industrial profits, 17 cents and Samancor's higher earnings 13 cents On the debit side, Gencor Treasury this year did not repeat, to the extent of 46 cents, the exceptional profits earned last year in foreign exchange markets. We have also had to meet increased costs of exploration spending. The increased exploration spending is in line with our strategic decision to put more weight

behind our mine-finding efforts.

The figure of R254 million deducted as an extraordinary item from the year's earn-ings is high by historical standards but has little relevance to the overall true value of the group. Apart from net losses on closure or disposal of undertakings, amounting to R29 million, it is occasioned by the group's adherence to the conservative practice of writing down the book value of individual investments to valuation, wherever this is lower, coupled with a particularly severe valuation approach to any investment in an economically or politically unstable country. In general the adjustments were required in connection with greenfield ventures outside the borders of South Africa.

The overall increase in the current value per capital unit is substantial this year, the value rising to 8,618 cents from the 6,074 cents level of a year before. Previous practice was to include investments in operating subsidiaries in the valuation at consolidated net book value; we now value all investments at market, regardless of family relationship, since we think this is the figure of interest to shareholders. The 1985 figure has been adjusted to be comparable.

Viewing the sectoral analysis of the current value per capital unit, one finds that, on a fully broken-down basis, mining activities in South Africa continue to constitute roughly two-thirds of the total. Within this dominant category, however, the precious metals have strongly increased their values while base metals and minerals have hardly changed and coal has declined sharply. The latter represents some 3% of the total. In the non-mining third of the activities, Sappi has gained value sharply, other industries to a lesser extent and overseas ventures have been reduced to negligible proportions largely as a result of the cautious view referred to

Comparing sectoral income yields with the value placed on the underlying interests, highlights Impala Platinum as producing markedly less than might have been expected. This is due to a nexus of marketing and production constraints, which is receiving our full attention, and to considerable capital expenditure. The formerly deficient yield on other indus-tries has been partly corrected and we can expect to make further progress in this

#### MAJOR TRANSACTIONS

As Sappi moved firmly into a position of increasing cash flow its board concluded in August 1986 that the time was ripe to consolidate its capital structure, return to the payment of dividends on ordinary shares, and free the company from the restrictive covenants connected with its

project loan finance. We were happy to underwrite the issue of R201.5 million preferred ordinary shares decided upon. The issue was well supported by shareholders and the market value of the shares concerned is now substantially above the issue price.

During September 1986 negotiations were concluded with Sankorp in terms of which 48.1% of the then issued ordinary share capital of Malcor Holdings was transferred to Gencor in exchange for the issue of 1,979,206 new Gencor ordinary shares. Makor Holdings controls Malbak, a diversified industrial conglomerate with an established managerial infrastructure and a good record in providing the sort of environment in which industrial enterprises can live and develop healthily.

As such it represented a made-to-measure instrument for the management of our industrial portfolio, other than Sappi, and it has absorbed and taken the place of all the in-house arrangements and personnel which previously performed this function. As and when appropriate we intend to sell our industrial companies into either Malcor, in the case of companies for which the group does not have management responsibility, or into Malbak where it does. In terms of this policy, the sale of Haddons and Kohlers into Malbak and Carlton Paper into Malcor have already been

#### THE KINROSS FIRE

On 16 September a serious fire occurred 1,622 metres below surface in the Kinnoss gold mine. As a result smoke and fumes entered the workings of No. 2 shaft. We grieve at the tragic loss of 177 lives, and are thankful for the more than 2,400 of our people who were successfully evacuated. In the light of this tragedy we are extensively re-examining our approach to the management of safety and share-holders are referred to the contributed section to the annual report dealing with this topic. We have also committed ourselves to the organisation of an ongoing programme - the Kinross Initiative - aimed at assisting the victims of gold mine accidents and their dependants, where

#### THE SOUTH AFRICAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL ENVIRONMENT

It is common cause that South Africa is in embark. a state of change. Most observer comment focuses on changes and projected changes in legislation but these are only a part of a much bigger phenomenon of change which embraces every person of every colour living in this country. The way we think, the way we feel, our interpretation of the past, our perception of the future all are changing. Most of us are content that it should be so and glad to have opportunities for fresh thinking in areas where the status quo is unacceptable.

In the context of our businesses these opportunities are most challenging in the areas of:

 effective worker participation in deci-sion-making and constructive relationships with trade unions.

worker family housing, particularly in the mining industry.

equal opportunity and training leading to a supervisory and management structure in line with demographic realities. It is a prime responsibility of our management to chart an optimum course for each

certain of these areas. Gencor's stance is to work, plan and invest on the assumption that a political way will be found to a society which commands the allegiance of a large majority of its members. Gencor's aim is to play its part as a good corporate citizen, sently, during the further changes and

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

The mining industry in 1986 experienced more than twice as many strikes as in the previous year. Measured against industry 12 March 1987 figures. Gencor lost fewer man-days: 595 per 1,000 workers as against 884 for all Chamber mines.

Our management efforts are aimed at all levels in this sphere to find a successful way of handling the tensions inherent in the manager/worker relationship. The style we are using implies wider worker participation in decisionmaking to replace the paternalistic style of the past, but this in turn requires the ability to transact enforceable bargains. On this basis we were able to resolve the majority of the labour disputes of the immediate past by negotiation and compromise. Out of the eighteen collective disputes which occurred on Gencor mines, thirteen were settled and two statutory disputes are still taking their course. None of the remaining three disputes endured beyond three

#### **ORGANISATION**

My appointment as group chief executive signalled the end of the structure of five executive directors operating under a nonexecutive chairman. Thanks to an extraordinary degree of participation and co-operation on the part of these six directors, the seventy-five senior managers of the group, and their colleagues, the consequent restructuring achieved with comparative ease.

A diagram which gives the main outline of the present structure appears in the ual report.

#### THE BOARD

Ted Pavitt retired as the group's chairman at the end of August. Throughout the more than forty years that he devoted to the group, twelve of them as chairman either of Union Corporation Limited before the merger or of Gencor there-after, the degree of his commitment and the quality of his contribution were unequalled. I am happy to have this opportunity to place on record my own great indebtedness to him for his guidance during his final months as chairman.

Johan Fritz and Basil Landau both cided for personal reasons to start their retirements from the group during 1986. Each of them had done much to build up their respective divisions over the years. George Clark reached retirement age at the end of 1986. His considerable contributions to the group over many years were spread over the entire spectrum of its

To each of the above we wish many years of well-earned retirement, and success in the new directions on which they may

The fact of these departures, together with the requirements of the new organis-ation, made it appropriate to carry through a thoroughgoing reorganisation of board membership and function. The existence of the pyramid company, Federale Mynbou Beperk, facilitated the transformation of the board of Gencor into a management-dominated board with matters requiring the controlling shareholders' participation reserved for the Fedmyn board. In terms of this change we welcomed group executives Steve Ellis and Carl Netscher (Mining), Bernard Smith (Operational Services), Naas Steenkamp (Human Resources) and -after the Malcor transaction - Grant Thomas (Industries). Non-executive directors who left the Board were Drs. J.G.H. Loubser, P.E. Rousseau, C.H.J. van Aswegen, A.D. Wassenaar and F.W. van Zyl (alt.) and Messrs. P.L. la Grange, D.W.R. Hertzog, W.S. Pretorius, G. Steinmetz and A.J. van Wyk. On behalf of shareholders I express to them all the sincere appreciation of the of these areas and then skilfully to steer a company for their contributions to passage past the many obstacles. We have the origin and development of the already made considerable progress in Gencor group of today.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

With the rand at its present level we will do well to repeat this year's result. The level of dividend, however, ought not to be affected

In the longer term I feel confident that we have the resources of all kinds in order to grow in real terms. My sincere thanks are due to all those whose efforts allow me to make this statement.

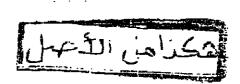


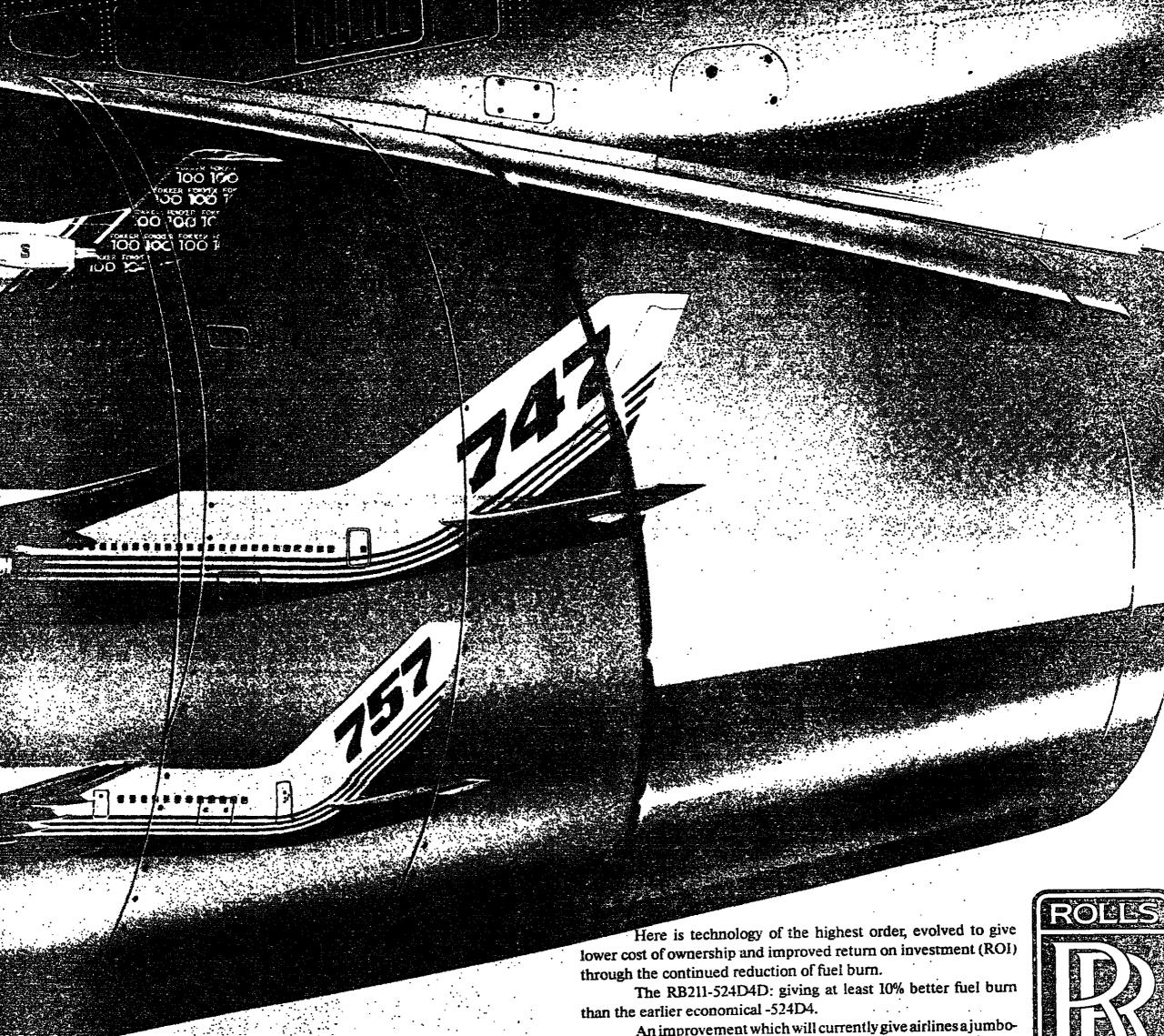
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# **US-Canada** free trade agreement 'within reach'

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

A SWEEPING free trade agree ment between the US and Canada appears to be within reach as a new mood of optimism moves over the ten-month negotiations between the world's two biggest trading

Miss Pat Carney, Canada's International Trade Minister, said earlier this week that she expected the "framework" of agreement to be in place by ne, with a final document ready by autumn. Prime Mini-ster Brian Mulroney con-firmed that "it appears that reasonable progress is being

The Canadians are confident that the Reagan Administration is giving higher priority to the free trade talks in the hope of achieving a noteworthy foreign policy success. In addition, domestic opposition to the con-cept of free trade with the US has become more muted in the wake of numerous studies which have concluded that Canada will derive substantial net benefits from broader and more secure access to the US market.

According to leaks in Ottawa, the accord being drawn up in-

According to preliminary figures, US-Canada trade totalled C\$172bn (\$130bn) last year, with a C\$16.2bn balance in favour of Canada.

March 13, 1987



in place by June

Further details of the talks will be made public when the Ottawa Government launches a debate on free trade in the House of Commons next Mon-

According to leaks in Ottawa, the accord being drawn up includes a complete phasing out of tariffs on US-Canada trade by the end of the century and concessions by each side on authority given by US legislastich non-tariff barriers as tors to the Reagan Administration. The mandate, which would and US anti-dumping rules. A joint tribunal would be set up to resolve disputes.

Washington is said to be well as the detailed provisions of a pact, expires next January.

to resolve disputes.

Washington is said to be especially interested in the removal of barriers to US investment in Canada, greater opportunities for American financial institutions and freer trade in services.

According to preliminary figures, US-Canada trade totalled C\$172bn (\$130bn) last to resolve an informal consensus with the provinces. The precise method

Koninklijke Nederlandsche Hoogovens

# US to decide on Japanese chip sanctions next week

BY LOUISE KEHOE IN SAN FRANCISCO

and the second of the second o

The White House Cabinet makers increased access to the Economic Policy Council is Japanese market. scheduled to vote on sanctions

US officials have not specified Economic Policy Council is Japanese market.

Scheduled to vote on sanctions next week, following a recommendation from a sub-cabinet might take. It is unlikely, hower and policy review group ever, that the US will place import tariffs on electronic products such as computers or consumer electronics goods made memory chips to the "fair by the companies found to be trade policy review group ever, that the US will place dumping chips. This proposal US Commerce Department, are

aims at giving foreign chip

posed either an import ban or plained that the trade pact has

conductor producers.

Mr Malcolnt Baldridge, US times unabated, despite Tokyo's commerce Secretary, and Mr efforts to monitor and comirol Clayton Yeutter, US Trade chip export prices and to Representative, have both reduce memory ship production.

THE US is expected to decide which called for unspecified next week whether to impose sanctions in retaliation for Japanese chips sold in the US specific Japanese companies that ducers who are alleged to be continuing to violate the US-Japanese chip pact signed six memory chip prices in the US-Japanese chip pact by "dumping in Asian markets, and hird country markets, and ling in Asian markets."

The US is expected to decide which called for unspecified import restrictions or tariffs on has the advantage of punishing specific Japanese companies that of the Ispanese that advantage of punishing not expected to raise any objections or tariffs on Japanese thous to tariffs on Japanese thous to tariffs on Japanese while indirectly benefiting their US competitors in the computer and electronics industries.

Japanese chip pact signed to be affected by sanctions or tariffs on has the advantage of punishing not expected to raise any objections or tariffs on Japanese thous to tariffs on Japanese equipment.

Japanese chip pact, signed six months ago, regulates Japanese chip prices in the US competitors in the computer and electronics industries.

Japanese chip pact by "dumping the violate the US competitors in the computer and electronics industries.

US electronics equipment include NEC, Fujissu, Historicians, or tariffs on Japanese chips sold in the US sendence that the Ispanese chips on Japanese chips sold in the US sendence that advantage of punishing not expected to raise any objections or tariffs on Japanese chips sold in the US sendence that Ispanese chips and electronics industries.

US electronics equipment include NEC, Fujissu, Historicians, or tariffs on Japanese chips and experience that Ispanese chips and electronics in the computer and electronics industries.

US electronics equipment include NEC, Fujissu, Historicians, or tariffs on Japanese chips and experience that Ispanese chips are alleged to be months ago, regulates Japanese chips and experience that Ispanese chips are alleged to be affected by sanctions Jepanese companies that decision and April 1 for the imposition of sanctions, include NEC, Fuitsu, Hitachi, Mitsubishi, Matsushita, Oki and Toshiba, Japan's largest semi-conductor producers. executives claim that Japanese third country damping con-tiones unabated, despite Tokyo's

# Tokyo's chief negotiator still hopeful trade barriers can be avoided

few days ago, Mr Makoto Mr Kuroda's view of the Kuroda, vice minister of the threats was: "It is not the Ministry for International Japanese way to reciprocate by Trade and Industry (Miti) was using the same level of non-drinking French wine and eat-sense to describe the (trade)

Mr Kuroda was marking the end of a grueiling round of trade talks in the US and Tokyo. The Americans once again had created headlines, saying that some progress had been made but not enough US

Mr Kuroda, a career Miti man, is a rather unconventional

duce a new production shar-ing system involving plants in Japan, Taiwan and the US in July to manufacture facsimile machines for sale in the North American market. a company spokesman said on Wednesday, AP-DJ reports from Tokyo. The company is taking the

step to counter the impact of the yen's continued strength, which has made

an agreement to entrust production of facsimile frames and other basic processing with Teco Electric Machinery

papers.
We are modest and reserved people, we never speak up," says Mr Kuroda with a smile. But anyone who has the time to meet Makoto Kuroda will find a good guide to Japan's way of thinking on leading trade issues.

On the more controversial subject of semiconductors, Mr Ruroda is strongly defensive of

"We're always talking about the microchip revolution. It may the microcap revolution; it may be in one year, five years, or 10 years. As a result there is a tendency to have excess capa-city. This is called anticipatory investment, which maybe is not a bad thing," he says.

Despite the US threats to impose sanctions against Japanese companies allegedly violating the chip pact, Mr Kureda says "I am not very pestimistic" about the course of US-Japan trade. He remains hopeful that "I'm always asking them (the thing again and again. They year's US-Japan trade pact on about the course of US-Japan US) not to criticise us publicly. They keep talking from initial premise, repeating the same reality, he says, referring to the in chip production, he still harriers on trade with Japan.

#### WHILE Mr George Shultz, US gressmen had dismissed the Secretary of State, was in town talks outright, calling for pressing Prime Minister Nakastrong retaliatory action against sone to step up US imports a the Japanese. defends the country's right to build new chip facilities. Americans' penchant for dis-cussing trade disputes through NEC Corporation will intro-Japanese-made products more Japanese-mane products more expensive overseas. The spokesman said the company could achieve substantial savings by shifting part of the production process to Taiwan where labour costs are about one-fith those in Japan. He said NEC has concluded to consequent the content are the content of the content of

ing runny cheese. Miti's chief trade negotiator,

tor makers, and many US con- viously like to change.

Athens aims to

GREECE yesterday unveiled proposals to hoost exports, Andriana lerodiaconou reports

from Athens. The move is intended to compensate for the dismenting of Greece's

traditional system of direct export subsidies as the coun-try comes into line with European Community regula-

boost exports

situation," he said.

Japanese bureaucrat. He is shamelessly blunt. Unlike most Japanese, he almost swaggers with confidence. But in keeping saying that some progress had within the Japanese tradition, been made, but not enough. US he never makes headlines. This industries, such as semiconducis one tradition he would ob-

# Nancy Dunne reports on efforts to curb pre-shipment checks

# Inspections rouse US exporters

US EXPORTERS have mounted a campaign on several fronts to curb the activities of foreign pre-shipment inspection companies. Hike the Swiss-hased Société Generale de Surveillance been unnecessarily delaying asks that the President susting their shipments and practising pend their duty-free trade privileges, granted under the gegs, granted under the programme challenged by the Generalised System of President susting the pre-shipment inspection pend their duty-free trade privileges, granted under the greatest of the president susting the pre-shipment inspection for the carried programme challenged by the grantest inspection in minimizing the use of over invoicing and thereby reducing capital flight.

Société Generale de Surveillance

The proposals include the introduction of export financing services, such as factoring and upgrading of export credit insurance services. An unfair trade complaint filed by four Florida trade associations with the US trade representative was referred to the US International Trade Commission (ITC) for investigation. The ITC last week convened a hearing in Mismi where expensions of the the the convened that the in a separate move the inance Ministry said that exports and export-related services, such as transport, were to be exempt from value-added tax (VAT), porters complained that the foreign inspection companies, of which SGS is the largest, have

This advertisement appears

as a matter of record only.

American inspection companies, tory import restrictions. it monitors not only the quality The ITC has to decide and quantity of shipments but whether there has been injury prices as well. To ensure through unfair trade practices, against fraud and over and if it does find such injury, then under invoicing, it asks for the US Trade Representative various background price can recommend a wide variety related documents. of retaliatory action to the Pre-VALTIOUS related documents.

A negative ruling by the in-spection companies kills the transaction unless exporters drop their prices or make other changes in their shipments.

The unfair trade complaint is filed against Venezuela, Jamaica, Ecuador, Paraguzy and Guatemain for violations of the prints and content to the content of t various codes under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and other treaty



ents, the association included a call to reverse capital

In its complaint the Florida association says that SGS "through its ability to block the shipment of merchandise where the company finds the price un-acceptable will have the capa-city to fix the worldwide prices "These companies will also

have unprecedented access to confidential business information worldwide without effec-tive control over how such information is used, or to whom it is disclosed."

One exporter, Stauffer Chemi-cal company of Connecticutt, wrote to the trade representative: "We have been contacted obligations by instituting practices that are "unreasonable or divulging our competitors' discriminatory or restrict US prices and asking us to advise commerce in trade and ser- if we are setting the same

It also said that SGS's services help make foreign ex-



change available in the develop-ing countries "by ensuring that importers... will not pay more than the efficient free world price because they lack sufficient information regarding technical aspects of a specific transaction or international market conditions generally, or are involved in receiving illegal payment made by the seller."

To complaints that inspectors had delayed shipments, SGS acknowledged that at the inception of the programme there were "some transitory implementation problems" but said its staff and computer systems have

The ITC. which has until early summer to report back to the trade representative, has Members of the Florida association do business in the five named countries, all of which have contracts with SGS. If action is not taken by the five in the indebted countries which in the indebted countries which holding further hearings in New tries and has threatened to sub-poens them. It is considering holding further hearings in New York and in Houston,

## Probe urged into Korean N-plant deal

By Maggle Ford in Seoul A US copany which failed to

win the contract to install South Korea's latest two nuclear power stations last year is understood to have appealed to the country's president to intervene before the deal is gigned. Analysis believe that Westinghouse, which lost the contract worth \$2bn.\$3hn to its

tract worth \$2bn-\$3bn to its
American rival Combastion
Engineering has written to
President Chun Doo Hwan
asking hi into review the procedures followed.

The contract with Combustion Engineering was due to be
signed by the Korean Electric
Power Company (Repco) last
month. Repco officials say it
had been delayed because of
arguments over technology
transfer.

It is believed the Westing-house letter claims that normal procedures were violated in awarding the contract. Observers say that the company claims the government's credibility could be at stake if infair businesses practices were seen to be condoned. The company is thought to be

particularly concerned about a clause which states that the winning proposal should be based on a proven design con-

Combustion Engineering's bid to build two 900MW plants is understood to have been based on a "System 80" design plant in the US.

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### NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of

CHRYSLER OVERSEAS CAPITAL CORPORATION

5% Guaranteed Convertible Sinking Fund Debentures Due 1988

4 3/4% Guaranteed Convertible Sinking Fund Debentures Dae 1988

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of Chrysler Overseas Capital Corporation ("Chrysler Overseas") 5% Guaranteed Convertible Sinking Fund Debentures Due 1988 (the "5% Debentures") and of Chrysler Overseas 4 3/4% Guaranteed Convertible Sinking Fund Debentures Due 1988 (the "4 3/4% Debentures"), that pursuant to the provisions of the Indentures relating to the 5% Debentures and the 4 3/4% Debentures, Chrysler Overseas will redeem all of the outstanding 5% Debentures and 4 3/4% Debentures on April 17, 1987, the date fixed for redemption, upon the following terms:

References Date, April 17, 1987

Redemption Price. The 5% Debentures will be redeemed at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of their principal amount plus accraed interest to the Redemption Date of \$10.27 per \$1,000 principal amount of the 5% Debentures redeemed, or a total of \$1,010.27 per \$1,000 principal amount of the 5% Debentures redeemed.

The 4 3/4% Debentures will be redeemed at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of their principal amount plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date of \$19.91 per \$1,000 principal amount of the 4 3/4% Debentures redeemed, or a total of \$1,019.91 per \$1,000 principal amount of the 4 3/4% Debentures redeemed.

The Redemption Price will become due and payable on the Redemption Date.

Redemption Procedure. Payment of the Redemption Price of the 5% Debentures and the 4 3/4% Debentures will be made upon presentation and surreader thereof, together with all coupons appertaining thereto matering subsequent to the Redemption Date, at the option of the holder at the offices listed below:

Destrehe Bank, A.G. Restautrik 18 Prantfurt/Mein West Gestauty Despte laterationale a Laure 2 Beateurs Royal S.G. Wartery & Co. Lai

Algenese Busk Netherland N.V. 32 Vijadeteest Amsterden, Netherlands

Coupons which shall mature on or before said Redomption Date should be detached and surrendered for payment in the usual

industrielle at Fines 4 & 6 fine Galife Paris. 2

Consulter of Interest. On and after April 17, 1987, interest on the 5% Debentures and the 43/4% Debentures will cease to accrue, Conversion of Debentures. Chrysler Corporation has announced a three-for-two stock split of Chrysler common stock in the form of a 50% stock dividend, effective at the close of business on March 23, 1987. The stock split will require a recalculation of the conversion prices of the 5% Debentures and the 4 3/4% Debentures that will adversely impact those prices on and after March 24, 1987. As a result, those Debenture holders who elect to convert their Debentures before the stock split becomes effective on March 24, 23, 1987, will receive a greater number of shares, on a post-split basis, that those who convert after that date.

Any 5% Debenture may, at the option of the holder thereof, be converted at the principal amount thereof into fully paid and non-statestable (a) pre-split shares of Chrysler common stock on or before March 23, 1987 at \$30.89 per share, or (b) post-split shares of Chrysler common stock on or after March 24, 1987 at \$21.97 per share. For every \$1,000 principal amount of the 5% Debentures which are converted, a holder will receive 32 pre-split shares of Chrysler common stock, if converted on or before March 23, 1987 or 45 post-split shares of Chrysler common stock, if converted on or after March 24, 1987. Cash will be paid for any fractional shares.

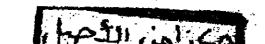
Any 4 3/4% Debenture may, at the option of the holder thereof, be converted at the principal amount thereof into fully paid and non-assessable (a) pre-split ahares of Chrysler common stock on or before March 23, 1987 at \$35.40 per share, or (b) post-split shares of Chrysler common stock on or after March 24, 1987 at \$25.18 per share. For every \$1,000 principal amount of the 4 3/4%. Debentures which are converted, a holder will receive 28 pre-split shares of Chrysler common stock, if converted on or before March 23, 1987 or 39 post-split shares of Chrysler common stock, if converted on or before March 24, 1987. Cash will be paid for any Any 5% Debeature or 43/4% Debeature converted into Chrysler Common Stock will not be emitted to payment of interest from

To convert a Debesture, the holder must deliver such Debeuture, together with all unmatured compose appertaining thereto maturing subsequent to the Redemption Date, to IBJ Schroder Bank & Trust Company, One State Street, New York, New York 10015, accompanied by written notice that the holder elects to convert such Debenture. Such notice shall also state the mane or assuce (with address) in which the certificates for Chrysler common stock should be issued.

The right to convert 5% Debentures and 4 3/4% Debentures will terminate at the close of business on the Redemption Date.

CHRYSLER OVERSEAS CAPITAL CORPORATION

Under the Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983, we may be required to withhold 20% of any gross payments made within the United States to certain holders who fail to provide as with, and certify under penalties of perjury, a correct taxpayer identifying number (employer identification number or social security number, as appropriate) or an exemption certificate on or before the date the sociations are presented for payment. Those holders who are required to provide their correct taxpayer identification number on Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 and who fail to do so may also be subject to a penalty of \$50. Please therefore provide the appropriate certification when presenting your securities for payment.



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After an appeal procedure which £50m. first went through the High Court and Appeal Court, the decision means the councillors must pay a £106,103 surcharge, together with an estimated £400,800 costs, for failing to set a rate (property tax) for the city in 1985-86 in protest at Gov-

lems for Liverpool With only 12 La-bour councillors remaining in office, control is now likely to pass to the 37-strong Liberal-SDP Alliance group, which is expected to try to form an all-party crisis committee to run the council until elections in

Tuesday, when the Alliance is ex-

Liverpool's corporate debt stands at an estimated 6800m and Mr Dav-Prime Minister, yesterday refused at an estimated £800m and Mr Davioto intervene to help solve Liveriod Alton, the Liberal chief whip pool's financial crisis, after a Law [party steward], said Labour half in the last four weeks, deliberately fication from office and surcharging of 47 Labour councillors. itself to new contracts worth up to

> He claimed that the newly-agreed 5 per cent rate could not be changed and that the City confronted a grave crisis which could not be overcome by an Alliance administration working on its own.

The removal of the councillors, who could now face personal bank-ruptcy, poses fresh political problems for Liverpool With only 12 Lation from Liverpool to consider resprovision of a one-off grant to help overcome the immediate financial

Mrs Thatcher immediately rejected the suggestion, saying that those "had to learn to take responsibility pected reluctantly to assume confor their actions." Later in the Comtrol of a potentially chaotic situations, Mr Alton said there would be tion. For the next few days at least, widespread consternation at the there will be a power vacuum, with Prime Minister's readiness to no party officially running Britain's "leave the citizens of Liverpool to seal, leave the citizens of Liverpool to

David Fishlock sketches the building programme for Britain's £1.5bn nuclear power project

# First Sizewell contracts to be signed within weeks

well B nuclear power station will take 5½ years from next summer if the Central Electricity Generating Board (CEGB) has calculated cor-rectly. It says that contracts worth about £500m will be signed within

If, however, the CEGB has got it rrong, the fact may not be known for several years. The early years of nuclear reactor construction are nainly concerned with large-scale civil engineering and it is only late in the project that the troublesome high technology come together.
The CEGB is managing the project through a subsidiary called the

Project Management Board. Its chairman is Mr John Baker, board construction of new plant. The com-pany has a team of about 400 run by Mr Brian George, the project direc-tor. It has been spending about 24m a month but this will rise to about £15m a month by mid-summer.

Knutsford, in north west England. A number of satellite teams are responsible for specific portions of the

The satellites include PWR Power Projects (PPP), a joint venture company. PPP is concerned with to release the hardware phase of site licence from the nuclear inspec-

For Sizewell B it can export a contract worth only about £30m for the design and assembly of nuclear auxiliary systems such as emergen-cy core cooling. But for subsequent PWR stations it is seeking bigger contracts, worth perhaps £150m, for

tween Babook and Aiton, specialis-ing in the high-integrity pipework. This contract will be worth about £100m. Other satellites act as consultants to the project NDA, com-

safety analysis.

The CEGB's own specialists in vices and - above all - negotiating system and safety analysis, are located away from Knutsford, as are cal authority. (NII). The NII has an important role monitoring Sizewell/B's quality as-

between Westinghouse Electric, the US Ricensee of the pressurised water reactor, and the National Numer ter reactor, and the National Numer ter reactor, and the National Numer terms of the CEGB board is expected tary, has approved the £1.5bn investment in Sizewell B. Early next

bining Taylor Woodrow and McAl- those contracts for which a design pine, on civil engineering design; phase has already been satisfactori-Bechtel, the US consultants, on ly finished. power station design and project
management; and the National Nuclear Corporation on system and
of contractors. It means fencing the

Before construction begins, howits generation design and construction division and the Government's ever, preliminary site works are Nuclear Installations Inspectorate needed – an estimated 14 months' work. The big project is the diaphragm wall, a £10m belt of concrete more than 1 km long, encircling the station and penetrating to a depth of 50m into the clay. The wall is de-

tors to start building. The inspectors raised 79 questions arising from the CEGE's safety case, of answered to their satisfaction.

The remaining three issues, on which the project team has made submissions, are:

 A pressure vessel owner's certificate, under which the CEGB - for the first time - undertakes to audit its own competence to own a PWR pressure wessel. Because of an internal reorganisation, the CEGB has not yet been able to provide desion, which certification demands.

signed to keep seawater from flood- • Quality assurance procedures for ing the site and minimise need for the pressure vessel and other highclear Corporation, Britain's civil to sanction this money and authoreactor design and construction ries its Project Management Board

The CEGB still does not have a which it must still satisfy the inly stressed parts of the reactor, on

it has still to win formal acceptance of a new computer-based surveillance system for plant safety, pro-posed in addition to traditional surreillance of the kind used on gas-

cooled reactors.

tra precautions devised to enhance

cence, the project team believes it gy Authority's new "cannon" at will be ready to start pouring the Winfrith, Dorset, is being used to reinforced concrete foundations in demonstrate that the design can another 14 months. The main civil withstand blows from such missiles

have already been made and in specied by Framatome in France The company is awaiting instruc-tions to proceed with fabrication This also applies to parts for the four steam generators, which Bab cock has designed.

tube 50 metres in diameter, which is needed as soon as the founda-tions are finished, has been de-signed by Cleveland Bridge and Ir-onworks. General Electric Company has completed designs for the twin 680 MW turbine-generators.

The CEGB will also be awarding an early contract for the radioactive

Contracts worth about £10m are being placed for test rigs specific to PWR requirements. The most expensive will be built by Weir to test the four main coolant pumps. Oth-ers are environmental test rigs for accelerated testing of PWR compo All three are examples of the exment they can expect in service the safety of the "British PWR" and Such rigs are being built by Rolls to convince the inquiry that it Royce and Associates, the National matches the safety of present Brit. Nuclear Corporation, and SIRA in Kent.

Assuming that it receives a site liengineering contract, worth about as a light aircraft engine falling out

# BT 'may have made profit out of strike'

BY DAVID THOMAS AND PHILIP BASSETT

BRITISH TELECOM may have over new working practices and

made a profit out of the bitter two-pay.

week strike with its 110,000 Mr Mike Bett, BT managing diengineers which ended last month.

This emerged yesterday as BT told a seminar on the City of Lon-

Mr Graeme Odgers, BT deputy BT has been shedding jobs at the chairman, disclosed yesterday that rate of about 5,000 a year in its core the company had saved more than £50m in staff costs during the dis-

from the strike.

However, overall there had been no adverse financial impact on the company's results for the fourth quarter to the end of this month because of the dispute, which was union opposition.

warned of further job cuts and said don organised by Acas, the concilities would become increasingly difficult to avoid compulsory redundancies as

we go along."

BT has been shedding jobs at the operations, so far by using natural wastage to avoid compulsory redunpute, which may help to explain the dancies. The company has refused management's confidence at the to say whether it plans to speed up

this rate of job loss.
Mr Bett said staff were aware set by extra overtime since the end that the combined effects of technoof the dispute and business lost dur-ing the strike, although this had driven direction of the privatised been relatively small because the business would mean fewer jobs, al-network had held up well. network had held up well.

Mr Odgers, who was speaking as

BT disclosed pre-tax profits up 11.7

Mr Bett forecast greater decen-

per cent at £1.51bn for the nine tralisation of pay bargaining in BT: months to December, refused to "I can see the time coming when it

## W. German ship 'hired partly-trained crew'

BY JIMMY BURNS, LABOUR STAFF

BRITAIN'S National Union of Seamen (NUS) yesterday urged the the ship's crew, some of whom may have been years old, had been recately allegations that a cargo boat ruited from a " sea school" that the owned by a West German company and chartered by a British shipping line was being crewed by participants in the UK's Youth Training Scheme (YTS) for school-leavers

men.

According to an investigation and have spent a minimum age of 17 and have spent

Tuesday.

Ellerman Lines of the UK yesterday confirmed that it had chartered the ship but said: "The vessel is the ship but said: "The vessel is the ship but said: "The vessel is the ship is manned assure us that the ship is manned accordance with the regulations in accordance with the regulations in accordance with the regulations of fine nation."

Scheme (YTS) for school-leavers who are not fully trained as sea-should have a minimum age of 17

### FINANCIALTIMES

The following Financial Times Surveys are due to be published next week:

Monday, 16th March Austria

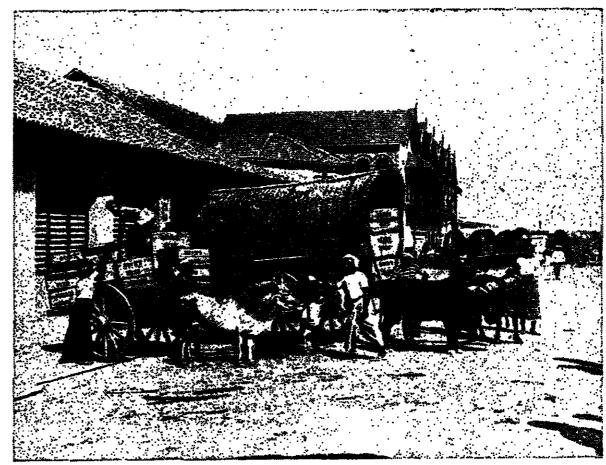
Monday, 16th March **World Indices** 

Tuesday, 17th March Courier & Express Freight Services Thursday, 19th March International Futures & Options Friday, 20th March

Denmark Saturday, 21st March Independent Schools

The date of Financial Times Surveys may be changed at short notice

**COLOMBO 1883** 



BECKS GETTING LOADED BY COLOMBIANS. (OR IS IT THE OTHER WAY ROUND?).



BREWED IN GERMANY, DRUNK ALL OVER THE WORLD

# Wages in lieu of notice cannot be paid twice

IN ASSESSING compensation for unfair dismissal an industrial tribunal should deduct any payment made in lieu of notice from the employee's total loss of earnings as cal-culated from the date of ter-

The Court of Appeal so held when allowing an appeal by the employer company, Babcock Fata Ltd. from a decision of the Employment Appeal Appeal the Employment Appeal Tribunal (EAT) that a compen-satory award in favour of dismissed employee, Mr Malcolm Richard Addison, was not subject to deduction of money paid in lieu of notice.

Section 74 of the Employment Protection (Consolidation) Act 1978 provides: "... the amount of the compensatory award shall be such amount as the tribunal considers just and equitable in all the circumstances having regard to the loss sustained by the complainant in consequence of the dismissal....

LORD JUSTICE RALPH GIB-SON said that Mr Addison was dismissed in July 1984 on grounds of redundancy. His dis-missal was unfair. The industrial tribunal had to assess the proper compensatory award.

The sum paid by the employer included £704 payment in lieu of notice and £845 ex

In calculating the total loss of earnings from July 20 1884 to August 19 1985, the date of the hearing, the tribunal reached a gross loss of £7,252 from which it deducted earnings from which it deducted earnings from the from th ings from new employment, leaving a net loss of 54,283.

From that sum the tribunal deducted the £704 paid in lieu of notice leaving an award for loss of earnings of £3,579.

From its total award the tribunal deducted the £945 ex gratia payment on the ground that there could be no claim to ribunal deducted the £845 ex gratia payment on the ground that there could be no claim to an ex gratia payment and believed, it accorded with good receipt of it on September 30, industrial practice. 1985 was speculative.

Mr Addison appealed to the law.

Babcock rightly did not appeal against that part of the EAT order. It acknowledged that if Mr Addison had remained in its employment he remained in its employment he would have been dismissed on July 20 1984. Mr Addison would have been dismissed on July 20 1984 Mr Addison would have been dismissed on September 30 1985 when the entire workforce was made redundant. The tribunal's task was therefore to calculate the loss,

have been entitled if dismissed on September 30, 1985.

It referred to TBA Industrial Products [1984] ICE 228 where Mr Justice Browne-Wilkinson said "there cannot be any cir-For the six weeks from add there cannot be any circumstances in which the . . . 30, 1985 when Mr Addison would in any event have been made redundant, the tribunal awarded the difference between the earnings he would have received at Babcock's and his payment in lieu of notice need actual earnings in his new job.

pensatory award.

That conclusion was wrong in

Mr Pannick for Babcock submitted that the £845 deduction could be justified, but the EAT rejected that submission.

In the absence of express or implied agreement to the contrary effect an employer was to be given credit for all payments he had made to the application. on account of claims for wages

By section 74(1) of the act the tribunal was directed to the tribunal was directed to pensatory award "having regard to the loss sustained." It was not open to the tribunal or the EAT to devise a rule which conflicted with the statutory and the statutory of that entitlement.

In Figure 14. with the statutory provisions.

applied in many cases and was upheld in the present case.

ment or other sufficient reason, an employer might show that payment less than wages due over the notice period did not offend good industrial practice. No rule existed to prevent the No rule existed to prevent the industrial tribunal from considering such a case.

If the employer paid wages in lieu of notice at time of dis-missal he complied with good industrial practice. If the em-ployee did not get employment proyee the notice period no principle of good industrial practice could secure to him any further payment by way of lost wages in respect of the notice period.

The EAT resoned that if an employee did not get new employment during his notice period he should be entitled to

In Finnie it was held that wages in lieu "is an independent payment to which an employee her to which a manufacturer her to which a manufacturer h The origin of the principle employee has a separate dealing with payment of wages right.

BABCOCK FATA LTD v
ADDISON
Court of Appeal (Sir John Donaldson, Master of the Rolls, Lord Justice Ralph Gibson and Lord Justice Ralph Gibson and Lord Justice Bingham): March 5 1987.

With regard to the £704 in lieu of notice was the decision of the Industrial Relations Court in Norton Tool [1973] 1 WLR 45.

Sir John Donaldson said that good industrial practice. The bad calculated the loss of wages from July 20 and not good industrial practice required an employer either to give notice was the decision.

That ruling was not correct.

By making the payment in lieu of notice was the decision of the Industrial Relations Court in Norton Tool [1973] 1 WLR 45.

Sir John Donaldson said that good industrial practice required an employer either to give notice was the decision of the Industrial Relations Court in Norton Tool [1973] 1 WLR 45.

Sir John Donaldson said that good industrial practice required an employer either to give notice was the decision of the Industrial Relations Court in Norton Tool [1973] 1 WLR 45.

Sir John Donaldson said that good industrial practice required an employer either to give notice or take proper and reasonable weeks' notice expired. The EAT rejected that argument and ruled that £944 should be added to the award representing the £764 which had been deducted and an additional £140 for the extra week to which Mr Addison would have been entitled if dismissed. or to pay wages in lieu; and if steps to find other employment

Whether wages in lieu were paid or not the employee need Circumstances might arise in in new employment during which, having regard to the length of notice required or the known likelihood of new employment during that period, but the employee could only recover once for wages lost in the period of loss determined by the industrial not give credit for sums earned

> The EAT went wrong in law in ruling that the £704 paid in July 1984 for five weeks starting on July 20, 1984 was not to be deducted from the award for lost wages calculated from July 20, 1984.

Mr Hogarth for Mr Addison submitted that the compen-satory award must include the payment in lieu which he would have received on September 30, 1985, namely £844.

The fact that a continuing loss caused the compensation period to run to September 30, 1985 could not entitle Mr Addison to be treated as having had a second notice.

The appeal was allowed. Lord Justice Bingham agreed Sir John Donaldson gave a con-

curring judgment. For Babcock: David Pannick

By Rachel Davies



# La Gastronomie

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# Anglo American Industrial Corporation Limited (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

Company Registration No. 63/00202/00	DENTAL PORT OF THE	TRAID
PRELIMINARY RESULTS AND NOTICE OF FINAL OR Subject to final sudit, the following are the preliminary resul	ts of the cor	poration and
its subsidiaries for the year ended December 31 1986.		1985
•••	1986 R million	R million
<b>-</b>	2 13 <del>8</del>	2 559
TOMOVET	CHARLES	
Estaines from operations	297	269
Share of earnings of associated companies	118	89
Dividends	54	58
Share of retained earnings after tax	64 (	30
Income from investments and interest carned	51	47
Without the mission of the section o		405
	566	405
Finance lease charges	9	36
Interest paid	64	101
	133	137
	433	268
Taxation	76	42
		000
Earnings after texation	257	226
Earnings attributable to outside shareholders	96	53
Preference dividends	1	1
	97	54
Earnings stiributable to ordinary shareholders	260	172
Extraordinary items (Note 2)	(50)	(88);
		84
Outlines distant. Transfer	710	27
Ordinary dividends—Interim	28	62
	97	- 88 ·
•	. 37	- 69
Retained earnings	112	(5)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during	, <del></del> ,	
Ast (000) Asternation of ordinary survice in trace corrections	56 232	49 633
Earnings per ordinary share—cents	516	347
Dividends per ordinary share—cents	-	**
	55 133	55 125
NOTES:	. —	
1. The corporation's attributable earnings for the year e	nded Decemi	ber 31 1988
increased by 51 per cent to R260 million. Earnings per a	hare increase	d by 49 per
cent from 347 cents to 516 cents. The main contributors were Mondi Paper Company Limited, Highveld Steel and	o the migror	Corneration
Limited and AECI Limited, which companies have all pro	duced signific	antly better
results.		
<ol><li>The extraordinary charge of R50 million refers to the group charges of subsidiaries and associates and additional provis</li></ol>	iona mada es	AUROEUMELY
holdings in associated companies and other investments.	norred treatment of	umbé cercem
2. At December 31 1986 all foreign currency loans taken	and pin type o	orporation's
subsidiaries were fully covered.  It is anticipated that the twenty-third annual report of the	comomilan f	or the west
ended December 31 1986 will be posted to members on or ab		
FINAL DIVIDEND NO. 44		
On Thursday March 12 1987 a final dividend of 185 cents per	share (1985	. 125 cents)
in respect of the year ended December 31 1986 was declared a 1987 to ordinary shareholders registered in the books of the	payable on 17	nday May 8
of business on Friday March 27 1987. This dividend, together w	rith the inter	im dividend
of 55 cents per share declared on August 25 1986, makes a tot	al of 190 cen	s per share
for the year (1985; 180 cents).  The ordinary share transfer registers and the ordinary sec		
members will be closed from Saturday March 28 to Saturday	April 11 1987	regreter or
inclusive. Registered shareholders paid by the United Kingdon	n Registrars	will receive
their dividend in United Kingdom currency converted at Monday March 30 1987 (less appropriate taxes). Any such sha	the rate ap	plicable on
Monday March 30 1987 (less appropriate taxes). Any such sha elect to be paid in South African currency, provided that th	renokiers bia	y, nowever,
the offices of the corporation's transfer secretaries in Johann	e teriment 19	the United
Kingdom on or before Friday March 27 1987.	=	·
The effective rate of non-resident shareholders' tax is 15 per	cent.	
The dividend is payable subject to conditions which can be inspe and London offices of the corporation and also at the offices of t	cuta az ibe Jo ko gernestia	nannesonrg n's transfer
Secretaries.	es enterem	- a render
	By order o	f the board

W.C. Heraeus GmbH

Transfer Secretaries: Consolidated Share Registrars Limited

Johannesburg 2001 (P.O. Box 61051 Marshalltown 2107); Hill Samuel Registrars Limited

6 Greencoat Place London SWIP 1PL

ANGLO AMERICAN CORPORATION OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED

#### has increased its shareholding of Leybold-Heraeus GmbH

from 33 1/4% to 50% and has subsequently sold all its shares to Degussa AG

We acted as financial advisor to W.C. Herzeus GmbH in these transactions. MATUSCHKA-GROUP (TRV-Beleiligungsverwaltung GmbH) rich London New York Toront

Secretaries
per: P A Armstrong
Divisional Secretary

London Office: 40 Holborn Viaduct

London ECIP 1AJ

egistered Office: 44 Main Street

## WEEKEND FT

GARDEN EQUIPMENT

The Financial Times proposes to publish a report on

the above subject on

EASTER SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1987

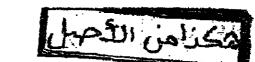
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# Confidence over imports lifts investment outlook

BRITISH distributors are beginning to see signs of lower import penetration in their businesses and are on the whole optimistic about prospects for investment and the trading climate in the coming year.

However, the pace of growth in employment in retailing and wholesaling has slowed since late last year, according to the results of the latest monthly Confederation of British Industry/Financial Times survey of the distributive trades.

February saw some recovery in sales volumes in retailing and whole-saling after a weather-depressed January, but the improvement did not quite match up to ex-pectations. Only motor traders re-ported rises in sales volumes which outstripped expectations, and this sector is the most optimistic about

sales in March. Nevertheless, Mr Nigel Whittaker, chairman of the survey panel, cial quarterly set of questions on said that an air of optimism had reemployment included in February's turned to Britain's retail sector and survey, the growth in employment that a favourable budget next week has slowed since November and, as would help sales further during the in previous surveys, the number of

The balance of retailers reporting time jobs.

Sales higher than a year ago last month fell to +44 per cent, the low-tended to take on more full-time creased sales this month.

Retailers of household textiles, lower import penetration but ex-

#### **CBUFT SURVEY** OF DISTRIBUTIVE TRADES

furniture and carpets reported the best sales growth in February, for-lowed by grocers and clothing shops. Shoe shops said sales were lower than a year ago in February but expected a better performance

Growth in retailers' imports as a proportion of deliveries from suppliers slowed down in February, and retailers now appear to be more optimistic about investment than at any time since November 1985.

They are also slightly more sanguine about the overall business clipart-time jobs rose faster than full-

est level since June 1986, but 59 per than part-time workers, but still at cent of the 325 questioned expect in- a slower pace than seen last November. This sector also reported pected to authorise less capital expenditure in the next 12 months than in the previous year.

Food and drink wholesalers and builders merchants were the most positive, and wholesalers of cloth-ing textiles and footwear also expected to invest more. But all other sectors expected lower capital spending in the next 12 months.

In February wholesalers' sales volumes were slightly stronger than in January, but still disappoin-ting. The electrical materials and food and drink sectors were among those who reported the best sales last month and, together with buil-ders merchants and wholesalers of household goods, were most optinistic about prospects in March.

Motor traders appeared to be the star performers. They reported fas-ter than expected sales volumes in February, with a balance of +40 per cent saying sales were higher than a year ago compared with +22 per cent in January. For March a balance of +34 per cent anticipates

sales volume above year-ago levels.

Traders in parts and accessories reported and expect stronger sales growth than vehicle traders. Orders ced by motor traders in February were well above expectations compared with unexpectedly slow

## Problems 'threaten London's share of financial market'

BY PHILIP BASSETT

taining its share of the world financial services market, Sir Kenneth Berrili, chairman of the Securities maintained. and Investments Board, said yester-

It was impossible for the increased self-regulation of City affairs to be relaxed to allow the City to adjust itself to the rapidly-accelerating pace of change in its affairs, Sir Kenneth told a conference organised by Acas, the conciliation ser-

Britain meant that the pressure for such voluntary regulation would be

"Failures such as JMB or Lloyd's cast a doubt over the whole of the City, and that is not good for the market, or for its market share keeping its place as the (financial) centre for this time zone.

Sir Kenneth accepted that it was a lot to ask the City to undergo the ture necessary for someone to set level of change which had been oc- up in business at local level as a fiice. curring in a very short period - and nancial adviser, nor any regulation.

Greater legal deregulation of the he estimated that perhaps as little of their activities when they did.

PROBLEMS in the City of London such as those experienced by Johnson Matthey Bankers and Lloyd's, are bad for the UK's hopes of re
blicised scandals in the US and there was no alternative to this combined approach.

> The level of opportunity in the City had been greatly increased but so had the risk level.

He singled out independent fi-nancial advice as an area which required greater regulation, arguing that there were neither any qualifications, abilities or corporate struc-

## **Jobless** future for more men over 55

UNEMPLOYMENT is increasing becoming the norm for men aged 55 and above, according to a report published yesterday by the Public Policy Centre, an independent research organisation.

The report finds that aires more than half the men in the 60-64 age group, and a third of those aged \$5-50, do not have jobs. It expects the proportion of men who are unoyed or otherwise out of the 80-84 year olds, and half the 55-59 age group, by the early 1990s.

The report's projections for the 1990's have already been reached in parts of Britain. In the northern region 71 per cent of 60-64 year old and 53 per cent of those aged 55-59 were without work in 1985.

These striking social changes occured almost without the Government noticing, the report says. Mr Nick Bosanquet, the report's au-thor, argues that a lowering of the general age of retirement is too expensive and inflexible a response to the problem. This would leave too many people with inadequate in-comes in retirement, and involve payments to people whatever their income and labour market pros-

The last decade, says the report, has seen a series of unco-ordinated moves by government departments which have substantially increased the numbers of people who can take likely to have led to a substantial early retirement. But the arrange undershoot of this year's £7bn proments are confusing and viewed as

It suggests introducing a clear op-tion of early retirement from 60 onwards - on the long-term rate of supplementary benefit - for people who do not have occupational pen-

The report also argues for new incentives to encourage unemployed people over 55 to take part-time or low peid jobs. Such people should be able to earn up to £40 per week without losing benefits, it says.

A Generation in Limbo: Government, the Economy and the 55-65 age group in Britain; Public Policy Centre, Pollen House, 10-12 Cork Street, Lon-don WIX 1PD, £3.95 plus postJanet Bush looks at the background to buoyant tax revenues

# Lawson counts budget windfall \*

THE. WEEKS leading up to this year's budget have been awash with optimism, vastly different to the deep gloom which last year provoked a sterling crisis and a rise in interest rates.

The key to this transformation not also preventue has been an unexpected and un-precedented surge in tax revenues which, according to the latest independent City of London estimates, leaves Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chan-cellor of the Exchequer 25bn to split Cepital gains tax between income but cots and a low-

er target for public borrowing.

In the spring months of last year, the collepse in world oil prices caused a run on sterling and provoked talk that the Chancellor might have to raise taxes to make Gartax up for lost revenues from oil compa-

However, this year has seen that collapse in oil revenues more than ed for by a startling insectors of the economy. The most burning question in the days before the budget is how much money the Chancelior has to give away and how he will use the substantial funds at his disposal.

It seems likely that Mr Lawson will opt to deliver a mixed package composed of a cut in his projection for public borrowing in the next fi-nancial year and tax cuts.

It is the buoyancy of tax revemes, which has taken even the Treasury by surprise, which allows him the luxury of choosing a mix-ture from a number of equally hap-

The strong growth in tax revemues, particularly of value-added tax (VAT) and corporation tax, is ing requirement (PSBB), perhaps of as much as £3m, providing a plaus-ible background to the give-aways widely expected next Tuesday. Much of the buoyancy of tax reve-

mes in the present fiscal year is likely to continue into 1987-88. The orthodox Treasury view is that taxes should be cut only on the strength of what is considered to be sustained buoyancy in tax reve-

It is difficult to forecast precisely how much of the surge in revenu a one-off windfall for the Chancelfor because of special factors, and how much is a permanent gain for

Leading independent analysts be-fieve that, although VAT revenues household appliances.

% increase first S 1983/84 1984/85 1985/86 he of 1988/27 over 32,507 93 36.1 10.708 2,341 -62.5 L3 45,796 50,412 7.3 11.4 4,140 2.6 1.326 ---

may fall back somewhat during the next financial year, those from cor-poration tax will continue to outstrip expectations and remain ex-

tremely buoyant. Mr Gavyn Davies, chief UK economist at Goldman Sachs International, concludes a recent study entitled The British Tax Miracle: "Because much of the buoyancy in the level of overall receipts in 1986-87 will be carried forward into next year, the PSBR arithmetic is placing the Chancellor under virtually

no constraints ahead of the budget. "His measures will depend almost solely on politics and on wider economic considerations (such as inflation and the balance of payments) which will determine the scope for tax cuts as against borrewing reductions."

The boom in consumer spending during the past year has been wel documented and goes some way towards explaining strong VAT receipts which have increased by about 5 per cent more than envis-

aged in the 1986 budget. There has also been a change in larger proportion of goods which are subject to VAT, such as durable

to about 4 per cent in 1987-88 compared with about 5 per cent in the current year although he acknowledged that spending on durable goods might grow by rather more than 4 per cent.

The central focus of the current tax receipts surge is the contribution of British companies. Some of the strength in revenues can be traced to sharp rises in company profits in 1985, and the strong performance last year should ensure that receipts continue to roll in at a rapid pace next year.

Corporation tax receipts so far this fiscal year have risen by 36.1 per cent compared with the same period a year earlier, a startling in-crease which has come about desuite a large fall in the contribution of oil companies. Non-oil corporation tax could be about £1.5bn higher than estimated at last year's bud-

At least part of the story of these increases comes from tax changes. introduced by the Government in introduced by the Government in is giving back to the personal sector 1984 which made capital allowances receipts which he has garnered by less generous and abolished relief increasing the effective rate of tax flationary rises in inventories. - on the company sector."

and the second of the second

These modifications raised corpora tion tax revenues substantially. Many companies were "far ex-hausted" in 1994, meaning that they had substantial unused capital al-lowances and unrelieved losses accumulated from earlier years.

Many of these companies had returned to profit by that year, but some still paid no mainstream corporation tax as they offset their profits against past losses and against capital allowances.

However, as explained in a study by economists at Credit Suisse First ston, the 1954 tax changes meant that these companies were using up their past losses and past allowances at a faster rate and many had to start paying tax again.

The rise in corporation tax ac-

counts for a large proportion of the funds which the Chancellor has at his disposal to give away in tax

Whether part of Treasury plan-ning or not, the British public is about to benefit from the heavier taxation in recent years on British companies. As Mr Davies points out 'In some sense the Chancellor



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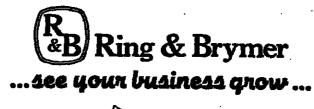
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# Kinnock strives to rebuild party morale

BY MICHAEL CASSELL, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

THE LABOUR Party leadership Labour had to promote its posi-

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aside the party's recent internal problems and concentrate on industrial and economic policies.

Lest night, he repeated his calls for an early general election and claimed that Mrs Margaret Thatcher, Prime Minister, would wait until after the Budget before deciding on "a very big gamble."

Mr Bryan Gould, the party's campaigns co-ordinator, yesterday told a House of Commons meeting of Labour's finance and industry group that an election victory would be achieved if the party pursued a simple, three-point strategy.

With an early May election now apparently ruled out, attention will turn to June as the next possible date

yesterday fired the first shots in a counter-offensive designed to boost party morale after a damaging, internal row over a non-nuclear defence policy

There is an acceptance that the later law days have damaged Labour's electoral chances at a time when it was looking to improve its

Labour had to promote its post-tive policies for tackling unamploy-ment and the other problems it would inherit from the Government. The party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometime in the content of the economy.

Minister and to promote its post-tive policies for tackling unamploy-ment and the other problems it would inherit from the Government. The party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the content problems of the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the content problems of the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous, critical sometimes in the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous and the content problems of the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous and the content problems of the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous and the content problems of the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous and the content problems of the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous and the content problems of the party also had to subject the Tory record to rigorous and the content problems of the party also had to subject the party also had to subject the party also had to subject t

bour's electoral chances at a time when it was looking to improve its public standing. Rowever, Mr Neil Kinnock, the party leader, is determined to turn the tide with a forceful and co-ordinated campaign to promote a range of policies on the themse it believes will dominate the modest increase in support for the Scottish Labour party conference in Perth, where he will push aside the party's recent internal

There are hopes that support for the Alliance will not, as in the past, automatically rise during an elec-tion campaign, now that the party is better known and will not necessarily benefit from additional pub-

yesterday that an election now would return the Government with an overall majority, although the size of the victory was impossible to

LEADERSHIP ACCEPTS PLAN COULD RAISE INFLATION

# Labour aims for 1m new jobs

By Michael Cassell, Political Correspondent

THE LABOUR Party's £12bn, twoyear investment programme aimed at cutting unemployment by Im will be a key element in the party's general election manifesto. The party leadership accepts that the plan could raise inflation by up to 2 per

Labour believes it is still seen as the one party which has the will and determination to reduce unemployment and that success in pro-moting its policies on the issue will improve its overall credibility as an liternative government, capable of desling with the country's economic

Announcing the proposals, Mr Neil Kinnock, the Labour leader, attacked the Government's unemployment record, which he said cost the nation (2bn a year in benefits number of jobless was socially and economically ruinous and repre-sented "a lead weight of misery dragging on the British economy. Labour's proposals, aimed at taking 1m people off the unemployment register, involves the creation

of 1.16m jobs or training places. An unquantified but significant number of jobs will be part-time. The package is biased towards job creation in the worst affected regions and will involve a net annual cost of no more than £8bn a year. It will be paid for by reversing any income tax cuts announced in next week's Budget and by additional

cellor of the Exchequer will be dis-tributing at least 13bn in tax reductions next Tuesday. Mr Kinnock said the Government had wasted resources on paying the hill for un-employment and that £3bs target-ted on generating jobs in "housing, healing and helping people" would produce full-time work for 300,000. Spending the same amount on tax cuts would create, at most, a

quarter of that total. Labour is emphasising that, how-ever much additional borrowing is required to top up the cost of the Johs investment package, the total rise in borrowings under Labour would not exceed the Government's own existing projections by more than Ofbn in each of the first two

The proposals, which precede further policy initiatives on training and industry and are designed to link into the party's five-year plan for economic regeneration, have been drawn together by Mr Bryan Gould, the party's treasury spokes-

Original calculations suggested that up to 2m jobs could be created but the emphasis has been on producing a package which is convin-cing and teasible and which opts for caution, rather than for obviously over-ambitious, pre-election pro-

Concern over relying too heavily whate investment in manufacturing on low-cost public sector jobs and the promotion of industrial and means that the potential contribution by local authorities towards job create 250,000 jobs, about 150,000 of union movement over the low paid The party expects that the Chan-creation, given heavy emphasis by them coming from cuts in employ- and the jobless.



Neil Khmock: "lead weight of misery"

Mr John Prescott, Labour's employment spokesman, has been scaled

Mr Gould said at the launch: "We have been told for eight years that there is no alternative to the rising tide of unemployment but our proposals show that there is."

The Labour document, "New Jobs for Britain", envisages that, at the end of two years and setting aside the additional 300,000 training places being created, the number of new jobs will be roughly equally

The four main job sources are: • The encouragement of private enterprise, through policies to stim-

tions which will be hissed in favour of the regions.

• Stimulation of capital investment in the nation's infrastructure, via a revival of the householding programme and substantial im ements in roads, rail networks, water and sewerage systems. Ener gy production and conservation will bring the total number of jobs created to 250,000.

 Raising the level of skill training by converting what Labour calls the current piecemeal schemes into a coherent, national training proconcrent, national training programme offering 300,000 training places, a figure which will be boosted to 380,000 by additional measures. The intention is to establish the best trained workforce in Europe within 10 years.

 Making necessary ments in the quality of services, em-bracing health, social services and education. This will provide an additional 300,000 jobs, principally in the public sector.

Mr Norman Willis, the Trades

Union Congress (TUC) general secretary, welcomed Labour's proposals, saying they would command universal support among trade

But he hinted that imple tion of the package by a future La-bour government would carry impli-

## Workers in black economy 'might be offered tax amnesty'

BY HUGO DIXON

PEOPLE working in the black economy might be offered a tax amnesty as a way of bringing them into the mainstream economy, Lord Young, the Secretary of State for Employment, said yesterday.

He was worried about people who might be topping up unemployment or supplementary benefit by working for cash and those who might simply have started off in the black economy after having filled up an income tax form incorrectly.

"If there are real burdens and

a range of fare cuts of up to 30 per

He said, however, in an interview on BBC Radio 4's programme, that he had to be fair to people who obeyed the rules and not give all the incentives to those who break them. Lord Young's comments do not seem to add up to a major change in policy. The Department of Employ-ment said the idea of a tax amnesty

was "at a very early stage" and that

it was not working on any schemes

at the moment. The Inland Revenue has not turned its mind in any detail to a tax amnesty. Its job was to enforce barriers which stop people coming the tax system as it now stood, back into the system it is my job to which involved tracking down those smooth them over. It may be that who evade tax in the black econothe idea of a tax amnesty is a good my. It was up to the minister to pro-

### **BCal seeks routes**

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT BRITISH CALEDONIAN, the inde- Gatwick to Rome and Athens from pendent airline, plans to operate new routes to Scandinavia in the summer of 1988, as well as offering July I, next year.

One the Gatwick-Copenhagen route, BCal plans to offer a new ex-cursion fare of C97 return, C39 be-The airline is applying to the Civ- low the current lowest return fare. il Aviation Authority for rights to Similar reductions are planned for fly from Gatwick to Copenhagen (from April 1, 1988), to Oslo from Oslo (a cut of £42 to £197 return), and Stockholm (a cut of £47 to £130). 1. It is also asking for rights from \_return).

## Minister pushes for private rented homes

BY JOAN GRAY, CONSTRUCTION CORRESPONDENT

THE GOVERNMENT is reviewing to be changed, if it wants to revive ways of making more money available to help companies build pri-

vate sector homes to rent. Reintroducing capital allowances 1977 Rent Act provisions which give against corporation tax for compa-uneconomically low rents and se-

Other forms of financial help for the private rented sector are also being considered. Britain has only 1m freely available homes to rent—sidised owner occupation and cheap Im freely available homes to rent -the smallest private rented sector of any Western country.

These reuted homes are disapof 70,000 houses a year and Mr John
Patten, Housing Minister, is worried that the market is likely to dishave already failed because they appear altogether.

vious that the tax position will have

the sector. The Government has made clear that if re-elected it will remove the

nies building homes for rent is one cure tenancies from all new letof the options being considered, al-though this is unlikely to be imple-mented until after a general elec-tackle the key problems of getting an economic return for developers

council housing. The Government's earlier at-These rented homes are disap-tempts to revive private rented bousing by introducing assured ten-

had no fiscal backing. Authough the Government wants to see more new homes built for were introduced capital allowances rent without fiscal bala its at tempts to encourage this without building for rent economically im tax subsidies have run into difficul- practicable," said Mr Nelson Oliver ties which make it increasingly ob- chairman of Britain's largest house

# US electronics group

BY DAVID THOMAS

VITRONICS, a US electronics comwest England.

tems used in the production of printed circuit boards. Its custom-

ed in the first phase of the factory over the next two years. Some 50 jobs will be created initially, but the company expects that to increase to 100 after about two years.

The Devon and Cornwall Devel opment Body, recently created by local authorities in the south-west was instrumental in attracting the company to Plymouth.

Last year, Vitronics had sales of about \$7.1m, with about \$1.5m abroad its main European markets are in West Germany and Scandin

man, said yesterday he had chosen England as the site because of the shared language and because freight costs to his main European markets were no higher than if the factory were on the Continent.

# to open Plymouth plant

pany based in New Hampshire, New England, is to open its first European factory in Plymouth, south-Vitronics makes infra-red sys-

ers include Philips, IBM, Siemens, Ericsson, Motorola, Plessey and About \$2m (£1.3m) is to be invest-

Mr Jim Manfield, Vitronics chair-

# The enormous gains that keep piling up in print technology

As computerised typesetting equipment began to replace the linotype machine in the mid 1970s, compugraphic on the NYSE climbed in four years from \$4½ to \$46. Then along came desktop publishing—which put compugraphic into a sustained retracement while Apple with its Macintosh and Laser Writer has surged in while Apple with its Macintosh and Laser writer has surged in the macintosh and laser while Apple with its Macintosh and Laser writer has surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer has a surged in the macintosh and laser writer writ while Apple with its Macintosh and Laser Writer has surged in 18 months from \$15 to \$70. Now after a pause for redevelopment to surged in the compugraphic is ready to swing into a new growth phase with machines that can produce magazine-quality work with an Apple machines that can produce magazine-quality work with an Apple more than \$10 to \$1

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# Why Wates is something in the City

WATES City of London Properties. The name gives it away. A one product company in one location. Which means office development in a boom town.

The product produced pre-tax profits for Wates City in 1986 of £8.35m against £4.02m in 1985. The boom town conditions allowed the company's rental income to climb last year to 27.35m from £5.66m the year before. Latterly, the share price, unusually for a property investment company, has been snap-ping around the heels of the net esset value at 158.4p a share.

For the City office developers the conditions have never seemed better. Rents are high and rising. The appetite for space among the financial institutions and the companies which service them is unsatisfied. So much the better for Wates City which does not want and has not sought to diversify out of the district. The boom out of the district. The boom though is not for ever and at Watse there is a collective

memory.
"I remember the 1974-75
crash," said Rodney Clutton, the development director.
"Anyone who has worked through that period has a

The future for Wates City is the future of the City of Lon-don itself. It is possible to calculate the demand and match it up against the poten-tial space available in any of the next two or three years. This is

floorspace demand by prospective occupiers, a return to a balanced market state is unlikely to materialise before

1988 at the earliest. "Pressure on City office accommodation will persist throughout 1987 and into 1988 . . Rents will continue to rise, particularly for the smaller units, as tenants compete for those able to offer immediate occupation," said Baker Harris

These comments now constitute the orthodox assessment of the immediate prospects. But in the medium term it really is a case of consulting the tea-leaves. The fact is that nobody knows. So Wates City plans ahead on assumptions.

"Leaving aside political risk, which I wouldn't discount, I think one can be confident of an increase in world financial services and the ancillary aspects of those services. Undoubtedly the City is one of the those mains always in that three major players in that world and I don't see that changing. So year-on-year there will be growth for the facilities we provide. That doesn't mean there won't be plateaux and downturns," Mr Clutton said. The problem here is not so much the buildings which exist or are soon to be made available but those, especially the largest, which have to be planned and financed well in advance of their completion. The ultimate nightmare for a

Thus Jones Lang Wootton City developer would be 300,000 concluded that "in view of the substantial amount of declared and sitting vacant because they

Wates City has a dozen properties, the biggest of which are City Tower, in which it has a 58 per cent stake, and Winchester House, to be re-named 100 Old Broad Street, where, after a joint purchase in 1985 with Friends Provident Life Office, it has a 40 per cent stake.

Office, it has a 70 per cerst, in a Also it has 33 per cerst, in a foint venture with Wimpey, of City Plaza where there are plans for nearly 400,000 sq ft of offices spanning London Wall.

FIRST, have substantial

 SECOND, acquire an opportunity tunity to produce a first quality building.

This year it should receive This year it should receive planning permission not only for City Plaza and the redevelopment of 100, Old Broad Street, with 379,000 sq ft of offices, but also for Vintry House on the north bank of the Thames with 64,000 sq ft of offices. It has further developments on Cheapside and in the summer, another property in summer, another property in Moorgate, where it is joint venturing with the Worshipful Company of Innholders, will be creat with 40 000 ce the of be opened with 44,000 sq ft of

At the moment, the company can ride the market. Because

ing any lease contracts. es are in a district where rents, according to Jones Lang Wootton, have risen by over 44 per cent in three years. Prices are pushing up around 550 a

But this approach is too risky for the larger develop-ments. "You pre-let to guard against a downturn," said Mr Clutton. In other words, Wates City seeks to draw on the strength of the market.

As prospective tenants jostle for space, preletting has become

 THIRD, put the best pro-duct possible on the site, a duct possible on the site, building which can adapt. FOURTH, baving got the building, manage it for the maximum income growth.

an increasingly common prac-tice. Baker Harris Saunders noted this month that there is only 3m square feet of speculative space under construction in the City, but there is a further 2.8m square feet of space under construction which is

But the search for safeguards goes further. The tentacles of the City are spreading. But, Mr Clutton observed: "The only to the west and there is a com- bond issue to raise £25m and

The its development programme in £33.8m rights issue and a £56m and around the City core. "Our seven years multiple option view and my experience from facility which repaid existing view and my experience from the 1970s is that if there is any pause in the market, it's the prime products in the prime locations which suffer least,"

Mr Clutton said.
The difficulty with development in the City though is that if the site is empty, and by defi-nition it would have been an expensive site, then the developer is under pressure to start work immediately. On the other hand, if an existing building is to be re-developed, the owner has to cope with the loss of revenue while the work takes place and before a rent stream comes from new

For Wates City the first is not a problem. It can pick and choose its time for redevelop-ment, always assuming that it has the planning consents and the building empty. "For the built of our holding, there is no pressure to develop," said Mr Clutton. "In the case of Win-chester House it is profitable as it stands. In the case of City Plaza, there is no heavy front-end loading. Wimpey and Wates are getting rent. We can

wait our time." And the time is when a po tial development is prelet. Finance is not a problem, bereason people move out of the Finance is not a problem, beCity core is because they can't cause it has already been raised get what they want inside it."

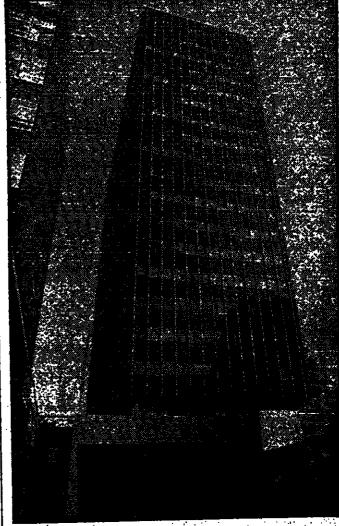
Last year Wates City went to the market with a 9.5 per cent

rents are rising and because petitive threat from London issued 50,000 warrants to subMoorgate is relatively small, it
Docklands in the east.

Wates City is concentrating bonds. They came on top of a
Wates City is concentrating bonds. They came on top of a scribe £50m of 9.25 per cent They came on top of a borrowings. "We don't contem-plate reising money through further rights issues — 85 & general policy," Mr Chriton com-

> The company, in short, has long-term funding in place for development and has set itself against non-recourse finance, a favoured source of cash for some of its competitors. We have no off-balance sheet debt and I don't believe non-recourse finance is meaningful for a company like ours - you're paying a premium to get it and a company like ours could not allow a lender to take a major loss and then carry on trading - the company's reputation would not be the same," said Mr Clutton.

Nor does Wates City feel a strong need to play any immediate role in the new property finance market, details with securities and units in single buildings, which is with securities and this in single buildings, which is likely to be established later this year. Such a scheme would benefit the market, Mr Clutton conceded — "another arrow in the quiver, another way of financing larger schemes, but one has to create a market." It can afford to be detached because it has created its own flexibility. It can look at the flexibility. It can look at the City market and, said Mr Clutton, "we can back our judgments with our own cash,"



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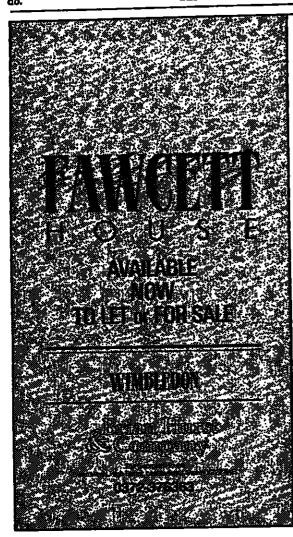
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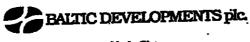
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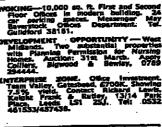
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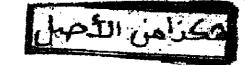
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ERTPORDSHIRE, Francois Investment for Sele: Recently let pinds at 68,000, sau-Vacent postession Fize above. 3 garages to rear. For tyrther information, Write Box 7,5483, Pinancial Times, 10 Cannon Sympt. Loadon EC4P 48Y.

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ESTANT WITE

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AT BAYER

The drug that became a business tonic

By Jane Rippeteau

المكنادنمانحما

Bookshelf loaded

on to a disc US SOFTWARE Microsoft, has put 16 English language reference works on to a single compact disc readenly memory (CD-ROM), for much with IBM personal computers and compatible machines.

machines.
The 10 works include Roget's Thesaurus and the 1987 World Almanac and Book of Facts. The disc,

WORTH WATCHING Edited by Gooff Charlish

called Microsoft Bookshelf, ealled Microsoft Bookshelf, will initially be marketed with a reading unit called Lazer-drive, developed by Amdek of San Jose, California.

In the US, the complete package will retail at \$1,099 (£692) from June. Microsoft will make the disc available senarately for \$295.

separately for \$295.
About 150 CD-ROM titles have been published in the US and Europe, mostly for specialist areas like the law or medicine. The discs are or medicine. The discs are proving a cheap and simple way of providing bulk information to personal computer (PC) users. Bookshelf is simed at anyone using an IBM-PC who has to compose text. It will work directly into 14 word processing programmes based on Microsoft's MS-DOS operating system.

Robotic cutters climb aboard

IN FRANCE, Alsthom's Saint Nazaire shipyards are cutting up steel sections for ship fabrication using robot exygen flame cuiters under direct computer control

Laser vision equipment uses triangulation methods to recognise the sections as they arrive in random order and rejects any that are dimenrejects any that are dimensionally incorrect. A computer aided design and manufacturing (CAD/CAM) system sends data on the parts, and the way they are to be machined, to a main

control computer. Then, during production, the control processor calculates cutting paths, supervises transfer and controls the marking of items that will form specific parts of the ship's structure. Linked to the main processor are logic con-trollers that operate the handling gear. Game Engineering of

Caupian supplied the system.

CONTACTS; Microsoft: US, (206) 882 8080. Game Engineering: Frants, 56

teris that no other drug—in-cluding penicillin—can safely

ren, although it is not approved for that use

for that use.

Known as ciprofloracin, part of a drug family called quinolones, the antibiotic was developed by Bayer, the diverse West German chemicals giant, within its ethical drugs group. It is one of several similar drugs, produced chiefly by the Japanese, that are entering a small but promising niche in the roughly \$8.5bn (£3.3bn) world market for antibiotics.

Bayer executives believe they have an edge in that their drug can be taken orally—more convenient and less expensive than

can be taken orally—more con-venient and less expensive than intravenous use. The company expects approval to sell the pro-duct in the US within several Months. Not everyone 's effusive about

the new drugs. "It turns out,"
says one medical expert who
asked not to be named, that
some bacteria the drugs fight "develop resistance to quino-lones, too."

No one expects the products to supplant the leading anti-biotics, including penicillins and than S. Gelles, a pharmaceuticals expert with Westheim Schroder in New York, predicts a handsome market reaching \$1.5bn. With margins of up to 90 per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes. "even 10 go per cent, he wotes." even 10 go per cent, he wotes were set when the wotes the one drug in 10,000 to move into clinical trials—tests on people. Historically, the development process took a strictly sequential course, according to Bayer. per cent of that market can be

very profitable."
Bayer executives thought so, too. So anxious were they to get into this business that they managed—almost in spite of themselves—to accelerate the development of ciprofloxacin.

That meant changing a time-honoured system. In 1899, Bayer researchers had discov-ered Aspirin. In 1939, one of them had won a Nobel Prize for research. But the old ways for research. But the old ways were not enough.

There was great incentive to speed up. When the company found its compound, "the Japanese were three years ahead of us," recalls Dr Gerhard Schier, a biologist and head of marketing for Bayer's antibio-

West Germany and the Philippines, a new drug went on the market. Among the first of a fresh generation of antibiotics, it works against certain bacteria that no other drug-in-

ing compounds synthesised in the laboratory by chemists, rather than grown as natural touch.

One researcher reports "exceptional results" against first introduced a quarter-centyphoid. Other experts believe tury ago, but it was not until it could curtail Britain's outbreak of meningitis in child.

The although is to not appropried excitement.

excitement

ference, at which projects are reviewed and new ones started. The okay was given for first-phase pre-clinical tests, on animals, to determine effects on blood pressure, the brain and other functions. The compound involved became one of the five in 10,000 screened annually to make it that far,

In 1982, costlier, second-phase clinical trials were approved to test for toxic effects. By March 1983, recalls Dr Schier, "we knew it was clean." A go/no go checkpoint had been cleared. It

course, according to Bayer executives. "R&D would hand a

with the urging of an outside management consultant, called in by the group's top brass, the research unit brought in a "project manager" approach. The idea is to have one person to co-ordinate the whole process, says Dr Friedrich Hoffmeister, research and development chief for the ethical drugs group. The technique is intended to scuttle the laborious "handing-off " sequence by assigning one individual to follow one

simultaneously will be. The system is also meant to speed decisions to get a jump on promising finds and to kill failures faster. This, Bayer figures, helps it to reduce

project across all disciplines, so that whatever work can be done

project off to medical, which would hand off to production, and then to marketing," says Dr Schier. "We realised we had to speed this up."

With the urging of an outside will a stagger programme with the staggering costs of drug development.

Although some of this think-tien meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years, says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years, says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years, which sells products tight group: the manager, key the meaning or the manager, worth \$1bn "within three to elsewhere at Bayer—notably in its agrochemicals group—as the team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years," says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years, says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years, says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or four years, says Mr Stuart team meetings are monthly or fou project manager programme was not formally started until December 1985. Dr Schler—the

as 40 people—anybody peripher-ally concerned—and met only twice a year. That approach

marketing person. As needed, started concentrating very hard outsiders — a production on R&D."

specialist or country marketing

At the heart of Bayer's pro-

was not formally started until December 1985. Dr Schler—the antibiotics marketing chief—was named to take up the simultaneous post of project imanager for ciproflotacin.

"We wanted a quick launch imakes decisions within the imajor countries, and some clinical trials were still going cop." recalls Dr Hoffmeister. Since national registration requirements differ, a lot of co-ordination was needed.

As Dr Schier explains, Bayer had long used a project team concept for product development. But it involved as many as 40 people—anybody peripherally concerned—and met only individual and other larger a drugs coming out, "Bayer is in the lead or among the leaders in

Other project managers are selected from pre-clinical (ani-mal) and clinical (human) testing disciplines. Dr Hoffmeister says they are picked for management skill, knowledge, clear thinking, ability to lead without dominating, and also because he believes the person is capable of killing a project that is not working.
One of Hoffmeister's newest

managers played that part to a fault recently. He was all set to go on an exciting project when researchers found unwhen researchers found unacceptably high toxicity. Rather than having to wait for meetings or go through channels, "the project manager knew immediately," recalls Dr Hoffmeister. "He got his group together and made a decision profitable chemical compounds, plans to focus his outlays carefully, "We will aim only for drugs with a market of DM 100m (about \$50m) where we can break even in five to six years," he says.

Dr Buechel's thickly-carpeted immediately," recalls Dr Hoff-meister. "He got his group together and made a decision. It took three days. The old way, it could have taken three months. In the past, a lot of projects that could never live, never died."

we can break even in five to six years" he says.

Dr Buechel's thickly-carpeted and sculpture-filled office over-looks the red brick buildings, miles of piping and tall smoke-stocks of Bayer's production compound at its Leverkusen Hopes of speeding product development have taken hold

exchange rates) is around a per-cent — nowhere near good enough to compete in the pharmaceuticals business. How-ever, taking just pharma-ceuticals, the company is spending 11 per cent of sales on R&D, ing 11 per cent of sales on R&D, according to Dr Karl Heinz Buechel, board member and chairman for Bayer R&D. He admits the figure is still below the industry top guns, who spend 12 to 14 per cent.

Dr Buechel, who earlier discovered one of Bayer's most presided a companyed.

profitable chemical compounds.

headquarters. From there, he

orchestrates spending.

He wants to alter his "spectrum of scientists," to add more biologists, physicians and other specialists to his traditional supply of chemists.

To attract these people, he

is spending millions to build research institutes, both in the US and West Germany. Academic contacts are maintained through research grants, in particular at the Yale University Medical School in the US.

It pays off, says Dr Buechel.

A measure of the company's vitality, he says, is that "in the last 15 years, 40 per cent of Bayer turnover, and nearly half of earnings, derived from new products."

was totally changed. drugs," with sales that could be Common development cycle for new drugs

## The tell-tale heart beating in the Bergisches Land hills

THE QUESTION was: "Have you ever seen a beating

heart?" I had not. Up we went to a sun-filled laboratory. There, hooked into a machine of tubes and needles, surrounded by people in white coats, were a row of

They were hearts, extracted that very morning from four guinea pigs, They would best

ebjects, beating.

thumb-sized, pinkish-brown

away until night in a care-fully-controlled test of the effect on the heart of a new "calcium antagonist" drug which, it is hoped, will relieve such cardiovascular troubles as angina and hypertension in

PRODUCT IDEA

The next day, the hearts were to be replaced with fresh ones, extracted from four ones, extracted plus sent over from the central station. It supplies animals for drag testing at Bayer's Institute of Pharmacology in the rolling Bergisches Land hills of West Germany, This goes on every day for

PRODUCT PRODUCT PRODUCT INVENTION DEVELOPMENT MARKETING

as many months as the tests require, and in as many ways require, and in as many ways as the differing national registration bodies demand.
Costs mount. Yet these are
only a part of all the tests
needed, over years, for both
pre-clinical trials on animals
and physician - conducted and physician - conducted clinical trials on human patients to develop and re-

gister drugs for public use. Such expenses contribute heavily to the average \$100m (£63m) that the development of a new drug can cost over a typical 10-year development cycle, according to Dr Karl Heinz Buechel, Bayer board member and chairman for overall corporate research and development. Because toxicity may not be known totall into street seek test. until late stages of such test-ting, companies may often have spent up to \$50m before

a project is killed, he says, Speed is not only crucial to beat competitors to market. to beat competitors to market. Some drugs take so long to develop that their original patents may be nearly up by the time they get to market. Although Bayer's new drug. ciprofloxacin, still has 15 years of putent life left in West Germany, the company admits that one or two of its other new products will have other new products will have only three years left under patent once on sale.

new products."

#### Legal Notices

NOTICE IS HERGEY GIVEN, pursuant to section 48 of the Insolvency Act 1986, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the above named company will be held it the comment of the show and company will be held it THE CONNAUGHT ROOMS, GREAT QUEEN STREET, LONDON WC2 on Monday, 22 Merch 1987 at 11.30 am for the purposes of heving Isid before it the report prepared by the administrative receivers in accordance with the sale section and. If thought fit, appointing a committee.

Creditors whose claims are wholly excured are not entitled to attend or vote at the meeting. Creditors who work at the meeting. Creditors who was at the meeting. Creditors who was a security as estimated by them do the security, as estimated by them, of the security, as estimated by them, of the security held by a bill of archange on a secured by, a bill of archange on a recurse of the interpretation of the security held by him furies that the reston is subject to a bankruptcy order or in inquidation).

Creditors wishing to vote at the above meeting must lodge a written statement of their crisms with us at the should be company to the company order or in liquidation).

Creditors wishing to vote at the above ment of their subject to a bankruptcy order or in liquidation.

Creditors wishing to vote at the above ment of their crisms with us at ment of their crisms with us at the security and the person in subject to the above the but set than 12 noon on ECZV 7DQ so later than 12 noon on ECZV 7DQ so later than 12 noon on ECZV 7DQ and the later than 12 noon on ECZV 7DQ and the later than 12 noon on ECZV 7DQ and the later than 12 noon on ECZV 7DQ and the later than 12 noon on ECZV 7DQ and the later than 12 noon on ECZV 7DQ and and not all the based with us by that time.

Administrative Receivers

HIREPLANT LIMITED

We, Michael A. Jordan and Robin M.
Addy of Cork Gully. Shelley House,
3 Noble Street. London EC2v TDQ, the
3 Noble Street. London EC2v TDQ, the
3 Noble Street. London EC2v TDQ, the
3 Noble Street London EC2v TDQ. the
4 Seminated company. HEREBY GIVE NOTICE
that creditors of the company may obthat free of charge, ropies of the report
role, free of charge, ropies of the report
role has been prepared under Section 48 of
we have prepared under Section 48 of
the in writing at the above address
(quoting reference SH 518).

Signed: R. M. ADDY

Dese: 8 March 1987.

TO THE CREDITORS OF: MEREPLANT (CONTRACT CRUSHING)

We. Michael A. Jordan s.:d R.bla M. Addy of Cork Gully. Snelley House Addy of Cork Gully. Snelley House 28 Noble Street London Eczy 700, the above administrative receivers of the above administrative receivers of the company may obtain treditors of the company may obtain the free of charge. Copies of the reporties, free of charge. Supplying the law wining at the shows address in writing at the shows address (quoting reference SH 518).

Date: 6 March 1987.

Administrative Receivers

Administrative Receivers

Administrative Receivers

FREDERICK PARKER PLG

TO THE CREDITORS OF:
FREDERICK PARKER PLG

TO THE CREDITORS OF:
FREDERICK PARKER PLG

FREDERICK PARKER PLG

We. Michael A. Jordan and Robin M. Addy of Cork Gully, Shelley House, Cork Gully, Shelley House, Section 86 of the Insolvency Act 1988, and Company, Hereby Give Notice 18 Hereby Given Date of the Section 86 of the Insolvency Act 1988, and company will be held at the conditions of the company may obtain the company may obtain the company will be held at the conditions of the company will be held at the conditions of the company will be held at the conditions of the company will be held at the conditions of the company will be held at the conditions of the company will be held at the conditions of the company will be held at the conditions of the company will be held at the conditions of the co

# IN THE MATTER OF PREDERICK PARKER PROPERTIES LIMITED (IN RECEIVERSHIP)

TO THE CREDITORS OF:
THE FREDERICK PARKER GROUP PLC
We, Michael A. Jordan and Robin M
Addy of Cork Gully, Shelley House.
3 Noble Street, London ECZV 7DQ, the
administrative receivers of the above.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to
the sheep named company with be held
the above named company with be held
to Shelley House. 3 Noble STREET,
LONDON ECZV 7DQ on Monday. 23
Merch 1987 at 4.00 pm for the ourspace. Addy of Cork Gulty, Shelley Kousa. 3 Noble Street, London EC2V 7DQ. The administrative receivers of the above administrative receivers of the above massed company, HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that creditors of the company may obtain, free of charge, copies of the report we have prepared under Section 48 of the landward Act 1988 by applying to the Insolvancy Act 1988.

IN THE MATTER OF FREDERICE (I'N RECEIVERSHIP)

IN THE CONNAUGHT ROOMS, GREAT (I'N CONNAUGHT ROOMS, GREAT (I'N

## TO THE CREDITORS OF FREDERICK PARKER (EXPORTS)

We, Michael A, Jordan and Robia M.
Addy of Cork Gully, Shelley House,
3 Nobia Street, London ECZV 7DQ, the
administrative receivers of the abovenamed company, HEREBY GIVE NOTICS
that creditors of the company way obtolin, free of charge, copies of the raport
we have prepared under section 48 of
the insolvency Act 1986 by epolying to
us in writing at the above address
(quoting raference SH 518).

Signed: R. M. ADDY
Date: 6 March 1857.

IN THE MATTER OF
THE FREDERICK PARKER GROUP PLC
(A RECEIVERSHIP)
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to section 48 of the Insolvency Act 1986, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the shore named company will be hard at SHELLEY HOUSE, 3 NOBLE STREET, LONDON ECZY 7DQ on Monday, 23 March 1987 at 2.30 pm for the purposes of having laid below it the report prepared by the administrative receivers in accordance with the said section and, it thought fit, appointing a committee, Creditors whose claims are wholly secured are not entitled to attend or vote at the meeting. Creditors who are barrily secured may only vote in respect of the believe of the smount due to them after deducting the value of the security. As administrably them. A creditor in respect of a debt due on, or secured by, a bit of aschange or promiseory note must treat the liability of any parent who is liability of any parent of a shankrupthy are security hold by him (unless that other person is subject to a hankrupthy order or in inquidation).

Creditors whishing to vote at the share meeting must lodge a written statement of their claims with 12 noon on ECZY 7DQ no later than 12 noon on ECZY 7DQ no later than 12 noon on ECZY 7DQ no later than 12 noon on ECZY 7DQ and 18 for than 12 noon on ECZY 7DQ and 18 for than 12 noon on ECZY 7DQ no later than 12 noon on Pridey 20 March 1957. Proview manded to be used at the meeting must also be lodged with us by that than 2000 pm.

## IN THE MATTER OF HIREPLANT LIMITED IN RECEIVERSHIP)

NOTICE IS HEREY GIVEN, pursuant to section 48 of the insolvency Act 1988. that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the above named company will be held at SHBLEY HOUSE, 3 NOBLE STREET. LONDON ECZY 7DQ on Monday. 23 March 1867 at 3,00 pm for the purpose of traving laid before it the report present in the standard traving tr March 1987 at 3.00 pm for the purposes of leveling laid before it the report period by the administrative receivers in accordance with the said section and, it thought fit, appointing a committee. Creditors whose claims are wholly accorded are not entitled to betten or vote at the meeting. Creditors whose claims are wholly accorded are not entitled to betten or vote at the meeting. Creditors who are partly secured may only vote in respect of the belence of the amount due to them after deducting the value of the security. As estimated by them. A creditor in peaped of a debt due on, or secured by a bill of exchange or promissory note must treat the liability of any person who is liable on the bill antacedently to the company as security held by him (unless that the person is subject to a bankruattry order or in liquidation). Creditors wishing to vote at the above meeting must lodge a written state. Shelley House, 3 Noble Street, Loadon ECZY 7DQ no later than 12 moon of Friday 20 Merch 1987. Proxies intended to be used at the meeting must along with us by that time. DATED this 6 day of Merch 1987.

IN THE MATTER OF HERESAMT (COMTRACT CRUSHINGS)

IN THE MATTER OF HIREPLANT (CONTRACT CRUSHING) LIMITED UN RECEIVERSHIP)

UN RECEIVERSHIP)

MOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to acction 48 of the innovency Act 1986, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the shows named acombany will be held at SHELEY HOUSE, 3 NOBLE STREET, LONDON ECCY TOQ on Manday, 22 March 1987 at 2.30 pm for the purposes of heving laid before it the resolvers in accordance with the said certion and, it thought fit, appointing a committee. Creditors whose claims are wholly excusted for not activated a stand or write at the meeting. Creditors who are partly secured may only vote in mancet of the balance of the amount due to them after deducting the value of the security, as actimeted by them. A creditor in respect of a debt due on the bill amboundary acts must treat the liability of any person who is liable on the bill amboundarily to the company as accurity held by him (unless that other person is subject to a benkruster order or in fluidation). Creditors wishing to vote at the above meeting tours hodge a written status contact or their claims with ore at Shalley House. 2 Noble Street, London ECCY TOQ no treat claims with ore at Shalley House. 2 Noble Street, London ECCY TOQ no treat claims with ore at Shalley House. 2 Noble Street, London ECCY TOQ no treat claims with ore at Shalley House. 2 Noble Street, London ECCY TOQ no treat claim with ore at Shalley House. 2 Noble Street, London to be used at the meeting streat also be lodged with us by that time.

DATED this 8ch day of March 1967.

Ja A Jordan and R M Addy Administrative Receivers

Ws. Michael A. Jordan and Rubin M. Addy of Cork Guity. Shalley House, 3 Mobie Street, London EC2V 700. the administrative receivers of the above-named company, MEREBY GIVE NOTICE that craditors of the company may obtain. Irea of therape, copies of the report we have prepared under Section 48 of the insolvency Act 1965 by applying to us in writing at the above address (quoting reference SH 518).

Signed: R. M. ADDY Date: B March 1967.

# IN THE MATTER OF PREDERICK PARKER (EXPOSTS) LIMITED (IN RECEIVERSHIP)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, personnt to section 48 of the insolvency Act 1986, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the above nemed company with be told at SMELLEY HOUSE 3 MOBLE STREET, LONDON ECZY 7DQ on Monday. 23 March 1987 at 4.30 pm for the purposes

day of March 1967 By Order of the Board F. R. MILTON Director

computed on the actual number of days elapsed (184) divided by 360. THE PRINCIPAL **PAYING AGENT** 

As a meeting of the Board of Directors held today, a quarterly dividend of twelve cents (122) per share on the outstanding Ordinary Shares was declared, payable in Canadian tunds on April 28, 1987, as phareholders of record as at the close of business on March 27, 1987.

Clubs

**\$US 300.000.000** FLOATING RATE **NOTES DUE 2000** 

For the six months, March 3, 1987 to September 2, 1987, the rate of interest has been fixed at 6 9/16% P.A. The interest due on

SOCIETE GENERALE

15. Avenue Emile Reuter LUXEMBOURG

#### Company Notice.

#### **ANGLO AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LIMITED**

NOTICE IS NERBEY GIVEN the dividend No. 11 in respect of the above-mentioned preference sizes for the ball-year ending March 31, 1887 has been declared payable to the holders thereof resistent in the books of the corporation at the close of business on Friday March 27 1987;

Dividend registers

Comma (hoth days)

Payment Posting date of warrants, 8,825

283.87

Art Galleries

Company Notices

ENTE NAZIONALE PER L'ENERGIA ELETRICA (ENEL)

September 3, 1987 against

coupon or 5 will be SUS 335,42 and has been

ALSACIENNE DE BANQUE

# (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Company Resistration No. 63/05282/06

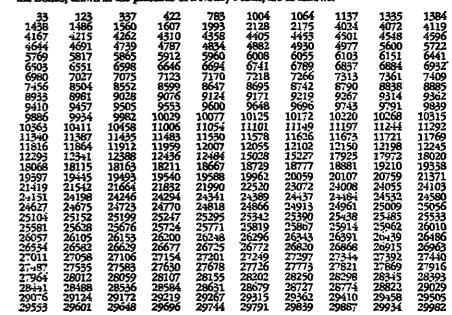
gge

THACKERAY GALLERY, 18, Thackers, St., WS. 01-937 5883. JOHN BRATBY, RA---Venice Revisited. Until 27 March

#### Telefonaktiebolaget L.M. Ericsson

US\$30,000,000 82 per cent. Bonds 1989

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. announce that the redemption instalment of US\$2,000,000 due 15th April, 1987 has been met by purchases in the market to the nominal value of US\$1,700,000 and by a drawing of Bonds to the nominal value of US\$300,000. The distinctive numbers of the Bonds, drawn in the presence of a Notary Public, are as follows: -



On 15th April, 1987 there will become due and payable upon each Bond drawn for redemption, the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest to said date at the office of:-

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. Paying Agency, 6th Floor, 1 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PA

or one of the other paying agents named on the Bonds. Interest will cease to accrue on the Bonds called for redemption on and after 15th April, 1987 and Bonds so presented for payment should have attached all Coupons mauring after that date.

The amount of any missing unmatured Coupons will be deducted from the sum due for payment. Any amount of principal so deducted will be paid against surrender of the relative missing Coupons within five years from the date of payment. Bonds will become void unless presented within 10 years of the redemption date. US\$14,000,000 nominal amount of Bonds will remain outstanding after 15th April, 1987. 13th March, 1987

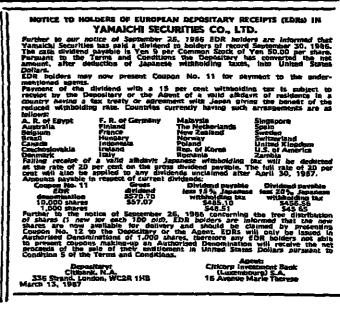
Seasion on 5th March, 1987 at the estance of BURNDENE INVESTMENTS PLC, a company incorporated under the Companies Acts 1908-1917 and having its registered office at 28A York Place, Edinburgh, for confirmation of "Edinburgh, 10th Merch, 1987. The Lords appoint the Petition to be intimated on the Walls and in the Minute Book in common torm, and to be advertised once in the Edin-burgh Gazette, and onte in each of the Scotsman and Finencial Times

"EMSLIE". I.P.D." OF ALL WHICH INTIMATION IS HERE-

newspapers: Allow all parties claiming an interest to lodge Answers, it

so advised, within 21 days after such

DUNDAS & WILSON, C.S., 25 Cheriotte Square,



1 11 1

5. C. C. C.

THITE!

See The See Th



#### Theatre

#### METHER! ANDR

am, Believue Theatre. The English-speaking Theatre company presents Barbarians by Barrie Keeffe, a trilogy of short plays tracleavers, two white and one black

Lee Lisisons Dangereuses (Ambassa-dors): Christopher Hampton's mas-terly version of Laclos' epistolary novel is sezy, witty and wise, like a collaboration between Marivaux and de Sade. Howard Davier's sell-cost. The Membridge of the Control of out pre-Revolutionary production for the RSC has moved from the Pit with Alan Rickman and Lindsay Duncan still battling and bitchin ower lovers and other riffraff. (836 6111, CC 836 1171).

(830 till), CC 830 till).

Shaw, and a much underrated play, given the full RSC works by John Caird, a Polish new woman crashing Caird, a Polish new woman crashing into the surrey conservatory in her monoplane, Jane Lapotaire sparkies alongside Brian Cox, Elizabeth Surlegs and newcomer Richard McCabe (628 8795, CC 638 8891). he Phantom of the Opera (Her Majesty's): Spectacular but emotionally nutritional new musical by Andrew Lloud Webber emphasising the ro-

Idoyd Webber emphasising the ro-mance in Lerour's 1911 novel. Hap-pens in a wonderful Paris Opera ambience designed by Maria Bjorn-son. Hal Prince's alert, affectionate production contains a superb cen-tral performance by Michael Crawford. A new, meritorious and pal-pable hit. (839 2244, CC 379 6131/240 7200).

oman in Mind (Vaudeville): Alan Ayckbourn's new comedy has a brilliant performance by Julia McKen-zie as a dissatisfied housewife visited on her own garden lawn by an imaginary ideal family. Bleak but funny, hailed in some quarters as vanguard feminist drama; be not put off by that (838 9987/5645).

42nd Street (Drury Lane): No British equivalent has been found for New York's Jerry Orbach, but David Mer-rick's tap-dancing extravaganza has been rapturously received. (838 8108).

The House of Bernards Alba (Globe): Lorca's last tragedy in a successful production transferred to the West End from Hammersmith. Nuria Espert, veteran Spanisch actress/di-rector, has drilled a high-calibre cast led by Glenda Jackson and Joan Plowright into a near-authentic portrayal of steam frustration in an all-female household oppressed by both traditional catholicism and the

peasant class system. Ultimately it's all a bit British, but the company an a on British, but the company provides a roll-call of some of the best actresses around – all eclipsed by the ineffably touching Julie Le-grand. (427 1509)

Cats (Winter Garden): Still a sellout, Trevor Numn's production of T.S. El-liot's children's poetry set to trendy music is visually startling and choreographically feline, but classic only in the sense of a rather stand and overblown idea of theatricality.

and overblown idea of theatricality. (239 6262).

And Street (Majestic): An immodest celebration of the heyday of Broadway in the 'Ms incorporates genus from the original film like Shuffle Off To Buffalo with the appropriately brash and leggy hoofing by a large chorus line. (977 9020).

A Chorus Line (Shubert): The longestrunning musical ever in America has not only supported Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its backstage story in which the songs are used as suditions rather than emotions. (239 6200).

(239 6200).

Ia Cage aux Folles (Palace): With some tuneful Jerry Herman songs, Harvey Fierstein's adaptation of the French film manages, barely, to capture the feel of the sweet and hilarious original between high-kicking and sends character numbers.

ious original and and gaudy chorus numbers. (1872028).

I'm Not Empuport (Booth): The Tony's best play of 1986 won on the strength of its word-of-mouth populative for the two oldsters on Central strength of its word-in-mount popu-larity for the two eldsters on Central Park benches who bloker uproar-iously about life past, present and future, with a funny plot to match. (239 6200).

Big River (O'Neill): Roger Miller's nu-

sic rescues this sedentary version of Huck Finn's adventures down the Mississippi, which walked off with many 1985 Tony awards almost by

default. (2460220).

The Mystery of Edwin Drood (Imperial): Rupert Holme's Tony-winning resurrection of the unfinished Dickens classic is an ingenious musical with music-hall tunes where the an-dience picks an ending. (239 6200).

Pump Boys and Dinettes (Apollo Cen-ter): Facetious look at country music and down-home country life with a good best and some memorable

good best and some memorable songs, especially one played on ait-chen utensils has proved to be a durable Chicago hit. (935 \$100).

She Always Said, Pablo (Goodman): The company's associate director, Frank Galati, created this pastiche of music by Virgil Thomson and Igor Stravinsky with words by Gertrude Stein and visuals by Pablo Picasso. Performed by I1 actors, the work features Picasso's Minotaur as work features Picasso's Minotaur as well as Picasso, Stein and Alice B. Toklas. Ends April 4 (443 3800)

Citizen Tom Paine (Eisenhower): Richard Thomas stars in popular his-torian Howard Fast's look at the Thetford-born American radical's rise and fall to obscurity, in between the fame brought by Common Sense, Ends April 12. Kennedy Cen-ter (254 3670).

#### **Exhibitions**

French drawings: At the beginning of the 18th century Louis XIV's love of the grandiose gave way to an art more intimate, more pleasing. A new generation of artists around Autoine Watteau introduced colour as well as a lightness of touch into their drawings under the influence of Venetian and Flemish masters. Musee du Louvre, Pavillon de Flore. Closed Tue. Eods June 1. (42603926). contrandt: The exhibition of 341 en-

gravings is exceptional for the proofs showing the stages of Rembrand's creative process and its in-aginative presentation. Landscapes, genre scenes, portraits and auto-portraits and biblical scenes testify to the diversity of inspiration and the technical mastery of the painter who was the first to consider engraving as a autonomous artistic ex-pression. Bibliotheque Nationale, 58, Rue Richelleu. Ends May 3

(4703 8126). lokoschka: The importance of Ko-koschka in the artistic movements koschka in the artistic movements of his times, revealed in last year's successful Vienna, The Birth Of A Century, is confirmed by this exhibition of some 80 drawings, water colours and lithographs. It explains why the artist, derided by the aristocracy and haute bourgeoisie because of his turmented, mercilessly soul-exploring portaits, left Vienna for Germany to become one of the for Germany to become one of the founders of expressionism. Centre Georges Pompidou, Closed Tre, Ends March 22 (42771233)

The Reyal Academy: British Art in the 20th Century is a major exhibition full of interest yet to some extent misleading. The mistake was to try and give a comprehensive overview of "The Modern Movement" - the

BRUSSELS

Palais Des Beaux Arts (5125045): Fes-

tival Strings of Lucerne conducted by Rudolf Baumgartner: Händel, Bach, Mozart, Boccherini, Mendels-sohn (Tue), Belgian National Or-chestra conducted by Mendi Rodan

with Janos Starker, cello – Haydn,

Milan: Teatro alla Scala: Amsterdam 18th Century Orchestra: Bach, Haydn and Mendelssohn, conducted by Frans Bruggen (Mon). (80.91.28). Rome: Auditorium in Via Della Concil-

the S. Cecilia orchestra and the Gui-tarist Narciso Yepes. Stravinsky, Rodrigo, Turina and Ravel (Mon and Tue). (654 1044).

Rome: Chiesa di S. Agness in Agone: The violinist Giuliano Carmignola (with the Gonalone Chamber Or-

(chestra). Bach and Vivaldi (Thur). (68.75.952). cone: Tentro Olimpico (Piazza Gen-

tile da Fabriano): The pianist Maria Tipo. Scarlatti, Beethoven and Schu-mann (Wed). (393304).

ne: Garcia Navarro conductin

Music

Mahler (Thur).

show's subtitle. But the subject is just too big and the gaps are obvi-ous. Concentrate on what is there, rather than what is not, and certain strengths in British Art in this century do manifest themselves. The Abstract tradition and its develop-ment deserves a show of its own, but here it is the figurative tradition, quietly expressionist, romantic and always idiosyneratic that akes its point. The British do not fit easily into schools and pressure groups of lasting or particular influ-ence, but individuals bear compari-son with the best of their fureign son with the best of their integri-peers. From Sickert and Paul Nash, Gwen John, Matthew Smith and Stanley Spencer, to Bacon, Freud and Auerbach, there is much in which to take real pride. Sponsored by BP, the show ends on April 5 and moves to Stattgart.

#### WEST GERMANY

Manich, Lenbachhaus, Luisenstrass 33: Franz von Lenbach (1836-1904). The painter had himself built a Pa-The painter had himself built a Palast in the Italian renaissance style, finished in 1891. His widow then sold it to Munich in 1825. To mark the 150 anniversary of his birth, the Lenbach Villa will be redecorated with the original furniture and paintings of the artist. The exhibition displays 180 pictures and paintings in several rooms. Lenbach, celebrated above all for his portraits, studed above all for his portraits, stud-ied at the academy for arts in Mu-nich under Karl von Piloty. Ends

gasse 7: A retrospective by August Macke (1887-1914). Born in Meschede, Macke studied in Düsseldorf and Berlin under Lovis Co-rinth. He did much of his work in Bonn, and was responsible for a new art form Rheinische Expres-sionisten, before the First World War. His journey in the spring of 1914, with Paul Klee and Louis Moil-

Rome: Teatro Ghione (Via Delle For-naci 37): Alessandra Ramacci, piano. Scerlatti, Testa, Mendelssohn and Chopin (Thur). (637.2294).

**NETHERLANDS** 

onid Hambro Piano Quartet (Mon).

omit Hambro Plano Quartet (Mon). Hunb Kerstens conducting the Xen-akis Ensemble, with Aki Takahashi, piano: Xenakis (Tue). The Con-certgebouw Orchestra conducted by Kent Nagano, with Michel Bèroff, piano: Takemitsu, Messiaen, Jana-cek (Thur). Recital Hall: Dutch chamber music with Ton Koreman.

chamber music, with Ton Koopman, harpsichord (Mon). Jard van Nes,

contratto, accompanied by Gérard van Blerk: Sibelius, Strauss, Piper, Debussy, De Falla (Tue). The Mélos

Quartet Beethoven, Schumann, Ravel (Wed). (718345).

otterdam, Doelen. Massed choirs with works by Tchalkovsky, Verdi, Gounod, Koennemenn (Thur).

(4142911). Utrecht, Vredenburg, Güntber Her

bich conducting the Rotterdam Phil-harmonic, with Michel Roche, cello: Schubert, Lalo, Beethoven (Thur).

by Geoffrey Douglas-Madge: Boso-ni, Liszt, Beethoven (Mon).

em, Musis Sacrum. Piano recit<u>al</u>

sent to the front in France, were he died, aged 27 in action in Cham-pagne, Ends May.

#### ITALY

Venice: Palazzo Grassi: The arcimboldo effect: a curious and stimulating exhibition centred on the neglected 16th century Milanese mannerist painter, Gruseppe Arcimboldo. Much appreciated in his own lifetime for his extraordinary compo-site portraits, in which the features of the sitter would be composed of the tools of his trade. - Pots, pans and vegetables for the cook (which turned upside-down becomes mere-ly a still-life) or books for the librar-ian. – Arcimboldo spent most of his working life outside Italy, in the service of three Hapsturg emperors. Included is his arresting portrait of Rudolf II as the Ekruscan god Vertumo, made up of fruit, vegetables and ears of core. The exhibition contains works by Arcimboldo's predecessors, such as Leonardo, Durer and Posch, as well as those of artists and Posch, as well as those of struss:
active in the early years of the 20th
century. It attempts to draw links. some obvious (Dali, de Chirico, Man
Ray and Duchamp). Ends May 31.
Twiss: Circolo degli Artisti (Palazzo
Graneri): One hundred drawings by
Rodin from the last years of his life,
almost all denoting the format

almost all depicting the female form, in various sapphic, narcissisin and every day poses. The draw-ings have been chosen by Claudie Jandrin, the curator of the Rodin Museum in Paris, from its collection of almost 7,000 graphic works by Rodin, Ends March 29. Room. Ends March 29.

Rome: Galleria Nazionale D'Arte Moderna (viale Delle Belle Arti): Rome's leading gallery celebrates the reopening of the rooms devoted to twentieth century painting and sculpture with notable foreign accounting such as Coranne's last

quisitions, such as Cezanne's last work, Le Cabanon De Jourdan and Bruno Mantura's fascinating retro-

Gundria Isnawitz, soprano, Peter Waters, piano (Mon). Theatre de l'Athenee (47426727).

Viadimir Spivakov, violin: Mozart, Shostakovich, Tehatkovisky (Mon).
Selle General (45622020). Salle Gaveau (456 32030).

Orchestre Colonne and choir conduct-

Audite Nova: Liazt, Faure (Mon). La Trinite church (423 57289). Viedimir Spivakov, violin, Vladimir Krainev, piano, Tamara Sinyavsk-aya, Bolshoi's mezzo-soprano: Bach, Shostakovich, Mozart (Tue). Salle Gaveau (456 32030). Orchestre de Paris conducted by Peter Flor: Weber, Bruckner (Wed, Thur), Salle Pleyel (456 30796, ipan-5pm).

Paul Turtelier, cello, with Geoffrey Pratley; piano. Bach, Beethoven, Debussy and others. Barbican Hall (Mon.). (638 8891). ouden Symphony Orchestra conduct-ed by Myung Whun Chung with

Groningen, Oosterpoort, Mischa Malsky, cello, Steven Hoogenberk, piano: Stravinsky, Bach, Schubert, Bloch, Paganini (Tue). Wim van Beek, organ, and the Toonkunst Cholr: Widow, Franck (Wed). (131044). Martha Argerich, piano. Mozart, Ravel and Haydn. Barbican Hall (Tue).

ed by Jean Sourisse, vocal ensemble Audite Nova: Liazt, Faure (Mon). La

assemblages of objects, passed, me-tal and bronze can be seen. Centro de Arte Reina Sofia Santa Isabel 52. Ends April 5. Madrid. Nine contemporary French

hilbarmonia Orchestra conducted by Giuseppe Sinopoli with Matt Hai-movitz, cello. Debussy, Lalo and El-gar. Royal Festival Hall (Tue).

spective of the Italian artist, Do-

menica Gnoli, who died prematurely in New York, aged 37. Better known

outside his home-country, Gooli was

an artist of great subtlely and deli-cacy, using (in his large converses)

the techniques of pop art. Gnoli was also a successful theatrical designer.

and many of these designs are in-

cluded amongst the drawings on show. He produced the costumes for

Jean-Luis Berranit's Le Belle au Bois Dormant in Paris in 1954 and Robert Helpmann's As You Like It at the Old Vic in 1955. Ends April 12.

Barcelone, Edvard Munch (1863-1944):

165 lithos, drawings and his influen-tial graphics of his large output peri-od. Emphasis is his preoccupation with themes of life and death (friezes of life). Fundacion la Cana,

drid, Ben Nicholson (1894-1982):

English abstract painter who kept to his idioms with remarkable constan-cy. His paintings and reliefs are

cy. his panings and resease are geometrically inspired and derive from the austerer forms of cubism. His abstracts remained unvarying until well after the Second World

that relied for their effect on the in-terplay of finely related surfaces. Sixty-six works on loss by the Tate Gallery, the Moma and Guggen-heim, the Kunsthaus and Phillips collection, mostly from 1919-1951. Fundacion Juan March, Castello 77.

Machid, Jasper Johns retrospective. Born in 1930, this North American artist, with Rauschenberg, was one

of the originators of pop art influen-cing the course of art for many dec-

ades, 100 pieces: paintings, collages, assemblages of objects, plastic, me-tal and bronze can be seen. Centro

and the first British performance of

Saymanowski's Harnesie. Royal
Festival Hall (Wed).
John Williams and friends, including
Paco Pena: Vivaldi, Giuliani and
others. Barbican Hall (Wed).
London Symphony Orchestra conducted by Sir Colin Davis with Arburo
Barnedetti Medalanesis riano Rec Benedetti Michelangeli, piano. Bee-thoven and Sibelius. Barbican Hall

(Thur).

BBC Concert Orchestra conducted by Laszio Reitay with Eiddwen Harrhy, soprano and Stephen Roberts, haritone. Faure and Walton. Royal Festival Rall (Thur).

Madrid, Orquesta y Coro Nacionales de Espana conducted by Walter Weller with violinist Domingo To-mas, Mozart and Tchaikowsky. (Wed and Thur). Orquesta y Coro de

RTVE conducted by Heinz Fricke: Mozart, Devicine and Brückner. (Thur). Teatro Real. Carlos III. (nm) Leant Real Carlos III.

Barcelous: Chamber Orchestra of
Prague Bach, Mozart and Vorisek.
Palau de la Musica Catalana.
Amadeo Vives 1. (Thur).

(9283191).
BBC Symphony Orchestra and Chorus and BBC Singers conducted by Sir John Pritchard, Dvorak, Sibelius

Carnegie Hall: Amadeus Quartet with Bruno Canino piano. Mixed programme (Wed); Orchestre National de France. Lorin Maszel conducting. Mixed programme (Thur). (2477800).

Music at the Crossroads (Whitney Museum Branch): The third annual American Sampler this week features the Jimmy Heath Quartet and Jimmy Heath and his Latin Lazz. ourse toe sunny reath Quartet and Jimmy Heath and his Latin Jezz performing contemporary jezz. (Tue, 6µm). Sculpture Court, Philip Morris Bldg, 42nd & Park.

Chicago Symphony (Orchestra Hall): Chamber series with the Chadamin Trio. Heiden, Joseph, Tchaikovsky (Mon); Sir Georg Solti conducting. Kiri Te Kanawa soprano with Chi-cago Symphony Chorus. Bach (Thur). (4358111).

Continued on Page 17

and prints, some by arrangement with the Klee Foundation in Bern artists: drawings, sculptures) mu-rals, MEAC, Museo Espanol de Arie which has rarely lent them (includ-

ra. Ends March 22.

Madrid, Gilbert and George. British
Artists exhibit spectacular murals defined as living sculptures demonstrating daily life. Palacio de Velac quez. Betiro Park. Ends Mar 28.

Madrid, Agustin Ibarrola. Retrospective of Basque artists work, totals 1,000 exhibits drawings, engravings, oil paintings, cardboards, woodwork of 1950-87. A mural weighting 20 tons and 200 railway money that is the service of the second of times during their heyday from the 17th to early 20th centuries, as de-monstrated in the 60 pieces of var-

Plespont Mergan Library: Young Queen Victoria, an exhibit of autograph manuscripts, letters, draw-ings and other memoribilis com-memorate the 150th anniversary of the queen's accession to the throne.

York Perspektive. 15 New York City artists chosen by art critic Dan Cameron, gives a perspective of lab-est trends in the US. Fundacion laest trends in the U.S. Financian in Coina, Serrano 60. Ends March 22.
Madrid. Diego Rivera. A retrospective 20th century top exponent of Mexican art, this show offers an ample Ends April 12. lescom of Modern Art: The 1985-Grand Palais exhibit of Lartigue's ction of his works, including a collection of the works, meaning a film with his fresco murals, 100 oil and tempora paintings, 110 book il-lustrations. Centro de Arta Reina Sofia, Santa Isabel 52. Ends June 7.

Amsterdam, Maison Descartes: Mod-era Indonesia in the paintings of Jean-Pierre Giacobassi. Ends March

METHERLANDS

Contemporaneo, Paseo Juan Herre-

weighting 20 tons and 200 railway

tracks carefully and worked on show at the Retiro Perk, Palacio de

Cristal Ends April.

Madrid, Art And Its Double. A New

#### **NEW YORK**

IBM Gallery: This free exhibition space brings to New York shows currented elsewhere, like the present offering of Pacific island masks and statues from the Tribal Art Centre in Basel and Mexican textiles from 25 tribal massers Ends April 25.

185 tribal weavers, Ends April 25.

77th & Madison.

Museum of Modern Art: The first major retrospective in two decades of Paul Klee includes 250 paintings and wastercolours and 50 drawings

ing large format paintings from his later life). Ends May 5.

ious shapes and designs. Ends May 31. (91st & 5th Ave).

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1920s photographs starts its American tour showing the evocative pan-oramas and leeting moments on the streets of Paris between the wars. Ends March 24.

#### WASHINGTON

National Gallery (West Bidg): The Age of Sultan Suleyman the Magnificent explores the height of art and technical development during the Otin-man Empire in 210 18th century

#### CHECAGO

hrt Institute: A retrospective or more than 150 of John Singer Sargent's paintings, watercolours and draw-ings provides the first major over-view of the artist's work in 60 years, with many of his famous full-length portraits, along with landscapes and informal drawings. Ends April 19.

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Cinema/Nigel Andrews

# The tang of childhood truly remembered

Stand by Me directed by Rob Reiner The Green Bay directed by Eric Trick or Treat directed by Charles Deadly Friend directed by Wes Craven
The Killing Floor directed by Bill

13 1987

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tiest Bidgl: The Age ian the Magnificent of the of art and tech-nt during the Otto-210 18th century tyer, gents, kaltans ands May 17.

chrosteerine of more in Singer Sargent's creciours and drawine first major over st's work in 60 years at familiary full length with Landscapes and 1850. Anni 18

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**LAND**2 npiete the the business aveller. entary copies

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STERDAM

The 1950s are modern American cinema's cuit decade. "We knew exactly who we were," says narrator Richard Dreyfuss in Stoad By Mc, looking back on his boyhood. "and exactly where we were only." Speak

on his boyhood. "and exactly where we were going." Speaking personally. I had not the faintest idea where I was going in the 1950s. Life seemed to be an endless assault course of one school term after another, one brutalising matron after another, one set of exams after another. No schoolboy of my acquaintance ever got a group of friends together, as happens in this film, to go out into the countryside to look for a dead body.

Though based on a Stephen king story called The Body, the movie's Gothic elements are entirely marginal. The walking trip taken by four Oregon 12-year-olds to see the dead body of a body hit by a train—he lies, they have overheard, 20-odd miles down the track—is a quest in which what matters is the spirit of the enterprise, the ideas, stories and feelings they exchange on the way. The glimpse of morafity beckoning at the end of the line is merely the seal on a larger, subtler journey to maturity.

arter the suppression of rebel-

his fascinating new play. The

portrait of Aldridge is far dif-

ferent from the image we have of an African Roscius who raised hell and much goodwill

eastern Europe. In London we have a handsome bust in the

dress circle bar at Drury Lane

and, in Manchester, the City Art Gallery displays a fine portrait by James Northcote that was identified only in 1983

as probably being a warily re-flective Aldridge in white silk,

a sleek predator with the imminous beauty of Sydney

Joseph Marcel in the leading

role at Bolton contradicts this

beautiful image but conforms more nearly to other and

squatter pictorial representations. Most importantly, though,

Pownall's portrait presents a

caught in a tricky political

situation. Newly remarried, he

has had a disappointing first night as Shylock and is told

view of an artist

Poitier or Mohammed Ali.

utmost solemnity. One moment the four boys (Wil Wheston, River Phoenix, Corey Feldman, River Phoenix, Corey Feldman, Jerry O'Connell) are haring hysterically over a narrow rail-bridge trying to beat a pursuing train, the next they are earnestly discussing whether Mighty Mouse could beat Superman. One moment they are happily dunking each other in a swamp; the next, they are sitting out a long night in the woods swapping tales of pain and sorrow from their brief pasts.

Director Rob Relner's pre-

Director Rob Reiner's previous movies suggested a career destined to zigzag wildly between the screwball-comic (This Is Spinal Top) and the sentimental (The Sure Thing). Here he synthesises the funny and the touching. The film has loose ends: a camp-fire story told by one boy about a piecating contest, which Reiner dramatises for us (we suddenly seem to have escaped into another film), and two into another film), and two framing scenes with Richard Dreyfus, playing one of the boys who has now grown up into a successful writer. But no one expects tidiness from a shaggy dog story, and Stand By Me is exactly that: at once rambling and mesmeric, and cheerfully barking its heart out between-whiles with a medley

The Green Ray is the latest from Frenchman Eric Rohmer, of My Night With Mand and Claire's Knee. The ray of the little, we are told occurs in the last moments of a sunset. According to Rohmer—and to Jules Verne who wrote a novel on the subject—the green ray gives anyone witnessing it a sudden insight into his own thoughts and those of anyone Riviers might have been lovably awful: like the moody, or she, Delphine (Marie in the following in the subject of the conding to the conding to the conding to the subject—the green ray comedies and proverbs." In other circumstances, Mile Riviers might have been lovably awful: like the moody, ill co-ordinated heroines of Le

Black Star/Octagon, Bolton

Michael Coveney

fra Aldridge (1807-1867) was rather the Russian autocracy, who flings out a pot pourri of

the first black actor to play demand the black Othello. The Shakespearian highlights con-

famous in the role as were fore admirably indebted to both Yankee Doodle strummings on

Kean and Salvini. He is not Sartre's Kean for its romantic the banjo. I find a confusion

much remembered although he melodrama, and to Mnouch arising, though, when we are was an inveterate trouper who kine's Mephisto for its investi- asked to believe that this absurd

toured with missionary fervour gation of the conflict between mummer is storing up cash to

blackness of Aldridge becomes

an issue peripheral to the un-acknowledged Jewishness of the

hostess with whom he has fallen, in the hectic manner of

Kean, in love. The husband, Karial (Stephen Mackenna) is

flushed out in an on-stage burst

of defiant Polish patriotic sen-timent and callously shot down

by the Russian agent Goldze

(Ray Jewers) who stalks the

theatre and even seduces

Pownall has fictionalised a background to Aldridge's Russian and Polish fame—the

actor is in fact buried in Lotz and his grave tended by the Society of Polish Artists—in the same way as he invented a dramatic context for Stalin's aethetic purge in Master Class.

None of the play's incidents is

drawn from the authoritative 1958 blographical source by Herbert Marshall and Mildred

Stock Indeed, most accounts

of Aldridge's acting celebrate

unostentatious technique,

Aldridge's new wife,

Pownall also tries, with the Polish patriot's murder

Othello in London, and as ambition of this drama is there-

Heat that David Pownall sets mixed success, to turn racial his fascinating new play. The attitudes inside out so that the

of 50s songs.



Kiefer Sutherland and River Phoenix in "Stand By Me"

friend's farm in Normandy to a weekend in the ski mountains, from a return touchdown in Paris to a few days in Biarritz.

temptuously broken up with

John Adams's production, renewing his Pains Plough asso-

grating second act, and there is a fine gabled setting by Nick

Bearwish which transports up from Polish domestic interior

That transformation, in fact, might have been better integrated into the play's action.

into minstrel savagery. He never allows you to forget he is a tolerated but uninvited guest. His confused lover and part-time Desdemona is Mary To Randle and the wife of

Jo Randle, and the wife of Ellie Haddington is curiously long-suffering for one only recently hitched — that very month in April 1865.

her impending summer holiday. players' dialogue this time, and So she is soon carting herself improvisation too often results gloomily all over France from a in charmless confusion and improvisation too often results in charmless confusion and prolixity rather than rejuvenating freshness. (Who would not run screaming into a neigh-bouring departement when Delphine starts in on the sub-ject of vegetarianism over dinner on the friends' farm?) But there are still moments line is merely the seal on a larger. subtler journey to maturity.

I am usually sceptical of films in which characters "grow up" overnight, transformed by some alchemical experience they will remember all their lives. But Stand By Me has the bered: that time when the gimest of thought and those of a gawky teenager, almost idiocy of thought and those of a gawky teenager, and desperate for romance while also desperate to avoid it.

Although it won the Golden green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists and bosses is further are calliances of Rohmer magic: not least the green ray itself. This metalists and bosses is further is the weakest in Rohmer's actually see it nor or we sure that any of the characters do) force. Strong subject: but the green ray itself. This metalists and bosses is further is the weakest in Rohmer's actually see it nor or we sure that any of the characters do) force. Strong sub

"This is total Darwin," says says someone in Trick or Treat, "the survival of the fittest." Indeed it is. How many filmgoers can last a full 15 rounds in this week's pair of horror movies? In the above-named farrage a dead rock singer (Tony Fields) goes on a vengeance spree, with the help of a schoolboy (Marc Price) who has inadvertently helped him to return to life. When not having your ears bludgeoned by the rock soundtrack, you will have your retinas ravaged by the special effects (graphic will have your retinas ravaged by the special effects (graphic electrocution a speciality). Charles Martin Smith directed. In Wes Craven's Deadly Friend we have a lovable robot who is shot to pieces by a loony matron somewhere in American suburbia. The robot's brain is then implanted by his young owner in the body of his lately slain girlfriend. The operation, unfortunately, is not successful. The girl is soon wandering the town in her nightie, wearing too much green eye-shadow and murdering people. The loany matron, for instance has a football. for instance, has a football thrown at her head, causing it thrown at her head, causing it to explode like a tomato, where-upon she (the matron) glibbers headlessly around the room spouting blood, and then dies. It is all very distressing. It is also (the film) very tedious. Nought for your comfort either in The Killing Floor. The unions are getting restless in the Chicago stockyards, circo

"This is total Darwin," says

## Mahler's Eighth/Festival Hall

#### David Murray

Soon or later someone had to try Mahler's Eignth Symphony, the "Symphony of a Thousand," in the Festival Hall. One wouldn't have guessed, however, that the intrepid hand would be the Young Musicians' Symphony Orchestra, the admirable train-ing owheetra for students or orchestra, the admirable training orchestra for students on their hopeful way into the profession. The principal choirs were the London Choral Society and the Pro Musica Chorae, with a boys' chorae drawn from the London Oratory School and Fine's Farmer and King's Rouse

Conducted by James Blair, they made a magnificent noise, crowned by faultless extra brass in the V.I.P. box. As a feat of musical engineering Blair's performance was a wesome. With not far from 500 performers to control, he kept the ensemble absolutely taut

throughout; and the excellent choirs—sounding very distinct in the dryish acoustic, gaining something against the inevitable loss of depth—were so well prepared that some pitch-droop in the quietest chromatic part of the Chorus Mysticus was first-desk work of a high order (including a fine solo piccolo near the end). The professional solo singers were strongly led by Penelope Walmsley-Clark, though she was their sole lanse. their sole lapse

It was exhibitating enough that quibbles about interpreta-tion should not be laboured. The security of the performance was won at some cost to flexi-bility: brisk, sturdy tempi suited the "Veni, creator spiritus" movement, but the same sort of gait in the Foust movement produced an effect of one-thing-after-another, without a sharp noise, produced an effect of one-thing-brass after-another, without a sharp feat dramatic profile (nor much slair's playing below the merzo-forte some. level). The achievement was so per-far beyond what could reason-of the ably be expected, nonetheless, taut that passing disappointments

waimsley-clark, though she was less convincing when alone in the Faust movement. There, Alison Hargan and Penelope Walker seized their own moments with particular conviction; and Kenneth Bowen, whose tenor has less bloom than in former years, sustained his long lines to admiration. David Wilson-Johnson was a fervent Pater Ecstaticus. The other singers, all efficient, were Helen Willis, Michael Pearce and Patrizia Kweila. Pearce and Miss Hargan were last-minute replacements, identified neither in the programme nor from the platform; somehody's from the platform: somebody's knuckles should be rapped.

#### LMP Wind/Wigmore Hall

#### Max Loppert

The London Mosart Players particular English kind, was the down the curtain with a Vind Ensemble (mouthful of a order of the evening. flourish was most keenly to be Wind Ensemble (mouthful of a name) have begun regular performances as a separate concertificating entity — Wednesday's recital was, apparently, the "official debut". Great Mozart divertimento opera," might almost be said to collide. Not that concert, and in C minor, K388/384a) began and ended the concert, and some absorbing Nielsen (the Wind Quintet) and lively. Alverting Humme) (the concert hand project the players tended to sit on the first heat of the bar rather than project the players inflected harmonies; the performance could be praised for name) have begun regular per-

Nielsen (the Wind Quintet) and lively, diverting Hummel (the E flat octet Partita) came in between. A splendid programme: the Ensemble played it all efficiently, with skilful ensemble and well-blended, pleasing tone (except for some passing horn fluffs), but there passing horn fluffs), but there works on offer, Blandness, of a finales the failure to bring inflected harmonies; the performance could be praised for mot tidying up all the quirks and astringencies, even if the variation-finale seemed to shirk the dramatic culmination promised by its "Praeludium."

The raw materials of the LMP wind Ensemble are excellent, in their detached, almost still some way off.

gency of Nielsen's modally inflected harmonies; the performance could be praised for not tidying up all the quirks and astringencies, even if the variation-finale seemed to shirk the deposits substitute that the series of the property of the property of the property of the performance of the perfo

regretted.

#### Britten-Shostakovich/Elizabeth Hall

#### **Andrew Clements**

After Britten / Tippett, Britten/Shostakovich, Scarcely has the London Sinfonietta's festival last autumn settled unsatisfyingly into the memory than Richard Hickox and the City of London Sinfonia have launched another Britten festival, this time pairing him festival, this time paring with Shostakovich. The new especially just could not manage celebration is much less lavish; the poise and simple purity to two concerts this month, two give any resonance to the two concerts this month, two give any resonance to the two concerts this most the comprehensive Britten retrospective that would be worthwhile, Britten and Shostakavich do sit well together for musical and

extra-musical reasons. In the second concert of the series on Wednesday, however, the Russian was undoubtedly the better served. Britten was

represented by the Cantata centration to bear upon the Misericordium (with Martyn Moderato, stilling it magically Hill and Stephen Roberts as soloists) and the Suite on Eng-lish Folk Tunes. Neither work is out of the top drawer, and the Suite really demands absolute

Suite really demands absolute

Precision if it is to succeed. For

Hickox placed the Five Frag
Hickox the woodwind soloists

especially just could not manage

which Shostakovich wrote in

In Shostakovich's First Cello Concerto, however, the orchestral playing became much more purposeful, and underpinned Robert. Cohen's reading with great eloquence. Cohen was on exemplary form, attacking the first movement with fersent

before increasing the tension remorselessly through the big cadenza. It was an account that measured the work exactly. 1935, and withdrew after the first performance until they were exhumed 30 years later.

They appear now simply to be sketches for material explored more fully elsewhere — the third, for example, is surely a test run for the Largo of the Fifth Symphony; the Mahlerian solo violin of the last occurs first movement with fervent again in the Fourth vigour, bringing enormous con-written a year later. again in the Fourth Symphony

#### Martin Hoyle

Fiddler on the Roof/Manchester

vance bookings, Manchester has no hurry, perfectly judges the

throughout Russia and the pro- an artist's role in society and liberate the slaves back home vinces. It is in eastern Poland, society's demands on the artist, while calmly collaborating in renewing his Pains Plough association with Pownall before he,
Adams, departs for the Birmingham Rep, does sterling work
in spite of a slightly disintein provenance the work's integrity is intact. The treatment of the community by Tsarist programs avoids both cheapness and opportunism. The expected sen-timentality never quite materiato hackstage touring theatre with a flurry of pulleys and risibly one-dimensional scenery. lises. Richard Altman and Irene Claire have recreated Jerome Robbins's direction and choreo-graphy; both Boris Aronson's Chagall-flavoured sets (now a trifle wishy-washy) and Patricia Joseph Marcel, forsaking the colonial Sandhurst Othello he gave at Hammersmith, is unafraid to make the Welkin ring and is particularly good at establishing moods of glistening rage and delightful lapses

Zipprodt's costumes are repro-

The ultimate degree of vitality is as yet missing; but the excellent ingredients including a 24-piece band are all there.

The show expectantly awaits the kiss of life from its star. As Tevye the philosophical milkman, Topol dominates the stage but wears his authority lightly. Any more relaxed and he would be dangerously sooth-

# After record - breaking ad- ing. As it is, he knows there's

walcomed Topol to the Opera weight and pace of word House in the show that he dropped casually into his one-launched in London 20 years sided dialogues—argumentative, and one month ago. Both Topol appealing, resigned—with the and Fiddler have worn well, as deity, aptly sited between gods the residents of what is becoming the British capital of the becomes, in all senses, the part was found to the committee of the part was found to the part of the part was found to the part was found to the part of the part was found to the sided dialogues—argumentative, appealing, resigned—with the deity, aprily sited between gods and circle, house left. He becomes, in all senses, the part mummer is storing up cash to liberate the slaves back home next three months.

The literate book and lyrics with the polish patriot's murder before smnggling the widow out of danger in a property basket.

John Adams's production, musical score dresses haunt-musical score dresses ha

lovingly unfolds in the first, stylised routine, "Tradition," solid support thereafter. Tevve's daughters are led by Sandra Fox's sweet, anxious Tzeitel who eventually marries her struggling little tailor (a beau-tifully-rounded vignette from Simon Bamford in touching detail) and the fresh-voiced Leigh Samuels, charming as the thinker of the family who joins her student lover in Siberia. The young couples overcome the patches of conventional material in the romantic songs that could be from any musical. Despite some under-directed characters among the govern, the piece ends movingly with the newly unrooted Jews trudg-ing the revolving stage in their latest exodus. For some of them, unthinkably and in a manner undreamt of, the worst Shakespearian actress in War-saw who, after three years in America has only played the

#### New York Theatre

#### Frank Lipsius

Heidi Landesman's set for part of a Polish emigré at the anusz Glowacki's Hunting Museum of Immigration: now Cockrooches at the Manhettan she is even deprived of that theatre Club is a drab grey bed-Janusz Glowacki's Hunting Cockrooches at the Manhattan Theatre Club is a drab grey bedsit. It looks like the poor, deprived Poland the emigre play-wright left behind, but no, it's the middle of the night on the disgusted at teaching Kafka Her husband, played by Ron Silver, is a famous Polish actor disgusted at teaching Kafka to girls who drive to school in lower east side of New York where an emigre couple have landed in their flight to freesports cars. He projects an image of the old-fashioned Polish nobility driving taxis in

dom.

Dianne Wiest enters reciting
Lady Macbeth's "Out, damned
spot" speech in a sing-songy
Polish accent while she hangs
a teahag and her stockings to
dry. Turning to the audience
she asks, "They say I have an
awful accent; do I?" She does.
It is executable and hillsriches. Paris between the wars. When his wife mentions being interrogated by the immigration authorities, he reminds her it is an "interview"; when the immigration interviewer emerges from beneath the bed to ask if his wife practices prostitution, the husband sagely It is execrable and hilarious. She makes everything sound advises her, "Take it as a comfunny, especially her present predicament as a famous The last of a succession of

visitors to this humble hovel, a Polish censor inviting the couple to return to Warsaw, warns them that 2,000 Russian intellectuals are about to emirate to New York, " all of them brilliant. You can introduce them to your editor," he taunts.

In one scene at the end of Olunde provides a noble and Act 1 of Wole Soyinka's Death sympathtic embodiment of the and the King's Horseman at warnings on cultural inter-Lincoln Centre, five teenage ference.

black soldiers sent to arrest Elesin a Yoruba chief intend-ing to kill himself as part of a tribal custom. The girls sur-round the soldiers, grab their fezes, mock the truculence of their white commanding officers, and laugh them off the stage. It is a compelling human moment in a play steeped in ritual and recitation in the confrontation between ruler and ruled in British Africa in 1943.

girls in school uniforms taunt

The play is based on a true incident in which the British tried to stop the Yoruba's age-old custom of having sub-ordinates kill themselves to accompany dead kings on their accompany near kings on their special praise when Soyinka won the Nobel Prize last year, the play was first produced in Chicago by Gregory Mosher, who used his new position as director of Lincoln Centre to invite the playwright to present

invite the playwright to present it in New York.

The production is most moving around the edges of the confrontation, as in the market when men make music with large rhythmic drums and Hunting Cockronches is imbued with the spirit of contemporary Polish theatre at its The conflict pits stereotyped exhilarating, ironic best, where the joke is on everyone cringing between the eastern inferiority complex and western has own death less seriously than his awarencies do Evic than his adversaries do. Eriq La Salie as Elesin's oldest son

# Watercolours boom time

The current boom in English vatercolours continues unshated. So theby yesterday topped the £1m mark in this
sector for the first time, bringing in £1,160,027 for 177 lots, with less than 3 per cent unsold.

There ware many artist auction of the current at Windsor Castle There were many artist auction porth terrace at Windsor Castle records, not least the £81,400 by Edward Dayes. Gregory for a view of Durham Cathedral by Thomas Girtin, probably painted by the artist in 1799.

Gregory was a busy buyer, creating two more auction records with the £33,000 he invested in a view of the Villa Medici in Rome by Francis Edizabeth Jennings. It is given to the work that, in the opinion of the judges, has made the most in Bath by Thomas Malton Jurithis topographical view carried a top estimate of £5,000.

Agnew also set a record with the £62,700 it paid for a view of from her own poetry. It is to

W. H. Smith for

## Jennings

from her own poetry. It is to be published in paperback by Carcanet Press to coincide with the Award.

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## about the Jews at home with-out going to see them refreshed in the themre. The punters, or Continued from Page 16

#### **Opera and Ballet**

#### WEST GERMANY

imgen Werthers, by young German composer Hans-Jürgen von Bose, has Francols Le Roux, Hildegard Hartwig, Albert Domen, Heinz Kruse and David Knutson in the

main parts. Elektra stars Christa Ludwig, Gwyneth Jones, Johanna Meier and Rians Sptin. Le Nozze di Figaro is a joint project between Hamburg and Salzburg – Mozarrankbert, Opera: Benjamin Luxon re-

peats his performance in the title role of Engen Onegin. Der Freischütz is an event of more than passing interest with Beatrice Nie hoff, Susan Roberts, Walter Raffein er and Manfred Schenk. Der Rosen-kavalier, offered for the last time this season, leatures Helena Doese, Gail Gilmore and Aage Hangland. Also in the repertory: Le Nozze di Figuro and La Boheme.

Figuro and La Boheme.
Cologne. Opera: Tannhäuser, produced by Ernst Poetigen will have its premiere this week The cast is led by Nadine Secunde. Matthias Hölle, Klaus König, Wolfgang Drendel, Josef Protschka and Ulrich Hielscher. Elektra has a particulary strong cast with Helga Dernesch, Janis Martin, Nadine Secunde, Udo Holdorf and Harald Stamm. Also in the same week Der Barbier von Sevilla.

villa.

Mischea, Bayerische Staatsoper: Don
Carlos features Mara Zampieri,
Bruna Bagioni, Jewgenij Nesterenko, Giacomo Aregall and Piero Cappucilii. Das Rheingold, produced by
Nikolaus Lehnhoff, will have its
premiere this week. The main parts
are sung by Marjana Lipovsek, Nadine Secunde, Hanna Schwarz, Joset Horderwieser. Jan Hendrik Ron-

tering and Kurt Moll. Also Madame Butterfly, sung in Italian, with Rai-na Kabaivanska, Gudrun Wewszow

would be dangerously sooth-

Royal Opera, Covent Garden: The re-vival of Jean-Louis Martinoty's dis-tressingly over-fussy Ariadne and Name brings back Ann Murray as the Composer, and introduces to London Anna Tomowa-Sin-tow's Ariadne, Edita Gruberova's Zerbinetta, and William Johns's Receives Colin Davis subversion Zerbinetta, and William Johns's Bacchus. Colin Davis, returning to the house of which he was until recently musical director, is the conductor.

English National Opera Collseum: Jonathan Miller's updating of Tooca to the final phase of Mussolini's Postett who is Pathy is near of his

Pascist rule in Italy is one of his least successful ENO productions. Phyllis Cannan now takes the ti-tle role, and Albert Rosen con-ducts. Another Miller reworking, the non-Japanese Mikado, is a much happier show - the whole company plays with great zest, and in leading roles Ann Howard, Susan Bullock, Bonaventura Bottone, and Eric Idle (Ko-Ko) are

terfully engaging.

ellind's ! Puritani: The Welsh National Opera's production sets the roal Opera's production sets the ro-mantic action against a background of fartifications, and towers which evoke the feeling of danger, thus making Efvira's fully credible. Op-era Comique (42960611) Des Giovanni conducted by Sylvain Cembreling in Brussels National Opera production with Jose van Dam, Ashley Putnam and Stnart Barrows. TMP-Châtélét. (423300) Inderella alternates with FElisir d'Anore with Don Carle conducted

ek with Bruno Becby Lothar Zagrosek with Bruno Bec-caria/Taro Ichichara in the title role with Daniela Dessi as Elisabeth de Valois and Grace Bumbry as Prin-cess Eboli. Paris Opera (42665022) allet Moisseley celebrates its 50th anniversary with a suite of old Russiam dances — partisan fighters, a day on a bost, a winter celebration. Palais des Congres (47420744)

of times is yet to come.

m: Teatro alla Scala: Un Ballo in Maschera conducted by Gianandrea Gavazzeni and directed by Sandro Segui, with scenery and costumes by Giaseppe Crisolini Malatesta.

Rome: Teatro dell'Opera: Macheth, with Renato Bruson in the title role and Shirley Verrett as Lady Mac-beth Giuseppe Patane conducts and Giorgio Pressburger directs; Don Carlo directed by Alberto Eassini (based on Luchino Visconti's pro-duction) and conducted by Gestav Kuhn. The cest includes Kutia Ric-ciarelli. Renato Bruson and Luis Liciarelli. Renato Bruson and Laris Li-

ciarelli, Renato Bruson and Luis Li-ma. (46 17 55).

Geneva: Teatro Margheritz: The 1983
Pesaro Festival production of Il Tur-co in Italia conducted by Peter Ma-ag with Luciana Serra, Enzo Dara and Alessandro Corbelli (389 329).

Bulogna: Teatro Comunale. Fidelin, conducted by Rolf Renter and di-rected by Filippo Sanjust, who also designed the scenery and costumes. The cast includes Ingrid Hanbold, Frich Knodt and Reiner Goldberg. Erich Knodt and Reiner Goldherg.

conducted by Reynald Giovaninetti, with Cristina Rubin, Helene Perra-guini and David Bendall. (584334). Trieste: Teatro Comunale Gioseppe Maurizio Arenz and directed by Carlo Maestrini. (631948).

duction of Der Rosenkavalier by Ri-chard Strauss directed by John Cox-Hartsurt Hancehen conducting the Rotserdam Philharmonic, with Ra-chel Yakar, John Tombinson, Susan Quittneyer and Derek Hammond Stroud (Tue) (255-453). Scheveningen, Circus Theatre. The Royal Ballet of Flanders with The Idiot (Panov/Shostakovich) (Mon, Tue). The Nederlands Dans Theater with Frankenstein (Kytian/Gruwith Frankenstein (Kylian/Gru-berk), Wiegelied (Kylian/Berg) and Uccelli (Duato/Respighi) (Thur).

Dario Fo, with the Netherlands Phil-

harmonic conducted by Richard Buckley. Zebava Gal (Rosina), Frank Lopardo (Almaviva), and J. Patrick Raftery (Figaro) (Mon, Wed). The Netherlands Opera pro-duction of Der Rosenkavalier by Ri-

Uccelli (Duato/Respighi) (Thur). (59800).
Rindhoven, Schomwburg. The Nederlands Dens Theater with Frankenstein (Kyllan/Gruber), Wiegelied (Kylian/Berg) and Uccelli (Duato/Respighi) (Wed). (111122).
Modern American dance performed by Bill T. Jones/Arnie Zene & Co. Mon and Tue in Amsterdam, Carré (225225), Wed in Heerlen, Schouwburg (716667), Thur in The Hague, Koninklijke Schouwburg (469450).

Koninklijke Schouwburg (469450).

#### **NEW YORK**

Metropolitan Opera (Opera House):
The week features Turandot conducted by James Levine in Franco Zeffirelii is production with Eva Marton, Placido Domingo and John Macurdy; Boris Godunov conducted by James Conlon in Angust Everding's production with Stefka Mineva, Marti Talvela, Paul Plishka and Sergei Koptchak; Carmen conducted by James Levine in Sir Feter Hall's production with Agnes Baltsa, Hall's production with Agnes Baltsa, Gabriela Benackova and Samuel Ramey; and Manon conducted by Manuel Rosenthal in Jean-Pierre Ponnelle's production with Cather-ine Maliftano, Neil Shicoff, David

# Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft

Gregory was a busy buyer,

the £62,700 it paid for a view of shipping off Calais by Richard Bonnington, perhaps best known for his early death at the age of

The W. H. Smith Annual Literary Award, worth £4,000, has gone this year to the poetess Elizabeth Jennings. It is given to the work that, in the opinion of the widge

Mary Control of the State of th

W.Germany

Top rate of income tax down

from 56 to 53 per cent in

response to clamour from

Free Democrats; minimum

tax rates reduced from 22 to

19 per cent. Corporation tax

reduced from 56 to 50 per

cent, with cuts financed by

Tax rate on highest income band to be reduced from 65

to 58 per cent; reliefs for

lower income groups and

Corporation tax to come down

from 50 per cent to 42 per

abolition of wealth tax.

curbs on subsidies and

France

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Friday March 13 1987

# Sizewell B at last

THERE IS something slightly bit. Sir Frank Layfield, how quaint about the British Government giving its consent to an application to build a nuclear the case for diversity in electric state. wer station under Section two of the Electric Lighting Act 1909, an Act that was introduced long before nuclear power was discovered. However, that is what Mr Peter Walker, the Energy Secretary announced in the House of Commons yester-

The Layfield Report, which examined the application of the Central Electricity Generating Board to build a pressurised water reactor at Sizewell in Suffolk, was the longest public surrote, was the longest parade inquiry ever held in this country. It examined every aspect and came down in favour. Even now construction cannot go shead immediately; the independent Nuclear Installations Inspectorate must first look at the safety elements of the design before granting a licence, though Mr Walker a ficence, though Mr wanter said yesterday that he had been assured that this would take no more than a couple of months and that no obstacles

Layfield, and those who passed judgment on the report, had to take into account three basic factors: environment, cost

The effect on the environment is always important. Too many ngly constructions have been been; they may also pollute the surroundings as well as spoil the view. The design for Sizewell B on the whole passed the test, but Mr Walker has gone further than the report and ruled out the CEGB's request to build an access road on the grounds that it might disturb the local community.

Costs were always difficult

stantly changing and are impossible accurately to predict in the long term. Layfield conthe long term. Layneig con-cluded that the likely costs were in favour of building Sizewell B. It was the weakest part of the report. Mr Walker said yesterday that since the inquiry was completed, economic activity has risen and with it the demand for electricity. There-fore, he added, Sizewell B was the cheapest option for meeting the anticipated need for new

capacity.

That may be stretching it a

ever, rather buried away in his report a much better argument: the case for diversity in elec-tricity supply. Even if Sizewell B does turn out to be somewhat more expensive than alternative generating sources, it may be still worth having because Britain will have mastered the technology and will have nuclear power to fall back on,

subsequently, by the Russians themselves as much as anyone

with the Sizewell decision, except to underline — as did the accident at Three Mile Island in the US, where it was a PWR involved - the need to and against human mistakes.

Both Layfield and the Depart-

ment of Energy seem to have satisfied themselves on this score. The Chief Inspector of Nuclear Installations wrote in a letter, released yesterday, that 25 years ago the Russians had accepted the risk of relying on the operators rather than on automatic systems to avoid errors. The relevance to Britain was simply that all operators must make absolutely certain that nothing is overlooked and that all are aware of the im-portance of their actions in maintaining safety at all times. There will, of course, be auto matic systems as a fall-back, and it is up to the inspectorate which is recruiting extra staff for the purpose, to see that standards are rigorously upheld. The challenge now is to industry to show that it can build Sizewell B at cost and on time, a task that it has not always been up to in the past. It can hardly claim that the way has not been assiduously prepared for the development of a new generation of nuclear power stations. Sizewell could the first of several. Yester

# Self regulation and the auditor

the British accountancy profes-sion. Today some of them are not so sure. Just as the Take-over Panel has seen its code ecome more legalistic and less effective under the pressure of competition in merchant banking, so the various accounting bodies are finding it harder to hold the self-regulatory line, as legalistic interpretations of accounting standards and principles are used to justify ques-tionable practices: The current debate on the treatment of offbalance sheet financing in com-pany accounts illustrates the problem all too well.

There is nothing particularly new about off-balance sheet financing. An obvious example of the practice is leasing, for which the accounting profession has come up with its own stan-dard solution. The concern arises where companies adopt highly artificial corporate strucpany standard the parent com-pany retains voting control over its off-shoots without the off-shoot satisfying the exact legal definition of a subsidiary. The management of the parent then excludes the borrowings of the off-shoot from the group accounts, thereby reducing the apparent gearing of the group. The auditors subsequently find themselves confronting a battery of logal environments. of legal opinion from respected City firms to justify an apparently misleading set of figures.

To the outsider this may seem rather odd. The auditor is, after all, there to exercise pro-fessional judgment on whether the account and balance sheet how a true and fair view. If they are misleading in sub-stance, if not in legal form, why not qualify the audit report?
The auditors' response is that
the Companies Act does indeed give them a right to override narrow legal interpretations in the wider interest of truth and fairness. But to qualify the report is to resort to a penal sanction which depends for its

effect on minimal use.
If securities markets respond is a sound approach. But some auditors argue from experience that the British securities mar- to tel it like it is.

NOT SO long ago the prospect kets are not uniformly efficient of increased statutory regulation of accounting matters was anothema to the leaders of that competitive pressure in a static auditing market makes it mittee should adopt a new fundamental accounting principle that requires the producers of company accounts to give priority to the substance in-

#### Statutory backing

day, and it would be hard to argue effectively that any of the necessary procedures have been bypassed.

Basic factors

The Layfield Report, which examined the application of the Central Electricity Generating Board to build a pressurised water reactor at Sizewell in should other energy costs get out of hand. Subject to safety requirements, that is a compelling case.

The debate about safety changed after the report was completed, not least because of the disaster at the Soviet nuclear power plant in Chernobyl. Yet the lessons of Chernobyl have been studied subsequently by the Russians

On their own admission, the reactor was the wrong design, the engineering was faulty and there were human errors on a massive scale. It is hard to see guard against bad engineering

#### Upholding standards

harder to resist the arguments of the clients' lawyers. The reof the chents' lawyers. The result is a difference of view in the accountancy profession as to whether the Companies Act should be amended to introduce a tougher definition of subsidiary companies; or whether the Accounting Standards Committee that accounting Standards Committee that the committee stead of the form of trans-

The trouble with the selfregulatory approach is that it is far from clear whether the auditor's hand would be streng-thened. There is a risk that the floodgates would be opened up from an endless series of debates in which the auditor's clients appealed constantly to "economic reality." The fear that arguments about substance over form might lead to the boundaries of accountancy being pushed unacceptably far recently caused the Department of Trade to take Argyll Group to court on the question of what could be legitimately consolidated in group accounts.

Equally important, the emphasis on substance over form would not address the funda-mental problems that have caused the client-auditor debate to become more legalistic. Self regulation does not pack enough punch to do the job unaided.

If off-balance sheet financing is seriously distorting perceptions about the financial position of more than a modest part of the corporate sector, there is a case for a specific amendment to the Companies Act. Yet ulti-mately the need is for statutory backing for accounting standards, together with some governmenutal oversight. This would no doubt be strongly resisted by lawyers, since they would risk losing some of the power they have recently won from the accountants. But it is probably the only way to ensure efficiently to information in the that the directors who are pri-way that academics suggest, this marily responsible for producing true and fair accounts pay more than lip serve to the need

#### WORLD TAX REFORM

# Another wave of change ahead

By John Plender

Top personal tax rates cut

to 28 per cent last year (in

phasing out exemptions for

1986 financed by cutting

corporate allowances and

higher incomes). Reforms in

personal tax breaks. Heavier

tax on capital gains. Burden

reduced proportionately more

than on higher earners who

on low income households

effect 33 per cent after

from 70 to 50 per cent in first

Reagan Administration, then

FIVE DIFFERENT APPROACHES

Top income tax rate to come

fown from 85 per cent to 65

per cent. Sharp cuts planned

in corporate tax rates, while

Withholding tax on interest

from postal savings and bank

deposits to be introduced at

income tax and corporation

tax cuts to be made up from

withholding tax and politically controversial 5 per cent value

allowances curtailed.

20 per cent. Loss from

added tax, intended to

encourage adjustment to

recent exchange rate shocks

and stimulate demand for

housing and capital goods,

TAX reform has become an all-pervasive feature of the industrialised world in the 1980s. Since Mrs Thatcher's Government cut Britain's top marginal rates of income tax at the start of the decade, the bandwaggon has rumbled inevorably through such diverse economies as France and Belgium, West Germany and Sweden, Denmark and Aus-

The process culminated in an ambitious reform in the United States, where the Reagan Admisistration has presided over a reduction in the effective top marginal rate of income tax to a mere 33 per cent. Even Japan, no slavish adherent to foreign fashions, is now travelling the reformist route, albeit with political upsets. Is there a common thread?

Idealogy has clearly played a part Both Mrs Thatcher and President Reagan belong to the President Reagan belong to the school which holds that citizens are entitled to keep the lion's ghare of their earnings even if, as in Britain, the opinion polls suggest that they would cherrfully finance more

public works.
Supply side economists have alos exerted influence on policy by reasserting arguments about the disincentive effect of high marginal tax rates on work, savings and investment. In the US the debate has been elevated from economics to the realm of metaphysics, with claims that the President's tax cuts will unleash such dynamic forces unleash such dynamic rorces into the economy that the cuts will pay for themselves in five years as taxable incomes soaranostrum that probably guarantees another less populist reform package before the decade is out.

One of the more striking aspects of the global trend, however, is that it cuts across political boundaries. In Austra-lia the Labor Government of Mr Bob Hawke proposed cuts in top income tax rates from 60 per cent to 49 per cent as part of a corporatist deal with the unions in which tax cuts and increased employer contribu-tions to pension funds provided the quid pro que for cuts in real wages. New Zealand's Labour Govern-

ment, in the meantime, cut personal taxes as part of a brave bundle of liberalising measures which included a rootand-branch assault on subsidies. controls and trade barriers. The programme is jocularly known as Rogernomics after Roger Douglas, the Finance Minister. This suggests that the symbolic importance of high mar-ginal tax rates is lessening, in countries like Britain where the tax debate is high on rhetorical content. According to Professor Mervyn King of the London School of Economics, changes in marginal tax this, argues Robinson, is that rates above 50 per cant do not there has been a political shift have much redistributive effect, away from redistribution tonor any great impact on the exchequer; the more potent force for redistribution is the rate on middle

That said, the rich in Britain are shouldering an increased

the tax system less progressive (ie, less Robin Hood-like in share of the tax burden, because their pre-tax incomes have risen disproportionately under Mrs Thatcher, But there is no con-clusive evidence to show how far, if at all, this reflects a senuine response to tax-cutting incentives as opposed to, say, a move by British management to improve top pay rates for the same degree of effort and risk in response to a more emollient political climate than in the

The argument becomes even more contentious when the top rate plunges from 50 per cent to 33 per cent as in the US. In Professor King's veiw such cuts are unlikely to generate any "efficiency" gain in the shape of additional tax revenues. He will not be popular with supply It may be that the disin-centive effects of high marginal

Britain

incoming Conservative

government reduces top

menginal rate of income tax

from 83 per cent (or 98 per

surcharge is included) to 60

8 and 12.5 per cent in 1979.

tax from 52 per cent to 35 per

Phased cuts in corporation

cent, while allowances cut.

essurance relief, retreats

from vociferous lobbles on

wants " prudent " move to 25

others, such as pensions:

Chancellor attacks some tax

cent if investment income

added tax raised to 15 per

per cent in 1979. Value

cent from a two-tier sys

expenditures like life

per cent basic rate.

tax rates are exaggerated too. There is certainly no corre-lation between marginal tax rates and economic growth: Japan and Sweden have very high marginal income tax rates, while Britain, the US and Switzerland have low ones. Nor are low top rates in the US likely to prompt a dramatic brain drain from other developed countries, as Mrs Thatcher fears. Average tax rates are more important for would-be immigrants than marginal rates; and as Mr Bill Robinson, marginai director of Britain's Institute for Piscal Studies (IFS) points out, tax rates are rather academic when individuals are being seduced by pre-tax incomes that are two or three times more than they earn in

by piecemeal addition of tax pressure an explanation for allowances and "tax expenditures," such as more an explanation for the such as more and the such as the such as more and the such as the s tures," such as mortgage in-terest relief. These have made

comprehensive benefits pack-

ages anywhere."
While traders estimate Vaske-

witch has been on £300,000 a year, a benefits officer comes a lot cheaper. The starting salary is, "around £14,000."

Sporting life

Governor Bill Clements

Texas, elected to office only last November, is already facing a damaging scandal. The subject concerns that all-consuming passion, American football.

For the past month a drama has been unfolding on the cam-pus of the Southern Methodist University in Texas where, it

The scandal has revived a furious debate about how the American education system is

effect) because arithmetic effect) because higher incomes profit most from tax reliefs. At the same time, the tax base, which is the income available to the lax man, has been eroded because of the avoidance opportunities offered by reliefs in a period when governments have had to finance a growing share of public spending in gross domestic

Here, surely, is the most powerful impetus for reform. Politicians of all persuasions have been forced to recognise that their tax systems have ceased to work properly, either in redistributing income and

reliefs for interest payments and pensions contributions. The real divide is between

those politicians who want to have their cake and eat it and those who pay for eye-catching capital, or raising revenue. By taxes on consumption or by the same token, the public de-other means. No marks here

up the system are also the most valuable weapons in the arsenal

of political patronage. No doubt that explains why relatively ideological politicians like Presi-dent Reagan and Mrs Thatcher, who were quick to see a trade-

off between cutting high tax rates and abolishing allowances,

have not fully dispensed with

#### Capital mobility will bring pressure for convergence in national tax policies

bate about incentive and dis- for President Reagan, whose incentive effects of marginal rates is often based on assumptions that no longer hold. The financial consequences of creeping erosion can be seen in a recent estimate from Canada's

Department of Finance that tax expenditures have narrowed the federal personal income tax base by 10 per cent. The process can, of course, be rationalised in political terms.

To a libertarian like Friedrich the UK.

The novel dimension in all expenditures are a reflection of this, argues Robinson, is that a degenerate auction in which there has been a political shift rival interest groups share out the strain graphed from follows. wards efficiency - a shift that citizens. Others, such as the

A more pragmatic rationalisa-

recent tax reform was intended to be "revenue neutral" despite the big budget deficit; by contrast Mrs Thatcher has nearly doubled the rate of value-added tax and greatly increased most workers' national insurance since coming to power. Indeed, a recent IFS study estimated that the tax system had increased in severity for the great majority of Britain's working population

Though income tax cuts have caught the headlines, a fundamental economic debate still surrounds changes b in incentives for savings and investment. Some, like Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, have dismantled corporation tax systems based on high rates and big allowalso dilutes the bias in the tax system in favour of capital intensity at the expense of labour—a key point in view of Britain's high level of un-A relatively under-explored question is how far these changes will affect real invest-

projects that would otherwise

show uneconomic returns. It

ment returns and national com-petitiveness in an increasingly interdependent world economy. Now that restrictions on capital flows have been lifted in rost of the leading industrialised counthose economies that offer above average rates of return. It follows that any Government move to subsidise new investment by domestic industry will make a country more attractive

corporate depreciation allowances in the 1981 US tax bill helped increase the post-tax return on industrial investment end thus contributed to an increase in the level of interest rates in the US economy. When the resulting upsurge in new investment outstripped domes-tic savings, capital was im-ported from Japan where sav-

ings were heavily subsidised.

This, however, led to upward pressure on the dollar, which made the export sector of the economy less competitive, thereby exacerbating the huge payments imbalance between the two countries.

1986 to reduce depreciation allowances, together with the Japanese attempt this year to introduce a withholding tax on interest income, could now gh rates and big allow- affect their respective capital that included powerful flows in a different direction.

tion might be that tax systems incentives for investment. Re- Forecasters of the Organisation have a life cycle. The problem moving the investment subsidy for Economic Cooperation and for today's reformers is that the will, it is argued, discourage Development (OECD) argue encrustations that have fouled companies from investing in for example, that the US tax for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) argue, for example, that the US tax reform could cut two or three points off real interest rates, which would make the US a less attractive home for foreign savings and the budget deficit more costly to finance. How the cut in the return on their savings is less easy to fathom.

In small open economies,
policymakers bave long been aware that tax changes can affect economic relations with

their trading partners. The impact is particularly striking where a single trading partner plays a disproportionately large role: Canada, for one, is highly sensitive to the way the inter-action of tax policies affects the flow of capital, people, plant and machinery across its border with the US. Where the trading pattern is

where the training pattern to international capital.

Mr David Hale, chief Britain, the effect of a change economist of Chicago-based in corporation tax on capital Kemper Financial Services, flows is inevitably harder to argues that the expansion of identity. Moreover, tax changes corporate depreciation allows are only one factor smoon many traces in the 1921 HS tax bill in influencing the requirement of in influencing the movement of funds across the exchanges. Yet Mr Hale and Profes King are both convinced that capital mobility will bring pressure for greater convergence in national tax policies.
Where the US and Japan are concerned; the case seems

How long before the next tax unbesys!? Since many of the reformers have removed infa-tion-proofing from their tax systems, any unturn in inflation might spark off another round. And those countries that have overhauled the structure withmental problems of low savings ratios and big budget deficits will have to think again. In their case reform will have a rather different connotation—a euphemism, in fact, for hefty tax increases.

## **Men and Matters**

shooting An unofficial move towards

A day's

Russian-Western detente was made in London yesterday when Novosti, the Soviet state pub-lishing agency, signed a deal with the British publishers William Collins. The companies have agreed

on joint publication of A Day in the Life of the Soviet Union, a book of photographs which will book of photographs which will
be taken throughout the USSR
on May 15 by 50 western and
50 Soviet photographers.
Negotiations on the book have
been going on since 1984. David
Cohen, president of Collins' US
company, and editor of the Day
in the Life series, said, "It's
taken three years and three
Soviet general secretaries.
Finally we got the right one. It
couldn't have happened under
anyone but Gorbachev."

anyone but Gorbachev."

Alexei Pushkov, chairman of
Novosti, said "The book will be
a contribution to make people of different countries know much more about each other."
Each photographer will be accompanied by a guide. But all film will be taken, unprocessed and unvetted, to Europe

for printing.

The book will be published in November in Russia and the west simultaneously to coincide with the 70th anniversary of the Russian Revolution.

Fringe benefits With Nahum Vaskevitch, head of mergers and acquisitions in the London office of Merrill Lynch, newly suspended following an accusation of insider trading, I notice the office is trying to hire itself a Benefits Officer.

He, or she, will be a specialist in putting together and administering a package of staff rewards additional to basic salaries — including pension, assurance, and sick funds, com-

zities. pany car schemes, and sporting and social facilities. As Merrill Lynch puts it, "We aim to reward our staff with one of the most attractive and



was discovered, college football players were receiving large sums of money to boost their performance on the field. The national collegiate athletic association promptly cancelled the ciation promptly cancelled the university's 1987 season—a crippling and humiliating blow both to the ball-players and their alma mater. alma mater.

Last week it was disclosed that Clements, while chairman of the university's board of governors in 1985, had known and approved of the payments to players who had been recruited earlier with promises of covert financial assistance.

The county has revived a What he failed to mention was that his opponent in the last bruising race for the governor's seat highligted education as one of his main cam-paing themes.

#### Lord's libation

An incident which momen-tarily shattered the customary calm of the House of Lords was the talking point in the Bishops' Bar and other noble rafresh-

American education system is being corrupted by attitudes which put aport first, and acade-mic study second. A further concern is how rich business-men are using the system to compete with each other in recruiting gifted young sports-men to their respective univer-sities. ment areas yesterday. Towards the end of the otherwise even tempered debate on manufacturing industry, Lord Lucas of Chilworth, Under As for Clements, he has Lucas of Chilworth, Under apologised for authorising the payments to students saying that the university is "a victim Aldington, a leading Tory backbench peer and former minis-ter, so much that he stalked out of the Chamber in disgust.

Aldington is chairman of the Lords Select Committee on Overseas Trade whose 1985 report on the parlous state of the manufacturing sector was strongly resented by Chancellor Nigel Lawson and other senior members of the Cabinet. Aldington insisted that the passage of 15 months had not provided any cause for second thoughts.

Lucas questioned the Committee would have remained "so despondent," and refused to yield the floor to allow Aldington to respond. Exit Aldington protesting against "phoney remarks"; with Viscount Whitelaw, the leader of the House, semaphoring the nearest Government whip to apply the appropriate soothing libetion.

#### Storm brewing

More than mere froth, I suspect, the defiance of the tele-gram delivered to the European Court of Justice in Luxembourg on the eve of its decision that West Germany's beer purity laws of 1516 could not be used to keep foreign beers out of the

brewery," came from a small town in Westphalia. "You can announce whatever you have decided on March 12 at 9.30 am," it read. "We will not have any adulterated beer in our cellars in the future, as in the past. "We still believe in the tradition of 'pure and mature,'

#### Wise precaution

Typed notices of meetings received by a member of a Hampshire women's club: Speakers for Thursday, March 12. Mrs Watson: Home-made wines. Mrs Burge: What to do until the doctor arrives.

Observer

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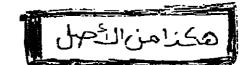
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Inch For the March



THE AIDS epidemic is soberly described on both sides of the Atlantic as one of the gravest threats to public health this century. There are other voices which talk less soberly. AIDS, they say is the modern version of the black death. It is the higgest threat ever faced by mankind.

mankind

How seriously is this to be taken? That depends shove all on a further question—how far the disease is moving from high-risk groups to the general population. The best place to pose that question is in the country with much the best data on AIDS, the US. The answer from there is beginning to sound surprisingly optimistic.

US victims are officially expected to number 270,000 by the end of 1991, compared with a total to date of just under 32,000 (the UK total is 731). Dreadful though the projected figure is, it would represent a marked slowing in the rate of increase.

This is already hereauticant.

ncrease. This is already happening. Five years ago, the number of US victims was doubling every five months. By the end of 1984 it was every it was every nine months; by last December, every 13 months (The UK figure is still 10

months).

At the US Government's Centers for Disease Control (CDC) in Atlanta, where these figures are calculated—and where the existence of the disease was first established — researchers such as Dr Harold Jaffe, head of epidemiology for the CDC's AIDS programme, mult over the significance of this.

significance of this.

"The slowing depends on several factors," says Dr Jaffe.

"First, the rate at which newly

"There are reasons to think the rate at which new people are being added is slowing. We know that gay men have dramatically changed their behaviour, and that in certain populations — in parts of San Francisco, for instance — saturation point has been reached.

"On the second point, we don't really know what the

don't really know what the gay men have changed their curve of conversion looks like. habits so dramatically. In New But of the 270,000 cases projected by end-1991, we estimate that around 75 per cent will be among those already infected. with the other 25 per cent being those who become in-fected between now and then. fected between now and then.
So most of what we see happening by 1991 is probably unelsewhere. At the WhitmanWalker clinic in Washington,

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- W	*Doubling time
Data	in the US
September 1981	(Months)
January 1982	5
June 1982	6
December 1982	6
July 1983	7
February 1984	8
December 1984	9
October 1965	11
December 1986	13
* Length of time required	for number of cases
to double	

and cases are off? among high	fak gr	oups		
	COM	ULATIVE CAS SINCE J	es and de Une 1981	aths
ADLTS/ADOLESCENTS	Cases	(%)	Deaths	(%)
Homosexus/Sicerusi Maio	20,593	( 65.6)	11,578	( 63.9
atravenous (IV) Drug Abuser	5,312	( 16.9)	3,227	( 17.8
iomoseumi Maio and IV Drug Abuser	2,426	( 7.7)	1,437	( 7.9
lemophilia/Coagulation Disorder	263	( 0.8)	157	( 0.5
feterneexuni Cases*	1,180	( 3.8)	677	( 3.7
Transferior, Blood/Components	598	( 1.9)	418	( 2.3
Undetermined	1,009	( 3.2)	611	( 3.4
Total	31,381	(100.0)	18,105	(100.0

# AIDS: it may not be too late

years, but some recent model-ling would put it at seven to aight years, which takes us back to before the disease was

shoot up with homosexuals. You you can guarantee the same for the other side?' At that point, most of them start to laugh.

Another problem population,

They're the ones at risk."

San Francisco."

The CDC possesses a remarkable body of data which shows the scale of the tragedy. In the late 1970s, blood samples were taken from 6,700 male homosexuals in San Francisco infected people are being added.
Second, the rate at which infected people are becoming ill.
There are reasons to think the rate at which new people in the course of a study of another viral disease common

York and San Francisco, says Jaffe, the incidence of rectal gonorrhea and syphilis—two reliable indicators of unprotected sexual activity—are down by as much as 85 per cent since 1980.

Walker clinic in Washington, By the same token, those By the same token, those now developing AIDS largely represent the sexual habits of the past. Dr Scott Holmberg, a colleague of Jaffe's, says "we think the mean incubation period of the virus is around period of the virus is around ing it as time goes on. We long the same token, those By the same token, those By the same token, those By the same token, those DC, a voluntary gay centre for the past that one member of each bave a lifetime history of more sexual partners than most of the wider prognosis for the was carrying the virus, and both have a lifetime history of more sexual partners than most of the population. Yet we're all worried about heterosexual audiences," says an unspoken assumption that the Whitman-Walker clinic. You have to set them back a male homosexual at that. I say to them 'have you been in a monogamous relationship of the virus is around in a monogamous relationship the virus, and both have a lifetime history of more sexual partners than most of the wider prognosis for the was carrying the virus, and both have a lifetime history of more sexual partners than most of the population. Yet we're atill worried about heterosexual audiences," says "we'the workers asys "with a lot of the volunteers at you're not at risk unless you're a male homosexual — and a white male homosexual at that. I say to them 'have you been in a monogamous relationship the virus, and both have a lifetime history of more sexual partners than most of the population. Yet we're all worried about heterosexual transmission, but the population. Yet we're all worried about heterosexual transmission, but the post 16 months been testing the post 16 months been test

back to before the disease was known to exist. Even five years takes us back to the first identification of the disease as a rare condition of homosexual men in San Francisco."

Hike that."

Another problem population, says Dr Holmberg, is bisexual men. "We find, for example, that they make up an undue proportion of seropositives donating blood. The particular men."

the other side?' At that point, recruits are mostly young men, most of them start to laugh. They're the ones at riak."

Nor is there any evidence, say CDC researchers, of anything like the same reduction in venereal disease among

its Morbidity and Mortality heterosexuals attending an STD Weekly Report, the CDC (sexually transferrable diseases) reported last November on the activities of two "swing clubs" investigation of around 200 men

activities of two "swing clubs" investigation of around 200 men in St Paul, Minnesota, whose who are attending for other 285 members met regularly for diseases has failed to find the promiscuous sex. Asked if they saw themselves as being at increased risk of AIDS, three-quarters said no. It then transmired that one member of each control of the cont

was carrying the virus, and both hurriedly disbanded.

"You get some very amug heterosexual audiences," says Paul, one of the volunteers at Again, the US Army has for the population. Yet we're still seeing low rates of infection."

Again, the US Army has for the volunteers at Again, the US Army has for the population.

that they make up an undue proportion of seropositives donating blood. The particular problem is that it's almost impossible to get public health information to them—there's no mechanism. They're not enrolled in treatment programmes, and they don't go to bisexual bars."

But what of heterosexuals? They make up just 2 per cent of US AIDS cases at present, a proportion which is expected to double by 1991. Are they behaving sensibly?

In the clinical language of thing like the same reduction thing like the same reduction in veneral disease among heterosexuals as among homosexuals. Yet the evidence continues to point to low rates of AIDS infection.

Particularly striking is a still unpublished CDC study from New York, the city with not only the highest number of AIDS victims—over 9,000—but also now the highest incidence, at one case per 1,010 population."

The mention of minorities, though, is a sharp reminder against complacency. A CDC study last October showed that of all heterosexual AIDS sufferers in the US, three-quarters were black or Hispanic. Most lived in highly infected areas like New York and New Jersey, and half of those were intravenous drug users.

In other words, sufferers are coming to be concentrated in areas outside the mainstream of American society. AIDS would not be the first preventable

Tony Jackson finds a surprising optimism about

the disease — in the developed world at least

disease -- preventable in the

sense that its mode of trans-

mission is known—to end up picking its victims from among the Third World and the urban the Third World and the urban poor; indeed, in the worst afflicted parts of Africa the level of infection among the general population makes the problem much more severe.

That depressing thought aside, the wider prognosis for the developed world remains optimistic. "We're all worried about heterosexual transmission, but some very early and preliminary data from screening of military

community," says Dr Holmberg.
With, admittedly, one important caveat. "Though we have pretty good epidemiological information about AIDS, and good biological and immuno-logical information, it's amazing how often we run into questions about basic behaviour in this country that we don't have the answers to. How many married people have affairs, and how many affairs? And are they still having them? How many American men use prostitutes?

How many prostitutes are there? How many homosexuals? "You ask agencies around the country and you get different answers, and most would admit they're guessing. But at least a heterosexual man having an affair now is in a very different position from a gay man in a bathhouse in San Francisco in

This still leaves the very puzzling question of why, if at least some of the heterosexual population are still indulging in unprotected promiscuity, they are not suffering as the homogeneous population did in the sexual population did in the early stages of the epidemic. But it is a question which many researchers, weary of speculation, are coming to regard as unprofitable.

Too many theories have been tried and abandoned—the use of nitrites by homosexuals as a stimulant, infection through hepatitis B vaccine, transmission through and transmission through and transmission through and transmission through and transmission. through anal rather than vaginal intercourse. The question is one of a number about the disease of a number about the disease
—where it came from, when it
first appeared—of which one
researcher says "we don't
really know, and we don't really
care any more. What is important is what we do now."

### Lombard

# **Importance of** round figures

By Malcolm Rutherford

RARELY can a British Chanment to go up to 27p. By now, cellor have been in such a there is clearly room to go the favourable position as Mr Nigel whole way. Lawson as he puts the finishing touches to his Budget speech next Tuesday. Only the example of R A Butler in 1955 comes to mind. Mr Butler cut six-pence off income tax, raised personal allowances, reduced the purchase tax on Lancashire textiles and was still left with the prospect of a Budget sur-plus of £150m.

The Conservatives went on to win the general election with win the general election with an increased majority—the first time that had happened to a party in office for 90 years. But since the Chancellor was then obliged to introduce another Budget in the autumn, raising purchase tax all round and cutting local authority spending, that is not perhaps the happiest of comparisons.

piest of comparisons. Mr Lawson need have no such Mr Lawson need have no such fears: the scope for tax cuts is there, as well as for reducing the public sector borrowing requirement. A further fall in interest rates may be in the offing. It is a most unusual development in Britain that a Budget can be anticipated with pleasure rather than with pain.

There is a lot of politics in it. of course. The Chancellor would be wise to make a virtue of that. It will be not so much a reforming Budget as an affordable bonanza. But what Mr Lawson could do is to make the tax could do is to make the tax cuts now and promise the reforms later. In so doing he should recognise the importance

of round figures. Sir Geoffrey Howe, when he was Chancellor, said that despite the initial impact on inflation, the raising of the value added tax to 15 per cent was worth it because for a long time to come nobody would want to change it again. The figure was round, calculable and convenient; far better than (say) 131 per cent or any minor variant either side

of 15. It is the same with the stan-dard rate of income tax today. The Conservatives — and none more than Mr Lawson himself
— have long wanted to cut it
to 25p. It is at present 29p.
Until recently it would have
been thought quite an achieve-

One assumes that 26p is out One assumes that 26p is out because it is so manifestly not a round figure and would draw attention to falling short of the target, whereas 27p could be presented as a mark of prudence: the Chancellor could say that he would have liked to have gone to 25p, but the circumstances did not yet warrant it. In such a way, he might win plaudits for his caution.

plaudits for his caution. The choice is political. A conservative with a small "c" would go for 27p and argue: vote for us because if we go in this responsible fashion, there may be more to come next time.

A radical would recognise that such felicitous circumstances arise very seldom and would go for 25p straightaway. And an intelligent radical would recognise something else. Once you are down to 25p, it is a round figure. Nobody easily is going to start messing about with it, at least if the same government remains in office.

The highly intelligent radical would go further and acknowledge that the way was then free to get on with tax reforms simplification of the system and the linking of tax and benefits. No more old-style Budgets.

No more old-style Budgets.

The same argument could apply to the top rate of income tax, which Mrs Thatcher has long regretted not bringing down to 50p in the first place. Sir Geoffrey reduced it from 83p to 60p, where it still stands. It would not cost very much to go to 50p, but it might drive some puritan Tory voters into the arms of the Alliance, so the political case is probably for prudence this time. prudence this time.

Yet the general drift should be clear. The best place for Mr Lawson in Government is the Treasury. The idea that he should be shifted to the Foreign Office as a reward after the election is ridiculous. He does not even much like abroad. Mr Douglas Hurd would be a far better Foreign Secretary and has spent much of his life preparing for it. Mr Lawson should cut taxes now, remain as Chan-

#### Arms and the ministry

From the Director, Society of British Aerospace

Sir,—May I comment on your editorial "Arms and the Ministry" (March 10). I was encouraged that you chose not to support the sceptics Hartley, Husshain and Smith over the employment and profitability nefits to this country of our defence industry. I am however concerned over your conclusion that HMG, in reaching its decision on Westland, should keep considerations of defence quite separate from general economic and industrial policy.

It surely cannot be refuted that our defence industry is an extremely important, and indeed extremely successful, part of our manufacturing sector. Defence industry turnover of £10bn annually and 400,000 workers employed in defence related fields are of vital significance to employed in derence reactive fields are of vital significance to us all. It cannot have gone unnoticed, even by academics like Keith Hartley, that for the past two centuries the source of this nation's wealth has been its industrial base. Yet in the last six years manuacturing trade as a whole has dropped from a £5m surplus to a £7.5bn deficit. As our future oil revenues decline this nation is going to look to manufacturing to sustain it—

I do not suggest that we can ever expect, or would seek, a revival of the old smoke stack factories. It is the high technology, innovative intensive industries which will restore Britain's fortunes and it is these industries which should be able to expect HMG's support.

The defence sector of our trade and the same industrial hase

The defence sector of our manufacturing industrial base is for the most part high tech, high value added and relatively labour intensive. Last year our constants industry by export. labour intensive. Last year our aerospace industry by exporting £4.75bn worth of its products earned this country the princely sum of £2bn. Well over half of those products were defence related.

Hartiey and his colleagues Hartiey and nis colleagues ignore two facts of life. To be able to purchase defence equip-ments from overseas suppliers, ments from overseas suppliers, even if those equipments are initially marginally cheaper than those produced here, this than mose produced nere, this country first has to earn the cash to make those purchases. But when we manufacture our own weapons the nation saves this hard earned currency. Curthal the Mod spends country the mod spends country. own weapons to the fabric of our ing part of the fabric of our ing part of the fabric of our already awful manufacturing to any out already awful manufacturing to the fabric of our strade deficit while another 400,000 would be looking for work. Defence manufacturing is part of the fabric of our economy.

Of course, there will be occa-ons when HMG will have no

### Letters to the Editor

alternative but to purchase some specialised defence equipment from overseas but, as an advanced industrial nation, we can manufacture the bulk of our own defence equipment rules are "inadequate." It is a matter of regret that the select committee should make the implied criticism that the Stock Exchange rules are "inadequate." It is

This brings me to the West-land question. Westland is, per-haps, only a relatively small part of our defence industrial base. Nonetheless, it is an important part and a centre of high technology and innovation. It cannot be in this nation's best interests to allow our entire helicopter design capability to be eroded to the point where we have none at all. Westland is not only important to the west country's economy, it is important to this nation's

future. (Sir) John Curtiss. 29 King Street, SW1.

#### Westland and the Market From Mr P. Wills.

Sir, -- The report of the House of Commons Select Committee on Westland contains the following recommendation: "We consider that the public interest demands a high degree interest demands a high degree of transparency in share dealings involving a public limited company and this, of course, is especially so in the case of a company involved in defence contracts. The Westland case has demonstrated the inadequacy of the Stock Exchange rules to deal with this matter effectively and accordingly we recommend that the Government should introduce early legislation to require prompt disclosure of the identity of those controlling the voting rights in the shares".

Understandably, the media have interpreted this as a criticism of the Stock Exchange. If that is what the select com-

If that is what the select committe intended, it is unfair. In evidence to the select committee, we took con-siderable pains to point out that the Stock Exchange was respon-sible particularly for ensuring that companies compiled with the provisions of the Yellow Rock It has not the authority siderable pains to point out that the Stock Exchange was responsible particularly for ensuring that companies compiled with the provisions of the Yellow Book. It has not the authority, nor does it wish to take it, to administer either the law, or those powers which should rightfully be exercised by the Department of Trade and Industry under the Companies Acts. Stock Exchange rules do not cover the matter of nominee shareholders, because they cannot.

The Stock Exchange has recommended that Parliament of the Community. Any recommended that Parliament of the Community. Any recommended that Parliament of the Community. Any opinion polls conducted in the seat showed that the Tories began the campaign with a level of support well below that of to tackle the budget crisis in the EEC ignores three important but relevant facts.

Reform of the CAP is a painful and politically difficult process for most states (less so for the UK?) and the efforts of farm ministers to take appropriate and often harsh measures are commendable, More is needed and more will be done. Agriculture, however, is part of the economic and social fabric of society in many regions of the Community. Any

should consider a change in the law. It is a matter of regret needs and it is greatly to our not for the Stock Exchange to benefit to do so.

P. G. B. Wills, Sheppards Moneybrokers, 20 Grasham Street EC2.

#### Set-aside land

From the Director of Studies, Trade Policy Research Centre Sir.-I have noted with interest the correspondence that is developing (March 5 and 10) on the amounts that would have to be paid to farmers to persuade them to set aside land from current production.

Before we proceed too far with discussion of the techni-calities of such a programme, might some consideration be given to the principle? Governgiven to the principle? Govern-ments first provide what almost all admit to be an excessively generous incentive for produc-tion. Then, apparently, they consider providing an incentive for not exploiting the first incentive. Was Mr Scargill's only mis-fortune that coal was grown a

fortune that coal was grown a hundred million years or so ago? Otherwise, there might have been serious attention to a demand for indefinite "setaside" payments to miners in return for their agreement not to produce surplus coal.
What is it about agriculture that makes apparently rational people contemplate such ideas with anything other than ridicule?

Martin Wolf.
I, Gough Square EC4.

#### EEC budget crisis

From the Executive Director Irish Council of the European

precipitate action would have disastrous consequences for that society. That is why farmers whose livelihoods are threatened by CAP reform are entitled to some form of assis-tance to help them readapt to new, less generous market con-ditions. After all, that is what Community solidarity is all Development of genuine com-

really only been one so far -the CAP -- cannot be under taken without an acceptable level of funding. In that con-text, the Commission proposal to double the volume of reusurp the function of the sources for the so-called struc-legislature. tural funds corresponds to a genuine need on the part of the less prosperous regions to deve-lop their economic and social potential so that they too can benefit from the advantages of the internal market. Free market forces have a habit of pass-ing the peripheral areas by !

Your appeal for a more modest increase in the Commondest increase in the country's financial resources is surely going to lead us back in a year's time to the point we are at now. I do not think it is unreasonable for any large organisation and particularly one as unique and complex as one as unique and complex as the Community to aim for a minimum degree of budgetary security over a longer period. One of the main causes of recent Community inertia has been the inordinate amount of time spent on internal budgetime spent on Suraly the Comtary wrangles. Surely the Com-mission proposal for a new ceiling equivalent to 2.1 per cent of VAT by 1992 is not outlandish given the new policy objectives enshrined in the Single European Act. Michael Hoey,

#### Electors of Greenwich

From the National Secretary, locial Democratic Party Sir, — Mr Guebenlian (March 6) clearly has not talked to any of the electors of Greenwich who voted Conservative in 1983.

Many of them decided to vote for Rosie Barnes before the tactical voting issue was raised in the later stages of the campaign. Even the earliest opinion polls conducted in the seat showed that the Tories became the campaign with a level



#### From the right vantage point, your vistas extend to even distant markets. Let's look them over together.

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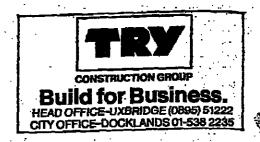
The broadly based Bank.

Zurich, Budapest.



# FINANCIALTIMES

Friday March 13 1987



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Lionel Barber reports on a controversial jobs programme in America's backyard

# Seeking a soft landing in Mexico

ver-haired Texan president of Laredo National Bank, tapped his ciga on the dashboard and pointed out of

The shanty town stretched for at least half a mile: a straggly line of flimsy shacks held together by wooden planks, corrugated sheet roofs and a few judiciously placed

"We call the people who live there the paracaidistas", said Mr Jacobs, "the people who drop out of the sky."

We were jurching along a pot-holed road in Nuevo Laredo, a couple of miles from the Rio Grande, on the Mexican side of the border Since 1982 and the collapse of the peso. Mr Jacobs reckons 75,000 paracaidistas have landed in Nuevo Laredo, swelling the population to 450,000 and creating a pressure cooker atmosphere uncomfortably close to its sister town in Laredo,

In these depressing surroundings an experiment in job creation is starting to unfold. Some say it amounts to encouraging multina-tional companies to exploit cheap Mexican labour at the expense of American jobs. Supporters argue it is sound economic and social policy; the chance to entice big business away from the Pacific basin and into America's backyard, preserving jobs in the long term and creating a safety valve for the trustrations of the Mexican people.

The experiment is called the maquiladora, or twin plant programme. Its origins he in the dutyfree treatment accorded under the US tariff code to raw materials, components and machinery enter-ing Mexico from the US. These are delivered to factories in Mexico, and, at a later date, the assembled or manufactured goods are exported to the US with duty paid only on

AN EIGHT-FOOT grizzly bear

greets the visitor at the entrance

Klineburger taxidermy - es-

tablished in Washington state in 1937 - branched out in 1985 and

1986 by setting up twin plants in

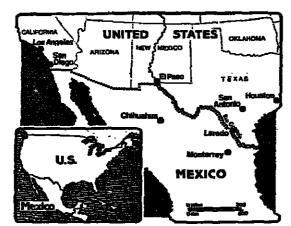
ey. Mexico. The company's story

if a little exatic - is a good ex-

ample of how business can ex-ploit the magnila concept.

San Antonio, Texas, and Mont

eburgers – one of the officest maquiladores in



Maguiladora imports into the US in 1985 amounted to \$5.4bn, accord-About \$2.5bn of goods were eligible for duty, which means \$3bn of components and materials were sent rom the US duty free into Mexico.

Natural gas prices, at between 70 cents and \$1.58 a gallon, are less than one-fifth as high as in the US. The maquiladora programme has prospered quietly for at least 15 years on both sides of the border. In uarez, a Mexican neighbour of El Paso, 86,000 jobs have sprung up with the arrival of big players such as Sony, Motorola, General Motors and Chrysler. In El Paso - where lovment rate is between 9 and 12 per cent - the maquilas account directly, and indirectly, for

bout 20,000 jobs. What is new is the way the ma-quila concept is catching on fast elsewhere along the border. In Nuevo Laredo, between 4,000 and 8,000 Mexicans work in the maquilas. General Motors has set up a ceramics factory. Ford has built a highly sophisticated stamping plant making catalytic converters, and CMI International will shortly start up a new aluminium casting factory. All three are taking advantage of cheep three are taking advantage of

The San Antonio factory em-ploys five people headed by the foremen Mr Nouri Tajbaksh, an

deer with the Shah's brother.

Prince Abdul Rezah, in the Chi-

nese Tibet mountains in the 1978s. After the Shah's downfall,

Mr Tajbaksh returned to Scuttle,

where more than 10 years before

Mr Tajbaksh is an artist, an

he first learnt how to stuff - rath

Hard labour behind the grizzly bear's smile

labour and lower natural gas prices,

But the competitive edge on costs

has begun to put organised labour on the alert, and northern members

of Congress representing the run-

down manufacturing areas fear

that the maquilas are accelerating

the steady drift south of unskilled

and semi-skilled jobs out of the US

Some US academics go further.

Professor Jeff Brannon at the Uni-

versity of Texas business and fi-

nance department in El Paso said:

just a fast buck operation. They are

not a long-term strategy for dealing

with the regions. You don't get any-where by paying people subsistence

Mr Jacobs, a native of San Anto-

nio who worked for seven years as a banker in El Paso, said Laredo

was learning from the mistakes of

the early maquila period when most of the low-paid jobs were given to

"These people who criticise are

atop at nouse.

ats, sculpted nauscles,
jams - to give his ani
life-like quali

hat pervades the Texas factory. The hard labour is deae in

Monterey, Mexico, where 25

workers, mainly unskilled, are

us. The skins - sent duty free

In some cases the maquilas are

Mr Jacobs says.

For example, General Motors announced in January that it intended to cut its operating costs by \$10bn a year by 1990 and to reduce capital spending in its automotive business by almost \$5hn in the next three years - all in an effort to improve its competitive position. There is longer-term planning, too, behind American backing for

try from moving to the Pacific ba

the maquilas. Supporters hope that the productivity ratings at the Mex-ican plants will, eventually, per-suade foreign investors to put their main operating headquarters on the US side of the border. Sony has already set up a small operation in Laredo - Mr Jacobs said 150 different Japanese companies have ex-12 months (although Europeans have so far stayed away). Laredo, like other US border

towns, needs jobs. The Dallas Federal Reserve Bank, monitoring the region, reckons that the population of 42,000 has an unemployment rate of 16.7 per cant compared with a rate nationally of 6.7 per ent. Mr Jacobs believes it is nearer per cent in Laredo.

Mr Aldo Tattangelo, the local mayor, said: The maquilas are the future for this town. They give hope to communities on both sides of the

Hope is what many Mexicans need at the moment. The new US immigration bill passed by Con-gress late last year has made it far more difficult for illegal aliens to get work in the US. Heavy federal fines appear to be deterring US employers from taking on illegal Mexi-

Mr Willie Velasquez, a political consultant in San Antonio, and an expert on Hispanic affairs, says the naquilas are, on balance, a useful safety valve. But they have also

can be safely assumed they are way below American levels in gr-

Tajbaksh points out that the

Mexicans are also trained to

Back to the grizzly. The hunter who felled the bear in Dead-horse, Alaska, will have to wait

one and a kalf years for his tro-

phy. The cost? Last menth's

But reports that Mr Caspar Wein-

imal moulds.

## Guinness backwash unsettles island bankers

"GUINNESS," so the slogan for the dark brown brew goes, "is good for you." The discreet financial community of the island of Jersey, one of he UK's friendly neighbourhood tax havens, is not so sure.

Bankers on this Channel Island, tucked close to the coast of northern France, are feeling an uncomfortable backwash from the scandal surrounding the UK drinks compa-

ny.

This week it was disclosed that £5.2m (\$8,2m) of Guinness money had poured through the Jersey branches of Britain's National Westminster, Midland and Charterhouse Japhet banks.

The money - part of the £25m spent by Guinness in support of its bid for its rival group Distillers— was on its way, at least as regards ome £3m, to Switzerland.

At a time when the UK's opposi-tion Labour Party is making threatening noises about what it will do, if it comes to power, to make the island less attractive to businessme who tread the fine line between avoidance and evasion of their legal and fiscal responsibilities to the mainland, Jersey would rather the money had not been poured through its coffers.

There is no reason to believe that any of the banks has acted in any way improperly. Indeed, when the money passed through them last year, they, like everyone in the City of London, would have had no reason to think twice about doing business with Guinness's then chairman, Mr Ernest Sæmders.

But today with Mr Saunders disgraced and Guinness enveloped in a web of scandal, official investigations and potential criminal charges, things look very different.

A banker regarded it as "pro-foundly embarrassing" – a view en-dorsed by a stockbroker who observed that: "Whenever there is a whiff of scandal it must be embar using for the financial sector." But, he added, the island had weathered scandals in the past and been left with its probity and finan-

cial activities undamaged. Another businessman took a somewhat gloomier view. There were, he said, so many people on the island taking deposits when

they shouldn't be. Also, "there is an awful lot of money being laundered here." Jer-sey, he said, was leaving itself open to "rabid Socialists" to cause a con-

There is a great deal at stake. The island, which is still famous for its cows and thick cream, with nearby Guernsey is part of Europe's fas test-growing financial centre. Bank-ing deposits are estimated at around £40bn. There are 53 banks and financial institutions on Jersey and 45 on Guernsey.

At the centre of the present affair is Mr Michael Dee. His company, Marketing and Acquisition Consul tants, received the £5.2m - on behalf, it claimed, of Mr Thomas Ward, the US lawyer who is refus-ing to resign as a Guinness director. Mr Dee is not, it can confidently be said, in the front rank of Jersey

He is an elusive man and camera shy. There have been media pic-tures of his "£500,000 house" and his "£125,000 yacht," and reports of his liking for fast cars. There has been at least one triumphant claim

status to live in the world's most ex chisive club. Only five a year may join – provided they have an incor of not loss than £75,000 a year and assets in excess of £2m.

Mr Dee appears to be behind the Enroplan group of Jersey compa-nies, with which Marketing and Ac-

The company changed its name in April, 1985, from Intertex Techni-cal and Investment Services. Mr Dee and Viscount Villiers, the 38were founder shareholders in 1981.

The main company seems to be Europian Financial Services which

Neither Jersey nor Mr Dee is goyear. They have invited comment ing to be quickly shot of the Guinby next month and will then pub- ness Affair and the unwelcome publicity it is giving them. Guinness's the new rules in any case, but the likely to drag on for months before inclusion of Japan in the agreement the Royal Court, which is under is seen as important in ensuring an pressure to redeem the island's rep-even competitive environment for utation for being able to keep its THE LEX COLUMN

# Rowntree reaches the marzipan

Two years of static earnings per share topped by a rights issue to buy a company already so well-managed as not to offer rapid growth, and the market was fairly fed up with Rowairee Mackintosh. But at llast the long-promised jam is close enough to consumption for the shares to take it into account.

With the pound strengthening continually, yesterday may not have been the best moment to tell the market that North American profits will rise sharply this year, bringing them uptowards the contribution made by the UK and European arms. While US acquisitions have to be made with fingers about Sunmark so far.

In Europe it is now almost entirely safe to say that Rowntree has finally got it right. It will take some time to move European margins up from last year's 2.7 per cent to the 10 per cent normal in Rowntree's confectionery businesses but profit growth should now be rapid. Similarly the efforts put into Aus-

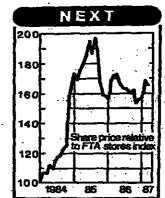
tralia are now being repaid. This year the rationalisation programme in the UK should bring cost savings of £5m or £6m. And though there are still problems elsewhere, at least nothing seems to be getting On that basis alone, and helped

by replacing £55m of debt costing 11 per cent with a convertible paying perhaps 4% per cent, Rowntree could make £115m this year against the £84m just reported. The aftereffects of the rights issue will still retard the earnings per share growth, to around 15 per cent, but even so the prospective multiple is only 12 or so with the shares at 497p, down 1p yesterday.

The market is nervous of more acquisitions, creating further paper. But that danger should not demand a discount to the sector when otherwise Rowntree deserves a premium. Nor has the UK investing community yet adopted the view, prevalent in the US, that strong in tional brands like Kit Kat (of which £255m-worth was sold last year) merit a couple more points on the p/e. If UK investors do not recognise it others soon may.

### Concert party

The Takeover Panel's new rules on disclosure and concert parties appear to have claimed their first



fence of Hillards against Tesco. Discretionary funds managed by Cazenove have been deemed to be in concert with the Hillards shares owned by the founding Hartley family. The problem is that the combination of the two adds up to more than 30 per cent, which means that any other parties thought to be

The implication that its discretionary funds are unquestioning fodder for the corporate finance department will doubtless anger Cazenove. But the Takeover Panel's repair all the figures into a declining dolars. utation for vigilance was badly lar.
dented by the revelations about the . More interesting are statistics tactics of Guinness in its pursuit of Distillers. It is no wonder the Panel has now become a martinet.

case of Next, now with added Grat- been so keen to see removed. tan, this situation is the more con- in the notoriously hard-to-trade fused by the fact that these figures Italian market 38 per cent of the are a five-month instalment of a 17- market value was traded last year month financial year. Yet things compared to 18.7 per cent in 1976. It are not so confused as to disguise is difficult to decide which came the fact that both sides of the new first; the pressure of new, and parti-group have performed excellently. Galarty breege, successors to get into group have performed excellently. calledy foreign, investors to get into While Gratten is gaining through the market or the flood of new listthe shift from agency to direct ings and rights issues which insales, Next has continued to in-creased the supply of stock and so crease sales per square foot against created greater marketability. In a background of continued rapid 1986 the UK equity market was less

enough space to match its ability to ing by the Stock Exchange's turn-broaden its range, then it is easy to over figures since Big Bang that

question is whether attracting Next-type customers into mail order will cannibalise the commany's sales on the High Street. Since the first combined catalogue does not come out until the autumn, these figures cannot give a guide to the strategic success of the merger. At this stage there are just the standard merger savings on overheads and back room work, which may have added about £2m to the pre-

Yesterday, Next's share price gained ground steadily as analysts flown by the company to its Leicester HQ were given the fashion show treatment. At 321p up 23p, the share's premium to the sector is a fair reward for the wit to attempt a route to growth which does not depend on physical gigantism and undying popular affection for the High

#### Equity turnover

An 80 per cent increase in world in concert with this pair will not be stock market turnover between able to buy more than 2 per cent of 1985 and 1986 cannot entirely be put Hillards' equity during the next down to the bull market which pushed Morgan Stanley's world in-dex up by 39.1 per cent last year. Some help was given by that same firm's affection for its home curren-

suggesting sharply improved liquidity in individual markets, which must be welcome even if the side ofas a percentage of the market cani-Results of companies which have cent in 1976 to 63.5 per cent last very recently nerged often obscure year and that despite the turnover more than they illustrate. In the tax which the Bundesbank has

hysical expansion.

By the problem for Next is finding of market capitalisation. But judg-

# on Third World loans buyout of Fairchild

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL IN NEW YORK THE US yesterday stepped up prescountry debt - now being proposed

sure on commercial banks to adout a more felxible approach in providing new finance to developing countries.
Mr David Mulford, Treasury As-

sistant Secretary for International Affairs, urged leading creditor banks to develop a broader menu of options" which they could offer to other banks as a means of encouraging them to continue participat-

debt/equity swaps, Mr Mulford said: "We must face the fact that greater flexibility in devising new money packages may, in effect, be essential to future bank syndications." Among the alternatives banks should consider, he said, were increased trade finance and project loans, and equity investment through swaps of debt and through mutual funds. Initiatives such as a current Phi-

lippine proposal for partial payment of interest in tradeable notes ment of interest in trageable notes "need to be looked at carefully," he

Options which would overcome banks' reluctance to make new loans were preferable to "exit" vehicles - financial instruments which would allow smaller creditors to sell out their holding of developing

Banks in different countries could simultaneously pursue different approaches, provided that the value of the financing they offered to debtor countries was equivalent

Although there might also be other rescheduling mechanisms which reduced debtor countries' needs for new money, "new lending will still ary and should be expedited by debtors and commercial

Philippine proposal heightened pressure on the banks

was understood that talks due to have been held on Wednesday were postponed and it was unclear

Noting the reluctance of banks to commit themselves to a \$7.7bm loan to Mexico, now 97 per cent sub-scribed. Mr Mulford called on banks to resolve the disagreements

## Wage levels in Mexico are mething Mr Tujbaksh felt unangular, bewhiskered individual US urges softer line Bid to block Fujitsu

BY LIONEL BARBER IN WASHINGTON

THE US GOVERNMENT is split on electronics group, to buy Fairchild Semiconductor, a leading Sili-con Valley microchip manufacturer, and a cabinet-level group will meet

shortly to resolve the issue. touches on a range of sensitive political issues, including the huge trade imbalance between Japan and the US and the national secur-ity implication of allowing a leading US chip maker to be owned by a

desirable principle of accepting parties of the rules on foreign takeovers of the rules of

Reagan Administration by Mr Mal-colm Baldrige, the US Commerce Secretary. Mr Clayton Yeutler, US

powerful, vertically integrated Jap-Remarks by US officials about anese electronics group.

De Philippine proposal have Mr Frank Carlucci, President Reagan's new National Security Adto accept what many see as an un- viser, has ordered a general review

tional security concerns with the US "open door" policy on foreign in-The opposition to Fujitsa's pro-posed acquisition of an 80 per cent stake in Fairchild is led within the

Trade Representative, has joined the opposition.

berger was opposed to the sale were described yesterday as inaccurate. Although the Pentagon is con-cerned about its dependence on foreign chip makers as a source of sup-ply, it has not yet accepted Mr Bal-drige's arguments that Fairchild ents a test-case on foreign ownership rules.

are sceptical about Mr Baldrige's campaign which they said yes day was aimed primarily at putting pressure on the Japanese Governent to open its market to American high speed supercomputers.
"He is looking at all this too narrowly," said one US official.

Fairchild semi-conductor officials said that the issues raised by the

"In particular, the most recent objections concerning super compu-ters, raised by Mr Baldrige, have no direct link with Fujitsu's proposal to acquire Fairchild. Fairchild niconductor does not man ture or market super computers. It appears to Fairchild that govern-ment officials are ill-informed."

An interagency group has been studying the Fairchild purchase for the past six months but has been unable to come to any agreement.

of a shot of the back of Dee's head. Mr Dee enjoys the magic 1(1)K

Marketing has an authorised cap-ital of £5,000 in £1 shares of which

Dee and two Europian companies, it describes its business as "provid-ers of legal, financial and other ser-

shares are held by Europian Hold-ings, the balance Europian Trust Company, and Europian Secretarial

This is the term of the control of t



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Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Orion Royal Bank Limited Salomon Brothers International

S.G. Warburg Securities

World Weather



### Japan set to co-operate on bank capital rules BY STEPHEN FIDLER IN LONDON

harmonise rules on capital adequacy for banks, Mr Toyoo Gyohten, vice-minister of finance for international affairs, said yesterday.

At the same time Mr Gyohten told a London banking conference, organised by the Japanese news-spaper Nihon Keizal Shimbun, that substantive negotiations on the subject were not imminent. "We have to start learning about the different situations in each

country before we can start work-

ing towards joint rules," he said. Preliminary talks have already taken place between Britain, the

JAPAN is prepared to work with US and Japan at the Bank for Inter-Britain and the US on proposals to national Settlements in Basle, but Mr Gyohten is expected to discuss has an authorised and issued capithe subject in meetings with the tal of £50,000. All but six of the £1 Bank of England this week.
The Bank and the Federal Re-

serve Board, of the US, unveiled in Britain and the US earlier this lish a final paper on the subject.
The US and Britain will introduce

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Dome y

Friday March 13 1987



# K mart ahead as sales for year increase 8%

by James Buchan in New York

K MART, the world's largest retail-er after Sears Roebuck, yesterday is reported stronger earnings for the fourth quarter and full year 1988, it thanks to a better mix of merchan-dise. Journe erranness and reduced dise, lower expenses and reduced

Despite a jump in its tex rate, K mart, the leading operator of discount stores in the US, reported earnings from communing operations up 20.8 per cent for the year to \$570.3m, or \$4.26 a share, against \$472m pr \$2.84 a wear earlier.

share, from \$249.4m, or \$1.91 Ad quarter. justed for discontinued operations

Exclusive

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\$570.3m, or \$4.26 a share, against
\$472m, or \$3.24, a year earlier.

The increase for the quarter was in sales for the year to \$2.81bn and 8.5 per cent to \$270.6m, or \$2 a an 8.8 per cent rise to \$7.23bn in the performed well apart from Mershare, from \$240.4m, or \$1 at Ad. quarter.

partment store chain, announced a Mr Bernard Fauber, chairman partment store chain, announced a fall in earnings for the year and the quarter to Jamary because of problems at its Mervyn's apparel business.

Earnings from continuing operations for the year were down from \$280.5m, or \$2.82 The quarterly result fell from \$150.1m to \$120.8m, or from \$1.55 to \$1.24 a share.

vyn's, which saw a 35 per cent drop and extraordinary items, earnings were \$582.3m, or \$4.35, for the year and \$285m, or \$2.11, in the quarter. At the same time, Dayton Hadson, a Minneapolis discount and de-

# Belgian arms group falls back

BY TIM DICKSON IN BRUSSELS

FABRIQUE Nationale Herstal, Bel- its workforce by the end of this gium's troubled arms and aeronautics manufacturer, yesterday
blamed last year's strikes, the weak
dollar and falling oil prices for a net
loss of BFr 1.45bn (\$35m) in 1986.

The weak which wash subtant in the
Wallow regional executive are tak-

The result, which relates to the parent company, compares with a modest BFr 6.8m profit in 1985 and was struck on reduced turnover of BFr 20.9bn, against BFr 24.1bn the

The company also said it expected to complete its restructuring plans shortly - these have already involved the announcement of a BFr 1bn cost-cutting programme and a further reduction of 1,000 in

Walloun regional executive are taking place, and a major capital injec-tion is likely to be announced FM's problems really began in the

early 1980s when the growth which had characterised its development in the 1970s was checked by competition from rivals. A company spokesman said last night the recent challenge had been "to adapt (FN's) structure to a lower level of

Last year's strikes in March and April had caused "significant losses" and "costly delays" in manufacturing and delivery. The currency and oil price factors, meanwhile, thad particularly hit the company's defence and aeromatical existings.

The part result said FN included The net result, said FN, included exceptional losses of BFr 754m. Among these were the restructur-

ing costs of the European subsidis ries of the Browning division. The group said there was also a BFr 545m charge for restructuring costs in 1986 and a BFr 1bn provision for 1967 charged against 1968. This took the total "negative result" for the year to BFr 2.99bn.

#### **Boliden** hit by lower metal prices

By Sara Webb in Stockholm BOLIDEN, the Swedish metals, chemicals, and mining group, re-ported a record loss of SKr Leson (\$167m) after financial items for 1986, which it blamed on low metal prices and several one-off costs re-lated to the group's restructuring. The board has decided not to pay

a dividend for 1986. The preliminary results include hisell, the trading company which Boliden acquired at the beginning of 1986 and consolidated from April 1. Boliden's loss (excluding Ahlsell)

was SKr 71m in 1965.
Group sales totalled SKr 12.38bn compared with SKr 6.16bn in 1985, excluding Ahlsell.

Boliden's total restructuring costs and write-down on shares amounted to SKr 1.08bn, once profits from the sale of power interests are tak-en into consideration. The costs cover mine closures and redundancy payments.

Lower metal prices meant severe losses in the mining and metals di-vision, amounting to SKr 893m, or SKr 219m after one-off costs. However, the management believes that, if metal prices and the dollar remain at their current levels, Boliden could turn in a profit of SKr

## **Borg-Warner approves** sale of unit for \$240m

BY WELLAM HALL IN NEW YORK

row the focus of its operations. Power generation and petroleum refineries traditionally represente about 80 per cent of the industrial

Clayton & Dubilier, a private New York group which specialises in financing management buy-outs, in financing management buy-outs, has formed a new company with

Mr Martin H. Dubilier of Clayton & Dubilier, says Borg-Warner's in-made a formal tender offer for the & Dubilier, says Horg-Warner's IIIchastrial products businesses have
been aggressively restructured, resulting in a substantial margin improvement since 1963, and believes
that they are "well positioned for
profitable growth in markets which
profitable growth in markets which
prove its financial returns.

In 1988 Regg-Warner increased

BORG-WARNER, the Chicago conglomerate which is being pursued for our shareholders."

by Mr Irwin Jacobs, the corporate reider, has taken another step in its restructuring and has agreed to sell its industrial products business to local managers for \$240m.

crease the value of the corporation for our shareholders."

After spinning off the York sir conditioning business, Borg-Warner evaluated how well the industrial products group fitted into its business mix given its strategy to narrow the focus of its operations.

nia-based Borg-Warner Industrial drop in energy demand halted the ma-based Borg-Warner industrial
Products led by Mr Peter Valli, who
will be chief executive.

The group has sales of \$300m a
year from three divisions, including

The group has sales or sound a year from three divisions, including Byron Jackson Pumps, Fluid Controls and Mechanical Seals. It emferted to pay for Borg-Warner to \$44

a share. Although Mr Jacobs has no

are currently on the rebound."

Mr Clarence E. Johnson, chief exists net income by 15.5 per cent to ecutive of Borg-Warner, says he is confident the sale is in the best interests of the company and that the Borg-Warner shares rose by \$% to restructuring will "help us to in-\$41% in early trading yesterday.

# Taft rejects \$1.3bn takeover bid

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

cinnati-based media group, has rejected the \$1.3hn takeover bid launched last week by Mr Dudley reject the bid was based, among launched last week launched last

Narragansett said yesterday they inadequate.

The board intended to pursue their effort to acquire the company, which is already threatened with break-up by a shareholder group lad by the ashareholder group lad by the wealthy Bass family of Texas.

We coal Lindner the Cincinnation of the company and directed management to explore alternatives, including possible from the content of the company and directed management to explore alternatives, including possible from the content of the company and directed management to explore alternatives, including possible from the content of the company and directed management to explore alternatives, including possible from the content of the company and directed management to explore alternatives. Mr Carl Lindner, the Cincinnatibased financier who is Taft's sec-

TAFT BROADCASTING, the Cincipal and the Sl.3bn takeover bid takeover bid the Sl.3bn takeover bid takeover bid

The board concluded that the of- stable situation" was in the best in-

discrinatives, including possible fi-mancial restructuring.

Mr Taft and Narragansett said trading at \$154%, up \$1%

# Dome proposes new debt plan

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

dian oil and gas producer, has asked its 56 international lenders to approve a debt restructuring plan designed to allow the company to continue aormal operations while giving lenders a chance to share in any future improvement in its for-

nnes Dome said it would ask lenders to Dome said it would ask lenders to approve the plan within the next few weeks to ensure its implementation by June 30. The company would prefer, however, to short-circuit the restructuring plan by self-ing its assets to one of several leading international energy produces. ing international energy producers

ane restructuring proposals in-clude equity conversion options and compulsory conversion to new types of debt which would reduce Dome's debt to as little as Compulsory conversion to new types of debt which would reduce Dome's debt to as little as C\$2.5bm prices. (\$1.96bn) by 1997 at an oil price of just over \$30 a harrel. Outstanding borrowings could rise as high as C\$12.2bn if present arrangements with lenders are maintained.

debt to equity would be encouraged

Remaining debt will be subject to

DOME Petroleum, the ailing Cana-with which it has recently held ne- a security-to-debt ratio test to deter-

The interest rate on oil-indexed debt will be between zero and 2 per cent a year

with lenders are maintained.

Dome said that conversions from lebt to equity would be encouraged by offering favourable early conversions.

The company's cash balances have shrunk from C\$436m on January 1 1966 to C\$160m at the end of lest January and are forecast to drop further to CSTIm at the end of



PHILIPS, the Dutch electronics group, lerecasts in its 1986 annual report that net income will climb again in 1987 and spice volume will the more than the 6 per

ome will rise there than the a per cent growth seen last year.

Operating income is expected to rise in consumer electronics and components, both of which surged in 1986, and to rebound in lighting, following a fall. The out-look for professional products and domestic appliances is less certain after last year's decline.

The commany reported two The company reported two weeks ago a 10 per cent growth in profits to F1 1.82h in 1986 from F1 918m.

Mr Cor van der Kingt, chairman, warned in the annual report: "Our level of income has to be raised further. Our plans for growth are ambitious and require major investments. This calls not only for an improvement in income but also maken it imperative that we should enhance efficiency, adapt the organisation to changing and expanding tasks and make the most effective possible use of financial resources."

He added: "Measures to raise productivity as well as restruc-

productivity as well as restruc-turing and cost control projects will result worldwide in a reduction in the number of employ-ces." Earlier this week Philips amounced plans to diamise 200 warkers at a const ics test factory in Eindhoven but has since agreed to delay the lay-offs pending talks with the

(Azure), the Netherlands' second-largest commercial bank, pre-dicts its earnings and total in-

In its annual report released yesterday the bank said: "A fur-ther rise in income as a result of growth in activities and a careful control of costs through in-groved efficiency should have a positive effect on gross operating income." Lower loan-loss re-serves should ensure higher net income, Anne added.

### Motor Iberica reports 21% cut in losses

By David White in Madrid

MOTOR IBERICA, Nissan's MOTOR IBERICA, Rissan's Spanish commercial subsidiary, has aunounced a previsional 21 per cent reduction in losses for last year to Pts 8.5m (\$65m).

It said the turnround was sufficient to ensure "the definitive consolidation of the company."

The result followed 1985's increased less of Pts 16 ftm, which increased less of Pts 16 ftm, which

creased less of Pts istalia, which raised some doubt about the fature of Nissao's commitment to the Spanish company. The Japanese group took a stake in Motor Iberica in 1980 and bas repeatedly had to plough in fresh capital. Its participation is new over 30 per cent. ed less of Pta 18.8km, which

Growth of almost 30 per cent in exports, principally to France and Britain, beloed lift turnover and Britain, helped till turnover by 23 per cent to Ptn 78.6hm. Ex-ports accounted for a fifth of the total and were led by the two Nis-sun product ranges made at Mo-tor Iberica, the Vanette light was and the Patrol four-wheel-drive vehicle.

vehicle.

These lines were expanded last year as part of investments of Pta 5.7hm. The Vanette, introduced in 1965, accounted for more than 60 per cent of Motor Berica's sales of commercial wass and led its segment of the Spanish market, the company said.

It said the Patrol, including new versions, seek up more than half of the home market for lour-wheel-drive vehicles.

Motor Iberica recently opesed a new tractor plant outside Ma-drid in a joint venture with Kudrid in a joint venture with Ku-bots of Japan. The new company, Ehro-Kubots, with capital of Pts 1.1bn, has capacity for 10,900 un-tix a year, which could grow to 28,800. It will serve both the Spanish and export markets. Haig Simonian reports on how West German exporters limit currency exposure

# VW fraud casts doubt on hedging

THE DM 480m (3260m) foreign currency fraud at Volkswagen, Europe's biggest car producer, still poses more questions than it

But what information has seeped But what information has seeped through has focused attention on the extent to which other large West German exporters deal with their foreign exchange exposure.

"First, you have to realise that only about 20 per cent of Germany's exports are denominated in currencies other than the Deutschemark."

cies other than the Deutschemark, says the treasury head of one of the country's largest banks. "The figure is nearer 55 per cent on the import side, but it is still much lower than most people think," he adds. "Out of this, a large part is hedged in one farm or another."

VETOTRICES. unies are known to

hedge their risks. Sometimes they get it wrong Lufthansa, West Germany's national airline, is believed staff to explain how such "new inget it wrong; Lasthansa, West Ger- furt for journalists and their own lot of education to do.

Mr Schaefer said there were many's national airline, is believed staff to explain how such "new in- In the Volkswagen affair, one signs that "something was being to have taken a substantial foreign struments" work. By contrast, crucial question that seems to have done here in Frankfurt."

One question that seems to have been ignored is how Volkswagen, with its anti-hedging approach, could have lost so much money in what has been described as a hedging fraud.

more limited in their choice of cur-rency hedging instruments. Unlike in the US or the UK, there is no German currency futures or options exchange. Indeed, the status of futures and options contracts is still

So Volkswagen, which is known to have had a policy of never bedging its very substantial foreign currency exposures, but dealing instead in the spot markets, is seen as an exception among West German forms instruments. Not all the banks are exception among West German forms instruments. forex instruments.

Dresdner and WestLB have orga-

Most German companies hedge traditional forward foreign exchange rate contracts with their banks. However, more clients are banks. However, more clients are interested in currency options, say the banks, though many are put off

changes have also been busy. But fraud, breach or trust and the local offices of US brokers which sell such contracts to Gerwhich sell such contracts to Gerwh

been totally ignored is how the com-pany, with its anti-hedging ap-proach, could have lost so much

The most plausible explanation seems to be that the company, at some point did one or a series of spot foreign exchange transactions and booked the deals at the days exchange loss last year because of Deutsche Bank is said to be more the timing of some forward currence conservative. The bank is reluctant tions had not, in fact, ever taken to write a foreign currency option for anything longer than nine nal acts" it has mentioned Meanmonths," says one insider. ships involved may subs

> Meanwhile, talks are taking place between the legal automores in branchures and their counterparts in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in branchures in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen that the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen the between the between the between the between the between the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen the between the between the between the between the between the between the legal automores in Braunschweig, where Volkswagen the between the betw

## Bid battle for Cyclops grows as investor group raises offer

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

ucts and electonic retailing group, when Cyaco, an investor group, said it would raise its outstanding ten-der offer price to \$92.50 a share in cash from \$80 if certain conditions

The increased offer would exceed the \$90.25-a-share price offered by Dixons Group of the UK, which values to be raised Cyclops must provide it with all non-public ues Cyclops at \$384m. Dixons' offer information provided to Dixons. Cyhas been recommended by the Cycacq must also be satisfied with filops board and provides for the sale usucial projections made in offer-

any of the US for \$1!0m cash. Cyacq includes Audio/Video Affiliates, a US retailer whose original \$332m bid for Cyclops was topped

THE transationtic bidding bettle of Cyclops' steel-making and other ing material by Dixons based on the for Cyclops, the US industrial prod- interests to an affiliate of Allegh- information, the investor group

Dixons' rights to buy Cyclops common and its rights to fees or ex-penses if the Dixons-Cyclops merg-er agreement is broken must also be rescinded. Cyacq said. It said fiicorp Capital Investors and other nancial projections it developed for Cyclops were materially lower than those provided by Cyclops to Dix-

> Cyclops said it had to details of the new Cyacq proposal and could

#### Venezuela in US oil move By Joe Mann in Caracas

THE VENEZUELAN Government has approved the purchase by PDVSA, the national oil company,

of a 50 per cent interest in a US oil refinery for \$93m.

PDVSA will pay \$33m in cash and the equivalent of \$60m in crude oil for a balf-interest in Champlin Petroleum, whose chief asset is a 160,000 barrel-a-day (b/d) oil refin-ery in Corpus Christi, Texas Cham-plin is a subsidiary of Union Pacific, the US railroad and resources

group.

The purchase is the latest in a series of amhitious Venezuelan government. erament investments in refining

## Swedish Match.

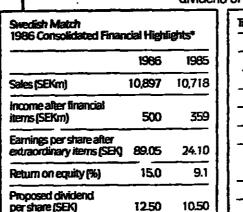
## More than just Swedish, and more than just Matches.

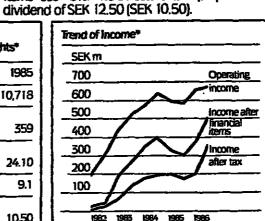
With a name like ours you'd be forgiven for assuming we are a Swedish company that only makes matches.

In fact, Swedish Match is an international corporation comprising six independent groups, whose business activities include flooring kitchen furnishings, doors, consumer products, packaging and chemicals. An international corporation that employs 25,000

staff in 30 countries and has an annual turnover of around £1 billion, of which 75% comes from markets outside In 1986, income after financial items amounted to SEK 500m, compared with SEK 359m in 1985, an increase of almost 40% Earnings per share before extraordinary

items rose 73%. The Directors have proposed an increased





The Groups: 1986*		
	Sales (SEKm)	Operating Income (SEKm)
Tarkett.	2,569	203
Kitchens	1,317	62
Swedoor	1.033	93
Consumer Products	3,312	174
Akerlund & Rausing	1,813	90
Alby	420	67

Swedish Match shares are quoted on the Stock EL. SEK 10.47 at December 31, 198 Exchanges of Stockholm, London, Paris, Brussels, Antwerp, Amsterdam, Basle, Bern, Geneva, Lausanne and Zurich. To find out more about these results and the

010 46 8 220 620 or just send us the coupon below.
Please return to Swedish Match, Corporate Information, Box 16100 S-103 22, Stockholm, Swedien. Please send me copies of the latest Swedish Match Annual & Interim Reports.
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# **BANQUE INDOSUEZ**

£50,000,000 104 per cent. Notes 1992 Issue Price 101¾ per cent.

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Bank of Tokyo International Limited

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Daiwa Europe Limited

**EBC Amro Bank Limited** 

Crédit Agricole

Generale Bank Goldman Sachs International Corp.

Hill Samuel & Co. Limited

Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG

LTCB International Limited

Morgan Stanley International Nomura International Limited

Nippon Credit International Limited Swiss Bank Corporation International

Tokai International Limited

S.G. Warburg Securities

March 1987

HARPER & ROW, the 170-year-old its smaller rival that, should Harper requested a copy of its shareholders list to be used in soliciting proxies. Mr Cross's offer, which included the

Excellence and the Thorn Birds, is will, of course, step aside." ding war as Harcourt Brace Jovano- had been trading at \$25 at the start vich (HBJ), a larger rival, has now of the week, closed at \$33% on Wed-joined the battle for its control. nesday before the offer was an-

Harper & Row, which received an solicited \$34-a-share bid from Mr Theodore Cross, a lawyer and editor, earlier this week, has now reed another offer to buy the company for \$50 a share cash from Har- its board had previously expressed isher of school textbooks.

The US publishing industry is not used to the rough and tumble take-over battles of Wall Street, and Har-court Brace Jovanovich has assured

Sandvik moves

ahead by 4.3 %

carbide and special steels group showed a 4.3 per cent rise in profits

before appropriations and taxes to SKr 1.678bn (\$280m) in 1986 Invoked sales inched up 1.6 per cent to SKr 12.72lbn against SKr 12.518bn in 1985. The management

level with the 1986 figures, provided demand does not fall. Cemented carbide sales totalled

SKr 8.583hn and showed an 11 per cent rise in profits to SKr 1.225hn.

The board proposed raising the dividend from SKr 2.62 to SKr 3.50.

GLAVERBEL of Belgium is the third-largest manufacturer of float glass in Europe and not the largest

as inadvertently stated in ye day's Financial Times.

Glaverbel

Harper & Row's shares, which

Bid battle for US publisher

older approval for several court Brace Jovanovich, a big pub- a strong determination to remain rise. But its directors will conside the latest proposal.

ssymption of \$40m of debt, valued the company at \$190m. He said First National Bank of Boston had promised to provide the bulk of the

Harper & Row, whose current bestseller is The Search for Signs of Intelligent Life in the Universe, has a strong list of medical books as

Mr Cross, who owns just over 5 per cent of the company, has made considerable profits on other recent publishing ventures, including his acquisition of Investment Dealers Digest which he sold to Britain's

# INTL. COMPANIES AND FINANCE Heinz appoints O'Reilly as company chairman

BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

MR TONY O'REILLY, the former Irish Rugby International, has taken over as chairman of the H.J. Heinz Company, the international food company, following the death of Mr Henry J. Hemz II, the grandson of the founder.

Heinz in 1979. He is only the fourth dent for North America and the Pachairman in the history of the 118-

nior members of the family active Mr O'Reilly joined the UK arm of H.J. Heinz in 1969 and went to the Mr O'Reilly, aged 50, took over as company's Pittsburgh headquarters president and chief executive of two years later as senior vice presicompany's Pittsburgh headquarters

Heinz family interests are believed

to control close to 20 per cent of the

shares, there are no longer any se-

family member to hold the title.

Mr Henry Heinz II, who died on 18.2 per cent rise in its third-quarter net income to 574.7m, or 55 cents a since 1941 but stepped down as chief executive in 1968. Mr Heinz's son is a Republican Senator for Pennsylvania, and although the proved from \$1.01bn to \$1.05bn.

All these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

March, 1987



# KOBE ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO., LTD. (Kobe Denki Tetsudo Kabushiki Kaisha)

(Incorporated with limited liability under the laws of Japan)

U.S.\$30,000,000

31/4 PER CENT. GUARANTEED NOTES DUE 1992 WITH WARRANTS TO SUBSCRIBE FOR SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OF KOBE ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO., LTD.

unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by The Taiyo Kobe Bank, Limited

(Kabushiki Kaisha Taiyo Kobe Ginko)

ISSUE PRICE 100 PER CENT

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Taiyo Kobe International Limited

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IBJ International Limited Crédit Commercial de France Generale Bank

National Securities of Japan (Europe) Ltd. **Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited**  Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

**Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited** Kleinwort Benson Limited

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Tokyo Securities Co. (Europe) Limited

## "HOLDERBANK" FINANCIÈRE GLARIS LTD.

through its wholly-owned subsidiary

### Holdemam Inc.

has acquired approximately 67% of the authorized common shares of

Ideal Basic Industries, Inc.

We initiated this transaction and acted as financial advisor to "Holderbank" Financière Glaris Ltd.

### Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

New York/Atlanta/Boston/Chicago/Dallas/Los Angeles/San Francisco Amsterdam/Geneva/Hong Kong/London/Paris

February 1987

CHECK FRENY DAY IN THE PT

March 10, 1987

## CVD Incorporated

has been acquired by

Morton Thiokol, Inc.

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to CVD Incorporated and assisted in the negotiations.

Salomon Brothers Inc

One New York Plaza, New York, New York 10004 Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Zurich, Affiliates: Frankfurt, London, Tokyo, Imber of Major Securities and Commodities Exchanges.

#### **ASEA Aktiebolag**

Vasteras, Sweden

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held in Vasteras at 11.00 am, Monday, March 30, 1987 at Cariforsska skolan, Sangargatan 1,

The agends will include customary items s Companies Act and the Articles of Associati

**Notification** Shareholders wishing to participate in the Meeting must be recorded in the Share Register maintained by Värdepappersonntralen VPC AB (Swedish Securities Register Centre) no later than Friday, March 20, 1987 and must also notify the Board of Directors, either in writing under the address ASEA AB, Corporate Staff of Legal Counsel, S-721 83 Västeras, Sweden or by telephone (0)21-10 54 00, no fater than 12.00 noon, Wednesday, March 25, 1987.

Shareholders whose shares are held in trust by banks or other trustees must temporarily reregister the shares in their own names no later than Friday, March 20, 1987, in order to be eligible to vote at the Annual General Meeting.

Dividend payments

The Board has proposed Thursday, April 2, 1987, as the record day for the dividend. If the proposal is approved by the Annual General Meeting, it is expected that the dividend payments will be mailed by VPC on Thursday, April 9, 1987.

Vasteras, February 1987 By order of the Board

i espetification and anticolories is a manufacturation of a fall conference of the c

**ASEA** 



# TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş.

U.S. \$ 10,000,000 **Pre-Export Finance Facility** 

arranged by American Express Bank GmbH

provided by American Express Bank GmbH Banco di Napoli

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Credito Italiano

January, 1987

The Fuji Bank, Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation

TSB England & Wales pic

Lloyds Merchant Bank Limited

The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

### INTL. COMPANIES and FINANCE

## Brunei gives Khoo more time over NBB debts

a summary judgment against three Hong Kong-registered companies controlled by Malaysian-born financier Tan Sri Khoo Teck Puat, which allegedly owe the National Bank of Brunei (NBB) B\$118m (US\$54.95m).

The proceedings, quietly dropped between one and two weeks ago, could signal a softening of Brunei's previously tough stance in its dealing against turee others to defraud the bank.

A summary judgment would have forced Tan Sri Khoo to the decision, but we would like have forced Tan Sri Khoo to think it was an effort to give breathing space to our proposition significantly reduces pressure. Writs were served on the case will now be heard according to normal practice unless a National Holdings — last December. The case was first heard in January. When month is the strong the decision, but we would like have forced Tan Sri Khoo to think it was an effort to give breathing space to our proposition significantly reduces pressure. Writs were served on the case will now be heard according to normal practice unless a settlement is reached.

Shearson Lehman, financial advisors to Tan Sri Khoo last

ing of Brunel's previously tough stance in its dealings with Tan Sri Khoo, whose family holds a

Shearson Lehman, financial adviser's to Tan Sri Khoo, last mouth presented the Brunei authorities and NBB creditors

ment.
In Singapore on Tuesday, a Stir Khoo, whose family holds a with a package of proposals are controlling interest and NBB. The Brunei Government closed NBB last November, alleging that Mr Khoo Ban Hock, Tan Sri Khoo's son and NBB chairman, had conspired at achieving a commermary judgment against 15 comment closed NBB last November, alleging that Mr Khoo Ban We were heartened by their to have guaranteed NBB loans of \$\$880m (US\$409.8m).

# First Pacific to run Hong Nin

THE HONG KONG Government it had deposits of HK\$300m and; has replaced the board of Hong yesterday handed management reserves of about HK\$133m. Nin with its own executive control of Hong Nin Bank to The bank's difficulties were team, and the Government first Pacific Holdings the Wong largely linked with difficulties handover of management conyesterday handed management reserves of about HK\$133m. Nin with its own executive from the bank's difficulties were largely linked with difficulties handover of management control of Hong Kong-based financial services group that is committed to acquire full ownership of Hong Nin for HK\$150m (US\$19.2m).

The bank's difficulties were largely linked with difficulties handover of management control is an acknowledgment that Hong Kong businessman who acquire full ownership of Hong Nin for HK\$150m (US\$19.2m).

Was a main borrower from the bank.

The Government assumed management control of Hong Nin in September, at a time when First Pacific was negotiating a deal to acquire the bank. Hong Nin was one of Hong Kong's smaller family-controlled hearts with inst few in November the war.

a consortium of banks, said Bank of China has agreed to become a Visa member in May, and a Visa card will be issued for use in China and around the bank. Hong Nin was one of with the bank, and agreed to world, Beuter reports from San Hong Kong's smaller family-controlled banks, with just four in November this year.

Since October, First Pacific currently issued in China.

# IEL deal threatens Humes plan

INDUSTRIAL EQUITY (IEL), had alleged unacceptable conthe Sydney-based takeover specialist, has emerged as the buyer of an 3 per cent parcel of Humes, shares, throwing the Melbourne building products company's proposed merger about A\$36.5m after deduction of A\$120,000 in legal costs for the purchases would become apparent in the next few weeks.

One possibility is that IEL on the order of A\$120,000 in legal costs for the purchases would swing Humes shares of A\$120,000 in legal costs for the purchases would swing Humes shares of A\$120,000 in legal costs for the purchases that the deal would lead. He added that reasons for the purchases would become apparent in the odel would beco

IEL, controlled by Mr Ron Brierley, was announced as the purchaser by the National Com-panies and Securities Commis-sion which had won control of the parcel under a court vesting order. The shares were effec-

the NCSC and nearly A\$750,000 for the Victoria government as a virtual "fine" under the settlement. ALC is believed to have paid about A\$59m for the

One possibility is that IEL could swing Humes share-holders against the deal to give the private Smorgon group a 46 per cent stake in Humes in return for Smorgon's steel milling operations.

have paid about A\$59m for the Renouf Corporation of New parcel and is thus showing a Zealand has sold its 10.83 per loss of more than A\$20m on cent stake in NZI, the financial the parcet under a court vesting order. The shares were effectively confiscated from London broker Alexanders Laing and director of IEL, last night (US\$118.1m), Reuter reports Cruickshank after the NCSC refused to speculate on where from Wellington.

### Gencor increases profits by 45%

GENCOR, South Africa's GENCOR, South Africa's second largest mining house, boosted pre-tax profits 45.4 per cent last year to R765.4m (\$335.4m), aided principally by higher gold mining dividends, a drop in interest charges and a reversal of earlier losses in industrial subsidiaries.

However, net profits were restrained by losses in the group's non-South African ventures and lower revenues generated in financial narkets.

Income from gold invest-ments increased to Ri65.2m from Ri13.8m. Sappi, the subsidiary which makes pulp and paper, increased its profit to R56.9m from R25.7m, and other industrial interests re-corded a profit of R38.Im against 1985's deficit of R48.8m.

Offsetting these Improve-ments was a loss of R16.5m,

Valued at market prices. the group's total assets were R11.2bn at the end of 1986,

the Sao Bento gold mining venture in Brazil.

Mr Keys added that Impala Platinum suffered under longterm contracts, which did not allow the company to benefit fully from higher platinum prices, and that the platinum market was in danger of becoming oversupplied as new mines are brought into production in South Africa.

#### ADVERTISEMENT

Eldorado Nuclear Limited

**Announcement** 



L. George Bonar The Board of Directors of Eldorado Nuclear Limited recently elected L. George Bonar as Chairman and Chief Executive

Officer of the manium company, which is owned by the Govern-ment of Canada. Mr. Bonar has extensive international business experience, having held senior positions in a number of Canadian and U.S. resource companies. Most recently, he served as the senior marketing officer for a major in-ternational producer of base and

precious metals. Eldorado mines and proce uranium for electric utilities in Europe, Japan, Korea, the United States and Canada. The Government of Canada has announced its intention to sell the company into the private sector.

#### THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE

**COMPANY** THE ONE HUNDRED AND SEXTY-FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the

Company will be held in the Head Office, 3 GEORGE STREET, **EDINBURGH** on TLESDAY, 24th MARCH, 1987 at 2.30 p.m.

By Order of the **Board of Directors** G. D. GWILT **Managing Director** 

Edinburgh, 10th March, 1987 Standard Life

# **Keppel back in the black**

BY STEVEN BUTLER, SINGAPORE CORRESPONDENT KEPPEL CORPORATION, the industry. Singapore government-con-trolled shipbuilding and repair vertible bond issue in order to

group, returned to profitability refinance current borrowings in 1986 after two loss-making years.

Net earnings reached \$\$16m (U\$\$7.45m) compared with a loss of \$\$44.1m in 1985. After the group's two major listed the stock of \$\$44.1m in 1985. After the group's two major listed the stock of \$\$44.1m in 1985. After the group's two major listed the stock of \$\$44.1m in 1985. After the group's two major listed the stock of \$\$44.1m in 1985. After the group's two major listed the stock of \$\$45.1m (\$\$45.1m (\$\$

S\$576.3. The improved earnings performance was attributed to cost-cutting measures taken in

the last two years, and to the disposal of lossmaking assets, the proceeds of which were used to reduce borrowing.

Keppel said that the full impact of the cost cuts would be the cost the last two years, and to the disposal of lossmaking assets, the proceeds of which were used to reduce borrowing.

Keppel said that the full impact of the cost cuts would be felt in 1987 and that this would lead to improved profit ability in the coming year. It also cited signs of a continuing recovery in the shiprepair

Continental Airlines, Inc.

US\$38,500,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1996

Notice is hereby given that the rate of interest on the above Notes for the period 2nd March, 1987 to 1st June, 1987 has been fixed at 8.1875% per arrum, payable 2nd June, 1987.

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

The amount payable against Coupon No. 3 will be \$20.47 per \$1,000 Note.

Reference Agent

loss of \$\$44.1m in 1985. After extraordinary items, attributable profits totalled \$\$5.1m, against a loss of \$\$129.6m in 1985. Turnover for the group declined from \$\$616.1m rose from \$59.7m in 1985 to \$\$110.m. It plans a two-for-one stock split and a one-for-four

bonus issue. Net profits at Straits Steam-

#### **Kidston boosts** dividend

By Our Financial Staff

KIDSTON, Australia's biggest gold mine, achieved net profits of A\$60.50m (US\$41.45m) for 1988, its first full year, compared with A\$50.76m in the previous 10-month start-up period.

The company, 70 per cent-owned by Canadian-controlled Placer Pacific, boosted its annual dividend to 37 cents a share from 15 cents.

Revenues grew to A\$134.54m from A\$100.63m. Kidston produced 238,380 oz of gold against 206.467 oz.

#### To the holders of

#### The Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Corporation U.S. \$100,000,000 21/2% Convertible Bonds due 2001

NOTICE OF FREE DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES

AND
ADJUSTMENT OF CONVERSION PRICE

Pursuant to Clause 7 of the Trust Deed dated 7th May, 1986 you are hereby notified that a free distribution of Shares of our Company at the rate of 0.05 Share for each one Share will be made to the Shareholders of record as of 31st March, 1987. As a result of such distribution the Conversion Price at which Shares are issuable upon conversion of the said Convertible Bonds will be adjusted pursuant to condition 5 of the Bonds from Japanese Yen 1,738 per Share of common stock to Japanese Yen 1,655.20 per Share of common stock, effective 1st April. 1987. Pursuant to Clause 7 of the Trust Deed dated 7th May,

The Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Corporation Dated 13th March, 1987

## Moët Hennessy

Issue of FFr800,000,000 1% Bonds due 1997 with Equity Warrants

Moat-Hennessy has announced an issue of French francs 800 million 1% bonds due 1997, with equity warrants.

Eighteen warrants are attached to each French francs 10,000 bond, with each warrant allowing the holder to buy one share of Moët-Hennessy common stock at a price of French francs 2,720 per share during the three years from the date of

This issue is lead managed by Lazard Frères & Cie. The co-lead managers are Crédit Lyonnais, Banque Nationale de Paris and Credit Suisse First Boston Limited.

13th March, 1987



هكذامنالأحل



## WHITBREAD AND COMPANY, PLC

#### U.S.\$ 150,000,000 **MULTI-OPTION FACILITY**

Arranged by BARCLAYS de ZOETE WEDD

Europote Tender Panel Members

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Acceptances/Advances Tender Panel Members

Lead Managers and Underwriters

Banque Nationale de Paris p.l.c. Chemical Bank International Group

Credito Italiano The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

Lloyds Bank Pic Swiss Bank Corporation

Credito Italiano

Chemical Bank

Midland Bank pic

Banque Nationale de Paris p.l.c.

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Fuji International Finance Limited

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

**DKB** International Limited

James Capel Bankers Limited

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Paine Webber International

Banque Nationale de Paris p.l.c.

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Limited

Hessische Landesbank-Girozentrale

International Westminster Bank PLC

The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

The Tokai Bank, Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland

Chemical Bank International Limited

against the previous year's profit, generated by the over-seas interests, and a drop to R148.1m from R214.8m in the profit generated by the treasury division. Operating earnings fell to R337.2m from R967.3m.

against R8.8bn a year earlier. Mr Derek Keys, the new chairman, said in Johannes-burg yesterday that R254m was charged against profits in writing off non-performing operations and investments in countries outside South Africa which are "economically or politically unstable." The write-offs did not include

Net earnings rose to 616 cents a share from 481 cents and total dividend has been lifted to 230 cents from



Tasue & Paying Agent
Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited

# WHITBREAD AND COMPANY, PLC

U.S.\$ 150,000,000

#### **EUROCOMMERCIAL PAPER** PROGRAMME

Arranged by BARCLAYS de ZOETE WEDD

Dealers Barclays Bank PLC Citicorp Investment Bank Limited Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

> Issue & Paying Agent Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited

January, 1987

# SPONSORED SECURITIES

163	121	ASE, BIT. 100. COLO					
40	28	Atmitage and Rhodes	35	-	4.2	12.0	4,9
80	84	BBB Design Group (USM)	75	_	1.4	1.9	17.9
221	166	Bardon Hill Group	221	~	4.8	2.1	25.1
105	65	Brey Technologies	105	-	4.3	4.1	12.5
138	75	CCL Group Ordinary	132	-	2.9	2,2	8,4
	86	CCL Group 11pc Conv. Pf	99	-	15.7	15.9	_
107		Carborundum Ordinary		~1	9.1	3.4	12.9
271	116	Carbonindum 7.5pc Pf	93		10.7	11.5	_
93	90		89	+1	3.8	4.3	, 2,3
125	75	George Blair			6.7	5.8	10.3
115	57	Ind. Precision Castings			18.3	~	
176	121	lais Group ,		_			
124	101	Jackson Group		+1	6.1	5.0	8.2
377	290	James Burrough	386		17.0	4.6	10.3
100	89		89	-	12.9	14.5	_
1035	342		760	<b>+5</b>	_		39.8
380	260	Record Ridgway Ordinary		_	_	_	6.3
100	83	Record Ridgway 10pc Pf	83	_	14.1	17.0	_
91	ص 57	Robert Jenkins	90	_	_	_	4.0
	_	SCIUDORS		_	_		
65	30			_	5.7	3.8	8.1
150	67	Torday and Carlisle			7.9	2.4	6.7
340	321	Trevian Holdings		-		3.1	16.6
90	42	Unitock Holdings (SE)	90	_	2.8		
129	65			-2	5.0	3.5	
200	190			_	17.4	9.0	
99	67	West Yorks. Ind. Hosp. (USM)	99	_	5.5	5.7	14.1

Granville & Co. Limined 8 Loyat Lane, London EC3R 8BP Telephone 01-621 1212

Grazville Davies Coleman Limited 27 Lovar Lane, London EC3R 8DT Telephone 01-621 1212 Member of the Stock Exchange

### Pan-Holding S.A.

Societe Anonyme Luxembourg

At its meeting of March 11, 1987, the Board of Directors finalised the accounts for the financial year

The accounts show a net profit of US\$32,463,744, including a net realised gain on sales of investments of US\$27,496,397.

The Board decided to propose to the Annual General Meeting to be held on June 1, 1987, the distribution per share of US\$50 par value outstanding on June 30, 1987, of a dividend of US\$6.25 for the year 1986, against a dividend of US\$6.25 is free of withholding tax in Luxembourg and would be payable

as from July 1, 1987. The company's unconsolidated net asset value as of December 31, 1986, amounted to US\$253,635,294, equivalent to US\$362.34 per share, as compared to US\$283.70 as of December 31, 1985, i.e. an increase of 27.7% or 29.7% if the dividend of US\$5.60 is taken into account. The company's consolidated net asset value as of December 31, 1986, amounted to

US\$379.68 per share. As of February 28, 1987, the unconsolidated net asset value amounted to US\$397.78 and the consolidated net asset value amounted to US\$418.48 per share.

Yoko Shibata on the restructuring of Japan's bond market

# Tokyo moves to woo back issuers

industry is to relax underwriting procedures for Japanese domestic corporate bond issues in the first comprehensive in Japan, since swap-driven are to be removed from next review of the problem for 39 in Japan, since swap-driven are to be removed from next sales.

Under new procedures to be introduced next month, the proceed with a bond issue and the actual offering date will be shortened to about 10 days from the present 25 days.

The sweeping reforms now under way in the corporate bond market are designed to lure Japanese corporate borrowers back to Tokyo from the much less restricted international capital market.

A key feature of the new a sey reating procedure is that it will change the time-honoured practice of settling the terms of all new issues at a monthly meeting of the big securities houses and commissioned banks in the so-called Risakai process.

There has been criticism that the Kaisulkai mechanism leads to a lack of flexibility in the timing of bond issues, resulting in uniform issue terms regard-less of the credit standing of different issuers. From now on, borrowers will be able to choose

to ease controls by this summer. The yen BA market opened

in June 1985 as part of the US-Japanese agreement on the internationalisation of the yen,

but it has so far failed to live up to expectations.

year. Recently, the figure has been as low as Y14bn.

by Japanese exporters and importers for trade financing

New Issue

MoF to ease controls on

yen bankers acceptances

IN A BID to breathe fresh life than a trade-related loan based into the moribund Tokyo yen- on the short-term prime rate, denominated bankers acceptance. In addition, higher stamp duties (BA) market, the Ministry of have discouraged the oil comfinance has agreed with banks panies and steel makers, which

has been that the long leadtimes have made it very hard to March 1. Restrictions on maturi-conduct corrency swap business ties of comparate straight bonds change rates which borrowers corporate streight bonds with and counterparties need to be maturities of four to six years. able to take at short notice. It is not clear whether the new procedures will provide enough dexibility to help solve this

To increase competition among underwriters, a "proposal formula," which lets borrowers negotiate with underwriters over the term. and the timing of issues, is to

The new issuing procedure will be tested for the first time next month by a bond for Ninppon Telegraph and Telephone, which is expected to be followed by bonds for several electric power convergies.

Eligibility eased The reform is in line with

the proposals made last December by a special working group on public and corporate bonds of the Securities and Exchange Council, an advisory body to the Finance Minister.

As an initial timp towards restructuring the domestic bond market, eligibility requirements

Another complaint by the for unsecured straight and con-securities houses themselves vertible bonds were eased subvertible bonds were eased substantially with effect from ties of corporate straight bonds are to be removed from next maturities of four to six years.

The securities industry is also considering introducing a shelf registration system in fiscal 1988, which would give virtual blanket approval to companies to issue bonds under certain conditions, removing the need for them to obtain permission from the authorities for each issue. Shelf registration was introduced in the US in 1983.

According to preliminary figures, Japanese listed companies are expected to raise a record Y8,900hn (\$57.9hn) on the domestic and international rapital markets during fiscal 1987, ending this month. This would be a jump of nearly 40 per cent from the previous year and a 3.85-fold increase over the past 10 years.

domestic straight bonds remains especially depressed, falling to Y943.5bn in fiscal 1986 from Y1,504.2bn in fiscal 1975. About 97 per cent of straight corporate issues are made by NTT and the electric power companies.

#### Cheaper Euroven

Recently, even the power com-panies have been shunning the domestic straight bond market, aware that they can raise yen funds much more cheaply over-seas. Tokyo Electric Power has already amounced a Y60hm Europen bend, the largest such issue seen in this market, while Chugoku Electric Power is to issue its second series of Euroyen bonds, totalling Ylbbn, on

The power companies say the cost of issuing Euroyen bonds is expected to be around 5 per cent, substantially below the current cost of 5.88 per cent for comparable bonds on the downstie market. domestic market.

If other power companies fol-The increase is chiefly attri- low suit by raising funds for buted to falling issuing costs capital investment in the Euro- of domestic convertible bonds yen market, the domestic or domestic convertible bonds and foreign bonds with warrants. By contrast, issues of straight bonds are expected to rise from by 5 per cent to £2,400bm.

### World Bank sees reversal of interest rate decline

tion of a reversal in the longterm downward direction of international interest rates, Mr Eugene Rotherg, the back's treasurer, said yesterday in a speech to financial institutions in London.

keeping down its cost of fauds

described as a typical product devised by bureaucrats, wrapped in a complex web of regulations Mr Rotherg said the World Bank would be concentrating on lengthening the maturides of its fixde-rate borrowings to take advantage of current low interest rates, and was unlikely to make any floating-rate borrowings. The market has been shrink in defiance of the needs of ing ever since the first month, market participants. Tokyo when outstandings reached bankers often plead that the Y70hn; this compares with a folly of the BA market should target of Y1,000bn for the first not be repeated in the proposed

This announcement appears as a matter of record only,

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¥20,000,000,000

5½ per cent. Notes Due 1992

Issue Price 104% per cent.

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Toyo Trust International Limited

Chuo Trust Asia Limited

eer. Recently, the figure has commercial paper market.
Some analysts, however,
Yen BAs are issued to banks believe that the stunted growth
by Japanese exporters and of the BA market has led to concern in the MoF that it may

count among the biggest trading groups, from raising yen BA funds.

The yen BA market is often

THE WORLD BANK intends to instruments had turned out to accelerate its borrowing pro-gramme this year in anticipa. Towers and investors. "We do not believe in en-couraging 'suicide' blds from bankers to obotain our man-dates," he added.

dates," he acced.

The average cost of borrowings to the World Bank during the last financial year, which ended in June 1986, was 6.93 cent, compared to 7.98 per cent during 1985. Some 31 per cent during 1985. Some 31 per cent of total borrowings were carried out in global capital markets, and the balance was placed with official sources.

The World Bank currently has diquid cash reserves of \$19bn, representing 25 per cent of all outstanding debt. About Mr Rotherg said the World Bank carried out a policy of purposes.

It is the base of the by diversifying the markets of these reserves by diversifying the markets of these reserves the low level of activity next follow-up meeting on the that it tapped, rather than by were in dollars, with the rereflects the fact that a yen BA 1984 yen-dollar agreement, now making use of financial in-ovalistic outside the place in May.

12th March, 1987

## **Investors** welcome Finnish

measures

By Olli Virtanen in Halsinio

A PACKAGE of liberalisation A PACKAGE of liberalisation measures enacted by the Finnish parliament last month is expected to go a long way towards closing the gap of confidence towards the country's financial markets on the part of foreign investors. Prices of free shares (those available to near-resident inavailable to non-resident in-vestors) rose by as much as encitived immediately after the new legislation was passed, though they have sinc a eased back.

The new measures, expected since last summer, include: • Doubling the percentage of investors from 20 per cent to 40 per cent, although the maximum percentage of vot-ing rights that can pass into foreign hands remains 20 per

A reduction from 20 per cent to 16 per cent in the maximum stake a bank may held in a non-bank, and a similar 10 per cent reduction to 10 per cent in the percent-age an insurance company may own in an unrelated company.

As efficial green light for the establishment of mutual funds in Finland.

The mutual fund legislation is seen in Helsinki as the most important of these measures. By some estimates, it will create new demand worth up to FM500m (\$110m) next year, compared to total turn-over on the Helsinki stock exchange of some FM9.5bn in 1986.

#### Surge in prices

The new funds will have a minimum share capital of FMIm initially, and most Finnish banks and several insur-ance companies have already announced plans to launch their own. Mr Sakari Tuemainen, recently named to head the mutual fund being set up by Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, expects the first batch to begin operations by the autumn of this year.

te invest in securities quoted on the Helsinki stock exwhen the neman stock ex-change and, subject to some restrictions, in foreign secur-ties, though few analysts here expect any large scale rush

Authorization for the funds. which are expected to add sig-afficantly to liquidity in the market, appears to have been the main factor behind the recent surge in prices of sure-stricted shares, which had

equity trading at the Leaden branch of Union Bank of Fin-land, says that the new law "has increased confidence in the liberalisation of the marof large new foreign investors have been showing interest in Finnish shares. There is more solid quality buying now

a gesture of confidence, as some analysts in Helsinki also believe, the fundamentals have also strengthened. The try of Finance projects a 3 per cent gain in gross demes-tic product this year, an increase in the trade surplus and, possibly, further liberal-isation measures for the man-

much of the strength it had enjoyed up to the bout of speculation last summer that led the central bank briefly to impose punitive sheri-term interest rates—an episode whose cost has been showing up graphically in the results of Finnish banks in recent

#### Better earnings

Most other Finnish com-panies (with a few notable exceptions) have been reporting better earnings for the past year in the wave of results during the past few weeks.

as giving them increased in reasing equity finance, and many are expected to apply for permission (which can in theory still be withheld) to increase their companies free charges in terms.

difference either to the run-ning of Finnish companies or to the stock market. The banks and insurers have five years to bring their holdings down to the new limits, and are not restricted from discantes within their existing

# Raft of convertible deals meets good reception

logoy group, set the pace with a rare chance for European investors to get into the hightechnology sector of US market. The 15-year issue, which was brought on Wednesday and rose quickly to a healthy premium; was increased in size by lead manager Credit Suisse First Boston from \$100m to \$150m.

Boston from \$100m to \$150m. The coupon was set at 5 per cent and the conversion premium put at 23.85 per cent. Still in the US dollar sector, Home Shepping Network brought a \$150m issue with a final maturity of 2002 and a coupon of 5½ per cent. The indicated conversion premium was about 25 per cent and the issue was quoted around its par issue price. Rrexel Burnham Lambert was lead manager.

Hawley Group, a Bermudabased specialist cleaning company, launched an issue of 150,000 convertible preference shares to raise \$150m, again through CSFB. The conversion premium was indicated at 20-22 per cent and the coupon at 54 per cent and the coupon at 54 to 6 per cent. There is an investor put option in the seventh year to give a yield to put of 8 per cent.

That issue is now in "conver-sion territory," according to Mr David Hammond, Hawleys finance director.

#### INTERNATIONAL BONDS

Hhe said the company's moti-vation in bringing another issue-was two-fold. "We wanted to broaden our investor profile and it was an opportunity for us to-lock in some long-term funding at very competitive rates." The issue was quoted just above par. Rewntree Mackintosh, the UK confectioner which announced 1986 pre-tax profits of £86m yesterday, became the latest UK company to tap the sterling convertible sector. Its 255m 15-year issue, led by J. Henry Schroder Wagg, carried an indi-

cated coupon of 41 to 41 per cent and a conversion premium indicated at 10 to 15 per cent. A put option is exercisable in 1992 to yield 81 to 9 per cent. The issue rose to be indicated at 103 hid.

In the dollar straight sector,

STRENGTH IN the American and British stock markets are quoted in London and on brought a new rest of convert-lible issues into the Eurobood market yesterday to a ready reception from investors.

Generatech, the US biotechnose The company, whose shares are quoted in London and on national led a \$100m 10-year national led a \$100m 10-year national led a \$100m 10-year issue on behalf of Nersk Hydro. With a coupon of 84 per cent if d and a price of 1011, the paper with a conversion premium of 26 per yielded a generous 97 basis cent. Treasury.

Eurobond investors have not been showing much appeals for 10-year paper, as evidenced by last week's three-tranche bond for Heechst, and this issue did not mark any contrast with that role. If was, however, quoted at a discount just inside its fees of 2.00-1.90.

In the Canadian dollar sector, a C\$125m 10-year bullet bond for Hydro Quebec was boosted to \$150m. It was priced by lead manager Metrall Lynch at 1901 with a coupon of 9 per cent, and was quoted within fees at less L6-1.5.

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Estates 2-3

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CSC Trust

Salomen Brothers also boosted its issue of collateralised mortgage obligations (CMOs) to \$319.2m from \$228m. The issue, yielding 40 basis points above three-month. London interbank offered rates London interbank offered rates with a cap of 11; per cent, apparently went well despite some sentiment that it was tightly priced.

In yen, Toyota Motor Credit brought a Y23bn five-year bullet issue through Nomura International, with a coupon of 4; per cent and a price of 101;

## Second Swedish exchange opens with new option

based on the Stockholm stock cash settlement or a stake in exchange's top 16 shares. The rival options market, OM, which started in June 1985, has an index option (OMX) based on the 30 most actively traded

# the world's largest futures

SWEDEN options and future have recently been admitted to

exchange (known as Sofe), the the Swedish options market. "We country's second options market, is due to open today and launch its first instrument, a new index index in the top 16 shares," said Mr Ulf Chicago.

The state of the swedish options market thank that foreigners buy of its evening Swedish blue chips and prefer the top 16 shares," said Mr Ulf Chicago.

The state of the swedish options market thank that foreigners buy of its evening the swedish options market. "We think that foreigners buy of its evening thank thank that foreigners buy of its evening thank the swedish options market."

Swedish options market, think that foreigners buy of its evening thank thank that foreigners buy of its evening thank thank that foreigners buy of its evening thank t Investors have a choice of a

one of six different share funds run by Swedish banks on the expiry date.

**CBOT** delays evening trading THE CHICAGO Board of Trade,

exchange, has decided to postpone until April 30 the launch of its evening trading session, David Owen reports, from Four contracts, which together

accounted for close to 75 par-cent of the exchange's 1886 volume, will be included in the Mr Karsten Mahlmann, the

started in June 1985, has an expiry date.

Chort chairman, said the postindex option (OMX) based on Unlike OM, Sofe will operate 
the 30 most actively traded on an open outcry system for 
shares.

Sofe hopes that its SX16 will conduct smaller trades on its 
appeal to foreign investors who computer system.

#### FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the latest international bonds for which there is an adequate escondary market. 

Mental Comments of the Comment

NET REV DRIDENT

delays

#### UK COMPANY NEWS

# Next accelerates to £30m with the help of Grattan

Next, fashion and home furnishing retailer, yesterday reported pre-tax profits of 130.13m in the five months to January, against £12.4m for the corresponding period in 1985-88. The company's shares closed 14p higher at 312p after falling 12p on Wednesday.

Much of the increase was due to the purchase of the Grattan mail order business for nearly £300m in July 1985—the interim figures showed a trading profit of £14.45m for the subsidiary. On a pro-forma basis profits were up 41.2 per cent.

Earmings per share increased to 7.67p from 5.34p. An interim dividend of 1.5p (1.5p) per share is declared.

Next's increased profits reflected a strategy of actending respect to £2.47m from £2.47m.

"Today's Next is a very dif- percentage.

Profits were up 41.2 per cent.

Earnings per share increased to 7.67p from 5.34p. An interim dividend of 1.5p (1.5p) per share is declared.

Next's increased profits reflected a strategy of extending its wardrobe of fashion, home furnishings and mail order businesses.

Interior increases in menswear.

Trading profits for the Next shops—which now include important to 1.5p (1.5p) per control 42 per cent to 1.286m.

Club 24, the retail credit card subsidiary, increased trading profits to 22.97m from 12.47m.

Next said the volume of credit given had grown but bad debts were accounting for a smaller

The group planned to use its experience in mail order to launch Next Home Shopping in the next 12 months. "In terms of next year it will be one of our major growth areas," said Mr Davies.

The group also planned an update of the Club 24 computer systems, using existing capacity, and simed to introduce a new generation of tills to update its electronic point

New lines in childrenawear were planned but the board was not intending to extend its hard dressing service beyond the three shops where it had been introduced.

Net interest paid in the five months to January was £2.55m, up from £200,000 in 1986. The tax charge rose to £10.54m from £4.96m.

# Wm. Collins advances 19%

That stemmed from turnover ahead 19 per cent to £144.44m. Associates' profits fell to £788,000 (£944,000) and net interest charges were up to £2.87m (£2.27m).

The group activities cover publishing books, diaries and stationery, and book manufacturing and retailing. The encouraging trend shown by Hatchards and Claude Gill—the retailers—in the second half had continued into 1987.

Antler ahead

Antier USM-quoted luggage

and travel goods company, yes-terday announced pre-tax profits

of £871,000 for 1986, against £733,000 previously. The second half contributed £351,000.

charges which would not have arisen had the company not been a subsidiary of a group holding company prior to its flotation in April 1985. The adjustment is also to include the full year's result of the Brexton division acquired in 1986.

A maiden 2p dividend is being paid as forecast. Earnings per 5p share improved from 7.1p to 9.8p.

ordinary debit of £58,000 (nil), attributable profits improved from £416,000 to £518,000.

From earnings ahead

10.51p in 1986, against 9.81p, C.S.C. Investment Trust is aintaining its dividend at 9.35p net, with a final of 5.75p. Year-

£295,000

After tax (£317,000), and

**CSC Trust** 

The comparative figures are

to £0.87m

of 9.25p (7.75p).
In the latter part of the year

Overall sales for the first two Novosti of the Soviet Union (up 20p) months of the current year were that will enable 100 photo-stock. sti ahead, and a number of excit-graphers, half of them from the potential.

AFTER A duil first half, retailing operations of the William the directors reported.

Collins group performed well, and helped push up the pre-tax the net profit for the year came profit by 18.6 per cent. from f13.1m to f15.53m, in the year ended December 28, 1986.

The statement of the William the directors reported.

Russia clicking away approximately 125,000 times at anything that movesh them in order to groduce 300 pictures for episode two of the publishers ended December 28, 1986.

May 15 in Russia clicking away approximately 125,000 times at anything that movesh them in order to produce 300 pictures for episode two of the publishers ended December 28, 1986. thing that movesh them in order to produce 300 pictures for episode two of the publishers new money spinning series. Os "A day in the life of America" In the latter part of the year Collins sold its one-third interest in Pan Books to the other that Collin's and its Russian two shareholders. Macmillan collaborators are smiling. The and Octopus Publishing. Its fanfare almost overshadowed profit on the deal of £6.05m these results and with £18.5m in view this year, maybe a little more in exchange rates go in its favour, the lacklustre past

## Stockley boosted by sale of Stock Conversion stake

yesterday announced that profits for the 1985-86 year had risen from £3.77m to £7.82m at the pre-tax level.

In addition, he said the com-pany had realised an extraordi-nary profit of £10.88m from the sale of its 28.5 per cent stake in Stock Conversion to P & O

in June.

Profits for the year were boosted by a £4.88m (£2.11m) contribution from Stock Conversion prior to the sale, by a £1.06m increase in rents receivable to £3.01m and by a surge in interest income to £3.43m (£262,000).

Mr Peet said he and his boardroom colleagues considered that the company was now in a position to pay a dividend on the ordinary shares—payment for the year is to be 2p net per 10p share.

He warned, however, that the payment reflected to some extent the extraordinary credit and that the level of dividend. if any, in future years would not necessarily be at the same

The proceeds also provided enable it to retain a larger proportion of the surpluses from the substantial develop-

ation Scheme had already been built, Fujitsu had located its European headquarters 't the park and lease agreeme a with other tenants were at auvanced

# Gomment Yesterday was a very bid day the halving of borrowings and in the life of William Collins. The halving of borrowings and in the life of William Collins. The halving of borrowings and in the life of William Collins. The halving of borrowings and in the life of William Collins. The continued strong positive cash generation, suggests that publishing agreement with the company's shares at 445p (up 20p) for the non-voting that will enable 100 photographers half of them from the potential.

MR RON PEET, chairman of all of the company's borrowings, Stockley, the property development and investment company term debenture loan.

Stockley with significant liquid funds which Mr Peet said would

ment programme.
Reporting on the Stockley Park, Heathrow, development the chairman said progress was continuing well. Some 350,000 sq ft of the first 500,000 sq ft accomodation being developed for the Universities Superanni-

stages of negotiation The directors remained confident that the Stockley Park development would bring significant returns for the company.
On the investment side, Mr

On the investment side, Mr
Peet said following last year's
acquisition of a portfolio of
properties fro mthe European
Ferries Group, Stockley now
had the benefit of a significant
flow of rental income.
Since year-end, the company
had sold for cash three development properties for a total
£25.25m and had realised a profit before tax from the sales net, with a final of 5.75p. Yearend net asset value stood at
154.12p, compared to 142.93p.
Total income was £345.445
(£355,545), with franked
(£355,545), with franked
£233,561 (£252,488) and un£233,561 (£252,488) and un£

#### **EMAP** buying Senews for £17m

By Clay Harris

EMAP, the newspaper and magazine group, yesterday bought its first foothold on the prosperous south coast of England by paying £16.6m for Senews, publisher of 22 weekly

Ladbroke Group will receive £12.57m for the nearly 76 per cent stake in Senews, which it bought 13 months ago for £4.8m. Ladbroke never had to pay an additional £1.3m because \$2.50mm per the failed to meet Senews profits failed to mee

the forecast level.

The betting, property, botels and retail group had also advanced Sinews a long-term low-interest loan of £1.6m and made other undisclosed investments in the group, which has titles including Dover Express, Folkestone Herald, Hastings Observer and Mid-Sussex

Senews also owns Southern Webb Offset, which prints all the group's titles, along with other contract work, including The Racing Post. Brighton and Hove Express, a loss-making free daily, is not included in the sale and will cease publica-

the sale and will cease publica-tion, Ladbroke said.

EMAP's newspaper interests,
which include three dailies and
32 weeklies, contributed pre-tax
profits of £2.28m on sales of
£22.45m in the year to last

flected its judgment that the commitment required to develop the business was not in line with group strategy. Continuing Senews businesses showed un-audited turnover of £16m in 1986, with profit of £1m after exceptional items of £700,030 and capitalisation of newspaper launch costs of £600.000.

The £16.6m cash price based on net assets of £3m and is subject to adjustment. The minority 24.25 per cent stake will be sold by Mr Robert Breare and associates. Mr Breare, Senews chief executive,

#### **APV Holdings** wins 41% of **Baker Perkins**

By Nikki Tait

APV Holdings, the process plant engineer which is making a recommended offer for the Peterborough-based engineering group, Baker Perkins, announced yesterday that it had received acceptances from holders of 40.8 per cent of Baker's shares.

In a separate circular to shareholders, Baker confirmed that its chairman met Mr Robert Maxwell, the publisher, last week. But it said that no specific proposals had been made to the company by Mr Maxwell, and

Commenting on the meeting
—held eight days ago—Mr Colin
Joyce, Baker's finance director,
said: "Mr Maxwell certainly
didn't say there was an offer on the way-but we are not quite certain what his intentions are

or were." Yesterday McIntosh, chairman of APV, also revealed that he had a short, friendly telephone con versation" with Mr Maxwell yesterday — but refused to elaborate on discussion. "He is aware, as the market is, that we have substantial support," was

all Sir Ronald would add. Hollis Group—the vehicle for Mr Maxwell's expansion into engineering—approached Baker about a merger before details of the proposed deal with APV were announced in January. It has since been raising its stake in the company and recently took this to just over 10 per

Yesterday's APV announcement also stated that acceptances had been received in respect of 69.2 per cent of the preference shares and that all conditions of the offer—other than the level of acceptances—had been met.

The offer closes on March 23.

#### TR London Trust £10m debenture

De Zoete Bevan is arranging a placing on behalf of TR City of London Trust of £10m 10½ per cent debenture stock 2002. It is priced at £98.819 per cent at which the gross redemption yield is 10.379 per cent. yield is 10.379 per cent.
Payment will be £20 on acceptance and the balance by

September 11. First interest of £2.4158 will be due on October 31 in respect of the period March 18 to October 31.

Lysander losses up Lysander Petroleum, a holding company with interests in oil and gas exploration, development and production, reported pre-tax losses up from £86,208 to £156,595 in the six months to September 30 1986. Turnover moved ahead from £15,648 to

The chairman said that the company had started its Arkoma Basin programme and results for the second half would be better—although unlikely to eliminate the losses. The company was now trading profitably. Lysander, which is quoted on the USM, paid no tax and losses per share emerged at 0.97p (0.5p). No dividend will be paid.



# Strong brands produce good results.

PRELIMINARY RESULTS 1986

- Kit Kat top selling UK confectionery brand.
- Share of UK confectionery market up.
- Better profits in Europe.
- Summark starts well in the USA.
- 33% of trading profits from North America.
- Australian profits double.
- Final Dividend up 12%.

Results in Brief	1986 £m	1985 £m
Turnover	1290.4	1205.2
Trading profit	105.7	101.3
Profit before taxation	84.0	79.3
Earnings per ordinary share	35.0p	<b>34.8</b> p

Copies of the Armual Report will be available from the Company Secretary, Rowntree Mackintosh plc, PO Box 202 York YO1 LXY.

# © Rowntree Mackintosh

## John Lewis Partnership plc department stores and Waitrose supermarkets

Preliminary results for the year to 31 January 1987

## Profits rise 28% to £105m £42m bonus for Partners

	1986/87 53 weeks £m	1985/86 52 weeks £m	% change
Sales	1,568.4	1,369.6	+15
Trading Profit Interest Pension Fund Contributions Profit before tax	122.4 3.9 13.3 105.2	97.1 3.5 11.5 82.1	+26 +11 +16 +28
Taxation Preference Dividends	23.8 0.2	21.6 0.3	+10 -33
Surplus available for profit sharing and retention	s 81.2	60.2	+35
Partnership Bonus	42.2	, 30.5	+38
Retentions	39.0	29,7	+31

Profit Sharing All the equity capital of John Lewis Partnership plc is held in trust for the benefit of the workers in the business. The profits remaining after taxation, preference dividends, pensions and allocations to reserves are distributed yearly among the workers as Partnership Bonus in proportion to their pay. This year the rate of distribution will be 24% of pay (1985/6 20%).

For further details please telephone 01-637 3434 ext 6221/2 or write to Chief Information Officer, 4 Old Cavendish Street, London W1A 1EX.

## HELLERUP SCANDINAVIAN FUND LIMITED

**Board of Directors:** E. Brandt (Chairman); G. R. J. Altken, M.A., LL.B (Managing); J. G. Ekherg; A. O. V. Grundberg; P. L. Gunning; K. F. K. Larsson, LL.B.

Custodian: The Royal Bank of Scotland (I.O.M.) Limited, Prospect Hill, Douglas

> YEAR TO DECEMBER 31 1986 ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL YEAR

	1986	1985 (8 months)	Increase
NET REVENUE	£36,677	£11,322	+224%
DIVIDEND PER ORDINARY UNIT	<b>2</b> p	0.65p	+208%
TOTAL NET ASSETS	£2.4m	£1.8m	+ 33%
OFFER PRICE PER UNIT	143.9p	114.9p	+ 25%

"The fund will continue to concentrate on investments of the highest quality in economies which are sound." G. R. J. AITKEN - Managing Director.

The Fund is quoted daily in the Financial Times under the heading "Offshore and Overseas." Please send me the Hellerup Scandinavian Fund Prospectus, Accounts and Application

> G. R. J. Aitken, Managing Director, Hellerup Scandinavian Fund Limited 23 Bucks Road, Douglas, Isle of Man (Tel: 0624 26484)

pre-tax profits by nearly 6 per and Yorkie.
cent last year but forecast a "The bigger the brand, the cent last year but forecast a "The bigger the brand, the considerable improvement in better the margin," said Mr benefit of recent US acquisitions. David Bowden, finance director.

Profits advanced to £84m in against £79.3m in the previous 52-week period. Turnover rose by 7 per cent to £1.29bn

Rowntree also announced yesterday a £55m issue of convertible loan stock, with which it plans to reduce interest costs by replacing variable-rate

The company said that it was in 1987.

We have had one of the cent best starts we have had for many years," he said. Rowntree's strength continued which everything goes right." Trading profit rose to \$47.9m to lie in established brands Adverse currency movements (\$45.3m) in the UK, \$7.8m

**Courts closing** 

house

retailer, is closing down its loss-making Australian operations.

The group announced yester-day that all of the 11 Australian furnisture stores would be closed

within a few weeks and sold off individually.

Courts said: "Trading there has been relatively poor over recent years and the economy in

central and northern Queens-land where almost all of the

company's stores are located has been very depressed."

After liabilities there will probably be a small loss on the sale of Australian assets, but

the group said it was unlikely

to be significant for the group.

The group did not reveal the extent of the losses incurred by

Unitycorp buys into

Unitycorp Trust, the former

which was taken over by ATS

Resources last June, which itself is now controlled by the

the Australian operations.

Tor Investment

furniture

Australian

loss-makers

By Raiph Atkins

Rowntree Mackintoch, the such as Kit Kat (celebrating its confectionery manufacturer 50th anniversary), Smarties, from the imposition of sales and £4m (£2.5m) in Australasia, and food retailer, increased After Eight, Quality Street, Polo tax; and fierce competition but slipped to £11.3m (£13.1m) reduced prices and margins in the rest of the world.

Although UK snack foods the 58 weeks to January 3 should recover this year, they were not expected to reach the 1985 level, he said. Sunmark, the US sweets and

snack food group bought for \$230m (£155m) last year, con-tributed about £2.5m in the last four months which did not include peak pre-Halloween production. Rowntree expects £18m in trading profits from Sunmark

The company said that it was not unhappy with analysts' predictions of £110m pre-tax profits this year. Current trading was especially encouraging, according to Mr Kenneth Dixon.

The company said that it was not unhappy with analysts' market, where its average trading margin was just under 10 per cent, Rowntree added another half-percentage point to its market share of about 20 per

Mr Dixon said, however : " We are still waiting for a year in reversal in currency rates.
which everything goes right." Trading profit rose to \$4

the UK snack foods and Middle East markets.

Although UK snack foods should recover this year, they were not expected to reach the 1985 level he said.

Sunmark, the US sweets and snack foo group bought for \$230m (£155m) last year, con-tribute about £2.5m in the last four months which did not include peak pre-Hailoween production, Rowntree expects £18m in trading profits from Sunmark in 1987.

This would help North America, a weak spot in recent America, a weak spot in recent years, to contribute profits "of the same order" as those from Europe, including the UK, Rowntree said. In 1986, trading profit from North America fell to £34.7m (£37.2m), a shift more than explained by a \$4.5m

Rowntree was especially satisfied with the progress of the European business, which had begun to make a modest contirbution to the group's net cash generation of £20m last

Lower rates reduced interest costs to £21.7m (£22m), despite an increase in net borrowing to £191.5m (£148.1m) at the year

After a tax charge of £17.8m (£18.6m), Rowntree reported profit of £66.2m (£60.7m). Extraordinary items of £11.3m (£16.5m) reflected costs of the continuing rationalisation of UK

Earnings per share crept to 35p from the adjusted 34.8p level in each of the two previous years, but the final dividend was increased to 9.2p (8.2p) for a total of 13.6p (12.2p), Rown-

# GUS stepping into hosiery

GUS. Mr Stanley Peacock. Burping into hosiery manufacturing. The catalogue shopping to
high street stores group is buying sock maker Pantherella for
fit2m.

GUS's agreed offer values
each share in the US Mounted
company at 205p. That compares with 170p on Tuesday of
last week when the shares were
suspended pending negotiations
and 198p at last night's closePantherella will join the fast
growing Burberrys division of

In November 1985, Mr Abdul Shamji was removed from the chairmanship of Belgrave after Johnson Matthey Bankers appointed receivers to his

£4m of the proceeds would be

# Belgrave £11m disposal

Belgrave Holdings, the hotel private company owned by the and property company which Raberhu family. has been gripped by controversy for the past two years, yesterday announced the sale of all its London hotels m a move to

Mr Anant Rabheru, chief executive, said that the four property company.
hotels—the Julius Ceasar, Eden Mr Raberhu com Park, Hyde Park Towers and the Kensington Inn—had been sold for £10.6m, a £1.4m

#### Tesco has 4.8% of Hillards

By Nikki Tait

Teses, the supermarket chain which launched a hostile bid Gomba group and moved to sell its stake from 4.2 per cent to property company for Yorkshire-based Hillards on

Mr Raberhu commented that The group's finance director, Mr David Reid, also hit back spent repaying debt and the remainder would be used to acquire "good quality hotels which we, Belgrave, will operate ourselves." The hotels sold bid put Hillards on a high Australian Unity Corporation, premium over a recent valua- acquire "good quality hotels has acquired a 5.2 per cent tion, to Park Hotels (GB) which which we Belgrave, will operate and said that the value of the interest in the capital shares of currently operates them under ourselves." The hotels sold bid put Hillards on a high contributed rental income of Swansea-based split-level fund. Belgrave. Park Hotels is a \$1.15m to Belgrave last year.

# Everyone stands to benefit from British Telecom's success.

British Telecom is pleased to announce another successful and profitable three months. This success is essential, because it

allows us to continue to fund our huge investment programme. We're investing more than ever before - about \$40 million a week - on developments which will benefit everybody.

We will spend over £1,200 million in 1987 on modernising and expanding our telephone systems, to offer/faster connection, more capacity and clearer

But some of our more challenging work is in the development of wider uses for telecommuni-

Such as telephones in cars and commercial vehicles, including models which can be used without the driver's hands leaving the wheel. Soon you will get used to find-

ing telephones in trains and coaches as well. If you've booked a holiday at a travel agent. recently, it's likely that British Telecom provided the connection to the tour operator's computer,

and gave you faster, more reliable reservations. Other recent innovations are being put to new

Nine months financial highlights

■ Turnover up 13.8% to £7,009m. ■ Profit before taxation up 11.7% to £1,512m.

■ Capital expenditure of £1,526m wholly funded from within the business. ■ Over 90% of capital purchases from UK suppliers.

Third quarter and nine months results

to 31 December 1986				
· — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Third of 3 month 31 Dec (u 1986 5 m	justier as ended associated) 1985 Am	Cumulative 9 months ended 31 Dec (mandite 1986 1985 5m 5m	
Turnover	2,395	2,111	7,009	6,160
Operating profit	578	520	1,720	1,557
Profit before taxation	506	452	1,512	1,354
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	306	252	916	760
Earnings per ordinary share	5.1p	4.2p	15.3p	12.7r

uses. ChildLine, the telephone advisory service for children in trouble or danger, was made possible by our 0800 service, which is free to callers.

When you watch the Cup Final - or almost anything else on television from this country or overseas - British Telecom plays a major role in bringing the programme into your home.

But British Telecom has also been in the news for a less positive reason: the recent strike.

We are sorry that services to some of our customers were disrupted. The vast majority were unaffected, however, thanks to the resilience of our network and the efforts of our managers and staff who continued working. We believe that the terms on which the strike

was settled give us, and our employees, an excellent basis on which to build for the future. The changes in working practice we have

negotiated will help us serve our customers more

Just as our record investment levels are designed to provide improved services for all in the years ahead.

Investing for growth.

If you would like a copy of the interim results leaflet or if you have any queries as an investor, please call us on this LinkLine number, which enables you to telephone from anywhere in the UK for the price of a local call; LinkLine 0345 010707. For daily information on the British Telecom abuse price, dial Shareline on: London 01-246 8022 Birmingham 021-246 8056 Edinburgh 031-447 0333 Glasgow 041-248 4400 Liverpool 051-486 0787 Manchester 061-246 8050 Belfast (0292) 8030 Bristol (0272) 215444 munications plc, 81 Newgate Street, London ECIA 7AJ. Telephone 01-356 5000.

## **Yule Catto** set to quit in battle for Barrow

By Clay Harris

Yule Catto is peined to concede the battle for Barrow Hepburn to BTP, the rival bidder which said yesterday that it controlled nearly 43

per cent of the chemical and engineering group's shares. The surrender may come as early as today, when Yule Catto is due to announce the latest level of acceptances for its own effer, which values Barrow at £28.3m against BTP's recommended bid of

Although it is still open for the chemicals, building products and plantations group to come back with new terms, it is known to be unwilling to do so. Yule Catto does not believe

that it can compete with the sharp rise in BTP shares in the wake of the chemicals group's controversial an-nouncement that one of its products was capable of kill-ing the AIDS virus outside the

ing the AIDS virus outside the the human body.

Even if its bid ends in deteat, Yule Catte does not believe the three-month battle has been in value because of improved market perception of its shares.

These slipped 7p to 333p, however, to value Barrow shares at 73.7p against yesterday's unchanged market price. day's unchanged market pri/o of 79p and the 82.8p level based on BTP's unchanged based on BTP's anchanged 185p price. Tule Catto is offer-ing a cash alternative of 65p and BTP one of 70.38p. Although it has recently raised its stake in Reabrook

Holdings to 21 per cent, Yule Catte indicated yesterday that it was unlikely to mount an early bid for the aerosols and cleaning chemicals group because the rise in Reabrook's share price had outrun the improvement in its earnings performance.

#### **Marler Estates** steps in to help Ecobric By Philip Coggan

MARLER ESTATES property company embrolled in the London soccer merger controversy. yesterday emerged in a new and untikely role—as the saviour of Ecobric, the troubled

emolition group. Shares in Ecobric have Shares in Robric have been suspended from the Unlisted Securities Market since November 20, pending a rights issue which would enable the company to move, into coal mining. Mr Michael Eston, spokesman for the National Coal Board during the miners' strike. the miners' strike, was brought in as chief executive.

But the rights issue had to be withdrawn and Ecobric has turned to Marler for new capital. The property group is believed to be taking a con-trolling stake in the company, via a subscription for ne ordinary shares and convertible loan stock. Mr Eaton is not expected to continue at the company following the

change. Ecobric has no property interests to attract Marier although it is becoming increasingly common for demo lition companies to tender for both the demolition contract and the land.

it brought west London soccer club Queen's Park Rangers and announced pro-posals to merge it with neigh-bours Fulham and redevelop the latter's Craven Cottage ground. The deal was blocked by football's authorities and Marier is now negotiating to sell the Fulham name and players, although it still bopes to develop the ground in e wat.

Tony Berry buys

stake in Spurs
MR TONY BERRY, chairman
of Bluet Arrow and supporter
of Tottenham Hotspur, has
taken a 4 per cent stake in
the football club.

He has bought 480,000
shares at 1109 each. Shares in
they club closed yesterday up
sp at 98p, the nearest they
have come to the offer price
of 21 when the club joined
the gtock market in 1982.

Mr Berry was born within

club and has supported it since he was six. He played

to be chairman of Blue Arrow is really good, but if you're on the Spurs' heard you've really made it," he

£2.65m at 94 per cent, redeemable on March 16 1988, have been issued by the following local authorities. High Peak District Council £0.5m; Newport don (London Borough of) £0.5m; Metropolitan Police District (The Receiver for the) £0.5m; Wansbeck District Coun-

# More calls boost BT by 12% in third quarter

STEADY GROWTH in the volume of telephone calls con-tributed to an 11.9 per cent jump in pre-tax profits at British Telecom in the third quarter to the end of December. Turnover rose by 13.3 per cent to £2.59bn, from £2.11bn, The figure, up from £452m to £506m came after an interest charge which climbed slightly to £72m (£68m). After tax of

£186m (£184m), earnings per share amounted to 5.1p. against 4.2p, broadly in line with mar-ket expectations

In the first nine months of the year, total pre-tax profits rose by 11.8 per cent to £1.51bn (£1.35bn), while sales jumped by 13.6 per cent to £7bn, against £5.16bn. Earnings per share amounted to 15.3p, against

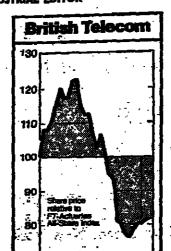
Mr Graeme Odgers, deputy chairman, said that the company was looking forward to satisfactory results for the year as a whole, despite the recent are incorrect states which would engineers strike, which would be accounted for in the final quarter. "Our tails are up." he added.

he added.

The figures reflect several changes in BT's business in the last 12 months, resulting from acquisitions. These include Mitel. Canadian-based office switching system manufacturer CTG, Disloom and International Aeradio, a group of activities which had sales of £201m in the nine months period and net

iosses of £18m.

Rental income in the nine months was exceptionally strong rising by 12.5 per cent to £2.29bn. There was strong growth in demand for business



exchange kines and private cir-cuits, influenced to some extent by the deregulation of the Lon-don financial markets. Telephone call income at £3.68bn grew by 10.2 per cent.

Underlying volume went up by 7 per cent for inland calls and per cent for international Staff murabers in the basic telephone service fell by 3,900,

roughly in line with recent declines of about 5,000 a year. over the next few years. BT said the Mitel, which suffered heavy losses earlier in the financial year, broke even in the third quarter and was now expected to show steady

Mr Odgers said that the group was still behind in its plans to instal new digital telephone exchanges in the UK, but added that it expected to put in 2.5th lines in its next financial year. In the first nine months of this year, the company spent £363m on digital exchanges, out of a total capital investment of £1.53bn.

#### comment

BT has once again demonstrated the predictability of a very large company sperating in a semi-monopoly market, rolling out a set of figures which surprised virtually no one. Even the fourth quarter strike will apparently not hit earnings, quite the contrary, so the main apparently not hit earnings, quite the contrary, so the main question on the labour front remains the group's ability to cut costs by shedding labour. Otherwise, BT has trimmed out the losses at Mitel, is continuing to grow at about 11 per cent a year, and is generating enough cash to finance its heavy expenditure on new digital exchanges. cash to finance its heavy expenditure on new digital exchanges without posing any evident balance sheet worries. The figures suggest a degree of confort that hardly seems to be reflected in its market rating of 242p, down 4p yesterday. With profits likely to come out at a little more than £3bn for the year, the prospective p/e stands at about 11.7, substantially down from the prospective p/e of approximately 15.5 of a year of approximately 13.5 of a year ago. Fears of Labour's renationalisation threats lie behind the re-rating, but after the Greenwich by-election it is increasingly difficult to see the justification for it.

# GRA shares up on approach news

Auk and Wiborg Banro Industries .....

Marier provoked much controversy last month when

Mr Berry was born within few miles of the football

for the team as an amateur
in the 1950s.

He will join the board as
a non-executive director
advising on corporate
development rather than foot-

supporters. "If my father was alive today he would say that

YEARLING BONDS totalling Borough Council £1m; Hilling-

SHARES in GRA Group, the £548,000 and no dividend was Astaire said it had no informagreyhound-racing organiser, stadia.

Imped 7½ to 106p yesterday stadia.

These assets have brought control the bidder.

These assets have brought control that include those attention from many of the biddings—which include those at approach had been made larger food retail chains in the which might lead to a bid for past, including Dee, Sainsbury and the company, and the Co-operative Melessia chairman and the wo McAlpine families—are still foreastly in Society, which entered a properties are still foreastly in Society, which entered a properties of GRA's states. Astaire clients pany's profits are modest—in the gix months to end-April able at the company to combine stage was at the company to combine stage are new under 20 ment on the annuuncement and per cent.

## **BOARD MEETINGS**

Remarke International Book Fd Mar 27 Katamazoo Apr 18 North British Canadian Int ... Apr 6

..... ' Mar 25

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED Current May 11 — 25 — July 2 54° 10.1 84° Glynwed 6.5†
W & R Jacob 4.7
Mitchell Cotts int Nil July 1 1.3 Rewntree Mackintosh 9.2 Sharpe & Filand June 1 8.2 18.6 12.2 May 29 1.72 3 2.33 Nil 2 Nil May 11 10.18 18.75 13.18 May 11 Nil 3 Nil

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. \* Equivalent after allowing for serip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. † USM stock. † Unquoted stock. † Current accounting period is 17 months. I Irish pence throughout

LANGUON- AP LOCKWHEED **£553.2m** £229.5m REGINA TEXTAR Pretax Profits GOVE MARSHALL

Outstanding results for 1986

O Profits on ordinary activities increase

O Sales increase by 141%

O EPS increase by 26%

O Dividends have been increased

O Gearing improved from 48.9% to 42.3%

O Action taken and a more promising outlook should ensure substantial progress in 1987



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WASHINGTON, D.C. 20405

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## Norway's INVESTORS' BANK

The Norwegian Stock Market has outperformed most stockmarkets over the last few years. Union Bank of Norway has one of the biggest stock exchange departments in Norway and is well equipped to take care of your equity transactions. We also have a leading position in secondary market trading in domestic and foreign bonds.

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# **Union Bank of Norway**

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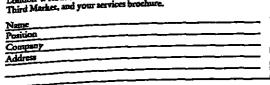
Chantrey Wood King is large enough to offer a full range of company services, and yet still able to provide the personal attention that growing clients needs

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### **UK COMPANY NEWS**

# DIY and building supplies boost Sharpe & Fisher

off in 1986. The new stores con-solidated Sandfords' position as

division.

Mr Stringer said the building supplies company had had a much improved year, showing profit up from £756,000 to £1.4m. This had resulted from

SIGNIFICANT progress both in its DIY stores and its building supplies interest allowed Sharpe & Fisher to report pre-tax profits up substantially from 52.2m to 53.3m in the year to December 31 1986. During the period turnover moved ahead from £50.4m to £60.9m.

Mr Roy Stringer, chairman, said that the group's Sandlords DIY stores had had another record year, with profits up from £1.4m to £1.9m on turnover of £26.8m (£18.7m).

New stores had been opened in Redditch and Droitwich and all initial costs had been written off in 1986. The new stores con
The sale of the company's higher at 10.8p. The proposed in a surplus of £1.2m on £756.000 to £1.2m, after which and all initial costs had been written off in 1986. The new stores con
The sale of the company's higher at 10.8p. The proposed in a surplus of £1.2m on £756.000 to £1.2m, after which and all initial costs had been written off in 1986. The new stores con
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The sale of the company's higher at 10.8p. The proposed in £756.000 to £1.2m, after which and all initial costs had been written off in 1986. The new stores con
The additional space by the resulting space together of the diddition and increased total selling space by the and 25 per cent.

The additional space by the resulting space together from the existing stores had been agood volume growth from the existing stores had been agood volume growth from the existing stores had been agood volume growth from the existing stores had been agood volume growth from the existing stores had been agood volume growth from the existing stores had been agood volume growth from the existing stores had been agood volume growth from the existing space according industry and from the results on the results on the level at which the company in the level at which the company in the level at which the company in the existing stores had been

which had started well.

The sale of the company's Hereford development site had resulted in a surplus of £127,000.

Tax charegs rose from £786,000 to £1.2m, after which earnings per share emerged 3.8p higher at 10.8p. The proposed final dividend is 2.25p (1.72p), making 3n (2.33p) for the year

## All-round rise lifts Cattle's 33%

ALL AREAS of Cattle's (Roldings) contributed to a 33 per cent pre-tax profits advance for 1986 with Shopacheck Financial Services leading the way.

Turnover for the year pushed thead from £94,98m to £97,02m—apart from financial services the company's interest take in retailing and merchandising as well as insurance broking.

retailing and merchandising as well as insurance broking.

Profits at the pre-tax level rose from £2.72m to £3.61m and with earnings working through 1.65p higher at 5.05p shareholders are to receive a 0.6p lift in their dividend to 2.4p net via a final of 1.475p.

A serio issue on a one-for-five A scrip issue on a one-for-five basis is also proposed.

The consumer portfolio by-

ferred to Shopacheck during the year, and development of non-collected business from the company's branch network progressed well.

The directors said yesterday that promotional campaigns to a satisfactory year while the

that promotional campaigns to strengthen the customer base were extremely successful. Furthermore, the ratio of the bad debt charge to customers' accounts again improved.

The company's merchandising arm had a very successful year and in addition continued to develop the concept of offer-

to develop the concept of offer-ing mail order catalogue facili-

The newly-formed licensed deposit-taking subsidiary had a satisfactory year while the insurance broking side traded profitably—further expansion

The directors pointed out that last year's poor performance by Rosebys was due to the absorbtion of the 24 outlets acquired in 1985 from the receiver of Sherrys.

ties.

The hire purchase and leasing division achieved a lower cost base, while the reduced volumes of business reflected concentration on good quality

They noted, however, that this acquisition was beginning to prove beneficial and said that during the latter part of the 1986 year made a positive concentration on good quality

## Record £2.6m by Appleyard

turned in record pre-tax profits up from a restated £1.88m to £2.6m in 1986. Group turnover moved ahead from £162m to

Mr Ian Appleyard, chairman, said that the excellent organic growth of the past three years would continue during 1987 and suitable acquisition opportuni-ties would be pursued with

vigour. Last October a concert party headed by T. Cowie, a cars and vans, £2,4m (£1,9m); proposition of the cars and vans, £2,4m (£1,9m); proposition of the cars and vans, £452,000 (£333,000); (3.5p butor, built up a 10.37 per cent fuel oil, £187,000 (£229,000), year.

**Operating costs** 

**Bedford profits** 

ing expenditure involving start-up costs at the company's n:w London showrooms during the latter half of the year, the

major work on redecoration and refurbishment of the secondary

refurbishment of the secondary sales area, and a substantial rise in the advertising budget. The chairman said that the first half had proved difficult for the antique trade, but the company had recovered in the second half to show an increase over the first six months of about 14 per cent. In the last six months to 1986 sales had been 43 per cent higher than the comparable period in 1985. This trend had continued and the company had

period in 1985. This trend had continued and the company had made a strong start to the current year which the chairman expected it to maintain. During 1986 exports had shown only a small increase, while the main growth had come from an increase in home

Tax charges took £270,562

(£392,575) and earnings emerged at 10.2p (11.9p) per 5p share. The proposed final dividend is 3p (\$p) making an unchanged total of 4.5p.

The overall impact of equipping freezer centres to take more non-frozen food lines had been most favourable for the Bejam Group. In yesterday's report on the halfway figures, appears the street of t

a typographical error gave the impression that this was not favourable.

Intermediate Securities,

Cayman Island investment cour pany, and parties acting in con-

pany, and parties acting in concert now own 89 per cent of
Howard & Wyndham, which
holds large minority stakes in
publisher W. H. Allen and the
jeweller, Ciro.
The offer, which values H&W
at 53.28m, has been extended
until March 30. Shareholders on
Friday approved a 200-for-one
consolidation of the company's
ordinary shares.

SMALLER Companies Intermational Trust has arranged an unsecured, fixed rate, sterling

bank loan of £8m for 10 years at an interest rate to be fixed on

the date of advance. The pro-ceeds of the loan will be

invested in UK equities and convertibles. A dividend of not

less than 1p is proposed for the year to March 31 1988,

Intermediate Sec.

Bejam halfyear

William Bedford, USM-quoted

dent William

Appleyard Group, a North stake in Appleyard before fail- contract hire and leasing. Yorkshire-based motor trader, ing to come to an agreement £520,000 (£451,000); less unallowith it over a merger.

with it over a merger.

Mr Appleyard said that costs charged to trading operations, \$201,000 in 1985—were now being taken above the line, which explained the restating of last year's profits. He added that as a result of last Septem—

(acted costs and interest not charged to trading operations, \$263,000 (£1m).

Operating profit totalled profits from associated companies was \$520,000 (£451,000).

Interest and stock finance came that as a result of last Septem—

(acted costs and interest not charged to trading operations, \$263,000 (£1m). of closures—£63,000 this year, £201,000 in 1985—were now being taken above the line, which explained the restating of last year's profits. He added that as a result of last September's rights issue, the company's gearing at the year end stood at 3 per cent.

Profit by sector amounted to:

cated costs and interest not

to £1.1m (£1.2m).

After tax of £146,000 (£59,000), earnings per share worked through at 28.2p compared with 21.6p last time. The proposed final dividend is 5.25p (3.5p), making 7p (5p) for the

## Public Works Loan Board rates

Effective March 11 William Bedford, USM-quoted antique dealer and restorer, saw its pre-tax profits for the year to December 31 1985 hit by a rise in operating costs.

Profits fell from £938,151 to £759,348 on turnover ahead from £2.9m to £3.3m.

Operating expenses had included substantial non-recurring expension involving over 25 mp to 25 ....



#### BaseRate

BCC announces that from 13th March 1987 its base rate is changed from 11% to  $10\frac{1}{2}$ % p.a.

BANK OF CREDIT AND COMMERCE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETE ANONYME LICENSED DEPOSIT TAKER 100 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON BCJA JAD

#### Dome Petroleum Limited

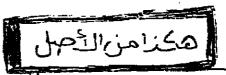
Notice to the Holders of the Outstanding Principal Amounts of

U.S. \$50,000,000 U.S. \$50,000,000 Debentures Due 1994 131/2% Debentures Due 1992 (collectively, the "Debentures")

The Canada Trust Company is the trustee for the holders of the Debentures issued pursuant to two trust indentures made between Dome Petroleum Limited and The Canada Trust Company dated respectively as of the 15th day of July, 1979 and as of the 1st day of May, 1980 (hereinafter reterned to as the "10% Trust Indenture", respectively).

The Canada Trust Company, in compliance with the provisions of Section 85 of the Canada Business Corporations Act, R.S.C., hereby gives notice to the holders of the Debentures issued pursuant to each of the 10% Trust Indenture and 13½% Trust Indenture that an event of default pursuant to Section 6.01(g) each of the 10% Trust Indenture and the 13½% Trust Indenture has occurred and is continuing as a result of the failure by Dome Petroleum Limited to pay the principal amount due on October 31, 1986 to the holders of 6% Swiss Franc Notes.

The Canada Trust Company Dated 3 March, 1987



This announcement appears as a matter of record only

December 1986



#### US \$111,000,000

Sale/Leaseback Three McDonnell Douglas

DC10-30 Aircraft

Two aircraft leased by Spectrum Capital, Ltd. with financing arranged by The Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Corporation

C. Itoh & Co., Ltd.

CLARENDON AMERICA INSURANCE CO.

The undersigned arranged a Belgian Francs/US Dollar innerest and corrency swap

Delta Securities S.A. (Petercam Group)

PaineWebber International

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

January 1987



BF 3,600,000,000

Restructuring of Sale/Leaseback Two Boeing 747-100 Aircraft

Leased by Tokyo Leasing Co., Ltd.

The undersigned provided an

The Sumitomo Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.

The Toyo Trust and Banking Co., Ltd.

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to SABENA.

PaineWebber International

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(Incorporated in England under the Companies Acts 1862 to 1890 - No. 34871)

Placing of £10,000,000 101/4 per cent. Debenture Stock 2020 at £98.819 per £100 nominal payable as to £20 per £100 nominal on acceptance and as to the balance on or before 11th September, 1987

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the whole of the above Stock ("the Stock") to be admitted to the Official List.

In accordance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange two market makers will each be offered a participation in the marketing of the Stock.

Listing particulars, including particulars of the Stock, are being circulated in the Extel Statistical Services and copies may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday (excluding Saturdays) from the Company Announcements Office, The Stock Exchange, London EC2P 2BT until 16th March, 1987, and up to and including 27th March, 1987 from:

TR City of London Trest PLC, Mermaid House, 2 Puddle Dock, London ECAV 3AT.

de Zoete & Bevan Limited, Ebbgate House, 2 Swan Lane, London EC4E 3TS.

NOTICE TO BOLDERS OF FURSIMA PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY LIMITED

Pursuant to Clause 7(3) and (C) of the Trust Deed dated 13th October, 1981 under which the above Ronda were issued, notice is hereby given as follows:

1. On 2nd March, 1887, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to make a free distribution of shares of its Common Stack to shareholders of reserved as of 31st March, 1987 in Japan at the rate of 0.1 new share for each 1 share held.

held.

2. Accordingly, the conversion price of the Bonds will be adjusted effective as of 1st April, 1987, Japan Time. The conversion price in effect prior to such adjustment is Yen 898 per share of Common Stock, and the adjusted conversion price is Yen 816.40 per share of Common Stock.

COMPANY LIMITED

By The Bank of Thicyo
Trust Company
es Trustes

**CORRECTION NOTICE** 



THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK Yen 10,000,000,000

**Yield Curve Notes Due 1991** rdance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the period from 10th March, 1887 to 10th September, 1987, the Rate of Interest will be 4.07186% with a Coupon Amount of Yen 40,717 per Yen 1,000,000 Note. The next erest payment date being 10th September, 1987.

CHEMICALBANK

# Mitchell Cotts reiterates optimism

Mitchell Cotts have fallen by ancy.
nearly 58 per cent to £1.18m in In the first half, they represent a substantial improvement over the latter part of 1985 and the group still expects a significant recovery by the end of the year.

In the market yesterday the shares rose 4p to 594p.
The interim dividend is being passed (as was last year's final) as the group considered it more prudent to consider payment when the results of the full year were known. The 1985 interim was 1.5p.

The extent of the profit re-

covery depended in part on outside factors, such as currency movements and tea prices, it

Mr John Storar, the chairman, said progress continued to be made in reducing overheads and restructuring the group to concentrate activities into four principal business sectors — speciality chemicals, a defined range of engineering products, transportation including freight forwarding, and transportation inc freight forwarding,

World of

up slightly

World of Leather, a retailer of upholustered leather furni-

ture, reported a slight improve-

ment in pre-tax profits from £1.2m to £1.25m in the year to December 31, 1986. Turnover rose from £9m to £11.6m.

The directors said that the results were affected by adverse

currency movements and delays in opening new stores. The bulk of orders taken were not included as sales and the heavy

initial overheads in the open-ing of only three of the planned

seven new stores for the year had a significant negative effect

The proposed dividend—its first since coming to the USM in November 1985—is 3p.

Laidlaw Thomson Group, USM-quoted architectural iron-monger, increased its 1986 profits before tax from £758,000

to £897,000 and is raising the dividend for the year by 0.45p to 4.2p net via a final of 2.8p.

Trading in 1987 was closely in

line with directors' expectations and was showing growth over

the corresponding period of the past year. Turnover for 1986 totalled £18.86m (£15.16m).

Laidlaw Thomson

Leather

In the half year ended December 31 1986, turnover moved up to £176.9m (£167m) while the pre-tax profit came out at £1.18m, against £2.5m. This year, £731,000 development expenditure was charged to profits; previously that provision was written off as extraordinary, and the 1985 profit had been adjusted accordingly. Mr Storar said the results were not really indicative of the substantial recovery taking place, and the comparisons between the two half years was

distorted by the exceptional level of profits earned by the chemicals division in 1985. Current indications for the second half were for a con-tinuing and accelerating re-covery in operating profits. All UK operations were firmly in profit and collectively would earn more than last year. The Van Rymenant group in Belgium looked like returning better figures and operations in East and Central Africa, at least in local currency, were

Tyne Tees Television Holdings is following the industry trend and planning to enfranchise its 'A' non-voting shares.

And at the same time it is con-sidering moving up to the main

The proposals are being sert to shareholders at the end of the month and it is hoped both moves will be completed by the

late spring.
Mr David Hellewell, finance

director, said the USM-quoted

company was now of a size where it should have a listing and the enfranchisement would help the marketability of the

shares.
The company also announced

its results for 1986 yesterday The pre-revealing pre-tax profits of well with £4.21m against £3.19m for the last year.

tributor of food products. Pre- 20.9p. tax profits rose from I£1.06m

to a record I£2.1m, but turnover

showed only a modest improve-

ment from £58.1m to £58.45m.

W & R Jacob well up

The final dividend is raised ment that prevailed.

A YEAR of considerable pro-gress was yesterday reported by of 7p (6p on old capital). Earn-W & R Jacob, the Dublin-based ings per 25p share improved biscuit manufacturer and dis-considerably from 11.6p to

satisfactory profits for the full Australian and South African operations still posed problems, but when steps being taken were concluded, the erosion in group profits would be ended.

After tax £769,000 (£1.56m) and minorities £142,000 (£149,000), the net profit was £273,000 (797,000) for earnings of 0.26p (0.85p). There was also an extraordinary charge of £2m (£2,5m) of £2m (£3.95m).

comment

**Tyne Tees to enfranchise** 

A shares and plans listing

While Mitchell Cotts could see pre-tax profits of £7m this year, the high tax charge plus the already established extraordinary charges of £2m will leave very little to pass on to shareholders. Even a ip divi-dend would consume £4.8m, so the prospects of anything other than a miniscule final payout look very slim indeed, which has to be bad news for a com-

previous 15 months. The shares

added 52p to 482p making a rise of 122p in the past week.

Turnover was £51.45m against £60.53m. Earnings per £1 share came out at 51.35p (32.76p) and

the directors are proposing a final payment of 15p (10.125p), making a total of 18.75p (13.125p).

gramme sales continued to grow, the company said, particu-

harly extracts from The Tube and Supergran, Overseas sales

increased from £500,000 in the

previous 15 months to £750,000

The present year had started well with advertising ahead of

The directors said the in

crease in profits in 1986 was earned despite the difficult and

Advertising revenue and pro-

to bullish press comment.

making encouraging progress.

Air Market Express and Nina Ricci in Hong Rong were trading well and should return in profits within what are revenue stock. What is equally disturbing is the alarming swing in profits within what are described as the core businesses. Speciality Chemicals turned from a strong f2.6m in the first half of last year to a weak £900,000 this time. And those who thought that the year and red ink marked the last of provisioning for the Australian and South African disasters were no doubt taken aback by another £5m worth taken in these figures - partially offset by the net 23m from the sale
of the company's head office.
Even if 1987-88 sees a return
to a better attributable profits trend the problem of the over-valued African assets will remain. Borthwicks took five years to save and had to have its management changed and its capital reduced to fund a massive write-offs programme: TKM got a major capital injection at par and new manage-ment from Ron Brierley. Which route will Cotts take to re-balance its capital base?

## Phicom profit at £403,000

Phicom ended 1986 with profits falling from £2.11m to £403,000, and is paying the forecast final dividend of 0.3p net, which cuts the total from 1.1p

which chis the total from Lip to 0.5p.
Group activities were now conceptrated in the life sciences division, a specialist maker and distributor of equipment and instruments used mainly in medical laboratories.
That division pushed up its turnover from £13m to £14.57m and operating profit from

The second half of the year witnessed the sale of the data communications side, with turnover £6.88m (£19m) and loss £565,000 (profit £2.2m), and the

# after disposals

and operating profit from £950,000 to £1.06m in the year.

over £5.85m (£19m) and hose £565,000 (profit £2.2m), and the electronics enclosures division—turnover £6.59m (£13.47m) and profit £48,000 (loss £554.000).

Interest charges were cut to £46,000 (£491,000) reflecting earnings on the cash sale proceeds. After tax £225,000 (£743,000) the net profit came to £177,000 (£1.37m), well short of covering the £205,000 preference and the £287,000 (£630,000) ordinary dividends.

There was also an extraordinary charge of £2.26m (£1.64m) reflecting the costs and provisions associated with the two disposals.

Banca della Svizzera Italiana

Bança della Svizzera Italiana (Overseas) Ltd., Nassau

Notice to holders of the 6% US \$ Convertible Bonds 1983-93 of Banca della Svizzera Italiana (Overseas) Ltd., Nassau

and to holders of the Warrants A and/or B of 4% US \$ Notes with Warrants 1986-93 of Banca della Svizzera Italiana (Overseas) Ltd., Nassau 21/2% Str. Bonds with Warrants 1986-96 of Banca della Svizzera Italiana, Lugano

At the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of Banca della Svizzera Italiana to be held on April 9, 1987, the Board of Directors will propose an increase of the Bank's Share and Participation Certificate Capital.

In connection with the Participation Certificate Capital increase, the holders of the Convertible Bonds and the holders of the Warrants A and/or B should note that

- a) conversion or exercise of the Warrants, respectively, into Bearer Participation Certificates cum subscription right can take place up to March 26, 1987;
- b) the conversion right of the Bonds and the purchase right of the Warrants will not be exercisable during the period from March 27, 1987, up to and including May 19, 1987;
- c) the conversion and the purchase prices will be adjusted on May 20, 1987, and published as soon as possible thereafter.

March 13, 1987

Banca della Svizzera Italiana, Lugano Banca della Svizzera Italiana (Overseas) Ltd., Nassau

#### Glynwed up 30% after European Home ahead boost by acquisitions of forecast at £4.8m

when profits jumped £7.3m to £26.8m. Acquisitions made during the year contributed more than £5m to profits.

least 14.4m was made in September at the time of its undersubscribed offer for sale. Turnover for this Birmingham-based company improved from £464.1m to £478.9m, with The comparative profits figure of £949,000 was for the the UK and Europe up 3.4 per cent to £443.4m and overseas period from incorporation, May 20 1985, until December 28 unchanged at £35.5m. Mr Gareth Davies, the chairman, said the main feature of

20 1985, until December 28, 1986. The group effectively started trading on July 19 1985. The directors are recommending a single final dividend of 25p. This will be paid from earnings of 142p (2.8p) per 5p share. Earnings forecast was the year had been the continued improvement in the core busi-nesses together with a series of strategic acquisitions and divestments which had led to a 13p. Turnover stood at £125.93m restructuring of the group into three international operating divisions from the beginning of for 1986 against £32,89m, and Mr E. F. Gittes, the chairman,

said the early results for the current year indicated that the 1987 had started well and the chairman was confident of fur-

accounted for by domestic sew-ing machines fell to 41 per cent, but the absolute value of cent. but the absolute value of their sales and margin increased he added.

In February the company exercised fits option to buy Singer's Italian retailing and distribution operations. Both the consumer business and industrial business there made its if the consumer constitutions.

European Home Products, which distributes Singer sew-

ing machines and electrical products in Europe, yesterday

reported pre-tax profits for 1986 of \$4.8m. A forecast of at

dustrial business there made significant contributions to group results.

The group's two major strategies of expanding the retail network and widening the product range had met with success, the chairman said. By year-end the retail ortiets had increased by 25 to 286 of which rearein the retail outlets had increased by 25 to 386, of which three were trading under the Excel name in Italy and two under the Idea label in the

Operations in Germany and Austria achieved a trading profit after many years of

The industrial business, re-named the Garment Machinery Group, maintained profitability despite the negative impact of the strength of the yen, its major purchasing currency. The chairman said the failure

of the UK consumer business to achieve a profit in the second half had been disappointing, but losses had been reduced, and initial results in 1987 were encouraging.
Tax took £1.2m (£485,000).

• comment

The shadow of ERP's flotation flop has lingered over the re-mainder of its first full year of operation. However, it hasn't stopped the company comfort-ably exceeding its own pre-tax forecast and winning some credibility in the process. This was largely due to a policy of reducing dependence on the Singer brand name, achieved through a combination of introducing new consumer-durable to the Singer shops, and pilot stores in Europe for the new shop identities Edee and Excel EHP than Europe, which accounts for 92 per cent of sales, with Spain, Portugal and Italy contributing 51 per cent. While progress was made, the management narrowly missed that the sales was a sale. its target of bringing the UK's loss-making arm back to profit-ability. EHP is set to continue its policy of adding to retail outlets and extracting itself from low-margin areas such as mail-order. Around £6‡m is Glyswed Intersectional lifted ther progress during the year, profits by nearly 30 per cent from £35.5m to £46.1m in the year to December 27 186.5m to £40.1m in the year to December 27 186.5m of £0.1p (8.4p adjusted) is and extremel ysolid earnings helped by a strong second half of £0.1p (8.4p adjusted) for the year is the unsaleable rump of the profits immediately for the great is the unsaleable rump of the profits immediately for the great is the unsaleable rump of the profits immediately for the great is the unsaleable rump of the great is the great is the great year. Earnings per share moved ahead from 22.15p to 27.47p.

the old South African operations, But even after yester-The chairman said the US results were poor, with only Enfeld and ASE reporting reasonable profits, while the continued deterioration in the South African economy and in trading conditions left Falkirk Industries with a film loss.

The pre-tax result was struck after lower interest charges of f2.7m (f4m). Tax was higher at f16.1m (f12.3m).

Net cash flow for the year was f8.5m, which further reduced the net debt to f7.6m

Comment The chairman said the US day's 10p rise in the share

is the target area for acquisitions, but given the careful approach of Mr Poor old Glynwed. Years of careful approach of Mr careful management have transformed the company from a debt-ridden metal-basher into a not get the rating it deserves diversified industrial conglo-

Fight

7

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and

#### Imtec deficit reduced to £549,000

THE Intee Group, a USM company involved in manufacture and marketing of computer equipment, reduced its pre-tax losses from £991,000 to £549,000 in the half-year to September 30 1986. Turnover fell slightly from £4.39m to £4.14m. No interim dividens is again being

conditions during the current year have been difficult with a continued decline in the markets for the group's mature coated paper reader printers.
They said the AO systems camera was achieving an upward trend of sales at improved

prices.
Intec is to be merged with
Harper and Tunstall, and LaserScan International, Guiline agreement has been reached and shareholders will shortly

receive a document On July 16 last, an agreement was executed by the company and a US corporation owned, in part, by the executive man ment of Intec Information Systems, the US subsidiary of the company, for the sale of the net assets of Imtec Information

for a consideration of £1.8m, with an indicated completion date of September 30 1986. Completion was not made on that date, and the directors agreed to defer completion until the first quarter of 1987.

The half-year losses included an except and item—cost of redundancies and closure of the Bristol office-of £45,000 674,000). No tax was paywide against £2,000. The net loss per share was down from 9.71p to 3.4p.

## Bulmer denies

H. P. Bulmer, the cider com pany whose shares have gained around 50p to 201p during the past four weeks, yesterday denied rumours that it has been approached by a potential hidder. The group's finance director, Mr Richard Rollis, added yesterday that there was no evidence on any build-up from low-margin areas such as mall-order. Around 564m is expected this year, which produces a prospective p/e of around 12 on a share price which closed up 15p at 186p.

In the company share register. Family holdings account for about 55 per cent of Bulmer's shares and Whitbread Investment Company holds a further which closed up 15p at 186p.

## Perpetual's placing brings market valuation of £45m

Exactly 6.25m shares, 25 per cent of the equity, are being placed at £1.80 each. The vast majority 5.8m is being sold by Mr Arbib, with his rest belonging to the Arbib founds.

tion, a registered charity.

No details are given in the prospectus of Mr Arbib's salary but it is stated that the seven directors' overall remanaration. in the carrent year will not exceed 2800,000. Mr Arhib will

MR MARTYN ARRIB is set to zetain 74.2 per cent of the commake more than £10m from the group of his unit trust management group, Perpetual, on the main market Cazenove is leading a placing which values the group at £45m.

Exactly 6.25m shares, 25 per cent of the equity, are being placed at £1.80 each. The vast majority 5.9m—is being sold

Perpetual, which is based in Henley, achieves just over half of its profits from sales of units, with the majority of the rest coming from management fees. It currently runs seven UK .offshore trusts.

#### NOTICE OF OPTIONAL REDEMPTION



### Sabah Development Bank Berhad

#### US \$40 million Floating Rate Notes due 1989

Notice is hereby given pursuant to condition 5(c) of the above Notice is hereby given pursuant to condition Sic) of the above mentioned Floating Rate Notes created by a trust deed dated 11th May, 1982 between Sabah Development Bank and The Law Debenture Corporation P.L.C. as trustee, that the notes may be presented no earlier than 20th March, 1987 but no later than 3rd April, 1987 for redemption at par plus accrued interest to the 19th May, 1987, interest payment date ("the redemption date"). Interest on the notes redeemed will cease to accrue on 10th May, 1987.

Notes and Coupons will become void unless presented for redemption or payment within a period of six years from the

In order to receive payment, notes calling for redemption must be presented to any of the following paying agents together

In Singapore : Barik Bumipatra Matavsia Berhad 1st Floor, Wing on Life Building 150 Cacil Street, Singapore 0106

in Luxembourg: Banque Internationale a Luxembourg SA. 2 Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg

: Bank Bumiputra Malaysia Berhad 36-38 Leadenhall Street, London EC3A 1AP

SARAH DEVELOPMENT BANK BERHARD By: First Chicago International New York Branch As principal Paying Agent

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U.S. \$30,000,000 Reverse Floating Rate Notes Due 1997

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IBJ International Limited

Christiania Bank, London Branch

Application has been made for the 1,200 Notes of U.S. \$25,000 each to be admitted to the Official List by the Council of The International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland Limited, subject to the issue of the Temporary Global Note. Interest on the Notes will be payable semi-annually in arrears in March and September, the first payment being due on 19th September, 1987. Listing particulars relating to the Notes and the Issuer are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 17th March, 1987 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to and including 27th March, 1987 from:-

> Cazenove & Co. 12 Tokenhouse Yard London EC2R 7AN

13th Merch, 1987

Citibank, N.A. 336 Strand London WC2R 1HB

Friday March 13 1987

# **FINANCIAL TIMES** SURVEY



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The cold war between the Labour city council and Sheffield's business community is over. The two are collaborat-

ing to shape a new future in the wake of economic collapse and the loss of much traditional industry, but the creation of an enterprise culture may be a long job.

# Fighting back in harmony

TWO WEEKS ago-and 10 years after its formation—BSC (Industry), the job-creation company formed by British Steel to ease the socio-economic shock of steel closures, opened a regio-nal office in Sheffield, the city long regarded as the traditional heart of Britain's steel industry.
But is it? Like so many of
Sheffield's images, this one is
only partly right. In the local business community people point to other images that they say are half-wrong, too—like that of the city's hard-left Labour council This is not inner London, they say, and everyone should try harder to set the record straight.

Much that has happened in Sheffield explains the late arrival of BSC (Industry). In part, it is because Sheffield's real economic travails did not begin until 1980. Indeed, the Engineering Employers' Sheffield Association (EESA) field Association (EESA) enjoyed a continuing rise in membership from 240 com-panies in 1976 to 300 in 1979.

steel " was—and still is—made in neighbouring Rotherham. When the recession came, EESA's membership soon reflected the cataclysmic scale of economic collapse, with num-bers tumbling back below the 240 mark by 1982, and crashing to 190 in 1985. Manufacturing employment plummeted from more than 300,000 people to only

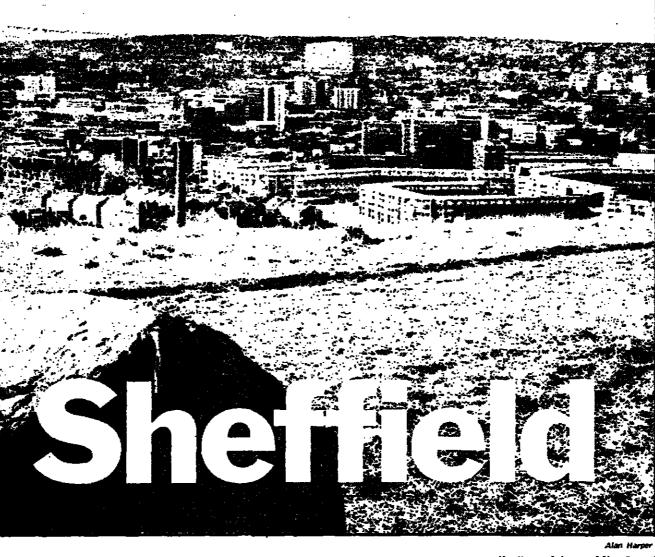
more than 300,000 people to only 58,000.

Today, 15 per cent of the population—about 46,000 people—is unemployed. Nevertheless, membership of EESA is on the up again; admittedly by only a couple of companies in 1986; but Neil Kippax, the association's secretary, says that bigger gains are expected this year. expected this year.

Coincidentally, on the day of the BSC (Industry) opening came the exception that proves the rule as far as the collapse of old Sheffield industry is concerned.
G. W. Thornton, which makes

specialised castings for the aerospace and medical aerospace and medical engineering industries, is float-ing part of its equity on the Unlisted Securities Market to Mostly, these were not ing part of its equity on the steelmakers, but fabricators Unlisted Securities Market to raise capital for further expansion in its specialised markets.

Thornton's advisers include



when its main business was casting blacks for the partners was a characteriswhen its main business was casting blacks for the partners and view: "There was a characterisdamental changes in the economy. It is more akin to what
industry—no investment, heavy
capitalisation, heavily bortowed with no wish to change.

Suddenly they were out of business."

Many companies that did not than Sheffield had seen before.

Set willy so under struggled to It saw public sector spending as

when its main business was casting blanks for the now-disappeared cutlery makers.

Mr Kirkham says: "This was exceptional. Historically, Sheffield got into its current situation because too few in the old family-run industries saw the recession coming and made any provision for it."

Many companies that did not than Sheffield and seen Detore. actually go under struggled to It saw public sector spending as survive. Such times bred an an answer, creating public sector spending as every-man-for-himself climate tor jobs and leading to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the first times that did not than Sheffield and seen Detore. The saw public sector spending as survive. Such times bred an an answer, creating public sector spending as every-man-for-himself climate tor jobs and leading to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the first times bred an an answer, creating public sector spending as survive. Such times bred an an answer, creating public sector spending as every-man-for-himself climate tor jobs and leading to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the first times that did not than Sheffield and seen Detore.

Any companies that did not than Sheffield and seen Detore.

The saw public sector spending as survive. Such times bred an an answer, creating public sector spending as every-man-for-himself climate tor jobs and leading to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the spending to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the spending to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the spending to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the spending to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the spending to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the spending to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the spending to promote a sense of community. It also felt it could do it all the spendi Peter Scaman, of Peat Mar- unemployment we are facing city state within what some wick Mitchell, supports this today is of structurally fun-

the "people's republic of south Yorkshire." The industrial development

least a year ago. The vital step in the council's acknowledge ment that it could not manage alone is seen by many as the decision to set up a development office in the city centre.

The forging of one link in the BSC (Industry) office opening when Barrie Briggs, the new chief executive of Sheffield Business Venture (SRV) the ment office in the city centre.

CONTENTS

David Blunkett . . . The city council Protessional and financial savvi leader equates Sheffield's crisis with the national predicament. The private sector . . . There's a than in its chilly relationship with the Property . . . The number of people

. . The public sector is by far the city's largest employer.

. The reshaping of BSC has huge implications for the city. Knives and tools . . . Despite rising costs, Sheffield's traditional pro-ducts are doing well on world

The MSC . . . Problems and satisfactions in a headquarters far from

The Lower Don Valley . . . The for furnace of special steels is in need

Innovation Centre is Sheffield's

Many people in practice fear that the city's workforce is not

living in the city centre is likely to double in 10 years.

The Canal basis decaying, it's to be the site of

staffed by council secondees. It is where the industrial and com-mercial property register is kept. The private sector is stocking the display shelves with its

development office is an ack-nowledgment that they cannot act alone."

act alone."

Dan Sequerra, the city council's director of employment and industrial development, offers another perspective:
"The private sector was fragmented and had no clear view of how the future of Sheffield was panning out. There is now more recomition in the private sector."

ground of all. " If we are going to have regeneration and growth, it has got to come from within the community," he says.

His colleague Vernon Smith, who runs the new office, pro-duces figures that exemplify the scale of Sheffield's shut-out of external help in the past. Faced with antipathetic attitudes, the job-creation company just got on with its work elsewhere, so that of 2,300 businesses helped office went, rates went up, bus fares came down. The business community—already reeling under economic pressures—fulminated.

on with its work elsewhere, so that of 2,300 businesses helped in its 10 years of life, only 112 have been in the area.

Mr Sequerra—who left a national trades union poet to be 
under economic pressures—
fulminated.

Yet most people in Sheffield ackowledge that the cold war between the business community and the city council ended at least a year ago. The vital stars.

The foreign of any line is a sequence who left a national trades union post to take up his job as the cold war was beginning to thaw—forecasts much more "networking" all agencies to pull things together now.

nent office in the city centre. Business Venture (SBV), the This opened in January and is local enterprise agency, made

leisure and shopping complex. 5 contact with Councillor Helen Jackson, who chairs the employ-ment and economic develop-ment committee.

The network which Mr material, too.

John Hambridge, director of includes the development Sheffield, Chamber of Commerce, says: "They tried to run chamber of commerce and the a siege economy and failed. The whole financial and professional commerce and the stage of the chamber of commerce and the says of the chamber of commerce and the says of the chamber of commerce and the chamber of chambe nal services sector in Sheffield. He sees it "enhancing the trans-ferability of skills" in the city

and growing

businesses. There is, however, a problem, summed up by Mr Kirkham, of Ernst and Whinney: "This city is very different from many others in the North. Sheffield is not a commercial place like panning out. There is now more recognition in the private sector of the need for everyone to work together."

Mr Hambidge adds: "What we have seen happening is a recognition of each other's position.

David Blunkett, leader of the control of the

will never agree and we may bave different ways of achieving not a proletarian city but an artithe same goals. But by talking to each other and getting away from megaphone diplomacy we ers to transfer to other things have discovered very much than it would be for the more common ground than it would be for the

bave discovered very much than it would be for the more common ground than things that divide us."

BSC (Industry)'s Roger Thackery sums up the one realisation that provides the most common skills are transfer to other things have not than it would be for the unskilled.

But Jonathan Hunt, chairman of SBV and a leading commercial lawyer, warns: "I think our skills are transfer to other things have not things." one thing we have not got enough of is the chap who wants to have a go. The problem is fundamental and has to be tackled at the educational level." He thinks that establishing an enterprise culture is going to be a long job. There is even a short-

age of the smaller industrial units and easy-let office space that should be part of the chicken-and-egg process.

Meanwhile, there is wide support for investment in the devastated Lower Don Valley, for the

local airlink with London, and for an all-weather route across the Pennines to Manchester, only 35 miles away. Mr Blunkett pleads for understanding and He also hopes that the city

will be awarded the world stu-dent games of 1991. By then we

lan Hamilton Fazey

Sheffield is the country's fourth largest city and with a population of over half a million one of Britain's major regional centres.

The city is unique for its blend of city amenities and Peak District countryside. Its geographical location makes it central to the whole of Britain at the junction of main routes north and south and east and west.

The Sheffield Parkway provides a tenminute link from city centre to M1 motorway and Britain's motorway network, and the city also has direct high-speed rail links to London and other major conurbations.

The city is home to 10,000 businesses and is one of the country's leading centres for engineering and metal manufacture.

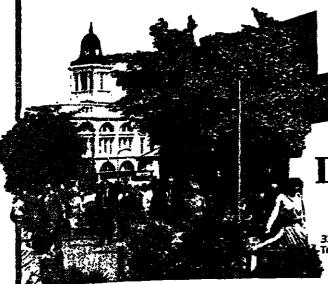
Economic regeneration is changing the face of Sheffield and the City Council is working in partnership with the private sector in developing new industrial opportunities as well as redeveloping the city's established industrial areas.

Sheffield's economy is changing.

Alongside its steel, cutlery and engineering industries, newer industries are developing and the city is growing in importance as a major centre for retail and office accommodation.

**OPPORTUNITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT** 

Development and redevelopment in Sheffield is growing, and Britain's major property companies are investing in the city as never before in new industrial, retail, commercial, leisure and tourism initiatives.



For more nformation on some of Britain's most exciting development opportunities and for a free copy of our "Sheffield: Hallmark for the Future' promotional video, please write or phone:

Sheffield Development Office

33/35 Charles Street SHEFFIELD S1 2HU Tel (0742) 734208 Fax (0742) 734159



**TECHNOLOGY** <u>INDUSTRY</u>

Sheffield has been one of Europe's main industrial cities for over two centuries, and has an international reputation for science and technology with its University, Polytechnic and five national industrial research associations.

The City Council in Sheffield is playing a leading role in creating the conditions for new industry and, in a joint venture with the English Estates Corporation, is developing the new Sheffield Science Park.

This five-acre city centre development is close to the resources of both University and Polytechnic. At its core, a new Business and Innovation Centre

is providing access to a network of new technology, research, design, engineering and marketing expertise. Flexible workspace is available together with product development

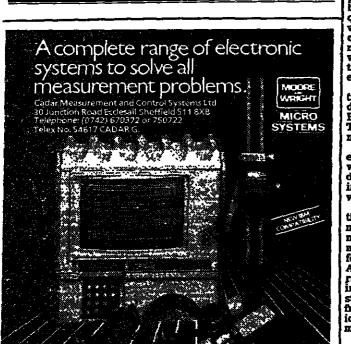
assistance and accommodation for new technology-based manufacturing. More information and further details on Sheffield

Science Park are available from: Dr Brigitte Pemberton or Gordon Dabinett ent of Employment and Economic Develops

Sheffield City Council Department of **Employment**  Palatine Chambers Pinstone Street SHEFFIELD **S1 2HN** (0742) 766755 ext 208

Hallmark for the Future

**OUR LINE OF BUSINESS** 



City Council leader David Blunkett likens the local crisis to the national predicament

# Divided, yet with a sense of affinity'

David Blunkett, Sheffield City Council's char-ismatic Leader, is rather like asking Mrs Thatcher to explain how Finchley works.

Mr Blunkett doesn't, as yet, have a consti-tuency beyond the Town Hall and the policy-making caucus of the Labour Party. But his modulated exposition is the voice of Labour's moral crusade, eight years into Tory rule. Mr Blunkett's strength lies in equating Sheffield's crisis with the national predicament. When he describes a government whose "clear ideological stance" is a denial of local and central democracy, so as to "ease the operation of the marketplace," one thinks of the Lower Don Valley less than a mile away—abandoned by industry, market and, or so it seems, by Whitehall.

"We are looking for a government which acts as an enabler
and a protector, not as a direct
provider," says Mr Blunkett. He
believes that the same simple
questions need to be asked as
were raised at the turn of the
century, when local government, in partnership with pricentury, when local govern-ment, in partnership with private enterprise, helped create the municipal services of mod-

ern civilisation. Mass unemployment, depriva-tion, lowering of wages, urban decline, are all—claims Mr Blunkett—acceptable to Mrs Thatcher if the end result is a more prosperous Britain. "I think this is an outrageous

economic and social outlook, which leads to the politics of despair," laying the blame on individuals for not operating

igorously enough. David Blunkett's believes that, given that much employ-ment is controlled by multi-nationals, the local community must become a countervailing force to transnational finance. And, given that accountants rather than industrialists run industry, people must under-stand that past progress came from the encouragement of ideas and skills in the com-

munits "Backing that enterprise and making it work for people as a whole, rather than groups of

"Sheffield is claiming, and I believe it to be true, that the products we need for future technological development technological development must be produced in Britain. We should keep a capacity here." If such changes mean a substan-tial reduction in workforce, then this can be brought about

marketing our products let their workforces down."

A plus side to Sheffield's artisan heritage, Mr Blunkett stresses, is its sense of identity—half-a-million people, technically Britain's fourth largest city, with a collective affinity.
"That's a tremendous strength. It has allowed us to keep our motivation over the last rather

"You can. There has always And what of the North, as a been a divide in Sheffield, and I have to say that local action establishing, with those living alone can't eliminate that." In education, for instance, said Mr Blunkett, one part of the city had the best record and achievement level in Britain. It was way shead of the other achievement level in Britain. It begin to use the sources in a was way ahead of the other sane and sensible way. It's the parts. "However, that doesn't decision to use these resources and to avoid further divisions don't feel the sense of affinity."

"To put it in the crudest self-interest." "To put it in the crudest

constituency, the only Conserva-tive-held seat and by far the wealthiest part of the city. Ten years ago that would have been unthinkable. Those parts of the "I think the disaste.

greater than most people ousses
Sheffield appreciate." Mr
Blunkett suggests. Partly, he
says, this is because Sheffield
was in the past protected from
world recessions by being a special steel supplier. "Now we're
not, and the change has been
not, and the change has been
and I

Think the disaste.

Who feel
badly treated indeed.
Such cohesion is reinforced
by a "new affinity" between
Sheffield City Council and Sheffield Chamber of Commerce, Mr
Blunkett suggests. "We maintain our different values, but
there is a greater understanding
between us. We believe manubetween us. We believe manuthe council's city experiencing affluence and advantage are not, in fact, divid-

political terms, we in the Labour Party have won two of the five wards in the Hallam

they appreciate the council's difficulties. All of us agree we get a very raw deal indeed from

central government."
Was this new affinity the result of deliberate bridge-building on his part? "I think we realised that some of the lanby planning, which saves both on unemployment payments and allows people to redeploy their skills.

"Sheffield's an artisan city. We were built on skills, making products and creating wealth. We weren't making money out of money. We were making something that was saleable, and still is if we put our minds to it. Many regional approach, was there

is if we put our minds to it. Many regional approach, was there of us feel that those who were any likelihood of devolved gov-marketing our products let their ernment in England? "Yes, but there has to be a head of steam for it. We would want to democratise the investment agencies, like the water authorities with little or no accountability to the region or, for that matter, to Parliament."

There was a problem in arriving at the correct regional boundaries in South boundaries in South Yorkshire's case: "We will be dreadful eight years."

But wasn't Sheffield like discussing in the next year the questions of our relationship with West Yorkshire, Humberside, and with Derbyshire and nots? Could you really talk about offinity and community cial to arrive at a region which between those living in all parties could subscribe to detached homes facing the Peak "There's nothing worse than District and those living in decaying deck-access concrete megablocks?

The private sector's view

# United by market force

THERE ARE increasing signs of a thaw between Sheffield's Labour governors and local businessmen, borne of a realisabusinessmen, borne of a realisation that the city's economic problems now require a tripartite approach involving the local authority, the private sector and central government.

The local private sector believes that Sheffield has, to some extent involving its involve that sector believes that Sheffield has, to some extent involved its involve to a seciet commence identification of the commence in the past Six months, 170 companies have set up allocal engloyer network to account the past Six months, 170 companies have set up allocal engloyer in the past Six months, 170 companies have set up allocal engloyers. The chamber-run enterprise allowance scheme in Sheffield has, to some extent involving the chamber-run enterprise allowance scheme. peneves that Sheffield has, to set up a local employer network some extent, justified its image to assist companies identify as a high-rated authority and a training needs and persuade red republic. But it has also suffered from the fact that central government has put less money into the city at a time when it is moving towards. money into the city at a time when it was losing its industrial when it was losing its industrial base, with consequently less income from rates and more demand for welfare services. It is widely accepted that, while Sheffield has at times been its own worst enemy, its salvation lies equally largely in the complete By dropping

its own hands. By dropping some of its more extreme attitudes, the council would help ensure that central government was not landed a stick with which to hit the city.

"A united front presented by the council and the private sec-tor would help to restore confithe council and the private sector would help to restore confidence," says Mr Derek Bray, the matter of sacrificing a sprat to catch a mackerel.

"Nevertheless compared by English Estates and BSC interest the consultancy to examine the development the development and prospects for matter of sacrificing a sprat to catch a mackerel.

"Nevertheless compared by English Estates and BSC interest the sector of the development the development to the national form of Sheffield steel and associated downstream indus-

"Nevertheless, government associated downstream indus-limits on spending have forced a tries. certain change in the council's The six-month study, likely to certain change in the council's attitude, from one of arrogance approach. When the extreme ernment and the private sector, left came to power, channels of is the result of the increasing communication between the realisation that no one sector council and industry were car achieve regeneration in the closed. There may now be a city on its own. The valley, particularly communication."

Market forces

Market forces may also production, is 40 per cent dereprompt a change in tack, says Mr
David Shaw, chairman of the 2,000 acre valley alone requires
local branch of the Institute of
Directors. The high level of
rates and a certain lack of
flexibility in planning policies

Where the have been decisive factors in company decisions whether or not to come to Sheffield, he

We have all the time faced the council with the facts. Market forces will win out in the end. The council will be forced to change its attitude because jobs, if not filled in Sheffield, will be filled elewhere."

Additional public sector investment in the area could help enormously, he says. "But if we are to get value for money, all contracts should be put out to public tender, with the council's public works department (including British Gas and British Cas and Britis

A toning down of the council's more extreme policies would ease the task of promoting a positive image of Sheffield to the outside world, believes Mr Bev Stokes, president of the local chamber of commerce. "I beauting to so to Paris Brussels of want to go to Paris, Brussels, or wherever I travel on business, and say: 'Come and invest in Sheffield, I believe the council will set a legal rate this year. Such moves can help enor-

"If we don't attract new industry into the city, its skills will eventually be lost. The city's image as a steel town may have put off companies in other castern in the past but there is sectors in the past, but there is no reason why they could not make use of Sheffield's tradi-tional skills. We ought to be able to persuade companies to come here. Rates, taken with wages are lower than those paid by industry in the south."

Mr Stokes points to the initia-tives being taken by the cham-tives being taken by the cham-the hiring of a firm of external ber of commerce to foster local employment. In the past six

a greater acceptance of MSC schemes, from its opposition two years ago. This will help further make Sheffield an attractive place for prospective investors."

Mr Stokes detects also a generally more conciliatory attitude towards the chamber of

The latest concrete sign of the growing spirit of detente is the agreement last month, between Sheffield City Council, central government, the private sector, English Estates and BSC Indus-

cost 260,000, to be split between

production, is 40 per cent dere-lict. Estimates suggest that the

consultants to give an independent view of the area.

The consultancy has sprung from the work of an economic regeneration committee, with members from the public and private sectors, which is itself the outcome of the recent Ranmoor Initiative, a gathering of 100 leaders from different walks of life in Sheffield. The consultancy may also lead to the setting up of a limited company to further a joint strategy for the valley and the city as a whole.

Discussions between the council and the private sector council and the private sector
have already brought agreement on a number of issues,
such as the need for an airport,
a freight clearance depot for the
Channel Tunnel, a science park
development, and a joint submission for the World Student Games to be beld in the city in

One of the main remaining disagreements is over contract compliance. "The council could quite easily frighten off potential investors, such as multinationals whose markets or attinationals whose markets or attinationals whose markets are the markets. nationals whose markets of attractions to unions might not square with its own philosophy, by saying you have to do this, do that. I don't have evidence of this, but the council has to hand out an olive branch." says Mr

However, the chamber of commerce has already had a meet-ing with the council, and plans to have a further discussion in the near inture to resolve differences which remain on this issue also.
"Sheffield has taken the first

steps on what will be a long road," says Mr Stokes. Alastair Guild

Where the city works

PUBLIC SECTOR hodies are by far the largest employers in Shef-field, whose economy is now well and truly service-based.

In a recent survey, Sheffield In a recent survey, snemens
City Council came top of the list
with an estimated 26,524 jobs,
followed by the Sheffield Health
Anthority with 15,476. In contrast the biggest private sector
employer, United Engineering
Steels, had 5,000 on the payroli.

Of the city's 23 top employers

The big steel and engineering companies employed just under 11,000. George Bassett, the confectionery manufacturer, was the

A separate survey of the Lower Don Valley, the traditional industrial area, showed a very different picture. Here, some 85 per cent of companies employ less than 50 people; and, of the 17,215 jobs accounted for, 14,257 were in steel, engineering or

Robert Waterhouse

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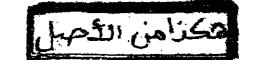
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#### SHEFFIELD 3

Steel production

# Jobs go as BSC cuts its fringe

SHEFFIELD. LONG considered the centre of UK steel, has not excaped the pattern of nationwide decline. The most visible signs are in the Lower Don Valley, where much of steel production and associated downstream industries were once concentrated, and where 40 per cent of the land is now derelict. The largest Sheffield plant still entirely in the British Steel Corporation's control is that Corporation's control is that producing stainless steel, employing 1,900. The Renishaw Foundry, making ingot moulds and steel castings, has a work-force of 1,113, while the balance is made 1,124.

has spring in economic withee. With public and ich is itself recent Rangathering of ferent walks 1. The confead to the ed company ategy for the as a whole.

tween the citate sector ught ages of issues, r an airport for the science orid Student in the city in

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is made up of a number of smaller plants, making alloy steel rods, carbon and alloy wire, steel for razorblades and road vehicle springs. vehicle springs. BSC has cut its own workforce BSC has cut its own workforce in the face of world over-capacity, but the corporation has also been rationalising itself in preparation for privatisation.

As part of that process, plants considered to be on the fringe of the corporation's core steel producing business have been floated off.

These account for a major ele-

These account for a major element of the drop in the number employed by BSC in Sheffield, from 15.000 in 1978 to the pre-sent level of just over 3,000, though there have been quite substantial redundantian also substantial redundancies also. The most significant inroad came with the divestment to loint ventures of the River Don works and a plant at Stocks-

In 1982, BSC merged its River Don forging and engineering works with Johnson Firth Brown, its major competitor, under the government-funded Phoenix programme designed to cut out overlap between the corporation and the private sec-tor. Before the merger, the two operations had a combined workforce of over 6,000. Shelfield Forgemasters now employs 2.700. Of its 10 operating subsidiaries, seven are located in the city.

The Government recently agreed to give a guarantee for loans up to £10m to the

Tonnage produced post-amaigamation is substantially down, but results announced in January show the same level of turnover as three years ago, at £97.3m, while losses have been

of engineering steels for the car, aerospace and energy indus-tries, apart from F. E. Lloyd, of Birmingham. It recently announced that 600

jobs were to be axed, all at the Stocksbridge Engineering Steels Division employing 2,400.

BSC invested £50m in the Stocksbridge site over the past five years, most of it for a four-strand billet caster for con-tinuous casting. UES has plans to spend a further £20m over the next three years, some £7m to be invested in improving billet finishing facilities, and 23m on a vacuum arc remelting unit to enable it to double its capacity in remelted steels, a small but increasingly valuable market.

Coated Electrodes Inter-national, employing 50 at its Sheffield plant is another example of a company that was on the fringe of BSC's core acti-vities, but CEI went the route of

a management buy-out. Since the buy-out, profits have more than doubled on turnover up from £5.24m to £6.87m. CEI has floated successfully on the USM, acquired a Chesterfield-based company with 85 per cent of its sales overseas, has established the company with 85 per cent of its sales overseas, has established the company with 85 per cent of its sales overseas, has established the company of the compa lished a factory in Calais, and is considering setting one up in the US steelmaking area of Pittsburgh.
"With the decline in electric

arc steel-making capacity in the UK, it was vital that the company expanded into overseas markets, but the Government had a firm rule for BSC: no investment overseas." says John Lagoe, the company's chairman.

Diversification and acquisition have also played a major part in the success of another Sheffield-based company, the family firm Wm Cook, which makes steel castings. Despite the decline in many of its operating markets, and against a background of severe losses and closures at many other steel foundries throughout the world. total group sales today exceed £40m, with a workforce of radically reduced.

United Engineering Steels, of around 1,400. Five years ago,



Sheffield at work: the drop forge of George Turton Platte, a subsidiary of Aurora.

turnover was under £4m with The company built a new foundry, dedicated to the manufacture of heavy steel castings for the mining machinery and construction equipment

Last year, Wm Cook bought Weir Foundries, which in 1985 had three times its own turnover, making it the world's leading steel foundry group. For f12.7m, it acquired five companies, two of them based in Sheffield: Holbrook Precision Castings, employing 320, and Hi-Tec Integrity Castings, Tec Integrity employing 70.

A programme of investment is under way at these sites, and the other two left after the closure of one of the companies in Sunderland; while a £4.5m investment programme at Wm Cook's original Sheffield plant

is now nearing completion.
Aurora, a Sheffield-based up of some 30 companies in the UK and overseas, with 10 of them in the city, has grown rapidly since 1983 with only one

But the group, which concentrates on forgings and castings, special steel distribution engineers' cutting tools and general engineering, is likely to having emerged successfully from a major reconstruction in 1983. It may also dispose of companies that do not fit in with its pursuit of longer-term growth in earnings. Pre-tax profits, which to reach £12m this year. It employs 1,500 in the Shef-field area, where it is currently recruited locally. With its activi-

investing £3m. "Sales may not by the shrinkage in Europe's have increased as much as production capacity. A sizeable might have been expected, mainly due to currency fluctuations, but margins have been improved, as have cash flows, despite the heavy capital investment programme," says Douglas Morton, group managing direc-tor. "It is inevitable that, with investment in new technology, tor. "It is inevitable that, with investment in new technology, ket has been very light for us, we will be able to do with less the developing world has

Davy McKee, which has seen designing and manufacturing steel plant drop from over 2,000 below 50 per cent. and it is steel plant drop from over 2,000 below 50 per cent. Also 1,200, has been most affected

people. We still have, within the

slice of its activity over the past two to three years has been the modernisation of the old hot strip mill at Port Talbot for Brit-ish Steel, typical of the trend towards the upgrading of mills that do remain.

started to invest quite heavily in existing business, capacity to new production capacity," says expand turnover."

John Hewins, general manager of Davy McKee (Sheffield). the Sheffield workforce of its export touting the sheffield workforce of its 90 per cent, and rarely drops

Alastair Guild

Knives and tools

# **Exports sharpen optimism**

despite rising raw material costs, flerce international competition and, in one company's

Richardson Sheffield last It recently announced plans for year faced a 15 per cent increase in the cost of the 60 tonnes of stainless steel it uses each month for making its kitchen knives and other tools. It managed to negotiate a cut in the price rise to 7 per cent with one of its suppliers, Arthur Lee, though BSC Stainless apparently refused to negotiate until Richardsons decided to source entirely from Arthur Lee.

The company, with at present to resent of the company, with at present of the company, with at present the company with a company with a company with at present the company with a c

"With steel making up 50 per cent of the cost of the finished cent of the cost of the fittished product, even a small increase could spell disaster," says Bryan Upton, the company's managing director. Both BSC and Arthur Lee are threatening further increases in the second half of 1987

last few years have been within limits, but these latest increases are totally unmanageable. For example, to win orders from Italy this year for 2m knives, we had to agree to sell at last year's and China."

increase in sales each year, expansive frame of mind, boun-achieved it, and are looking for cing back from a devastating

The company, which makes 700,000 blades a week, half of which are turned into knives, is nevertheless in a buoyant mood.

The company, with at present 60 per cent of sales overseas, is expanding into new export markets. "I don't care about competition from overseas, If I do everything I can to make the company competitive, and end up going down to Far East competitors, as least I've tried. But I'm winning," said Mr Upton.

" We are selling to all the east-"Raw material prices in the ern bloc countries with the exception of the USSR and Bulgaria, and sell more knives to the Cook Islands than they have inhabitants. Before I retire, I intend to crack the Soviet Union

James Neill Holdings, pro "We have set a target for the ducer of tools and industrial past five years of a 30 per cent cutting edges, is in a similarly

knives and tools, for long the a similar rise in the future. But hallmark of Sheffield steel, are it only requires a 20 per cent making their presence felt steel price increase for our increasingly on world markets, plans to crash overnight."

fire, an unexpected slump in overseas demand, and a rationalisation following the acquisition of Spear and Jackson last year.

With the rise in the value of the Deutsche Mark and the yen increasing the cost of its competitors' products. Neill's is seeking to boost sales to Europe, traditionally one of its weaker markets. It currently exports 40 per cent of UK production.

Already Britain's largest producer of industrial cutting edges, handtools and DIY tools, its £16m acquisition of Spear and Jackson added garden implements and builders' tools to its product range. Plant in France for manufacturing circular saws also came with the purchase, while Neill's itself had production facilities in South Africa and New Zealand, with more than £20m of its annual turnover of £80m contributed by companies operating

The company also has a substantial capital investment programme in Sheffield, where it employs 1,300. Two sites, one of which came with the acquisi tion, are being consolidated into one later this year. In 1986. the group invested £4m in new plant and machinery, and expects to spend at least the same amount again this year, though spending has been cou-pled to a programme of redun-

"We took 'the opportunity presented by the fire to put in the latest machinery, including aute that that would lead to a reduction in staff," says Mr Peter Bullock, the group's chief executive. Even after the buyout of Spears, the group's workforce fell by 700 last year, with 350 of the redundancies in Shefhas tried to retrain as many as their inflation-buffer, particularly when they may be asked to

The cost of its raw materials, carbon and high-speed steels has risen, but due mainly to the fall in the value of sterling. since they are sourced mainly in France and Sweden. "When we One growing problem is the effect of London house prices on staff attitudes to mobility. Technically, all those above. re-export as a finished product we, of course, get the advantage

Alastair Guild

## Yorkshire relish among the doubters the latest machinery, including CNC machines, but it was inevitable that that the would lead to a seduction in staff," says Mr "BUSINESS IS good for the ties spread throughout the MSC," admits Mr Keith Baker, regions, the MSC employs 25,000 the deputy director of person-people in all. "BUSINESS IS good for the ties spread throughout the firmness. He simply insists that his top people take holidays. "And there are many positive

nel. One of the ironies of transferring the headquarters office of the Manpower Services Commission to Sheffield is that it coincided with a period of growth in MSC activities related to unemployment through the UK, but of little direct benefit to Sheffield itself.

When relocation happened in

1979, most of the headquarters jobs, some 1850 in all, were sim-

ply pushed to Sheffield from London. Many went unwillingly, but many of those doubters are

now happily reconciled to life

in South Yorkshire. About one third of the Sheffield staff,

dopt a more acquisitive stance, were then £3.9m, are expected

Being a headquarters office located 150 miles from London does impose problems, Mr Baker says. Senior staff spend days, even weeks, a year commuting London remains the executive centre of the opera-tion, and the commissioners rarely meet in Sheffield. Despite the increasing use of

technology in linking the two centres, including an audio-visual circuit, there is often no alternative to personal appear ances if the chairman or the director needs to be briefed. From Mr Baker's viewpoint,

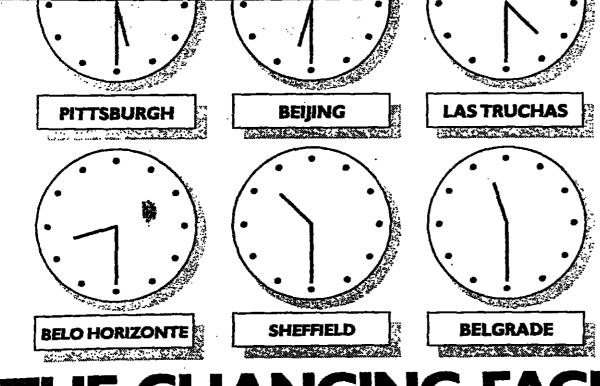
all this creates strains, which

are met with good Civil Service

"And there are many positive sends them. In practice, it is aspects. In London we were dismore complicated. The MSC persed anyway, in many diffe-rent locations. Here in Shef- high-fliers, who are reluctant to field, most of us are together, sell their London houses and which is good for internal com-their inflation-buffer, particu-

munications Staff morale is high here, move back in a few years' time. despite the pressure of work.

The bottom line has benefited by dispersal. After accounting amenities and activities. In Lonfor the MSC's £15m headquaramenices and activities. In London the office meant nothing to ters building at Moorfoot, there people outside work. Here, it is an annual saving calculated involves families and friends, at £4,300 for each job transferwhich pays off in terms of atti-



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## Financial and professional services

now in serious decline.

Smith and Co, says: "This does not encourage entrepreneurial-

ism. If people had entrepreneu-rial children they usually left

the city to set themselves up. We

ce Park: Dr Brigitte Pemberton

0742 766755, ext 208.

ed Research Establ

Research and Manufacturers

Steel Castings Research and Trade

Association, 0742 28647. Spring

# Local firms thrive among the internationals

THE STATE of financial and vive and thrive comfortably ket for managing receiverships professional services in Shef- enough to fend off all suitors. and liquidations. Despite the field says much about the tranprofessional services in Shef-field says much about the tranfield says much about the tran-sition which the city and its sixth in terms of size in the city, industry is undergoing. It is a split by Pannell Kerr Foster. commentary on decline, realignment and hoped-for and about 100 staff, has been

regeneration.

For the financial and prosimilarly-sized Coopers & Lybressional services sector can rand. But it will shoot ahead fessional services sector can only be as big as Sheffield's industry and commerce can afford. The first thing to look at, therefore, is how many of the latter has a staff of 20 in Sheffield, though its office is "nartnered" from Manchester. big international accountancy

wick, Coopers & Lybrand, Grant there can hardly be regarded as Thornton, Pannell Kerr Foster, anything less than local. It is and Ernst & Whinney. This is a

have managed to sur- quite well in an expanding mar-

vying for supremacy with the partnered " from Manchester. Since Peats has actually been firms are actually in the city.

The answer is five—Peat Marin Sheffield since 1919, its office in Sheffield since 1919, its office in Sheffield since 1919, its office in Sheffield since 1919 is office.

and Ernst & Whinney. This is a telling indicator in itself: a newcomer, having arrived in major or even slightly buoyant business community would expect to have all of the "big eight" present and a fair sprinkling of the next eight asprinkling of the next eight largest besides.

However, this is not the full picture. Two "locals"—Barber, Harrison and Platt, and Hawson ably Peats, have actually done quite well in an expanding mar-



SHEFFIELD 4

A clock tower is already in place above the small new being will house Sheffield's Business and Innovation Centre.

John Hambidge, 0742 766667. Enterprise Agency: Sheffield Business Venture, chief executive Barr riggs, 0742 755721. Special facilities: Sheffleld Develop

-based USM co

ner, Wigfalls. ment Office (property register and full details of all industrial develop-G. W. Thornton-recent flotation.

#### Locally-based PLCs: United Engine ing Steel, Midland Bank (haif of headquarters), Bassett Foods, Cantors, Hepworth Ceramic, James Ne Sheffleld Forgemasters, Tyzack Tur-

"It could reduce the city cen-tre's turnover by between 10 to 20 per cent, and result in the closure of some of the shops that

are trading on small margins at present. On the other side of the equation, was the vast derelic-tion that existed, and that such a development would start to clear," says Mr Bajaria.

ment, but there was no prospect of that in the short to medium

term."

To the north of the city, adjacent to the new Stocksbridge by-pass, in a run-down industrial pass, in a run-down industrial area partly in Barnsley and partly in Sheffield, there are outline proposals for a wideranging development of new uses, including a retail warehousing park of 250,000 sq ft and high-tech units, and the

However, another proposal for a 1m sq-ft scheme on green belt to the south of the city was withdrawn by the developers when the council made clear its opposition, despite the develop-ers' claim for its job-generating potential.

The council is, at the same time, keen to encourage improvement of district shopping centres, in particular to cater for the planned expansion of Sheffield in the south east. A new purpose-built centre on a greenfield site at Crystal Peaks, now under construction and

#### Property

# Planning a place to enjoy

struction, like that of some shopping mall and 1,300 parking with little large-scale with little large-scale accommodation to offer any created a town-scape on a somewhat inhumen scale While the

from.

The thrust of the city's local lished centres to ensure that plan is to make Sheffield a place for people to enjoy place for people to enjoy, encouraging mixed schemes with elements of landscaping, housing, recreation, retailing and offices. It aims to bring life back to the centre, especially at night, doubling the number of people living there over the next 10 years.

is concern also that Sheffield has larged behind in providing retail and office accommodation commensurate with the late 1980s. A £15m development by MEPC, due for completion later this year, pro-vides evidence that the city has nanaged nevertheless, to sustain its importance as a regional shopping centre. A further indi-cation is the level of Zone A rates which, until recently, were the highest for any provincial

At present Sheffield has gross retail floor space of well over 2m sq ft, drawing its trade from as far afield as North Derbyshire, Nottinghamshire and the Rotherham and Barnsley areas, giving it a total catchment

offices and new-technology units, space for exhibitions and tourists events, a boatyard and water-based recreation facili-ties. Walkways will link the

scheme, costed at £9m, with the city centre.
Sheffield has, meanwhile, faced considerable pressure for a major expansion of retailing outside the city centre. "Retail-ing must be seen in its wider context, as a catalyst for wider economic regeneration," says Narendra Bajaria, environmen-tal planning officer with the city council. In the Lower Don Val-ley, for example, 40 per cent of land was derelict and very little

land was derelict and very little industrial or commercial development was taking place. It was, nevertheless, a difficulidecision to recommend a goahead for Meadowhall in the valley, with 900,000 sq ft of retailing and 300,000 sq ft of leisure, making it comparable with, if not larger than, the Metro Centre in Gateshead, and half the size of Sheffield city centre.

He believes that the impact of Meadowhall on city centre shops will be ameliorated by its wide catchment area of 5m people, and that, if anything, it has boosted the resolve of developers in the city centre to proceed. "We would prefer to have seen industrial development, but there was no prospect

consolidation of existing light industrial units.

what inhuman scale. While the development it would be to monolithic structures of the strengthen the role of the 16 1950s and 1960s cannot be strengthen the role of the 16 entered in the role of the 16 unmet demand should be chanfrom. The council is, meanwhile,

assessing a number of proposals for two of its own sites recently marketed in the city centre. The marketed in the city centre. The schemes submitted have a large shopping content, but also include considerable office space, varying from 60,000 to 100,000 sq ft. The private sector has brought forward three other schemes in the town centre for shared office space. There is also interest in developing a small office park. small office park.

Agents are concerned that, without further office development, there may soon be a shortfall in high quality vacant space. It is believed that, for a city of its size, Sheffield ought to be able to provide some Im sq ft. At this can be best achieved by mixed use schemes. present it has a quarter-of-a-million square feet, and much of

SHEFFIELD'S post-war recon- costing £20m, will include a what is left is dotted around, with little large-scale accommodation to offer any

> Much of the marked increase in floorspace in the 1970s has since been swallowed up by the Manpower Services Commission, Midland Bank's International Division, while the Health and Safety Executive is soon to move here from North London

Major office developments on prime city centre sites are not roled out by the city council, but it is particularly keen to encourage smaller, self-contained schemes, both in the centre and around the cathedral, where commercial development is at present concentrated. These three or four-storey buildings would aim to satisfy the demand from companies wanting "their own front door," and their own

The property of the second

#### the city to set themselves up. We have to hope that the steel industry's skills are transferable to other things." Mr Hunt chairs Sheffield Busmanagement buyouts—but that around here don't flaunt it." He there are not enough of them. was encouraged enough to Investors from the US have advertise on the sides of Shefbeen impressed by what they field's buses, urging people to have seen of Sheffield, but want buy and sell their British Gas ness Venture (SBV), the local enterprise agency. This has been beefed up this year with seven-figure deals only in an shares through Nicholson area desperate for five- and six- Barber. area approaching Im people. The Orchard Square develop-ment gives an idea of the sort of the appointment of Barrie Briggs as chief executive, rather than being run by short-term secondees who, though very capable, could not provide con-WE ARE The other side of this coin, Telecom share-dealing queue however, is that Investors in that wound out of the firm's Industry (31) is experimenting in Sheffield with using a British flights of stairs. Another has Telecom telephone sales team to market 31's services—to temporarily turn away new basically venture and development capital—over the phone. It ion of existing customers and is prospecting for new clients, British Airways dealings overheamse not enough have been loaded the computers. The eye-opener was a British ment gives an idea of the solt of scheme the council is keen to encourage, with 26 shop units totalling 90,600 sq ft, 9,000 sq ft of offices, a creche, craft work-shops, seven flats, a food court, food hall, and restaurant. SETTING NEW tinuity. Mr Briggs believes that SBV should have pitched for the Gov-ernment-funded "spring-**STANDARDS** A £10m development by Lon-don and Cleveland Estates conernment-funded "spring-board" experiment, which trains would-be entrepreneurs in business basics. The Man-power Services Commission got Sheffield Chamber of Com-merce to run it instead after SBV had turned it down. tinues the theme of mixed uses, with 43 shop units, totalling 90,000 sq ft, 28 residential flats, Always in the lead in wire industry ause not enough have been loaded the computers. developments, Tinsley Wire has just completed an £8 million modernisation coming forward. What is also apparent from restaurant, offices, creche, art gallery and 310 car-parking However, local director Paul doing the rounds of Sheffield's scheme at its Sheffield works, bringing the Gilmartin admits that he would professional and financial com spaces. It will, at the same time plant up to the forefront of world technology. expect to make most deals in the munity, however, is that this He also hopes for "better interface with the city council," help meet the demand for more £100,000-to-£1m range, with community itself contains some 2500,000 around average. This, impressive entrepreneurs in speciality shopping, and be linked to pedestrian-only court-yards and lanes. Like that at Orchard Square, it has resulted It means that the Company is setting new a view shared by Dan Sequerra, the council's director of employstandards in wiredrawing and wire coating and underlines its commitment to providing therefore, ties in with Mr Scatheir own right. What other man's views about a shortage of explanation is there for the ment and economic development and economic develop-ment Mr Sequerra believes that real risk capital in the start-up survival of firms of solicitors, there will now be much more area. the right quality product at the right time and from an architect-developer competition; and, similarly, it there will now be much more and better "networking" between the council and the at the right price. Mr Scaman thinks that a local venture capital fund would not which has been in continuous will be of traditional materials business in the same building This is the kind of thinking which has entitled and architectural style. Such go amiss. Is there local money there for this? since 1800? Tinsley Wire to its place amongst the best in financial and professional services sector than in the past. competitions are seen as a way the world and undoubted leadership in the of promoting good design and involving the local community " Recause we are not too big The bustle in the offices of the client usually deals with one However, Mr Scaman, of Peats British wire industry. Nicholson Barber, Sheffield's person for everything," says local stockbroker, suggests that Peter Rothwell. "It's a type of there may well be—let alone the fact that business is good getting quite a few of the people enough to support four part—who are setting up in business. ners, three associates and 25. We also set in humants." Moring in shaping the future of the city If you would like to know more, then write for a copy of "Tinsky Wire in Profile". points to another serious probm-shortage of risk capital to centre. help new businesses grow. "The clearing banks do not ad-A waterside village, planned by Shearwater Properties around the terminal basin of the vance money at risk. It is still very difficult to fund any project who are setting up in business. We also act in buyouts." Moving with the times has helped the T-I-N-S-L-E-Y W-I-R-E Sheffield Canal, will provide a vital link along the canal three associates and 25 under £100,000 on anything other than loan capital," he Tiesley Wire (Shefficki) Limited between the Lower Don Valley and the city centre, and be a major visitor attraction. Shearwater, also the developer firm to survive with seven partners and 25 staff. PO Box 119, Shepcore Lane Tradicy, Sheffield 59 17Y Tel: (07/2) 443388 Telen: 54136 Par: (07/2) 448803 Tony West, who heads the He says it is easier to put firm, says that there is money together big deals—such as for around, but that "people of the Albert Dock in Liverpool was the winner of another design competition. New buildings will be inte-grated with refurbished early **Basic facts** ment help), Chris Freegard, 0742 734193. Association, 0742 760771. Cutlery Population: 542,700 Local authority: Sheffield City Coun-cli, Town Hall, Pinstone Street, 51. and Allied Trades Association, 0742 79736. British Glass Industry Nearest Intere 19th-century warehouses to provide flats, speciality retailing, pubs, wine bars, restaurants. Research Association, 0742 chester (1 hour). Neurost regional airports: East Mid-2HH, 0742 726444. 686201. British Forging Industry of Sheffield, Commercial and Indust-Association Technology Centre, lands (40 min), Leeds-Bradford (45 ureau (Dr Rov The sweet side of Sheffield Handscombe), 0742 768555. Shefmber of Commerce: Director. LODESTAR (ENGINEERS TO INDUSTRY) LTD. field City Polytechnic, Polylink (Brian Jeremish), 0742 20911, ext 2397.

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## Technology

# A seed-bed for the small and new

Sheffield's ugly inner ring road, and the swirling traffic of Sheaf Square, a diminutive building with a whimsical clock tower already in place is under construction. It is next door to what many deem the best pub in town. The building is a symbol, evidence of Sheffield's technological future.

The Business and Innovation

Behind this construction work is an open site, used as a car park. By autumn this, too, is to be brought back to life as a science park, built by English Estates, with phase I costing about £2m. The developments go hand-in-glove, and are likely to be managed by a joint company set up between the city council and English Estates.

They mark a small, late-inthe-day but highly significant the day but highly significant the day but highly significant effort by Sheffield leaders to reverse the downward spiral of technological initiative. The five-acre site's position close to the city centre is in deliberate the city centre is in deliberate contrast to the typical rural science park. Tenants, who will have to pay full market rates of about £11 a square foot inclusive, are more likely to be indigenous entrepreneurs than foot-loose executives.

There is no shortage of support for this project, which has taken several years to progress. On the city council side, it is very much a literate for the council side, it is very much a literate for the council side, it is very much a literate for the council side, it is very much a literate for the council side, it is very much a literate for the council side, it is very much a literate for the council side, it is very much a literate for the council side, it is

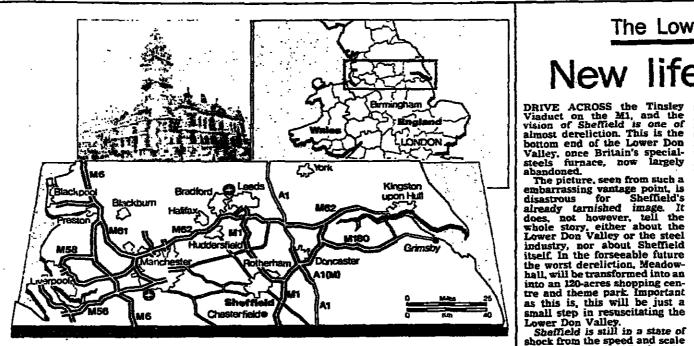
Behind this construction work associations than any other urban area. Four of them are involved with cutlery and steel, the other the British Glass Industry Research Association. They represent a continuing commitment to research, and an increasing involvement in technology transfer, which all sponsors hope will be a mainline activity in the science park

Mr Brian Jeremiah, who is head of the polytechnic's External Liaison and Development Service Department, says he is not expecting many polytechnic lecturers to take the plunge into entrepreneurship. Graduate students will probably be a more rewarding area, but Polylink's all-round contacts—including Sheffield Business School, which recently received

initial funding to develop the ides of a regional design centre in the science park. This, backed by the Design Council,

Technological Resources (Sceptre).

The polytechnic is also jointly equipment would take place. If



obviously add an international gloss to proceedings. Mr Philip Wilbourn, English

Estates' development executive responsible for value-added

One Sheffield company that has already made the hi-tech leap very successfully is San-derson Computers, formed only

retention and re-instatement of

ral smaller listed buildings in

All these have been incorpo-rated into the chosen scheme, put forward by Shearwater Developments using the Shef-field architects Hadfield Cawk-well and Davidson, Shearwater

Wharf Street.

Shearwater's

tainless

The company's national sales manager, Mr Neil Ratcliffe, says that the Sheffield workforce is excellent. His company is par-

Robert Waterhouse

Warehouse; specialist shops, small office suites and workretention and re-instatement of two listed buildings, the Terminal Warehouse, listed Grade 11. Two further buildings, the Grain Warehouse and the Wharf Office, are attached to the Terminal Warehouse and two-bed flats above, Terminal Warehouse and the Straddle Warehouse, with Terminal Warehouse and two-bed flats above, and a new Speciality Centre, treated as if part of the same structure. There are also several smaller listed buildings in

That's just the core of the development; and the external boundary of the site is still under discussion, because it could well determine whether the scheme goes ahead, particu-larly to the present tight timescale which assumes work starting on site by the end of 1987, with parts of Waterside Village open a year after that

call their proposal "Waterside Village," and their managing director, Mr Ian Pierce, describes it as a magical festival-type project, with the advan-tage of being so close to the centre of things. The matter to be decided is what scale of urban development grant the scheme qualifies for. Shearwater are hoping for something like £5m. The Depart-984. include a pub, wine bar and Central to the brief was the restaurants in the Terminal ment of the Environment are

no capital revenue to allocate in that direction anyway.

The Lower Don Valley Scheme

New life for dead acres

help that is being extended to Trafford Park, Manchester, in Trafford Park, Manchester, in the form of an urban development corporation. Mr David Blunkett, Sheffield City Council's Leader, concedes that the £116m given so far to Merseyside Development Corporation would, if spent on the Lower Don Valley, "Completely trasform the nature, not just of Sheffield but of the subregion." change the whole dimension of planning for the Lower Don Valley. Instead of scratching around attempting to clean up eyesores, they hope for a new commercial dynamism, with significant employment opportunities.

The council's own New Employment Park, where the site is already waiting and land-region."

area amounted to £2.7m.

financial position was serious and would lead to "the post-

ponement of completion of major projects without either

resources or private sector

reallocation

as this is, this will be just a small step in resuscitating the Lower Don Valley.

Shaffield is still in a state of shock from the speed and scale of the devastation. During the 1970s its traditional industries stood up well—so well that firms interested in Lower Don Valley sites were turned away. By November 1985, when BSC's Tinsley Park works were closed and the restructuring of Sheffield Forgemasters completed, thousands of jobs had gone. One-third of the valley was derelict or vacant; many other

sites were underused. The city council has reacted to the crisis with a variety of initiatives, now coming together as a strategy which includes:

looking to see a good jobs-grant It is a complex issue. Nobody oute knows the physical condi-tion of the listed buildings, and the City Council are sponsoring a survey which itself has to qualify for grant aid. All parties

get together each fortnight to keep communication flowing. Mr Pierce says the model for Waterside Village is Ocean Village, Southampton, rather than Liverpool's Albert Dock — and has bad involvement with

both. a strategy for the valley, included a warning from the City Treasury that the council's There are two obstacles to achieving the throughput of visitors that his firm will need if it is to trade profitably: the laws surrounding market stalls, and Sunday trading. "We really do need to trade on a Sunday," he says. Maybe that is something that even Sheffield City Council cannot arrange.

European Regional Develop-

substantial reclamation and greening, new employment and recreational areas, and help for recreational areas, and help for capital spending, so they were surviving businesses. It recently unlikely to help in this case, announced a consultancy, supported by the Department of the plete commenced or 'politically Environment, to study development potential in the valley its twofold problem is that it owns little of the land itself, and has

Optimists within the city council and the local business Politically, it seems impossible for Sheffield even to consultancy, which brings in ment for the sort of full-blown English Estates and BSC Industries as well as the DoE, could change the whole dimension of

region."

However, UDCs are anathema urban aid grant, which allows to Mr Blunkett and his party, because they represent a summer. The park represents, centralist and "grossly in theory at least, a "home" for to Mr Blunkett and his party, because they represent a centralist and "grossly in theory at least, a "home "for undemocratic" approach to development. They take plan-

undemocratic "approach to development. They take planing powers away from the city.

And, in his opinion, they are redolent of governmental hypocrisy in rate-capping needy authorities, like his own, while dishing out millions of pounds of of public cash to create a profitable infrasructure for the private investor.

So, in place of the hundreds of millions potentially available under a UDC, Sheffield's hardworking officer teams struggle on with a few hundred of thousands. A recent recent internal report showed that, since its inception in 1981, the council's Department of Employment and Economic Development had spent just f1.533m supporting jobs in the Lower Don Valley, where the council much the same conditions as ever, cheek-by-jowl and sometimes in each others' pockets. The officers' report counted 56 firms specialising in drawing, rolling and forming steel, employing over 4,000; 12 in iron and steel, employing almost 1,500; 11 foundries employing 1,200 and so on.

Lower Don Valley. More than a so on. quarter of this went to the coun-Cus two enterprise workshops.

Assuming that environmental and land reclamation schemes qualified for the Derelict Land Grant, the total specific council officers are able to keep the larger firms with several environmental work, and the smaller ones with building grants that often mean the qualified for the Derelict Land grants that often mean the Grant, the total spent in this difference between expansion and standing still. For example Anchor Magnets received £14,000 for new windows, roofing and internal work, which The report, prepared to frame allowed them to make far better use of their premises. The firm selling a full range of industrial and domestic magnets, has filled the new space with machine tools, bought cheaply at ubi-

> meticulously restored. Robert Waterhouse

> quitous sales—and all are being

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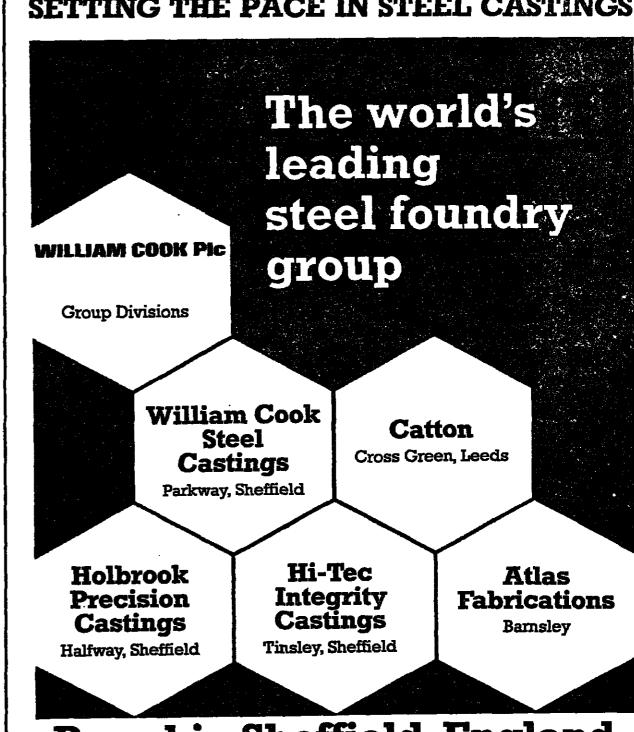
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The Business and Innovation Centre, based on the former Bureau is an open door to 100 departments and research 101 department and research 101 department and research 101 department of Electropically by the city 101 council's 102 department of Electropically by the city 101 council's 102 department of Electropically 103 department of Electropically 103 department of Electropically 104 department of Electropically 104 department of Electropically 105 department of Electropically 105 department and research 105 departments and Electrical Engineering's computer-based databank, 105 departments and Electropically 105 departments and research 105 departments and Electropically 105 departments and research 105 departments and Electropically 105 departments and Electropically 105 departments and research 105 departments and Electropically 105 departments and Electropically 105 departments and research 105 departments and Electropically 105 departments and Electr The Business and Innovation

very much a litmus test of effectiveness for the Department of Employment and Eco-nomic Development. The polytechnic, whose buildings may include prototyping faciliare also nearby, will provide a whole range of services under their Polylink industry team, which offers companies their Polylink industry team, which offers companies schemes. These include the grants of up to £10,000 to help South Yorkshire Microsystems get product ideas moving.

Centre and the Sheffield Centre A separate hid, on an adjacent

involved, with the MSC's Shef- this is secured, it would

projects like science parks in the North, has no doubt that Sheffield Science Park has a very high priority and commitment from his company. It may also be seen as a test bed for further English Estates' involvement in the Lower Don Valley, where they will be contributing to the forthcoming consultants' Shopping, leisure and tourism along the canal

SHEFFIELD'S famous seven

hills made life interesting for the civil engineers of the Indust-

rial Revolution. One of the first trade arteries, the Sheffield and

Tinsley Canal, followed the Lower Don Valley to the city centre fringes where it terminated abruptly to avoid compli-

This canal basin, long derelict

and decaying, is set for conver-sion to a £15m leisure and shop-

ping complex which will bring a new dimension to city life, and a

boost to tourism.
It's a scheme that the city

council, together with the canal's owners, the British

Waterways Board, have been

trying to promote for years. After false starts — hardly surprising given the run-down

state of the area - they put the

project out to competition, based on a planning brief which

received approval in December

three years ago as an offshoot ticularly impressed by the qual-from an established local ity of trainees. Sanderson's serospace concern. Sanderson front-running is a timely secured the UK and European example to the young comsecured the UK and European rights for marketing the C.ITOH Plek commercial computer range, which they are now assembling in Sheffield, employing 60 people. From September, Sanderson will be manufacturing C.ITOH computers under licence.

Civil Service efficiency

# 'Increased vigilance at no extra cost'

Hazel Duffy reviews progress at the Vehicle Inspectorate

BRIAN ANDREWS manages the Sheffield district of the Department of Transport's Vehicle Inspectorate. He has 39 staff. They carry out safety testing of all heavy goods and public service vehicles (buses and coaches) in the area; and coaches) in the area; conduct random vehicle checks on the road; and con-trol and monitor garages carrying out MOT tests on cars. Other duties include liaising with the police on the roadworthiness of vehicles involved in accidents.

involved in accidents.

His budget for the current year is £626,047. "I can stand up and be counted on every penny of that," he says.

The budget is the symbol of Andrews' new financial accumiability following implementation of the Government's Financial Management Unitiative (FMI) throughout Initiative (FMI) throughout the civil service.

The FML a programme aimed at bringing private sector-type managerial and financial disciplines into the niancial disciplines into the civil service, has taken a firm hold in the Vehicle Inspec-terate. The prompt came from the Government's intention to privatise the operation. It met with fierce opposition from freight and read haulage interests which were worried that common testing stan-dards would not be main-tained throughout the country and that testing fees might

rise.
The lobbying was successful. Ministers withdrew the proposal, party as a result of that, and party because it became clear that the entire operation could not be entre operation count is on privatised. This conclusion stemmed from an eutside investigation of its viability, which became the basis for restructuring the group within the Transport Department, Putting FMI into practice was the respondibility of Ron Oliver, head of the Vehicle

in Bristol. An accountant was recruited into the team from the private sector. Together, they have super-imposed financial and management systems in less than two years on an organisation

tions have traditionally predominated.

The changes have wen ever staff like Andrews, a technician who has been turned into a manager. "We feel more like a private company now," like a private company now," he says, a remark echoed by his two deputies. "Having more responsibility makes us more like managers in the eyes of other people. They used to think we had a cushy time as civil servants—we didn't, but that's beside the point. Now we can talk about our responsibilities and hold our heads higher."

An example of the way in which their new freedom works is the greater flexibility that management has over the deployment of staff. Previously, one group worked on the vehicles brought in by operators for the statutory annual test, another on random checks. Now, when demand slackens on the first, staff can be switched to the second. The result is increased vigilance of safety at no extra cost to the road user. It may seem a small advance. But the protagonists of a management-oriented civil service argue that it is the sum of small achieve-ments like these which will lead to a better "product" at the end of the day, and more satisfied staff.

#### Deregulation

Targets are set nationally—for example, that every fleet operator will be inspected once in a cartain number of years (the exact figure is not revealed), every garage licensed to do MOTs will be visited—and estimates made of likely demand for statutory testing. To this will be added this year an estimate of how many more buses will come many more buses will come into service, and therefore need to be tested, as a result of deregulation.

Based on this guidance, the 53 district managers in the Vehicle Inspectorate are making their first bottom-up

budget bids, for 1987-88. They estimate the resources they expect to need to perform their tasks: man-power, travel costs, overtime payments, right down to cests for clearing snow from the

In the process, they have discovered cartain costs, usually for the first time. "I found that the test cards for found that the test cards for the Sheffield station alone are costing 26,850," says Andrews. He may not find a cheaper supplier easily—they are specially produced—but he will make quite sure that none is wasted.

When he gets his budget, he will be watching how it is spent very closely." Having gone through the pain of get-ting it together, there will be no doubt that I shall be monitoring it." At present, the information systems are pretty basic. These will be much better when the stations are computerised shorthy shortly.

Performance indicators are remormance maleators are in use. In the Sheffield district, volume of output in testing is up by 3 per cent, with reduced manpower. District managers are given comparative statistics for all

The changes, however, bring their own demands. Now that officials are given managerial and financial remanagerial and anancial responsibility, they want more authority. At the higher level, regional managers (there are four throughout the country) also want more fieribility over manpower. If the districts earn extra revenue by doing more tests, they want to be able to take on more casual staff as they

At time goes on, and the FMI programme becomes absorbed into the culture, there will be more such demands, from district managers, regional managers, and from head office itself. It is a force that is gathering a strength perhaps beyond that anticipated by the central



## Small is easy, but as for the big savings...

paid for its services—is a relatively small organisation in civil service terms, with clearly defined duties. This self-con-tainment has been a big help in putting the FMI into prac-tice well down the management

A much bigger task is pre-sented by the departments which are engaged in major programme expenditure, especially when the policy of that department—as happens in the Department of Health and Unions' written evidence to the Social Security with the committee, is that the exercise National Health Service—is have succeeded."

The difficulty, according to the Council of Civil Service Unions' written evidence to the committee, is that the exercise National Health Service—is

had been achieved for the re-maining expenditure. — Top civil servants from the

THE VEHICLE Inspectorate— were experiencing difficulties in nearly 1,500 staff and a £28m motivating middle and junior budget accounted for by fees managers. Their reservations "appeared to reflect mainly the extent of their power, as they saw it, to control many of the costs for which they were held

responsible."
Sir Peter Middleton, Permanent Secretary to the Treasury, told the Commons Public Accounts Committee recently. that if the initiative is not taken down the line, "we will not have succeeded."

carried out by other bodies.

Sir Gordon Downey, Comptroller and Auditor General, in his report\* on the FMI, published last autumn, drew attention to specific problems, particularly that of measuring output and thereby determining the specific problems, particularly that of measuring output and thereby determining the specific problems.

put and thereby determining The unions also accused the the effectiveness of the initia- senior civil servants responsible tive. He concluded that confor the FMI of ignoring the siderable strides had been made quality factor in measuring outby departments in reaching the put. "In practice, the emphasis objectives set for their adminis- in most departments has been trative costs, representing about on developing crude indicators 13 per cent of central govern- of the output of civil servants, ment spending, but much less neglecting any qualitative

maining expenditure.

In his comprehensive review, he also noted that departments and Pérsonnel Office, who have

a watching brief over the FMI, agree that it was unfortunate that it was introduced when pay has fallen compared with the private sector, and civil servants' productivity had risen. They refute suggestions, however, that this has undermined the initiative from the outset.

"We were told by consultants in 1982 that it would take 10 years to get it into place. It has always been a long-term programme," says Anne Mueller, who heads the MPO.

Making the civil service work more like the private sector was never going to be straight-forward. In practice, it has come up against problems of person nel management as well as tech-nical difficulties of measuring success which do not arise in the private sector.

John MacGregor, Chief Financial Secretary to the Treasury, pointed in an example of a problem in a speech last summer on getting speech last summer on getting value for money in government. If targets are set, and the individual does not achieve them, he feels he has failed. The tendency would be to set more achievable targets, particularly in an organisation characterised by caution. But this would be going against the grain of what the FMI was intended to do.

He felt, nevertheless, that the initiative was making progress in all areas — budgeting, management systems, policy evaluation, and value for money tar-

tion, and value for money tar-gets. As an example of the last, he cited Customs and Excise, which had directed its VAT control visits towards areas of greater revenue risk and met its target by recovering ? per cent more VAT that should have been paid.

of the FMI. But the Comptrol-ler and Auditor General has said that it would be increasingly difficult to attribute savings whether as increased output with the same resource, or the same with a smaller re-source—solely to the initiative. From the point of view of making it understandable to the world outside the civil service, this is a pity. The cynical might say that this only supports their view that a lot of effort is going

into making relatively small savings when the really big areas of expenditure go un-It's about paperclips and envelopes. In the meantime, over £900m was wasted on the Nimrod project," says a former

civil servant. The managers in Customs Excise do not agree, at least not on the first part of that statement. If, however, the FMI is to have far-reaching implications, some of the difficulties that they have already encoun-

# The German view of Japan's barriers

BY CHRISTOPHER LORENZ

manufacturers started conduct- man companies to penetrate ing market research in West Japan, says Simon, because they differ so marketly from the differ so marketly from th first vehicle was actually sold characteristics which are timi-there. By contrast, German and liar to them in their home other western companies which market. Germany is much more try to attack the Japanese market not easily trad market not only tend to do instance, and the speece of market instance, and the inst market not only tend to do

German companies are also weak in service, delivery and distribution in Japan, according to Professor Hermann Simon, scientific director of USW the Carmen management. USW, the German management institute. "The great weakness of German companies is that

ing. Simon argues that no internationally active company can afford to ignore the demand potential offered by the Japanese market, however internationally active market. tense the local competition may be. Instead, "Japan should play a predominant role" in the global strategy of western Japan's position as the most

competitive world market in many industries makes it an ideal "training ground." ideal "training ground", argues Simon. In many growth sectors it is also the most impo-vative, playing a leading rele in the development of new products and market needs. The Japanese market is made even more attractive—especially for high quality German products—by its low price sen-

ONE OF Japan's leading car tors make it difficult for Ger-

Japanese market imply a major risk if experiences are transferred." Simon warms "It seems dangerous to apply marketing know-how and strategies which worked well in Germany usw, the German management which worked well in Germany institute. "The great weakness of German companies is that they are not close enough to barrier to entry into the customer."

Writing in the International Simon lists eleven others but in an order of significance in an order of significance which differs sharply from the ternationally active company. conventional view of why Japan can be so impenetrable

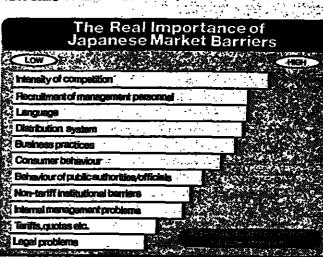
to western companies.

Based on a survey of the views of German managers working in Japan, plus a sample of Japanese managers in Japan, Simon concludes "that the severe difficulty of en the severe dimense, or easy is due mainly to marketing bar-riers and not to institutional barriers" (such as non-tariff barriers and the attitude of public officials). The results are shown in the table below. The usual over-rating of institu-tional barriers may well ex-German companies seriously to

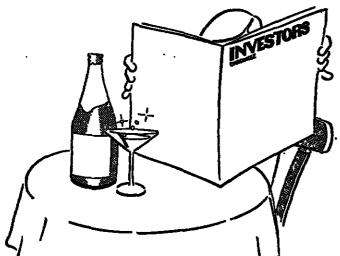
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10 Chap who is watchful around Beachy Head (8)

12 Cook's warming pan (4.5)

13 Love-game possibly, the last of the series (5)

14 Japanese play jolly standard (4)

15 Colours of sergeant, say? (3, 6)

17 Bird displaying passion in northern river (8)

18 Rare find, possibly, such waves (5.3)

28 Dead astern? That is foolish 251 B 424.2 125.4 148.1 251.2 24.B 141.2 147.8 +08 23 +07 273 +01 273 +04 173 +04 173 +04 173 +07 025 041-2219252 +04 282 +02 413 +19 144 +05 029 -01 128 -19 166 -1 352 -1 353 | Cash Fd. | 171.09 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 180.10 | 01-588 2721 -11 1.94 -14 4.88 +0.9 1.64 -0.5 1.0 -0.5 1.0 Funds in Court

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24 Supply vessel from Casablanca or Tangier (5)
25 Coast offering on-the-house coulette (9) Sunday (7)
22 Superior punter (6)
23 Recess in cathedral—Coventry for example (6)
26 County loses vigour (5) 77ย์ 1517 ST 1518 ST 1517 S roulette (9)
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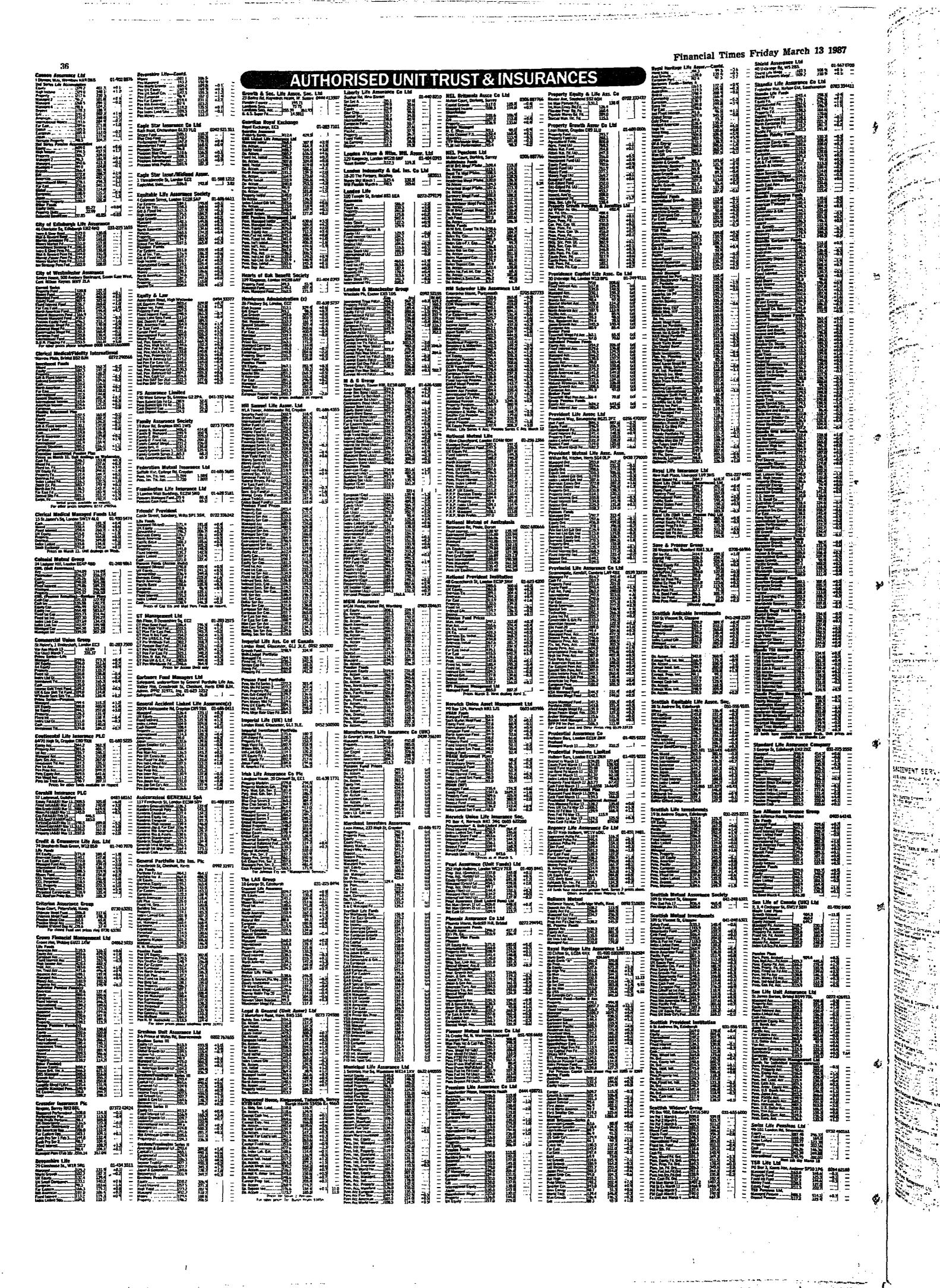
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Financial Times Friday March 13 1987

US MARKETS

EARLY TRADE buying in

gold prompted locals to buy

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bert. However, following the

fix in London, the trade

turned seller, local liquidated longs and the market fell to the lows of the day where re-

newed buying interest emerged to steady prices

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were once again quiet. Wheat fell on profit-taking follow-

ing further reports of China buying under the US support

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HEATING OIL 42,000 US galk cents/US gallons

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ORANGE JURCE 15,000 ib, cents/ib

Close Prev High 130.85 130.50 130.90 132.70 131.45 132.75 133.30 132.65 133.85 133.10 132.50 133.45

PLATINUM 50 troy oz, \$/troy oz

SILVER 5,000 troy oz. cents/troy oz

SUGAR WORLD "11" 112,000 lb. ounts/ib

CHICAGO

LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lb, conts/fb

50.90 50.42 58.62 57.67 57.62 57.25 67.66 57.45 57.10 56.95 58.06 68.06

611.0

473.5

8.34

1.64

8.22

8.54

IN EN YORK

ECUADOR will ask the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries to raise its oil export quota by 100,000 the oil export quota by 100,000 barrels per day to 310,000 b/d to compensate for lost output due to last week's earthquake, Fernando Santos Alvite Ecuador's Deputy

Energy Minister said. Mr Santos Alvite, arrived in Caracas on Wed-nesday to discuss an ald plan for Ecuador, did not say when the Opec would be approached.

additional output would be related to plans new under discussion for Venezuela and Mexico to lend Ecuador crude while it repairs a pipeline damaged by the earthquake.

#### Cotton sales

The Indian Government has permitted immediate export of 190,000 bales (of 170 kgs each) of cotton. The sale will be made by the governmentowned Cotton Corporation of India and four provinciallevel cotton co-operatives.

## Drought hits tea

Sri Lanka revised its tea output forecast for 1987 to about 190m kilos from an earlier target of 210m, due to a severe drought now affecting about one-third of the country, the Ministry of Plantation Industries said. Last year's tea production remained 211.3m kilos.

First quarter output will be down by about 15 per cent or about 8m kilos below het 51.43m produced during the same period last year.

#### US soya worry

US soyabean exports will probably fall in the 1986/87 season and increased soyabean production in South America—500,000 tonnes in Brazil and 100,000 tonnes in Paraguay—is the main rea-son, the US agriculture Department said.

In its report on the world oilseed situation, the department said estimated US exports of soyabeans in the 1986/87 season have been reduced by over 800,000 tonnes from a month ago to 19.05m tonnes.

PROCESSING MINERAL sands

used to be the poor relation of the Australian mining

industry. Plants were primitive, prices unpredictable and profits

Producers were in no position to cope with the power of their

major customers, a handful of

But in the last three years the industry has been trans-

formed, partly by consolidation

among producers to form larger

better - capitalised operations and partly by a sustained price increase. To prove the point, Renison Consolidated Goldfields, the world's largest mineral sands producer, last month

announced record interim profits from its mineral sands

division, which more than offset

a collapse in profits in its former star performer, Remison

Mr Campbell Anderson, the

chief constable, says people

mocked when the group was put together by a merger in 1981; "Everybody said you

1981: "Everybody said you can't justify putting that splen-

did tin mine tinto a crummy mineral sands operation. Now it

all looks different."
Processing mineral sands is

beaches. Certain beaches, not-ably in the south of Western

Australia, contain sands made

up of valuable minerals, par-

up or valuable minerals, par-ticularly ilmenite, rutille and zircon. The first two are the raw material for titanium dio-xide, the white powder which is the basic ingredient in white paint. Zircon is used as a re-fractory material in steelmak-

ing, and to a lesser, but grow-

ing, extent in ceramics. Cor-

is used in lining parts in nuclear reactors and chemical

dictate terms.

tin mine.

# Hopes rise for renewed agreement on rubber

ducing and consuming countries can agree on a new price-tonnes. It now stands at 360,000 stabilising agreement improved tonnes. stabilising agreement improved stabilising agreement improved yesterday after four days of tentative discussions in Geneva and a threat by the US delegation that it would leave if no progress had been made by the producers the indicative ments. The producers have hardened at which the buffer stock their attitude against the tightening of borrowing facilities to finance the buffer stock which the consumers—with the

end of the week.

Delegates on both sides price expressed hope that the remaining crucial differences could be settled while Mr Manaspas Xuto, the chairman of the UN natural rubber conference, said there had been "slight progress but we are not at the end yet." He said he would expect delegates to work through the weekend, f no breakthrough was ichieved today.

achieved today.

The biggest remaining hurdle
to a new five-year International
Natural Rubber Agreement 's
the consumers' insistence that the consumers' insistence that the reference price and indica-tive prices in the range governing the operations of the buffer stock should be

depressed prices is in prospect following the collapse last week

of producer/consumer talks in

London on the reintroduction of export quots controls, are urging their government to keep up pressure for the return

of quotas, reports Reuter from

Jakarta.
There have been no limits on coffee exports since February last year, when a dramatic price rise sparked off by Brazil's 1985 drought triggered the suspension of the International Coffee Organisation's quota system.
Although the world coffee price is now less than half the lared ruling at the time of the

level ruling at the time of the suspension, ICO members have so far been unable to reach the

agreement on export shares which is a pre-requisite for the

eimposition of quota controls. Mr Dharyono Kertosastro,

chairman of the Association of Indonesian Coffee Exporters, blames the failure of the latest

Mr Campbell Anderson . . .

faith in a "crummy" mineral

sands operation

Australia is the largest producer and exporter of all three minerals, with its export market shares ranging from 40 to

60 per cent. Renison, which is 49-per-cent-owned by London-based Consolidated Gold Fields,

accounts for about 30 per cent of world production of rutile.

40 per cent of synthetic rutile (or processed ilmenite), and 45

Other significant exporting countries include South Africa, Canada, Norway, Sierra Leone and India, although not all produce the same range of sands as Australia

producers and partly in re-sponse to a surge in demand.

In the past few years Austra-lian output has risen greatly, partly at the expense of other Deman

Jakarta.

**Indonesian exporters** 

press for coffee quotas

INDONESIAN coffee exporters, 30 per cent share of ICO ex-while accepting that a period of ports. "As long as Brazil sticks

Australia's commercial beachcombers

PROSPECTS THAT rubber pro-ducing and consuming countries when the stock reached 450,000 ducers' agreeing to accept a

price guaranteeing rubber growers a return on their investment. It is politically impossible for them to abandon this floor, the producers say.

Consumers, keen to inject greater flexibility into the Inra price adjustment mechanism, and anxious to limit financial, and anxious to limit financial commitments, feet that there is no point in continuing to build the stock beyond 450,000 ton as, if there is no price change. A putative compromise under discussion among delegates yesterday would call for the hardline consumers—essentially West Germany, Britain and the US—to concede on the indica-

"As long as Brazil sticks

to its hardline position, we can never bridge the gap," he said

/Indonesia is the world's third biggest coffee producer, after Brazil and Colombia, and Mr Kertosastro believes

Colombia could play a key role in softening Brazil's attitude

in softening Brazil's attitude because of its close contacts with the dominant producer.

At the London talks Brazil blocked a proposal by eight ICO producers, including Colombia and Indonesia, for a new quota system which would have reduced Brazil's share.

Mr Kertosastro said his

country's 1986-87 coffee produc-

tion might fall slightly from last year's 360,000 tonnes and that

exports were unlikely to be much above that year's \$20,000

The crop had been affected by

Mineral Sands Prices

1976 78 80 82 84 86

Over the same period rutile and

zircon production almost doubled to 202,000 tonnes and

390,000 tonnes respectively.

Further increases are expected

Prices have risen strongly.

even allowing for the decline of

the Australian dollar on the foreign exchange markets.

Ilmenite was most recently quoted at A\$75-\$80 (£32-£34) a

quoted at A\$75-\$80 (£32-£34) a tonne by Mining Journal, against just over A\$30 in early 1984. Over the same period rutile prices have climbed from about A\$340 to a range of A\$625-A\$680 a tonne and zircon from about A\$110 to A\$230-\$250 a tonne.

Demand for titanium-bearing

minerals has grown because of the increase in sales of white-

in the current year.

700 SA personne

400

300

200

100

price review every 12 months instead of 18 months, as well

excesses of the collapsed tin agreement in mind—want written into the new Inra. During the last round of talks in October, the producers had indicated that they would agree to stricter borrowing provisions Both sides see the present round, scheduled to finish at the end of next week, as the last chance to negotiate a new Inra before the expiry of the present agreement in October. Failure to come to terms would

#### Poland assigns **\$60m** for farm inputs

force them to start planning how the buffer stock can be disposed of without disrupting

By Christopher Bobinski in Warsaw THE Polish government has assigned \$60m (£41.5m) to be spent in the first half of the year for imports from the West

of pesticides, herbicides and production components for hese items needed before this year's harvest.
This is close to last year's level and although it is 30 per cent to 40 per cent less than required, shows that the farm-ing lobby is holding its own in

the struggle for scarce hard currency.
Western pesticide suppliers estimate the decision to free the funds has come just in time to make deliveries for spring field work.

Stanislaw Zieba. Minister of Agriculture, this week said the harsh winter probably did the winter grains Cuts in supplies of natural

pest damage, he said, although it remained to be seen how gas to producers in January mean there will be a 10 per cent round of talks on Brazil, by far Indonesia is trying to boost the largest producer, which has been fighting to maintain its higher yielding varieties shortfall on the planned de-liveries of fertilisers Stefan Wagstyl on the fortunes of the mineral sands industry

son argues that actions by pro-

ducers have been more signifi-cent. To a certain extent

growth in demand has helped but changes in supply have been the key."

Remison's acquisition of Allied

Enneaba, a rival minerals sands

of the most important steps in

the consolidation of the industry.

which has seen the closure of several smaller operations. Remison and Consolidated Rutile, the second-largest Australian producer, have both invested heavily in modern apparity to replace cut-dated

capacity to replace out-dated high-cost plant. For example, Consolidated has switched its

Queensland coast production from dry mining to low-cost

dredging. Renison has recently completed a 112,000 tonnes a

tion efficiency, the producers strengthened their position in

a market which is tough because

#### LONDON MARKETS

COPPER LED a general rise in base metals prices on the London Metal Exchange yesterday, and in spite of a decline of about £7 a toune late in the day the cash Grade A position closed £13 up at 5913.50 a tonne. Dealers said both the early strength and the later dewnward reaction reflected move ments in the New York market. But easier sterling against the dollar and expectations of a further fall in LME warehouse stocks this week provided extra encour-agement for Lendon's advance. The technical tightness of supplies available for nearby delivery was still apparent and the cash arent and the cash mium over the three premium over the three months quotation widened by 57 to £13 a tenne. The cash aluminium price regained £16.50 of Wednesday's £40.50 fall to close at £85.36 a tonne. Traders attributed the rise chiefly to speculators rise emery to special covering short positions and some "bargain hunting." They also reported talk that prospective Chinese buying just below current price levels might provide a plat-

form for a raily.

LME prices supplied by
Amalgamated Metal Trading. ALUMINIUM

Unofficial + or side (p.m.) - Highrical					
Cash 3 months	853-4 813,6-4	+16.5 +13	817/803		
(B\$5-6).	enree enc 1839 (85		ash 838-9 (811-12), Kerb close:		

COPPER						
Grade A	Unoffic's close £ per t	+ or	High/Low			
ash months	913-14 900-1	+13 +6	920/919 907/900			
Official closing (am): Cash 519-20 903-4), three months 908-7 (883-4), ettlement 920 (904). Finel Karb close:						

closing (am): Cash three months 880-2 (86 855 (852). US Pro (851-2), three months 880-2 (1 settlement 865 (862). US P prices 86.5-70 cents a pound, Turnover: 46,300 tonnes,

#### LEAD

	ciose (p	iel + o s.m.) - ir togra	High/Lo
Cash 5 months	302-3 295-7	+6.70 +5,2	304/302 5 297/292
(296.5-7).	three m t 305 (25 Cumover	onths 29 7). Fina 7,276	Cash 304 5.5-6 (292-3 i) Kerb close tonnes. U d.

#### NICKEL

' ·	£ per tonne						
Cash 5 months	2376-85  +1,5 2380-90 ;—3	2390/2385 2405/2585					
Official closing (em): Cash 2,387-90 (2,365-7), three months 2,397-8 (2,380-1), partiement 2,390 (2,367). Final Kerb close: 2,380-8. Turnover: 822 touries.							
4110							

High grade	Unoffic close (	sial + c o.m.) — er tonne	High/Low
Cash 5 months	458-9 454-5	+4 +3,85	459/458 455,8/451
(452-3), t 50.5), set Kerb clos	hree me dement a: 454-l US Pris	oatha 450 458.5 (4 5. Turn	Cesh 458-8.5 I-3.5 (448.5- IGS). Final over: 13,900 era: 37.5-44
TIN			

#### KUALA LUMPUR TIN MARKET—Close: 16.81 (16.98) ringgit per kg. Down Q.17. GOLD

year synthetic rutile plant in Western Australia, at a cost of A\$60m.  Australian Mineral Economics, a research company which has recently published a report on the industry, says there has been "a radical restructuring of the world mineral sands"	market yesterday to finish at \$40%, 410%. The metal opered at \$407%, 400%, and finished at its best level or the day. There were reports that fur that tension in the Middle East het prompted renewed demand and this is turn triggered short covering. Tredits was described as reletively active in
the world mineral sands industry."  Apart from increasing produc-	was described as relatively active in comparison to the slack period experi enced recently.
tion efficiency, the producers	GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Mar, 19

GOLD BULLION (fine out	nce) Mar, 18
Clase \$4093, 4104 Opening \$4075, 4064 M'n'g fix \$408.00 Aft'n'n fix \$409.90	(£258-2581 <sub>2</sub> (£2551 <sub>4</sub> -255) (£256,201) (£258,530)
GOLD AND PLATING	M COINS
Am Eagle \$423.428	(226614-26914)

of the financial muscle of the customers, major chemicals companies including Du Pont in the US, Tioxide in Europe and Ishibara in Japan.
Potts West Trumbull, a Sydney stockbrokers, forecasts strong prices for mineral sands for at least the next 18 months, particularly for rutile.

Mr Anderson is more cautious. The market will still be cyclical, he says, but thanks to rationalisation producers should be able to secure more stable prices than in the past.

higher for builton m US cent e were: spot 565.4c, ut up 1.85c; 1.9c. The	spot delivery in the Lo arket yesterdey at 350 quivalents of the fixing it 1 556.5c, up 1.9c; three-n p 1.75c; sir-month 574 and 12-month 597 55c and the country of the and closed at 362 <sup>3</sup> -3	ado 1,95; eve 10; 1,25 , u
	ا ما رود	

+ or L.M.E. p.m. Unoffic'i per Fixing troy oz Price 

# Soyabean Meal

Prices moved a little firmer on con-

	Y'sterd'ys glose	ᆂᅋ	Business done
April June August Dec Feb April	112.8-116.6 168.2-109.5 169.8-118.1 111.8 112.5 114 6-116 8	+0.65	100,0-100,5

# DOW JONES

Mar, 11 Mar. 10 M th ago. Year ago

1555,8 1551.7 1619.9 1885.7

INDICES

**REUTERS** 

Dow : Mar. Mar. Mith Year Jones 11 10 ago ago Spot 113.77 113.56, - [129.88 Fut .113.07 213.14, - [134.92 (Bees: December 31 1931 = 100)

MAIN PRICE CHANGES	back towards the close. Platinum futures exactly mirrored the action in gold.
Mar, 12 + or Month 1987 — ago METALS	In copper early trade buying was absorbed by mixed sell-
Aluminium \$1350/370, -40 \$1585/585	ing which hit light stops before fresh buying entered
COODS!"" STORE OF THE PROPERTY OF	
Cash Grade A £915,5 +15 £896	the market. Silver was
5 mths2900.5 +8 12909.25	featureless. Energy futures
Gold Troy oz	opened lower as expected
Lead Cash	against easier cash prices and
Nickel	although light trade huying,
Free Mkt	SILUOGEN HENT CLOSE MAYING
Paliadium oz \$124.30 + 1.50 8121.40	especially in the crude oil,
Platinum oz \$535.00   +5.89 \$516.75	was noted at the lows, the
Quicksliver) \$195/206 (\$170/160	markets held to a narros?
811ver troy az350.55p + 9.95 369.55p	range with trading deminated
3 mths359.20p +2.85 372.10p	by locals. The trade was a
free Mkt£4268/300 25 £4455/615	
Tungsten547,08\$44,51	noted early buyer in coffee,
Wolfram 22,015 \$44,48 \$59,45	but turned seller later on to
Zinc2458.5 +4 2481.5	take prices lower on the day.
5 mths£454.5 +3,55£477.5	Coces futures drifted lower
producers \$778/790   \$779/790	
OILS	on technical selling following
Gogonut (Phil) 18360x (	the market's failure to move
Palm Malayan \$315y \$342.5	higher earlier in the week.
Seeds -	Light industry support was
Copra (Phil)   \$240v   -5   \$285 Soyabean (U.S.)   \$136,5   -2   \$140	noted. Sugar futures were
Scyabean (U.S.) \$136.5 -2 \$140	dominated by local activity.
GRAINS	Prices steadied on short-
Barley Fut, May £113,35 -0,45£118,50	covering in the face of light
Mates  £145.00    £144.50	
Wheet Eut May (2178 15 0 96 2119 10	price-fix selling. The grains

‡ Unquoted. † Per 75-lb flesk. c Cent

pound. "Cotton outlook. v April March-April. x April-May. y May.

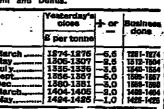
#### COFFEE

Robustes opened wester to steadler sterling and York close, reports Dra	a weak New well Bornbaro
Lambert. The market trat established range encour down support at lower	sed within an

OFFEE	Yestarday + or close £ per tonne	Business Done
ay	1297-1608 24,0 1318-1628 20,0 1535-1658 16,6 1575-1680 24,0 1400-1406 29,5 1410-1469 25,0	1329-1305 1340-1317 1360-1387 1387-1365 1410-1390
ICO India	88 (4,061) lots of stor prices (US March 11: Comp. 97); 15-day aver	cents per daily 1979

## **COCOA**

# Futures eased on light selling fol-lowing remours of producer interest but closed quiety, £4 off on the day. Consumers made limited purchases but physicals interest was generally restricted to price-checking, reports



Seles: 2,753 (1,808) lots of 10 ICCO indicator prices (SDRs per tonne). Delly price for Murch 12: 1,595.84 (1,904.79); 10-day sverage for Merch 13: 1,583.73 (1,582.36).

# **GRAINS**

LORDON GRAINS—Wheat: US dark northern spring no. 1 15 per cent April/May 98.50, June 95.75. US no. 2 soft red winter July 88.50. French 112-12 per cent March 142.25. English feed tob April/June 120.00 paid east coast, April/May/June 121.00 seller, Sept 101.25. Oct/Nov/Dec 124.75, Jan/March 109.00 buyers. Make: US no. 3 yellow/French transhipment east coast March 145.00. Berley: English feed tob March 113.00 paid Scottish, March 113.00/114.00 buyers/sellers Scottish.

	EAT st'rdy's	+ œ	BAR Yest'rdy'i close	+ or
Mari 1	per ton: 17,65 18,15 20,20 99,80 01,85 04,70	0,16 -0,20 -0,26 -0,16	£ per ton 112,10 115.55 99.50 101.50 103.75	+0.55 +0.65 +0.55 +0.55

Mar. 107.10 +0.16 106.10 +0.18 Business done - Wheet: March 118.00-7.65, May 118.50-8.10, July 120.40-0.10, Sept 100.15-99.80, Nov 102.15-1.80, Jun 105.00-4.70, March 107.25-7.05. Seles: 440 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: March untraded, May 113.50-3.35, Sept untraded, Nov 107.50-1.15. Jan 103.85-3.70, March 108.15. Seles: 87 lots of 100 trentes. 3.1.4, March 105.15. Select 87 fors of 100 tonies.

HGCA — Locational ex-farm spot prices. Feed barley: W. Midlands 114.50, N. West 113.00. The UK momentary coefficient for the week beginning Mondey March 16 will change to 1,251.

# **POTATOES**

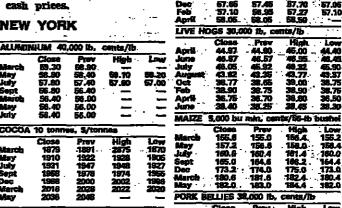
The merket was initially firmer in response to a stronger Dutch quote, but interest, especially on the April position, fizzied out during guiet trade to felt back to unchanged by middey, May remained well supported throughout dey, reports Colay and Harper. 

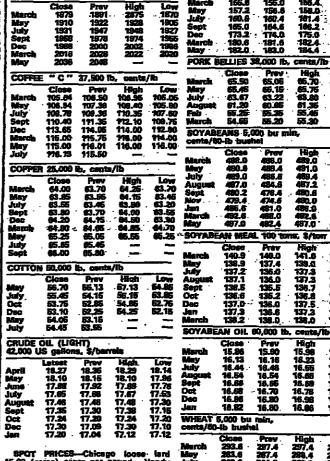
# Sales: 856 (761) lots of 40 tonnes.

#### RUBBER

PHYSICALS — The London market opened standler, found little interest throughout the day and closed quiet, reports Lewis and Peat. Closing prices (buyers): Spor 60.75p (same): April 61.75p (same): May 61.50p (same). Kuala Lumpur Iob prices (Maleysian cents a kilo): RSS No 1 225.5 (same) and SMR 20 182.5 (191.0). RUTURES—Index 588, April 182.5 (191.0), April/June 663-663, July/Sept 656-666, Sales: Nil.

# programme. The soya com-plex traded narrowly, but soyabean meal rallied on re-ports of Soviet buying of Brazilian meal. The means rallied as a result of steadier

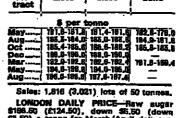




May
June
July
August
Sept
Oct
Dec
Jen SPOT PRICES—Chicago loose lard 15.00 (same) cants per pound. Handy and Kerman aliver bullion 559.0 (556.0)

#### SUGAR

No. 6 Y'sterd'ys Previous Con-close close close close



Sales: 1,816 (3.021) lots of 50 tonnes.
LONDON DAILY PRICE—Raw sugar \$188.50 (£124.50), down \$5.50 (down £3.50) p zonne for Merch/April delivery, White suger \$212.00, down \$3.00.

Tate and Lyle delivery price for granulated basis suger was £230.00 (£234.00) a tonne for export.

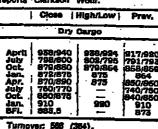
International Sugar Agreement—(US cants per pound fob and stowed Carlebean ports). Prices for Merch 11: Delly price 7.88 (8.08): 15-day average 7.71 (7.86).

PARIS—(FF per tonne): May 1225.

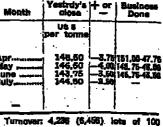
2355. Aug 1350-1355. Oct 1371-1380.

Dec 1365-1470. March 1420-1440, May 1485-1475.

FREIGHT FUTURES The merket was firm on the back of remours of higher physical prices, reports Clarkson Wolff.



GAS OIL FUTURES

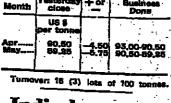


OIL Brent traded moderately within a narrow range. April WTi opened 17c down on Nymex and traded 14c down on the narrow 17c start thin morning trade within a narrow 11c range. In the petroleum products market gas oli and napirths fell on withdrawn prompt buring interest. Gasoline cargoes rose on demand for coestars—Petroleum Argus, London.

	- 1- 1	Latest	Char of
ORUĐE OIL- Arab Light . Arab Heavy,			Apri
Dubal Brent Blend W.T.L (1pm Forcedos (N		80-16,65 75-17,80 20-18,25	-0.1 -0.1 -0.1
Urals (cit N	WE)	=	=
-u	-North Wes	t Europe	

ompt delivery cif (& per tonne Heavy fuel Oil...... Naphtha

# HEAVY FUEL OIL



## India buys white sugar

INDIA yesterday bought two cargoes of white sugar from London traders for April/May shipment and granted the trade houses the option to sell an additional two cargoes at the same price for May/June shipment, the companies involved

E. D. and F. Man and Woodhouse Drake and Carey both said they sold single cargoes at \$237.35 a tonne cif for April/ May and were granted options to sell an extra cargo each at the same price for May/June

# Threadbare outlook for Japan's silk trade

Ilmenite output increased three-coloured consumer goods from fold to 1.1m tonnes from 1983-84 cars to clock radios after the to the year ending last June. recession of the early 1980s.

JAPAN'S protected silk indus-try, faced with aluggish demand and oversupply maintained by artificially high producer prices, is threatened with a slump, industry offi-cials say, reports Reuter from Tokyo.

Worries about a possible cut in the official raw silk support price and an antici-pated collapse in the buffer stock operation of the semi governmental buying agency, sent prices at Japan's two futures exchanges sharply lower this week.

The industry said the weak trend will continue until the agriculture ministry sets its 1987-88 support price, effective from June L

physical raw silk prices at

an artificially high level,

The 1946 Silk Yarn Price Stabilisation Act allows the Silk and Sugar Prices Stabilisation Corporation to fix

currently Y12,000 (£50) a kg. The corporation buys for the buffer stock when physical silk yarn prices move below

However, due to singgish demand it has almost filled its allocated volume for the silk for the year ending May 31, triggering active stop-loss selling on the Yokohama and Kobe exchanges this week.

In the past, the corporation could increase buying to bolster prices, but the financial burden this created in an oversupplied market, coupled with domestic criticism over the way the industry is protected from competition, prevented them from doing this.

Cocoon growers wield considerable political influence with rural members of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party, making it difficult for the Ministry to introduce any

drastic reforms, the industry

Spotting the paradox of a high-prices support policy and weak demand, speculators took a large amount of deliveries from February to August 1986 and sold them to weavers below the official sup-port price, they said.

An official at the Japan Silk Reciers Association said this sparked a collapse in silk distribution as weavers opted not to buy at support levels, creating physical eversupply. Speculators bought futures

contracts at prices below the support level as distant months have usually been lower than nearbys. In spite of this, prices still rose towards support levels because the Silk Reelers' Association continued to take

deliveries at the support price

However, the corporation's buying volume for the year to May 31 is set at 30,000 bags (of 60 kilos) and the association has already sold it some 27,000 bags, association officials said.

Weavers, forced to buy expensive demestic yaru and facing competition from chesp fabric imports, say the support price should fall to around Y7,000 per kg to be able to compete with imports. Chinese raw silk traded in Lyon is new around Y6,000 per kilo.
The Government sets

quotas en yarn imports from China and South Korez, which only the Silk Corporation is allowed to buy. As these are seen as vital to the cocoon-producers, survival, it is unlikely they will

هكذامن الأحبل

SER FATES ZED KNEVEY S BUMENCES

-... 7 (%) 2 (%) 4 (%) 4 (%) 4 (%) 5 (%) 6 (%)

MARKETS A STATE OF S

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# Sterling pauses for breath

STERLING LOST ground in currency markets yesterday but finished above the day's lows on list bying. Trading was relatively calm after the hectic scenes while the pound retained its took the opportunity to pause for There were signs that the Bank of England had been active on wednesday to try and keep the wednesday to try and keep the saddition there was 1.60 level. In the US Federal Reserve Board had sail amount of dollars in the surfact and this effectively nipped at the dollar's upward potential with the dollar furnity locked in a market and this effectively nipped in the both any thoughts about testing the dollar's upward potential with the dollar furnity locked in a relatively light range. Sterling's lost ground against its European lost ground against its European parted with DM 29773. Against the compared with DM 2973. Against the condensation that the pound closed at \$15880 compared with DM 2973. Against the condensation that the pound of the pound of the pound of the pound of the pound closed at \$15880 compared with DM 2973. Against the condensation that their effect on through heavy intervention. The dollar condensation of the pound closed at \$15880 compared with DM 2973. Against the condensation that their effect on through heavy intervention at 1889 on Wednesday.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

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The pound closed at \$1.5850 from \$1.5910 and DM 2.9550 compared with DM 2.9775. Against the yen it eased to Y244.0 from Y244.75. Elsewhere it closed at FFr 9.90. On Bank of England figures, the pound's exchange rate index fell to 72.3 from 72.7 at the opening and Wednesday's close. During the afternoon it touched a low of 72.1.

The dollar stayed in a citaternoon it touched a low of 72.1.

low of 72.1.

The dollar stayed in a tight range but finished weaker on the day. News of a 4.1 per cent rise in US retail sales which included a 15 per cent increase in the non-auto element appeared to have liftle effect even though it was sharply better than January's revised fall of 7.4 per cent.

The dollar fell to DM 1.8805 from DM 1.8715 and Y153.80 from

DM 1.8715 and Y153.80 from Y153.80. Elsewhere it slipped to £ IN NEW YORK

<b>K</b> # 12	Latest	Previous Close
E Spot 2 month 3 months 12 months	1.5870-1.5880 0.52-0.49 pm 1.38-1.33 pm 4.45-4.35 pm	1.5925-1.5935 0.51-0.50 pm 1.38-1.35 pm 4.39-4.29 pm
Forward pred U.S. dollar.	nicious and disco	unts apply to the
STERLIN	g index	

Mar. 32 Previous

10.00 am 11.00 am Noon pm 2.00 pm 3.00 pm 4.00 pm	n,	72.6 72.5 72.3 72.3 72.4 72.1 72.3	72.5 72.6 72.6 72.7 72.7 72.8 72.1 72.1
Na. 12	Bank rate	Special Drawing Rigids	European Carrency Unit
Sterling U.S. Dollar Canadigm \$ Austrian Sch	155	0.794190 1.26022 15.4686	0.703353 1.11622 1.471% 14.6180

Nac. 12	rate %	Drawing Rigids	Enropeas Carrescy Unit
Sterilog		0.794290	0.703353
U.S. Dollar	55	1.26022	1.11622
			1.47796
Austrian Sch	4	15.4686	14.6180
Belgian Franc .	8	48,5027	43.0499
Danish Krone	1.7	8.82469	7.82081
Deutsche Mark	.30 I	WA	2.07919
Noth Cultier	422	2.64646	234864
French Franc	ו בייער	WA	6.91834
įtalian Lira	12	N/A	1477.32
Japanese Yes .	212	193.671	171.3%
Norway Krose	8	9.80768	7.80853
Spanish Peseta.		164.081	145.611
Swedish Kronz	72	815992	7.22921
Swies Franc	3.5	1.96216	1,74298
Greek Dracit	202	171.176	151.527
. Étisk Prest		N/A	0.776232
405/SUB cate	for Ma	w 11· 1 6717	-

March 11	Bank of England Index	Morgan Gizarancy Changes %
Sterling	72.3	-21.3
U.S. Dollar Canadian Dollar	104.2 79.4	-32 -95
Austrian Schilling	137.5	+10.1
Belgian Franc	99.9	4.5
Danish Krone	92.7	+35
Deutsche Mark	146.5	+21.3
Swits Franc	169.2 134.0	+21.0

OTHER	CURRENCIES
	<del></del>

Mar. 12	£	5
Argentina	2.4315-2.4425	1,5350-1,5410 1,4500-1,4510
Australia	2,3020-2,3050 32,1110-32,2915	20,2720-20,3730
Finland	7.2030-7.2155 214.95-218.95	4.5440-4.5460 135.05-137.30
Hong Kong	12,3610-12,3720 216-40*	7.8015-7.8035 72.50*
Korea (Sth) .	1354.95-1367.20	850.90-857.90 0.27730-0.27740
Kirkali Luxembourg	0.43940-0.43980 61.10-61.20	38.45-38.55
Malaysia N. Zealand	4,0110-4.0170 2,7750-2,7820	2.5315-2.5335 1.7485-1.7515
S2000 Ar	5.9415-5.9456 3.3995-3.4050	3.7500-3.7510 2.1455-2.1475
Singapore S. Ai. (Cm)	3 3095-3 3325	2.0900-2.0940 3.6035-3.7385
S. Af. (Fa) Tainess	5,7105-5.9245 55,15-55,45	34.65-34.75
U.A.E	5.8190-5.8245	3.6725-3.6735

Adjustiment c	iculated by Fig	tocial Tunes.			mey.
DOUND!	SPOT-FO	RWARD A	gainst ti	ie Po	MUK
Mar. 12	Day's spread	Close	(ine monté	% på	7ber
US	1.5830-1.5950 2.0868-2.1026 3.32-3.354 80.90-61.56 11.06-11.18			3.35 4.95 2.94	138-13 153-13 53-3 42-3
			4730600	-0.44	

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

Ecu Orneral Pales 42.4582 7.85212 2.05863 6.90403 2.31943 0.768411 1483\_58

Belgian Franc
Danish Krane
Gennan D-Maris
French Franc
Dutch Golider
Irish Punt
Italian Liba

Bar. 12	Day's spread	Cine	(Oc stanta	% pa.	Tibree mouths	% pa.
5	1.5830-1.5950	1,5875-1,5885	0.53-0.50 c pm	3.89	1.38-1.33 pm	3.41
	2.0868-2.3026		0.64-0.53 c am		1.53-1.37 pm	2.76
eth tands	3.32-3.35%	333-334			31-31 pm	4.50
rigium		61.10-61.20		294	42-33 om	242
ennerk			4-1's ore the	-0.B3	34-44 ds	-1.51
أ	1,1000-1,1115	11025-11035	0.25-0.40 0 65		0.75 1.05 65	-3.26
. Germany .	2944-2974	2,95-2,96	14-11-pt pm	6.60	41 <sub>2</sub> -41 <sub>6</sub> pm	5,92
ــــــ تحوماه	225.52-227.39	225.65-226.65	69-153 c dis		236-402 dis	-5.64
	206 86-207.79	206.65-206.95			176-220 db	-3.83
ıly	20891-21121	2099-2100-	2pm-lifre dis		lon-4 dis	-0.29
DEWZY	11.01-11.13%	11.07-11.08	144 ore 48		114-124-65	-4.40
34ce	9.784-9.89	9.8212-9.8912	24-17c pm		51 <sub>2</sub> -43 <sub>4</sub> pm	1.93
reden	20,244-10,325	20.261-10.271-	l'a ort dis		14-24 65	-0.83
OW	243-245	24332-24412			35-31, pre	5.64
rstrip	20,67-20,90	20.71-20.73	111-97		284-254 pm	5.22
ricerized		247-248	14-14-000		34-34 pm	566
42122	<u> </u>					

4-4.64 C DEC			
	ORWARD		
Devis	T		70

Mar. 12	Day's Stread	Clase	One memb	, % D.E.	Three months	PA.
UK†	1.5830-1.5950	1.5875-1.5885	6.53-0.50; pre	3.89	1.38-1.3300	3.40
ireland)	1,4355-1,4425	1.4385-1.4395	0.93-0.86c om	7.48	255-240 sm	6.90
Cattada	1,3165-1,3230	1.3220-1.3220	0.04-0.00c ds	-0.55	0.21-0.25 ds	-0.71
Netherlands .	2.0950-2.1070	20995-21005	0.21-0.18c pm	1.12	0.60-0.55cm	110
Beigi <del>an</del>	38,40-38.62	38,45-38,55	212-312c dis			-0.94
Denmark	6.97-7.014	6.99%-7.00%	285-3.55are dis	-5.50	7.90 B.60 de	-4.73
W. Germany .	1.8545-1.8660	1.8600-1.8610	0,43-0,40pf pm		1.23-1.16 pm	255
Portugal	142-142%	14214-14212	90-140c de		270-370 db	-9.00
Szeln	230.05-230.60	130.20 130.30	90-110c dis			-7.65
tab	13174-13254	13214-13224	32-Albe ds		11-13 46	-364
COLMEN	6.965-6.995	6.974-6.97%	4.85-5.35or dis	-8.77	13.45-13.9545	-7.25
rance	637-620%	6181-6194	0.62-0.72e de		210 235 ds	-1.44
weden	6.46-6.48%	6.4612-6.47	2.45-2.75ore dis		6.70-7.10 ds	4.27
	153,40-153	153.55-153.65	0.29-0.25y pro-		0.90-0.85 pm	2.28
Urstria	13.042-13.11		2.70-2.20gm pm	225	6.50-6.50 pm	1.84
witzeyland	1.5535-1.5645	1.5590 1.5600	0.29-0.24c ma	204	0.92-0.87 mm	230

EURO-CUI	EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST HATES									
Mar. 12	Short term	7 Days' andce	One Mosth	Three Stoutes	Six Montis	One Year				
Spering	74-74	11-111 <sub>4</sub> 554-64 65-7 75-55 <sub>2</sub> 1-11 <sub>4</sub> 332-312 713-713 713-713 713-714	103-104 54-52 54-7 54-55 42-41 33-4 74-77 9-104 74-75 74-75	97-10 53-512 7-71-5 53-512 41-41-5 77-8 93-104-77-75-71-71-71-71-71-71-71-71-71-71-71-71-71-	912-912 63-63-7-7-4 52-5-2 4-4-4 312-4-2 8-8-10-9 7-9-7-9 7-4-7-4	9% 9% 52459 74.74 58.56 4404 46.46 89.86 10.103 73-73 74-73				
Yen	332-44 102-113- 1-14	41-42 101-111 N/A	42-44 101-114 32-32	41-42 11-114 34-34	42-44 11-114 5%-32	42.44 11.114 34.54				

Long-term Eurodolians: Two years  $6^{h}$ -7 per cost; three years 7- $7_{h}$  per cost; four years  $7^{h}$ -7 per cost; five years  $7^{h}$ -7 per cost; some cost of the years  $7^{h}$ -7 per cost of the years  $7^{h}$ -7 per cost or similar. Short-term rates are call for US Dollars and Japanes

Mar. 12	£	S	DNA	YER	F Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Lina	C 5	B Fr.
£	L	1_586	2.955	244.0	9.330	2.475	3.335	2100.	2.098	61.15
	0430	1_	1.861	153.6	6.290	1.600	2.100	1322	1.321	38.50
DM YEN	0.338	0.537	1	82.57	3.327	0.838	1.129	710.7	0.720	20.69
	4.098	6.508	1211	1000.	40.29	10,14	13.67	8607.	8.598	250.6
F Fr.	1.017	1635	3.006	248.2	10	2318	3399	2136.	2.134	62.21
S Fr.	0.404	0.642	1.194	98.59	3.472	1	1347	348.5	0.848	24.71
H FL	0.300	0.476 0.756	0.886 1.407	73.16 136.2	2.948 4.681	0.742 1.179	l. 1588	629.7 1000.	0.629 0.999	28.34 29.12
C S B Fr.	0.477	0.757 2.597	1.408 4.832	116.3	4.685 16.06	1.180 4.047	1.590 5.454	1001. 3434.	3.431	29.15 100.

## FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

(11,00 a.m. Mar, 12)	3 montes U.S. dollars	6 months U.S. dollars				
bld 6 h	offer 6/2	PHG 6.38	offer 6 ½			
ediament rates for \$70m m	arithmetic means, rounder soled by the market to five n Westminster Bank, Bank of soly Trust.	elemence blanks at 11.0	O a.m. each working da			
MONEY DATES						

MANTI INCID						
NEW YORK (Lumphthme) Primerate Broker look rate	Ten 71-2 Thr 12-71-1 Sta 6 One	and		24 Three; 48 Fairye 82 Pheje 86 Seven; 06 10 year	Bonds	67 68 7/2
Nar. 12	Overnigit.	One Month	Two Months	Titaren Months	Siz Months	Lombard Interventio
Frankiart Park Zarkit Annisedian Tokyo Milia Brosseli Doblia	3,703,80 75,-75 7-119 58,-57 3,9675 113-113 6,75 14-144	350-4.00 79-70 45-9- 51-52 415625 10-11-2 72-73 14-144	1904.00 712-711 	3.90-4.05 711-715 44-44 53-50 3.96875 11-115 7.1-7.1 134-14	3.50-4.25 5-8%    12%-13	200 m
LONDON MON	EY RATI	ES 7 dans	<del></del>	Three	. Sit	One
ME. 12	night.	POLICE	Meath	Months	Nonth	Yes
Interbank Sterring CDs. Local Authority Deposits Local Authority Bonds Decount Write Corposit Company Deposits Finance House Deposits Treasury Bills (Bay) Barts Bills (Bay) Fine Trace Bills (Bay) Dotter CDs. SDR Unique Deposits	11-104 11-102	mente mente	102-104 103-104 103-104 103-104 104-104 10 104-104 105-6-6	10-75 75-74 10-74 10-74 10-10 915 10-5 915 645-640 64-53	913-92 913-92 913-92 913-92 913-62 64-62	91-93 91-93 94 94 

ECU Lindred Deposits .....

#### FINANCIAL FUTURES

Cells—Lest
May. May June Mar.
18.16 17.60 — 18.10 —
19.10 12.65 13.30 13.10 —
10.60 10.70 — 10.60 —
10.60 5.50 6.00 —
3.45 3.70 4.20 4.70 —
1.10 2.05 2.80 3.10 6.05
May. none lest Cells 73.794 Peut 65.074

Close High Law Prev. 122-04 122-28 122-05 122-26 122-13 123-08 122-10 123-04 122-07 — 122-30 122-14 — 123-05 et webene 31,784 (32,657) a day's open int. 18,745 (17,306)

LONDON

28-YEAR 12% NOTIONAL COLT \$50,000 32ads of 100%

Close High 101-59 — Volume () (0)

MREE-NORTH STERLING

FT-SE 100 INDEX 625 per tell index paint

Close 93-51 93-57 93-57 93-49 93-35 93-17 92-76

**CURRENCY FUTURES** POUND—S (FOREIGN EXCHANGE)

MM-STERLINE St per C

LIFFE-STEELING COS. 800 S per &

Close High Low Prev. 198.65 198.90 197.75 198.50 202.00 202.35 201.50 201.95 sited volume 1,275 (1,079) us day's open ins. 4,961 (4,896)

lay's open lat. 27,025 (26,781)

1-min. 3-min. 6-min, 12-min. 1.5829 1.5745 1.5630 1.5386

Latest High Low Prev 13835 15880 15820 15870 15710 15750 15645 15745 15680 15660 15590 15640

92,73

= 1.5344 ± 1.6404 ± 1.0981 ± 1.3674 ± 1.5012 ± 1.6684 ± 4.0752

+1.69 -0.10 +1.30 +0.51 +1.56 +1.52 -0.42

## Gilts fall back

TRADING REMAINED active, at around 32,000 lots, in long term gilt futures on the London International Financial Putures Exchange yesterday, but dealers education. It was not regarded as very surprising that the contract fell back after recent sharp gains.

There was some profit taking, mainly by local traders, but foreign interest in gilts appeared, to remain strong, and the undertone was bullish, ahead of next day's peak of 90.75, and recovering from a low of 90.65, compared with 90.74 previously.

Traders appeared uncertain

Mar. 8.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 1.46

0.30 0.20 0.45 0.80 1.50 2.50

CHICAGO

June delivery long gilt futures opened firm at the day's high of 123-08, and fell to a low of 122-10. UK bank base rates, and priced the contract in between. whether the Sudget would heraid a cut of h per cent or 1 per cent in UK bank base rates, and priced the contract in between.

US Treasury bond futures traded quietly, recovering from the low touched on news that February US retail sales rose 4.1 per cent, compared with forecasts of 25 per cent to 3 per cent. The recovery from the day's low of 99.24 for June delivery, followed a

LIFFE US TREASURY BOND FUTURES OFFICIES

Genter Anters, iccovering non-				- 6/		19/	361	9 87
the low touched on news that February US retail sales rose 4.1	EFI C	PL350 FL335 FL340 FL325 PL330 FL335	26	1.76	20	7.20	300	
per cent compared with forecasts	2.693	FI.340	20 j	- i	28	3.40	, ,,	4.70A 8.80
of 25 per cent to 3 per cent. The	EPP P	6336	12	1.50A		_	150	8.80
recovery from the day's low of	DFI P	Ft.335	5 {	4.20	36	10	1 = 1	=
99.24 for June delivery, followed a			MA	7 87		87	74.	7 87
downward revision to the January	¥FI €	F1.200	10 1	10.50				
retail sales figures; a slight easing	SPC SPC	F1,205 F1,210 F1,215	1977 87 21	1.208	15 17	6	( - 1	7
of the Federal funds rate; and a	SHIC	P.215	2í l	1330	-14	3.10 1.50	] 21	
decline in oil prices. The contract	SE P	FI 200 FI 205 FI 220 FI 220 FI 220	<u>.</u>		SNe.	0.5R	1 = 1	_=
closed just off the day's high at	S/RP	626 I	202 21 40	0.20 150 1620	<b>3</b>	1.60 3.30	겷	2.30 4.20
100-12.	<u> </u>	F1.220					<u></u> 1	
				87	Se	p 87	De	e 87
LIFFE FT-SE 100 HENEX FUTURES SPITONS	S/FL C	FI.200 FI.205 FI.210	12 105	1030	1	-		_
Strike Casto-Last Past-Last	SYFL C SYFL C	FLZ10	ᇔ	7.60	5	6.50	103	7.80
Price Marce April March April	SYFLC	F1215	ı		1		320	7.80 6.10
19000 8.97 12.92 0.32 0.92 19250 6.83 10.89 0.65 1.39	S/FL C S/FL P	F1.215 F1.220 F1.200	10	176	12	3.60	1 = 1	_
19500 4.93 9.02 1.28 2.02		11		or 87	-	87	<del></del>	1 87
19750 3.36 7.33 2.21 2.83	ABN C	E1 E26	201		<del>  8</del>	16.20		
20007 2.14 5.84 3.49 3.84 20250 1.27 4.56 5.12 5.06	ABRI P	FL520 FL500 FL85	181	6.50B	ไท็	19.50	25	24.5 27.3 27.3 8.7
20500 0.70 3.48 7.65 6.48	AECON P	F1.85 F1.90	364	6.80	] 5	B.20	3	) B.74
20750 035 2.60 9.20 8.10	AHOLD C	11.70	29 212 148 854 567 120	A SOR	1 56		=	1 =
Estimated volume used, Calls 6, Pass 20 Previous day's open july Calls 706 Pals 581	AHOLD P	F1105 F1105 F1140	198	850g	10	5.80	i	i=
1101000 00) 1 000 00)	AKZO C AKZO P	F1.136	1 23		禁	8A 5.86 7.50 3.50	, 2º	1000
	AMEY C	FL20	126	0.50 1.50 3.20	<b>熟</b>	3	58 55 58	10.60 4.5 4.5
5	AMEV P	FL70	34	1.20	( ⊒	4.30		42
	AMRO P	FLRS FLRO	700 227	1.30	279 36 51	430 2.90 4.30	꿇	,
lan Puls—Lan	ELSEVIER C	FL250 FL250	1 119	1 6.70	51	13.50	1 2	] 2
Mar. Jan Mar. April May June	ELSEVIER P GIST-BROC. C	FL45	193	חרו ו	125	238	44	1 7
19.40 19.40 0.25 0.25 0.30 0.45	GIST-BROC. P	Fl.40	518 518 82 332 144	1.16 0.90	1 100	1 2		]
14.40 14.40 0.25 0.30 0.40 0.50 1	HEINEKEN C	FL160 F1.160	ظلادا	10.90 2.50	122	11.50	19	13.3 5.7 4.6
9.40 9.40 0.30 0.35 0.70 1.05 5.20 4.90 0.30 8.90 1.75 2.49	HOOGOVENS C	FI 40	332	160	45	290	6	1 46
5.20 4.90 0.30 8.90 1.75 2.40 2.30 2.75 1.25 2.90 4.05 5.25	HOOGOVENS P	F1.35 F1.45	144	130	115 120 23 45 24 196	2.30 2.16	l =	J -
- 1.90 20.20 21.40	KLM C	F1.45	79	0.50 2.508	17%	3.80	188	54
alls 1166 Page 402	NAT. HED C	F1.80 F1.80	( 48	GAGA	188 71	3.80 2.40	54	54 29
	NAT. NED. P	F1.80	16	5.50	1 _73	1 7	1 ==	1 .:

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FI.248.50

12 ZZ 12 ZZ 12 ZZ

7.50 10

**EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHA** 

1.50 0.50

250 350

¥37 57

15.1 15.1 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 19	70 — 48 19.40 40 14.40 40 9.40 50 4.60 35 1.40	19.40 1 14.40 1 9.40 5.20 2.30	Jean Mai 3.90 0.2 19.40 0.2 19.40 0.3 4.90 0.3 4.90 0.3 2.75 1.2 1.90 20.2 Parts 402	5 0.25 5 0.30 6 0.35 6 8.90 5 2.90	030 0.40 0.70 1.75 4.05	June 0.80 0.45 0.50 1.05 2.49 5.23 21.40	Cust-Rroc. P	5.20 69.20 8.30 3.10 6.50
	DOOLLAR (	BPTIONS					RIVAL DUTCH C FL230   1432   5   452   6   299   7.60   FL	232
0.0	CaRs- n. June 31 0.59 26 0.37	Sept. 0.65 0.47	Dec. Ma - 0.0	r. June 8 0.02 8 0.05	-Last Sept. 0.08 0.15	Dec.	ROSECO P F1.350 904 3.30 126 11.10 16 14 7.105 5 0.10 92 1.50 F1.16 18.05ECO P F1.95 55 0.30A 92 1.50 F1.16 18.40 27 26.50B F1.5 UNILEVER P F1.540 93 7 25 16 4 2040	61.50 42.80 
90		0.31 0.19	6£		0.24	=	TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 46,061  A=Ask B=Bid C=Cab P=Pid	
0.0		8.10 0.05	- 0.4 - 0.7	9 0.46	0.53 0.73	~		
0.0	10 0.00	0.02	- 0.9	9 0.93	0.95	Ξ	BASE LENDING RATES	
	open ist:     cate, Catis (		, Parts 2,525	8				بحج
-		,						לים! לים!
								10%
							Afficial Arrato Est List 1002 City Merchants Basis 1002 Rational Globasis 1	ii -
15			SE YEN (II					102
		¥12.50	5 per Y100					02
Lore	Prev.		Cattern	15학 0.6536	io≃ 0.6507	Prev. 0.6511		LO <sup>2</sup> Z
01.C8 100-04	301-07 100-64	Mar. Jane	0.6513	0.6555	0.6643	0.6548		11½ 12
99-07	99-06	Sept.	0.65%0	0.6590	0.5584	0.6586		LE 1847
98-13 97-21	98-89 97-13		HE HARK					1312
%27	96-19	091)25,0	00 \$ per 5	4				1012 1012
96-02	95-36		Latest	High	LAW	Prev.		(P)
_	95-02 94-12	Mar. J <del>ose</del>	0.5376 0.5410	0.5389	0.5363 0.5394	0.5368 0.5403	Back Hapszinn 11 Financial & Gen. Sec. 104, Standard Chartered	11
=	34-15	Seel	0.5446	0.5450	0.5633	0.5434		11
~	93-06	THREE-	MONTH EU	ROODLL	R (IMM)		Bapit Credit & Comm	
		\$3m poin	ets of 1,009	<b>.</b>				TDJ5
			Laters	High	Low	Prev.		<u> </u>
		Mar.	93.52	93.52	93.48	93.51		1012
Low	Prev.	Jone Sext	93.56 93.56	93.57 93.57	93.49 93.51	93.52 93.52		11
H.37	94.30	Dec.	93.48	93.49	93.43	93.44	Beauty Beige List 1002 HFC Trust & Savings 1002 Yorkshire Basis 1002	los <sup>5</sup>

	June Sept.	Ξ	=	=	93-06		0.546 MONTH EU			0.5434	Bank Leumi (UK) Bank Credit & Comm	
						27 P DG	lets of 100°	High	Low	Prev.	Bank of Cypres	20
		EASURY B		<b>(4)</b>		Mar.	93.52	93.52	93.48	93.51	Back of India	10
	PUB No.	st; of 160	<u>*</u>			Jone	93.56	93.57	93.49	93.52	Bank of Scotland	10
		Latest	High	Low	Prev.	Sept	93.56	93.57	93.51	93.52	Beaute Beine Ltd	10
	Jone	94.43	94.44	94.37	94.30 94.39	Dec.	93.48	93.49	25.43	93.44	Barclays Back	10
	Sept. Dec.	94,47 94,43	94.48 94.43	94.43 94.37	94.43	Mar. June	93.34 93.17	93.35 93.17	833) 833)	93.31 93.14	Bendinark Tst Ltd	10
	Mar.	91.33	9G)	94.33	91.39	Sept.	92.95	92.95	92.93	92.93	Seneficial Trest Ltd	12
						Dec.	92,74	92.74	92.73	92.71	Berliner Bank AG	
						STAND	UED & POS	25 500 E	NDEX.		Brst. Bk. of Wid. East	
		FRANC (IM				\$500 W	net infer				Brown Shipley	10
	ZLINO'S	de 5 per S	#1				LEGES 2	High	Low	Pres.	CL Bank Mederland	101
	_	Lattest	High	LOW	Pres.	Mar.	290,30	290.70	289.15	289.95	Canada Permanent	
	Mar.	0.6424	0.6438	0.6397	0.6396	Jane	292.10	292.55	290.65	291.65	Cayor- Ltd	10
	June	0.6448 0.6495	0.6472 0.6505	0.6430 8.6 <del>575</del>	0.6429 0.6470	Sept	293.70	294.20	292.20	293.05	Charte-force Bank	
_	Sept	0.0473	ugju.	0,6573	0.0470	Dec.	294.10	294.65	290.29	294.35		_
ľ	: -											

										DOLLAR DEPT., LONDO	
High 16438 16472 16505	0.6397 0.6430 0.6595	Pres. 0.6396 0.6429 0.6470	Mar. June Sept. Dec.	1.8951 290,30 292,10 293,70 294,10	High 290,70 292,55 294,20 294,65	289.15 290.85 292.20 290.29	Pres. 289.95 291.65 293.05 294.35	CL Book Nederland	10 <sup>1</sup> 2 10 <sup>1</sup> 2	Mase Westpar Ltd	t Call deposits C1, 64% grass, 1 Morig 9 Demand deposit Morigage 124%.
)				RO & POS set judes	25 500 E	NDEX		Brst. Bk. of Mid. East • Brown Shipley	2012	Hongkong & Shangh' 109 <sub>2</sub> Liopis Bank 109 <sub>2</sub>	notice 10.03%. / £10.000+ retrain
94.43 94.43 94.33	94.37 94.33	94.43 94.39	June Sept. Dec	93.17 92.95 92.74	93.17 92.95 92.74	93.13 92.93 92.73	93.14 92.93 92.71	Beneficial Trest Ltd	12	• Hill Samuel	Houses Committee deposits 6.03%. 1-1
94.48	94.43	94.39	Mr.	93,34	93,35	93.30	9331 1	Bendmark Tst Ltd		Hentable & Gen. Tst 103	10th. • Members of

The table below gives the rates of exchange for the U.S. dollar against various currencies as of Wednesday, March 11, 1987. The exchange rates listed are middle rates between buying and selling rates as quoted between banks, unless otherwise indicated. All currencies are quoted in foreign currency units per one U.S. dollar except in certain specified areas. All rates quoted are ludicative. They are not based on, and are not intended to be used as a basis for, particular transactions. Bank of America NT & SA does not undertake to trade in all listed foreign correncies, and neither Bank of America NT & SA nor the Financial Times

CURRENCY

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CURRENCY

ECU=SUS1.12056 SDR1=\$US1.26049

CURRENCY

COUNTRY

VALUE OF DOLLAR

Afghanistan Algkani (o)	50.60	Gibraitar Pound*	1.595	Pagua New Grinea Kina	0.9294
Albania Lek	6.3323	Greece Dractime	135.91	(Guerani (p)	240.00
Alberia	4.63	Greenland	6.984	Paraguay	550.00
Andorra (French Franc	6.183	Grenada E. Caribbean 5	270	(Guarani (d)	700.00
(Sparsh Peses	130.21	Guadeloupe Franc	6.183	[lmti (o) (n) (7)	14.57
Angola	29.918	Guarn	1 2.00	Pers	20.18
Annigue E. Caribbean 5	2.70	Gustantile (Quetzal (g)	1.00	(1 ma) (1) (7)	18.22
Argentina Austral (6)	1,538	LUDEZZA CR. O	2.88	Philippines Peso	20.59
Aruba Florin	3.79	Gainez Bissze Peso	370.479 340.00	Pitcalm Islands N.Z. Dollar	1.7609
Australia Dollar	1,4596	Guinea Republic {Franc		Poland Ziety (o) (2) Portugal Escudo	240.00
Austria Schilling	23.06	1 Franc Ly	300.00	Portugal Escudo	142.30
Azores Portuguese Escudo	142.30	Guyana	10.00 20.00	Puerto Rico	7.00
Bakareas Deffar	1.00	taiti	5.00	Castar Rivel	3.641
Bahraio	0.3769	TATE ALL CONTROL (A)	2.00	Qadar	3.047
Balearic Islands Spanish Peseta	150.21	Hondures Republic {Lempire (a) Lempire (d)	210	Resnion Isle de la French Franç	6383
Bangladest	30,80	Hong Kong Dollar	7,804	(	4.12
Barbados Dollar	20113	Hungary Forist	44,69	Romania	10.13
(Franc (c)	36.46	,		Rwands Franc	81.4843
Beigham(Franc (c)	38.61	lotland Kroos	39.33	St. Christopher E. Carthbean S	2.70
Belize Dollar	2.00	India Reper	12.92	St. Helena	1.595
Berdin	309.35	Intionetia	3650.00	St. Lucia E. Caribbean \$	2.70
Bermuda Dollar	1.00	Iran	73.2256	St. Pierre French Franc	6.183
Shedan	12.92	Iraq Dinar	0.3309	St. Vincent E. Caribbens \$	2.70
7 (Selfulace fol 1	2.93	Irish Republic Punt*	1.4411	Samoa (Western)	2.165
Bollvia Bollviano (f)	1.923	Israel	1,622	Samoa (Am) US S	1.00
Botswana , Pula	1,7259	listly Ling	130510	San Maries Italian Lira	1302.10
Brazil	20.323	<u>                                    </u>	5.48	São Tomé & Principe DR Dobra	.55.8968
Brusel Dollar	2148	Japan Yen	153.60 0.3405	Saudi Arabia Riyat	3.751
Buigaria Lev	0.57	Jordan		Senegal C.F.A. Frade	309.15
Serting Faso C.F.A. Frant;	309.15	Kampuchea Riel	n.a.	Seychelles Rupet	57394
Burma Kyat	6.7502	Keays Shilling	16.0193	Sierra Leone Leone	36.00
Bureadi Franc	97.3428	Kiribati Australian Dollar	1.4596	Singapore Dollar	2.148
Carperose Ro	309.15	Korea (North) Won	0.94	Solomou Islands Doltar	1.9802
Cameroan Ro	1.334	Korrea (South)	854.80 0.2775	Somali Republic Shilling (d)	120.20
Canary Islands	130.21			South Africa	3.6697
	89.2648	Laos Pies D Rep	35.00	Lineage Alba	2.0938
	0.835	Lebanon Pound	203.00	Spain Peseta	130.21
Caymus Islands Dollar Central Africa Rep C.F.A. Franc	309.15	1.2501/10 1421/10	2.0938	Spanish ports in	
	309-15	Liberia Dollar	1.00	North Africa Spanish Peseta	130.21
Child	208.08	Litty's	0.3051 1.562	Sri Lanka Ruper	28,753
China	3.722	Liectnenstein Swiss Franc		Pound (o)	2.45
China Reuninbi Yuan Colombia Pesa (a)	228.20	Luxenbourg Luxenbourg Franc	38.46	Sutten Republic	2.93
Comords C.F.A. Franc	309.15	Mac2o Pataca	8,0381	(Pound (f)	4.00
Congo People's Rep. of . C.F.A. Franc	309.35	Madagascar Dem. Rep. Franc	696.762	Sortnam Guilder	1,785
Costa Rica	59.73	Madeira	142.30	Swariland Litangeni	2.0938
Cote d'Ivaire	309.15	MEDINA KARCON (2)	23121	Sweden Krona	6.469
Cuba	0.7963	Malaysia Ringgil	2.533	Switzerland Franc	1.562
Cygnis Pound*	2.03	Maidire Islands Ruflyan	7.00	Syria Pound (o)	3.925
Czecheslovakia Korusa (a)	5.55	Mali Republic C.F.A. France	309.15 2.8369	Talest	34,74
		Malta	6.183	Tanzania Shiiting	55.87
Demoark Krone	6,984	Martinique Franc	74.80	Theiland Rebt	25.91
Officeat Rep. of	177.00	Macritania Organya	12.93	Togo Republic	309.15
Dominica E. Caribbean \$	2.70	Maurities	1072.50	Tongs Islands	1.4596
Dominican Republic	3.10 3.06	Merico Peso (c)	1069.80	Trinided & Tobago Dollar	3.60
		. (FEW VE)			
Sucre (d)		Mignelon French French	6,183	Turnisia	0.812
Francisco (3027 (8)	151.00	Miquelon Franc	6J83 6J83	Turkey Lbs	776,30
Commit (Sucre (f)	151.00 146.50	Monach French France	6383	Turks & Calens Islands US S	776.30 1.00
Commit (Sucre (f)	151.00 146.50 0.70	Monach French Franc Monachia Tugrik (a)	6183	Turks & Calcon Islands US S Turks & Australian Dollar	776.30 1.00 1.4596
Sucre (f) (Pound (a) (Pound (b)	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38	Monserret E Caribbean S	6183 6183 33555 270 844	Turks & Calcon Islands US S Turks & Calcon Islands US S Turks Australian Dollar Uganda	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30
Sucre (f) (Pound (a) (Pound (b)	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00	Monach French Franc Monach Tugrik (a) Monservat E Caribbean \$ Morosco	6183 6183 33555 2.70	Turks & Calens Islands US \$ Turks & Calens Islands US \$ Turks & Calens Islands Shilling (1) United Arab Embrates Dirbum	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673
Egypt (9)  Egypt (0)  Pound (a)  Pound (b)  Pound (b)  Colon (a)  Colon (a)	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00 5.00	Monach French Franc Monach Tugrik (a) Monservat E Caribbean \$ Morosco	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00	Turis & Calcos Islands US S Turals Australian Dollar Ugamia Shilling (I) United Arab Emirates Driven United Kingdom Pound Sterling®	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.595
Sucre (f)	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00 5.00	Monach French Franc Mongolia Tugrik (a) Monserrat E Carlabean S Norscon Dirtam	6183 6183 33555 270 8.44 202.00 2.0998 1.45%	Turks & Calcon Islands US 3 Turks & Calcon Islands US 3 Turks W US 5 Turks W	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.595 186.50
Egypt (9)  Egypt (0)  Pound (a)  Pound (b)  Pound (b)  Colon (a)  Colon (a)	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 309.15 2.0596	Monach French Franc Monach Tugrik (a) Tugrik (a) E. Caribbean S Morosco Morosco Morach Medical (3) S. A. Rand Natural Islands Australian Dollar Repair	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0938 1.45% 21.90	Turis & Calcon Islands US 3 Turis & Calcon Islands US 3 Turis W Sale	776.30 1.00 1.45% 1405.30 3.673 1.595 186.50 0.6451
Espect (f)  Espect (d)  Espect (d)  Pound (d)  Pound (d)  Colon (e)  Colon (d)  Equatorial Gaines C.F.A. Franc  Ethiopia Birr (e)	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 309.15 2.0596 6.984	Monach French Franc Monach Tugrik (a) Honservat E Carlobean S Norpoco Motambigue Metical (3) Namibia S. A. Rand Australian Dollar Nepal Report Guider	61.83 61.83 33.555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0938 1.4596 21.99 2.099	Turks & Calcox Islands US US Turks & Calcox Islands US .	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.595 186.50 0.6451 112.655
Espect (f)  Egypt (o)   Pound (o)   Pound (b)   Pound (b)   Pound (b)   Colon (a)   Colon (d)   Colon	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 5.00 309.15 2.0596 6.984	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (c) Monscreat E Caribbean S Diriam Metacobique Metical (3) Numbris S A Rand Natural Islands Australian Dollar Repair Metical Coller Repair Coller Repair Coller Repair Coller Repair Coller Returns Australian Coller Repair Coller Returns Caribbean Coller Coller Returns Caribbean Coller College	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0938 1.45% 21.90 2.099	Turks & Calcon Islands US Turks & Calcon Islands US Turks W. Calcon Islands Usards Usards Usards Usards United Arch Emirates Dirham United Kingdom Poind Sterling* Urugnay Peto (Urugnay Usards Vanishin Vanishin Uka	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.595 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10
Espect (5)  Egypt (o)   Pound (o)   Pound (b)   Pound (b)   Pound (b)   Colon (o)   Parce Islands   Parce Islands   Pound*	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00 5000 504.15 2.0596 6.984 1.575 1.1041	Monacb French Franc Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) E. Caribbean S Morocco Monaco Monaco Monaco Medical (3) S. A. Rand Malaru Islands Australian Dollar Repairments Artifies Guider Gelder Retherlands Artifies Guider Gelder Dollar Dollar Net Zegaland Dollar Dollar Dollar Net Zegaland Dollar Dollar Dollar Net Zegaland Dollar Dollar Dollar	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0928 1.4576 21.90 2.099 1.7609	Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks Was	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.595 186.50 0.6451 112.656 1302.10
Espect (f)  Egypt (o)   Pound (o)   Pound (b)   Pound (b)   Pound (b)   Colon (a)   Colon (d)   Colon	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 309.15 2.0596 6.984 1.595 1.1041	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) Monscernet E Carbbean S Dirism Metambigue Metical (3) Namitida S. A. Rand National Islambs Australian Dollar Report Report School College	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0998 1.45% 21.90 2.099 1.79 1.7609 900.00	Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 1 Turks & Calcox Islands US 5 Turks	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.995 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 7.50
Engre (1)  Engre (2)  Engre (3)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Coton (6)  Coton (6)  Coton (6)  Coton (6)  Coton (7)  Coton (8)  Coton (8)  Coton (8)  Coton (9)  Coton (9)  Engre (1)  Farrice Islands  Pound  Fall  Finand  Farrica  Franc  Franc  Franc  Franc  Franc  Franc  Franc  Franc  Franc	151.00 146.50 0.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 5.05 6.98 1.575 1.1041 4.543 6.183	Monacb French Franc Minagolia Tugrik (a) Monservat E Caribbean \$ Dirism Monservat Minagonia Medical (3) Namibia S. A. Rand Medical (3) S. A. Rand Minagonia Medical (3) S. A. Rand Minagolia Minago	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.099 2.190 2.099 1.769 9.00.00 70.00	Turis & Calcon Islands US Turis & Calcon Islands US Turis & Calcon Islands US Turis (I) United Arab Emirates Dirham United Kingdom Post (m) Itoolie Vasuato Vate Ura Bolivar (a) (1) Bolivar (b) Bolivar (d)	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.595 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 7.50 22.68
Espect (1)  Engel (2)  Engel (3)  Pound (4)  Pound (5)  Pound (5)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Equatorial Galona (6)  Editorial (6)  Editorial (6)  Farro Islands (7)  Pound (8)  Poun	151.00 146.50 2.70 1.38 5.00 509.15 2.0596 6.984 1.595 1.104 4.543 6.183 501.15	Monach French Franc Monach Tugrik (a) Monsceret E Carbbean S Norpeco Metambigue Metaal (3) Namitità S. A. Rand Malare Istanda Australian Dollar Nexal Report Metarished Guider Neter Zestand Guider Neter Zestand Condota (b) Nilgaragua (Condota (d) Cordota (d)	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.099 1.45% 21.90 2.099 1.79 1.760 900.00 1700.00	Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Usgamba US 3 Usgamba Ushida	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.595 186.50 0.6451 112.656 1302.10 7.50 22.68 80.00
Espect (5)  Egypt (c) Pound (c) Poun	151.00 146.50 2.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 509.15 2.0596 6.984 1.575 1.1041 4.543 6.183	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) Monacerat E Caribbean S Morocco Dirism Morachigue Metical (3) Namibia S. A. Rand Rateri Islands Australian Dollar Repa Returnings Coulder Netteriands Guilder Netteriands Autilies Guilder Netteriands Autilies Netteriands Autilies Netteriands Autilies Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Niceraegus Niceraegus Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d)	6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0998 1.4596 21.90 2.099 1.7609 1.7609 900.00 70.00 1700.00	Turis & Calcas Islands US 3 Turis Ligands US 3 Turis Line US 4 Tur	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.995 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 7.50 22.68 80.00 1.00
Espect (1)  Engel (2)  Engel (3)  Pound (4)  Pound (5)  Pound (5)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Equatorial Galona (6)  Editorial (6)  Editorial (6)  Farro Islands (7)  Pound (8)  Poun	151.00 146.50 1.38 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 6.984 1.575 1.1041 4.543 6.183 309.15 6.183	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) Monacerat E Caribbean S Morocco Dirism Morachigue Metical (3) Namibia S. A. Rand Rateri Islands Australian Dollar Repa Returnings Coulder Netteriands Guilder Netteriands Autilies Guilder Netteriands Autilies Netteriands Autilies Netteriands Autilies Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Niceraegus Niceraegus Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d) Cordoba (d)	6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.098 1.45% 21.90 2.099 1.79 1.760 900.00 70.00 1700.00 309.15	Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 5 Turks & Calcox Islands US 5 United Arab Entirates Dirham United Kingdom Pound Sterling* Peas (m) USSR Vanuats Ura Vanuats Ura Vanuats Ura Volution US 6 Vietnam US 5 Virgin Islands (US) US 5 Virgin Islands (US) US 5	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.595 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 7.50 22.68 80.00 1.00
Espect (1)  Enyst (2)  Enyst (3)  Pound (4)  Pound (5)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Equatorial Salman (500 (6)  Espect (500 (6)  Farroe Islands (500 (6)  Pound	151.00 146.50 2.70 1.38 5.00 509.15 2.0596 6.984 1.575 1.1041 4.543 6.183 509.15 6.183	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) Monscerek E Carbbean S Carbbean S Morocco Metambigue Metambigue Metambigue S A Raud Naturalism S A Raud Naturalism S A Raud Naturalism College Report S Carbbean S Carbbean S Australism College Report S Carbbean S Ca	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0998 1.4596 21.90 1.7609 900.00 70.00 1700.00 1909.15 3.8241 3.1407	Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 5 United Arch Emirates Dirham United Arch Emirates Dirham United Kingdom Pound Sterling* Pend (m) USSR Rouble Vanuato Van Va	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.50 3.673 1.995 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 7.50 22.68 80.00 1.00 9.50
Espect (1)  Enyst (2)  Enyst (3)  Pound (4)  Pound (5)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Equatorial Salman (500 (6)  Espect (5)  Pound (6)  Pound (6)  Paeroe Islands (5)  Pound (6)  Pound (7)  Polity  Pintand (7)  Polity  Pintand (7)  Polity  Prente (7)  Prent	151.00 146.50 1.38 5.00 5.00 5.00 309.15 2.05% 6.98% 1.59% 1.1041 4.543 6.183 309.15 6.183 112.418 209.15	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) Mongolia Tugrik (a) E. Caribbean S Dirism Moracreat Dirism Metanbigue Metanbigue Metanbigue Australian Dollar Repair Suppose Netherlands Guilder Retur Zegland Dollar Returnation Antiles Guilder Hetr Zegland Dollar Cordota (d) Cordota (d) Miger Republic C.F.A. Franc Rigerta Raira (a) Romany Kome	6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 1.4596 21.90 20.99 1.760 900.00 70.00 1700.00 1700.00 909.15 3.8241 3.1407 6.97	Turks & Calena Islands US 3 Usanus Usan	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 1.995 186.50 0.4451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 7.50 22.68 80.00 1.00 9.50 0.343
Espect (1)  Engel (2)  Engel (3)  Found (4)  Found (5)  Found (7)	151.00 146.50 2.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.0	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) Hongolia Tugrik (a) E Carlbbean S Norpeco Metambigue Metaal (3) Namilità S. A. Rand Malaru Islands Australian Dollar Nenal Returnada Guilder Betterlands Artilles Dollar Netae Returnada Artilles Dollar Netae Returnada Artilles Guilder Netaerlands Artilles Condota (d) Niger Republic Cordota (d) Niger Republic C. F.A. Franc Rigerta Monaca (a) Naira (a) Noras Suitanate of Riger (b) Noras Suitanate of Riger (b) Noras (d) Naira (d) Noras (d) Naira (d) Noras (d) Naira (d) Noras (d) Naira (d	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.099 1.4596 21.90 2.099 1.79 1.760 900.00 70.00 1700.00 1700.00 309.15 38241 3.1407 6.97	Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 3 Turks & Calcox Islands US 5 Usgamba US 5 Usgamba US 5 Ventecte Kingdom Pound Sterling* Peas (m) USSR Pound (l) Vastuate US 5 Ventecte US 5 Ventecte PDR Officer Venter PDR Officer Venter	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.50 3.673 1.995 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 22.68 80.00 1.00 1.00 9.50 9.50 9.50 9.50 9.50 9.50
Engre (1)  Engre (2)  Found (6)  Found (7)	151.00 146.50 2.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.15 2.05% 6.984 1.575 1.1041 4.543 6.183 309.15 6.183 112.418 209.15 7.58 1.858	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) French Franc Mongolia Tugrik (a) E. Carlbbean S Dirham Monacernat Metambigue Metambigue Metambigue Metambigue Metambigue S. A. Raud Mainri Islambs Australian Dollar Republic Cultur Republic Cultur Golder Metambigue	6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0998 1.4596 21.90 2.099 1.779 1.760 900.00 1700.00 1700.00 1700.01 38.241 3.1407 6.97 0.385	Turks & Calena Islanda US 3 Usanula	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 1.4596 1.4505 1.5955 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 7.50 22.68 80.00 1.00 1.00 9.50 0.343 524.70 88.95
Engre (1)  Engre (2)  Found (6)  Found (7)	151.00 146.50 1.38 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.0	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) Fugrik (b) Fugrik (c) Fugrik Fugri	6.183 6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.099 1.4596 21.90 2.099 1.79 1.760 900.00 70.00 1700.00 1700.00 309.15 38241 3.1407 6.97	Turks & Calcos Islands US 3 Turks & Calcos Islands US 3 Turks & Calcos Islands US 3 Turks & Calcos Islands US 5 Uspampa US 5 United Arch Emirates Dirham Islands (Uropany Pound Sterling* Peas (m) USSR Vanuats Usa Vanuats Ura (Bollvar (a) Ventican (Bollvar (a) Ventican US 5 Ventes	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 3.673 1.995 186.50 0.4451 112.685 1302.10 14.50 7.50 22.58 80.00 1.00 9.50 0.343 524.70 88.95 88.9445
Espect (1)  Espect (2)  Found (a)  Found (b)  Found (c)   151.00 146.50 2.70 1.38 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.15 2.05% 6.984 1.575 1.1041 4.543 6.183 309.15 6.183 112.418 209.15 7.58 1.858	Monacb French Franc Monacb Tugrik (a) French Franc Mongolia Tugrik (a) E. Carlbbean S Dirham Monacernat Metambigue Metambigue Metambigue Metambigue Metambigue S. A. Raud Mainri Islambs Australian Dollar Republic Cultur Republic Cultur Golder Metambigue	6.183 3.3555 2.70 8.44 202.00 2.0998 1.4596 21.90 2.099 1.779 1.760 900.00 1700.00 1700.00 1700.01 38.241 3.1407 6.97 0.385	Turks & Calena Islanda US 3 Usanula	776.30 1.00 1.4596 1405.30 1.4596 1.4505 1.5955 186.50 0.6451 112.655 1302.10 14.50 7.50 22.68 80.00 1.00 1.00 9.50 0.343 524.70 88.95	

#### MONEY MARKETS

# Large shortage

attractive terms as far as the discount houses were concerned.

The only complaint was that yesterday's agreements were longer than themarket would have liked. Dealers expect another large shortage today, and withthe approach of the Budget, when it is expected base rates will be cut by at least '\( \phi \) per cent, there was hope the authorities may offer a shorter dated repurchase agreement, providing today's shortage lies with the houses.

Three-month interbank was unchanged at 10-9% per cent.

UK clearing bank base lending rate 10% per cent since March 19

The Bank of England initially forecast a money market shortage of £1,550m, but revised this to £1,600m at noon. Total help on the day was £1,503m.
In an early round of assistance in an early round or assistance the authorities bought £1,059m bills for resale to the market on March 31, at rates of 10½-10½ per

THE LONGER end of the London money market had a slightly firmer tone yesterday, as dealers positioned themselves ahead of next Tuesday's Budget. A very large day-to-day credit shortage did not prove a problem, after the Bank of England provided an Rank of England provided an early repurchase agreement on attractive terms as far as the discount houses were concerned. The only compolaint was that

Bills maturing in official hands repayment of late assistance and a take-up of Treasury bills drained 1957m, with the unwinding of repurchase agreements absorbing 5542m; Exchequer transactions £15m; and a rise in the note circulation £25m. These outwelghed bank balances above target of £10m.

In Frankfurt money market conditions were calm and steady. Excess liquidity of DM 6.7bn was provided through a tender for a provided through a tender for a securities repurchase agreement with the Bundesbank earlier this week, but about DM for will flow out of the market as foreign central banks, mainly the Bank of France, repay money borrowed from the Bundesbank in January, before the last realignment of the European Monetary System. West German banks also have to prepare for a draining of funds next week, as tax payments on behalf of customers fall due. Call money in Frankfurt eased to 3.75 per cent from 3.80 per cent yesterday.

40				1 Times Friday March 10 100.
BRITISH FUNDS  1936-67   Prica  + er   Vield   High Low   Stack   E   -   Int.   Red.	AMERICANS—Cont.  1986/87 Price + or Bit VIII Price - Green C'w Brit	LONDON SHARE SERVICE	1956/67   Shock   Price   17   10   13   13   13   13   13   13   13	1996/87 Shock Price - Set ICW Schilder Price - Set ICW Schilder Price - Set ICW Schilder - 9 12 4 Agent Sr. Esp. 19 - 368 10 8 % - 11 - 42 166 No. Buckmark - 378 + 1 7620 33 15 250
"Shorts" (Lives up to Five Years) 100,1 93-Freding 6-pr. 85-87	321   24   Clase Mentatus S32.5   24	1999   1997   1998   1998   1999	174 PME 305 75 Brishmode 1 281 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	9 40 18 Haster 20 18 142 1443 30 34 119 8 187 9 159 0 159 0 15 9 0 15 9 0 15 9 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
1041 99-1 1102 120-1 197 101 131 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	31	160 100 MEBC 50n	17 235 34 15 Bream Eng. 10p 346 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	9 597 125 Members 182 4 25 0 20 0 4 164 163 17 44 163 17 18 18 17 19 19 17 19 17 19 17 19 17 19 17 19 17 19 17 19 17 19 17 19 17 19 19 17 19 19 17 19
107 : 98 in Tress 11 inc 1989	2019 330 Cultures Siture 50.1 670p -27	175 77 Feb. Incl. 10p 125 41.79 1.4 1 129 81 Million (Frank) 5m. 127 +7 94.3 1.7 125 54 0n. W 10p 128 41.79 21 314 225 Ward White 1344 +2 17.5 28 225 51 Februaria Henris 5p 165 99 40 0 11 0 1115 105 105 106 107 109 125 +119 60 9 103 55 Fisher Green 10p 89 10 126 160 (52.7) 101 51 Wagshi (J. W.) 81 -2 10 6.9	4.9 11.4 154 254 Cardian Brg	2 473 279 800 95CV 2200-06 23166 09% 2 229 - 17.79 34 35 11.7 37 10 170 855 Gross 200 - 306 77.79 34 35 11.7 37
107 97 Exth Line 1999 1835 an - 4 1061 9.30 931 849 ress Src 1986-89 93-94 534 7.72		69 27 Gebs Dandy A 109 68 +2 1.83.0 3.7 12.5 201 138 Windles 77 12.5 201 2	23 M2 111 176 98 Clayton Sen 50p 173 -2 7.0 28 5.7 9.7 4.3 272 176 98 Clayton Sen 50p 173 -2 110.8 0.4 2.2 -	93 23 Bardsy 23 3 8 3 3 8 23 Do. Pid. Dec. 79 +P3.2 15 58 GAS
114 / 103 / Free 13c 1990tt 1094 / 1 1189 917 1094 97   1094 97   1094 1194 1195 1195 1195 1195 1195 1195 924 1195 1195 1195 1195 1195 1195 1195 119	251, 185, FPL Gross N.M.   201, 201, 11, 52, 04   5.6   131, 625   Fairmost Financial   131, 4   5.6	256   171. Ricrotersus Grass	2.8   188   199   70   Concentra 10s   189   194   5   3.1   2.5   200   194   5   3.1   2.5   200   194   5   3.1   2.5   200   194   5   3.1   2.5   200   2.5	2 C164 C10-Meaner Tab. 1333 1 1 1 1.3 5.9 5 1 5 1 1.3 6 1 1 1.3 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
106 73 Treas 10pctv 1990 1924 4 9.80 9.30 9.30 854 766 5 7 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190	289 29 GATN 627e 25-5pm . 51.50 = 57 662 47 Cert. Elect. Silv . 67-van - 5 52.52 = 2.4 116-6120 Viceard Host Carp 51 - 239 - 11 22c - 1.9 426 24 GRiften 51 - 374 - 4 52.7c - 47 154 10 Ga an First Sept Bt 51 - 154 - 425.7c - 11	54 127 Indicat Johnson 246 194.9 25 27 185 135 65 6485 (mb 55 63ml 15 6	3.4   21.8   102   56   Danies & Het. 100   66	128   152   SERENT   1548   +3   12.0   17   31   22.9   15   15   16   16   16   16   16   16
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Five to Fifteen Years  1070 942 Tress 10-3c C 1972# 1254-2 9.97 9.18  1174 1013 Errit 124x 92 1124-4 1189 9.28	28   2014Hospital Corp Am S1   2244+1   50c   1.4   2544   1944Hospital Indi Reci   22441-1   \$2.60   7.8   1121   774HBM Corps S1.25   8854-1   \$4.40   3.2   1942   1244K Industries   187421-1   \$0c   27	130 72 Longeste (W) 128 -2 H4.0 3.0 4.4 10.2 108 3 Aprilia 14 Aprilia 14 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	# 108 52 Elect (8)	5 206 144 Stack (P) Hidgs 180 #1.47 6.6 12 185 205 205 205 205
1234, 106-\$\times 134get 1992 \\ 117.6 \\ 17.6 \tag{18.6 \tag{19.2 \tag	013   253   TTT Goran, 51   404   1   51.00   1   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	226 145 Luvell (7 J) 255m-1 Mdl 3.6 (2.6 16.2 17.7 18.7 18.7 18.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19	0.7   14.9   365   230   560   11   322   +2   13.0   4   5.3   4   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7	27   29   29   29   29   29   29   29
133, 113, Trees (Apr. 1994) 126, 1149 9,28 1274 109, Exch 13-9; 1994 2299 2 11.20 9,44 11.20 11.	254   1534 Lord Start Int St.   240 start   St. 193   51,	368   177   Manders (Hidg)	3.4 — 182 120 Half (Hamber) 186 42 14.5 3.1 3.5 12 27 13.9 275 175 Halbert 10.0 1.6 57 15 1.1 14.8 631 23 Hamson into 50 614 170 13 3.2 2.4 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	3 429 265 Boseder Inds Cl. 412 4 1925 19 32 233 5 985 251 Brammer 20a 923 45 12.5 18 55 18.4 45 7 37 34 Bridgent Gross 10p 52 10.5 33 46 91 5 197 112 Bridge 1
79 68 Each 3at Gas 90-95 78 6 44 3.84 6.49 1106 974 Each 104 at 1995 1105 3 - 2 9.75 9.34 1264 106 17 tess 12 test 1995 1196 - 2 10.64 9.38 1224 1111 111 111 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	460   29   Wilfortonquate Mem.   22   21-14   52.72   61	154 109 Mank (A)	30   460   220   Heath (Sames) 500   460   134   +2   42   26   40   12   43   130   67   4   544   600   57   -2   -     44   103   47   48   48   48   48   48   48   48	1 183 140 Briefley Into NZS0.5 153 -11 100.0 64 1.9 8.5 16.0 421 Brit. Aerospace 50p. 675 -10 175.8 2.3 1.5 17.4 8.5 150 150 150 180.1 6.0 157 16.0 157 16.0 157 16.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15
10374   186.]   170as Spc. 1992-9642   96]3 al- 1/2   9.000   9.14   1074   170a 170a 15-160 19654   1344   2.   11.37   9.45   135   156   174   176   17	139   139   139   130	160   Montingham Brick   302 +2   48.0 21   29   21.7   26   105   Barges Probats   253   253   254   26   273   138   CAP 10p   198   2   21.5 4.9   21	11 26.5 46 27 historica & Firth 106 62 -1 0.25 28 0.6 146 14 14 16 16 hours & Shipman 142 3.65 29 3.8 10 12 18.5 34 27 12 18.5 34 27 12 12 18.5 34 27 12 12 18.5 34 27 12 12 18.5 34 27 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	130 British Vita
1314 108/3 [ress 134] 12474 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 12	19   Qualer Dats \$5.   20   10   10   17   17   17   17   17   1	238 0 Polysice 10p 233 -1 ful 46 32 1.0 441 61/2 24 96Pt Computers 59- 36 -1 (14.75 31 109- 27	128 174 120 61\(\frac{1}{2}\) invest 116 25 38 31 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 38 21.4 73 53\(\frac{1}{2}\) invest 116 73\(\frac{1}{2}\) 27.4 73 53\(\frac{1}{2}\) invest 116 13 18 39 16 13 18 39 16 13 18 39 16 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	9 153 24 Samples 15p 141 72 1430 15 15 257 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
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145   12   17 text   15 pc   981   10   1   1   10   9.55   124   12   17 text   15 pc   981   1174   1   10.19   10	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	790 465 Singal (Wm)	16 23.9 37 95 Weight 59 167 -1 MI 5 62 1.3 34 05 220 1.3 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	151 92 Do. State Car Pt Cl. 127 85 97 -
1334 1001 frees. 13ar 2000 126.3 - 10.29 9.48 1111 9 11 frees. 10ar 2001 126.3 - 1 9.49 9.29 1374 11497ress. 14pr 98-00 138 5 10.77 9.56 1094 893 Conservon 94 sc 2001 138 5 10.77 9.56 1245 1021 Each 12pr 99-02 118 2 1 9.40 9.43 1245 1021 Each 12pr 99-02 118 - 2 1 9.46 9.43	424 195 Trisona Corp. 395 +4 51.00 - 23	207   150   librar 201 200   11   7.0   20   Inde Fierz 10n 71   3.0	25   13.7   366   222   Sprint Clast 20p.   272     12.0   3.3   1.0   3.   3.   1.0   3.   3.   3.   3.   3.   3.   3.	111 42 Cent. Sheared. 50 11 +2 6
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125 101 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	32-o 20p   Wakingt Entrop Corp.   231-o+1-2	254 172 Wans Blate 253 +1 14.6 31 2.6 17.3 420 (26.2 Domino Print Sci. 29 41.9 1.50 Wenthery 10p 212	33   14.9   420   146   Robertson (Thes.)	29   8 Codemic rest Till - 22 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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1264   104	40-j 35   00.4 pc Deb £190	435   195   Alika Holdings	24 5.8 650 347 Saneley lofts 51 660 1175 26 3.6 1 1.9 20.6 20 48 Saneley lofts 123 -3 5 1.9 20.6 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	139 81 45 Commerte Gri. 100 62 -1 25 16 57 155 507 236 Crean (1) 505 +2 midSLESt 0 27 6 105 255 132 HC-riskum Lata 20p 225 -3 R3.7 22 23 27.3 106 194 120 Crest Michal 100 193 4.75 3.1 3.5 13.2
99. 74 Tres. 74 to 2012-15th 86.27 H 8.95 9.07 136 110 Lech 12pc 13-17 127 13 9.40 9.19 Undated	15   100g/Marster Sid Case	100 275 RASE AG DM 50 5877 24% 920% 18 40 14.0 250 147 Famel Rice Sa 242 +7 122 5.0 255 105 BTP 10p 180 14.5 1.7 3.5 21.7 88 51 H Feedmax 10p 86 61.25 2.0 1134 577 Rayer AG DM 50 51.02 -4 1920% 0 3.4 0 154 914 Fermati 10p 11.7 3.4 180 100 Elapten tests 146m 3 7.2 0 6.0 0 277 120 Firs Security 10p 252 -1 3.5 3.1	13 220 107 66 (felta 208 105 105 15 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	1
47 38.1 Corests Apr. 433. 1 9.26 — 9.27 — 9.26 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.27 — 9.22 — 9.27 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.22 — 9.24 — 9.	194 550   World Corona Res. 194-114   197-114   -	*** 464 Brit. Berzol 100 85 +1 13.0 - 5.0 21.6 **** 2 24 Forward Tach 81 H0.7 3.8 182 83 Counting (W) 177 -1 13.56 16 28 28.3 537 339 Fortian 750 380 +3 100349 7.1 236 246 Counting (W) 175 3.7 3.2 11.9 236 160 GEC 50 21.3 -3 14.3 24.6 253 135 Coates Bros 233	12 335 100 26 Int. Spring 10p 96 21 29 29 29 10 8 103 59 138 VSEL Compression 51 300 W568 43 27 24 127 540 276 Wicker 51 466 150 621 46 12 127 540 130 EV Wicker Products 105 42 50 16 67 1	53 449 223 De La Rue 486 \$11.0 19 3.8 1645 14 62 34 Delancy 100 62 11 1024 18 55 148 18 37 15 Unité Reel Sp. 39 (401 19 1.8 361 0.9 366 160 Options Sp. 256 -14 525 25 29 195
Index-Linked (h) (1) (2)   128      1154   Treas. 25c   88 (297.11)   128    24 -	133   965p   98to Algon   100   14   15   14   15   14   15   14   15   14   15   14   15   14   16   15   14   16   15   16   16   16   16   16   16	289 15 Cary (Horace) 50	113 234   27   27   27   27   27   27   27   2	32 115 30 Doors Heles, 100- 115 49 115 6.1 230 4.6 122 77 Dountsian int. 200- 86 3.3 2.5 9.0 4.9 5.9 6378 225 Libour Corp. USS1 537 + 2 0824 - 1.6 - 1.6 - 1.6 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
94- 93- 00 2x 92+ (385.8) 94-1 254 319 126- 108- 00 2x 96 6257.91 125-12- 316 354 104- 02- 02- 02- 0308.81 189-04- 313 361 108-1 935- 02- 0308.81 189-04- 313 351	BANKS, HP & LEASING	2264 E15-Engelhard U.S.\$1.00	25 0 334 15-Wheer 105 32 +1 05-22 22 107 198 90 27 Wood (S.W.) 206 90 17 Wood (S.W.) 206 90 17 4 6 6	0.8   85   66   00. W   52   -1   4.9   1.2   7.7   14.9   1
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Financial Times Friday March 13 1987	CONTROL INVESTMENT TRUSTS—Cont.	FINANCE, LAND-CORL	MINES—Continued
28	PROPERTY	1986-57	1   155   Sheart North    1   155   Sheart
256   157   Separation 10.	1999	1	17
The common com	Col.   Col.	13.6   13.9   13.8	Unless otherwise indicated, sraces and set dividends are in pench and denominations are 25p. Estimated procedurations rates and covers are based denominations are 25p. Estimated procedurations rates and covers are based of the proceduration

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stake with a fresh gain of 5 at 130p.

Textle investors became less

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eased back from its recent high

levels. Courtanids recovered 4 to

# Feb 23 Mar 5 Mar 6 Mar 16 Mar 9 Mar 19 Mar 20 Mar 30

The UK Government bond martet traded slightly easier yesteriet traded slightly easier yesteriet traded slightly easier yesteriet sligh week's Budget Speech from the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Good trading volume at the lower levels was reported and bonds appeared undisturbed by the easier trend of the pound.

The equity market lacked heart for most of the session, but was led higher towards the close by the narrowly during the day, the FT-SE 100 index ended a net 10.3 up at 1989.7. The FT ordinary index

the authorities a week ago. The latest partly-paid tap traded at £40%, an uncomfortable loss for trading houses which hurried to

base rates remained undimmed.
Equities looked quite firm at
the end of the session. The fall in the pound helped Imperial Chemi-cal Industries. Shell continued to

find buyers as did Glazo.

Consumer stocks held steady as traders waited for favourable news from the Chancellor. Bass again stood out among the brewers, while Guinness attracted

The best feature was Reuters. well bought from the US on rumours of impending changes in the stock profile. On May 1, the trustee holders will be able to change some of their non-voting shares into equity, which will enable interested parties to build up holdings in the company. Alternatively, according to some market rumours, the stock may be

Bank shares remained firm behind analysts' comments that lower interest rates will boost volume of the banks' highly profit-able consumer loans business.

Boyal Bank of Scotland con-tinued to reflect hopes of a bid from Hengkong and Shanghai and rose 5 afresh to 329p; HK & S closed a fraction off at 78½p. Irish banks revived strongly, finishing the session with double-figure gains as investors found stock in short supply. Allied Irish advanced 13 to 253p and Bank of Iraland appreciated 23 at 253p. Union L sharply higher earlier ecquired a near5 per cent stake in the company, improved 5 afresh to 873p. Among Hire Purchases, Cat-tles Heldings reflected disappoint-ment with the preliminary results

**EQUITY GROUPS** 

120 35

-0.18 | 120.57 **-0.16** 

| 124.46 | +0.08 | 124.37

# Government bonds trade lower but equity sector visit to the company. Egerton Trust revived strongly and gained 8 to 158p, while Dares Estates, still

usually favoured holders. Lloyds Broker Minet attracted revived Mar 23 Apr 2 Apr 3 Apr 13 speciative support and closed 12 to the good at 257p. Equity and Law, in which Mr Ron Brierley's

Housebuilders Wilson Bowden

about for Bass, up 11 more at 980p, and for Welverhampton and Dudley, which moved forward 7 to 324p. Guinness was another stock

late to 203p.
Leading Buildings were inclined easier in the absence of

excellent interim figures — pretax profits up sharply to just over £30m from £12.4m — was not accompanied by the widelyaccompanies by the which rumoured rights issue and moved forward to close 23 higher on balance at 321p. This boosted sentiment in other leading retailers with Sears closing 4 up at 138p and Sterehouse a few pence dearer at 314p. Secondary issues featured European Home Products 15 higher at 186p in response to the better-than-expected pre-liminary results. Allebone con-

Price movements in Insura

ing 7 higher at 919p and Royals 6 better at 990p.

staged a highly satisfactory mar-ket debut, the shares opening with an expected premium of some 10p against an offer price of 130p; the final quote was 138p. In the Unlisted Securities Market, Unlisted Securities Market, Misya, a computer systems concern, settled at 134p compared
with the placing price of 95p.
British Airways made good
progress following details of added 6.6 to 1578.0.

The gift-edged sector was busy absorbing the £400m partly-paid tap stock bought out on Wednesday, as well as the £200m sold by

on many buying lists and rose 8 to take the stock off the authorities at £41 on Wednesday morning.

However, there were no signs of strain, and confidence in prospects for Budget cuts in tax rates and for further reductions in bank base rates remained undimmed. approach but reacted when the group Finance Director said the report was "totally without foundation." After fluctuating between 202p and 195p, the shares firmed

> further buying interest. Tarmac shed 8 to 528p and Redland slip-ped 4 to 470p. Costain came under selling pressure on rumours of a broker's adverse circular and the price dipped 15 to 615p. John Laing encountered profit-taking at 504p, down 8p, while AMEC cheapened 1½ to 332½p. Elsewhere, Raine Industries moved up 5 to 103 ap on institutional buying, while Stanley Miller, reflecting speculative demand in a market short of stock, put on 8 more to 76p. Sharpe and Fisher touched 180p following the good annual results before easing back to close 3 cheaper on balance at 175p. Scrappy selling clipped 9½ from Federated Hensing at 185p. John-stone's Paints firmed 12 to 150p in response to Press comment.
>
> Next reflected relief that the

firmer in sluggish trading

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES											
	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	· Year	196	6/87	Since Compliation		
	12	11	10	9	6	ago	High	Low	High	Low	
Government Secs	89.89	90.12	89.55	89.25	89.52	88.A3	94.51 (18/4/86)	60.39 (20/7.8%)	127.A (9/3/35)	49.18 (3/1/5)	
Fixed laterest	95.55	95.51	95.13	95.13	94.69	92.97	97.68 (777/86)	86.55 (23/1/86)	105.4	50.53 (3/1/5)	
Ordinary 🛡	1,578.0	1,571.4	1,586.4	1,576.3	1,601.4	1,350.6	1,613.5	1,094.3	1,613.5	49.4 (25/6/40)	
Gold Wines	331.3	324.1	322.2	329.6	338.2	331.0	346.7 ` (5/3/87)	185.7 (1877/84)	734.7 (15/2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71)	
Ord. Div. Yield	3.71	3.72	3.69	3.71	3.64	4.03		S.E. AC	TIVITY		
Earnings Yld.%(fulD	8.60	8.64	8.59	8.64	8.48	9.58	- Im	Aces	Mar. 11	Mar. 10	
P/E Ratio (net) (*)	14.25	14.19	14.27	14.19	14.46	12.95	Gilt Edged	Bargains	189.3	208.5	
SEAQ Bargains (5 pm)	46,032	49,829	46,183	53,342	52,723	] —∫	Equity Barr	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	367.3 2935.3	375.4 2696.2	
Eggity Turnover (£m)	_	1,452.21	1,333.91	1,359.62	1,837.98	<b>1037.33</b>	5-Day Ave	rage	1. 1		
Equity Bargains	_	56,688	57,931	64,128	66,542	43,098		Bargains,	196.8 406.3	1921	
Skares Traded (ml)		6001	620.0	615.4	691.5	428.1	Equity Valu	##6 #	3202.6	3%.4 3210.3	
	10 a.m. 1569.1		a.m. 75.5	Noon 1572.6		p.m. 573.7	2 p.m 1573.		p.m. 574.7	4 p.m. 1574.1	
Day's High 157	8.3. D	ay's Low	1564.3								
Basis 100 Govt. Secs 15/10/26, Fixed Int. 1928, Ordinary 1/7/35, Gold Mines 12/9/55, SE Activity 1974, *Nii=13.72.											

new nil-paid shares a similar amount better at 16p. Empire put amount better at 16p. Empire put on 13 at 213p and Share Drug appreciated 10 at 285p. Renewed speculative buying lifted Frank Usher 6 to 128p, but profit-taking on fading hopes of a bid from Woolworths clipped a further 3 from Underwoods, at 247p.

Reflecting a Salomon Bros push for the company's shares to have a

for the company's shares to have a full listing in the US, Holmes Pretection attracted renewed speculative buying and closed the session 17 higher on balance at 161p. Elsewhere in Electricals, Apricot Computer returned to prominence, rising 7 to 70p, as brokers Chase Manhattan forecast a strong profits recovery after lunching with the company. Apricot, which sustained heavy losses last year, have been revitalised by strong computer sales and Chase forecast a £4m profit for the current year and £8m next. Britannia Securities firmed 11½ to 196p and Unitech jumped 12 at 262p, while improvements of 6 and 8 respectively were seen in Wordplex, 113p, and D. J. Security Alarms, 152p. Among the leaders, British Telecem gave up 3 to 243p following the satisfactory third-quarter figures and GEC continued to reflect a Smith New Court profits downgrading with a fall of 2 to 213p. Pleasey, meanwhile, firmed 4½ to 246½p on hopes of new System X contracts from abroad and Racal revived with a rise of 6 at 244p. Cable and Whreless rallied

Engineers again recorded several noteworthy movements.

Glynwed were good at 395p, up 10, following preliminary figures which came at the top end of mar-

Man

Year

late to finish 6 dearer at 365p.

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL. 01-246 8026

The Food sector displayed several significant price movements.

Tate and Lyle continued to respond to domestic and overseas demand and rose 15 more to 769p, while United Biscuits, reflecting demand ahead of next Wednesday's figures, gained 4 to 277p.
Among Retailers, recently-overlooked Argyfl firmed 8 to 405p
annd Dee Corporation improved 6 to 234p. Elsewhere, Rowntree Mackintosh were steady at 497p, the increased annual profits having been discounted. Beeker, results due shortly, put on 9 to 422p, while Hillsdown hardened a penny to 272p following mildly bullish comment on the annual results. Among the second-liners, Park Feed found support at 213p, up 13 and Hazlewood firmed 2 to

Hotels were featured by Trust-kouse Forte which moved ahead strongly following the revival of institutional buying to close 8 International stocks passed a quiet trading session. The easier

trend in sterling on foreign exchange markets failed to

ket estimates. Speciative active enliven interest, although Glaxe continued in Ransomes Sims, up managed a small improvement of 7½ more at 271p, and revived inn & at £15½. Beets, a poor market continued in Eansemes Sims, up managed a small improvement of 7½ more at 271p, and revived inn ½ at £15½. Beets, a poor market Eanganese Bronze, 13 to the good after a meeting with analysts earst 156p. APV rose 12 further to lier in the week, traded on a much 501p following the annuouncement that it had received for its steadier note and closed a shade ment that it had received for its better at 290p. Comment on the form Baker Perkins shareholders; inspire BTR which settled the latter improved 9 to 355p. In unaltered at 336p. Elsewhere, contrast, profit-taking clipped 4 Reuters continued to make headfrom 606 Greep at 140p after the way on persistent buying from the previous day's speculative flurry. US and closed 31 to the sood at previous day's speculative flurry. US and closed 31 to the good at Crown House fell afresh to close 717p. Stat-Plus, still reflecting the another 10 down at 215p, while good preliminary figures, advanced 10 more to 570p, while Mitchell Cotts responded to the encouraging interim statement with a gain of 4 at 59% p. Pearson, scheduled to reveal preliminary figures next Monday, advanced 15 to 570p. Demand revived Rank Organisation which improved 10 to 658p, but British Aerespace, still reflecting funding uncertain-ties over the new generation of

Airbus airliners, fell that amount to 635p. Speculative activity revived in J. H. Fenner, up 7 at 177p, while Hyman improved 3½ to 44p with the help of traditional option business. Press mention prompted a gain of 6 to 103p in Continuous Stationery. Fresh sup-port left Securicar 13 to the good

MEW HIGHS (187) BRITISH FUNDS (1), CORPORAT LOANS (1), LOANS (2), AMERICA (1), CANADIANS (5), BANKS BREWERS (4), BUILDINGS BREWERS (4), CHEMICALS (5), ELECTRICALS (13), ENGINEERI (11), FOODS (5), HOTELS ( INDUSTRIALS (34), INSURANCE ( LEISURE (13), MOTORS (

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

reflecting property acquisition news, added a peany more to 36/2p. Central Securities were a firm market at 23/2p, up 1/2, while further at 157p. Johnston Group came to life with a rise of 17 to Apex continued to respond to Randsworth Trust's increased

Among Leisure issues, Tut-tenham Hotspur rose 7 to 98p on the announcement that Mr Tony Berry, chairman and chief execute of Blue Arrow, had agreed to take a 4 per cent stake in 379p while more spectacular gains the company at 110p per share and has joined the board as a non-executive director. Tyne Tees TV rose 52 to 482p in reply to the good annual results and optimistic statement GRA gained 9½ to 108p following a bid approach.

Still beset by currency influences, Jaguar drifted back on a volume of only 1.6m shares to close 11 lower at 557p. The possibility of industrial action to the constant of the properties the company at 110p per share and has joined the board as a non-

volume of only 1.6m shares to close 11 lower at 557p. The possibility of industrial action over the operation of group pension funds and the plan to end national pay bargaining for staff stifled interest in Lucas Industries, slightly easier at 585p, but Kwik-Fit rose 5 to 143p on speculation that Woolworth could be eyeing the group. Takeover rumours also inspired buying of Glamfield Lawrence, 7 higher at 133p, and of Hartwell, 4 dearer at 108p. After the event selling, the 108p. After the event selling, the Technology matried the overall annual results equalled best scene with a fall of 7 to 233p. expectations, put Appleyard down Investment Trusts continued

annual results equalled best scene with a tan of 7 to 235.

expectations, put Appleyard down investment. Trusts continued higher, Revisione adding 6 at 3659.

An excellent preliminary state and Moorgate 7 more at 520p. CSC. ment pushed William Collins slipped 5 to 198p after the full-An excellent preliminary statement pushed William Callins issues higher, the ordinary gainsing 10 to 520p and the A 20 to 445p. The Oli majors gave modest Control. Securifies. The Oli majors gave modest Control. Securifies. Premier Trinity International advanced 20 ground initially, but rallied further to 670p, while EMAP As strongly late in the session as improved to 163p following the proposed £16.6m acquisition of Senews, 75 per cent-owned by Department of Senews, 75 per cent-owned by Ladbroke. A broker's lunch with EMAP was concluded favourably yesterday. BPCC benefited from a broker's meeting the previous evening, although no new developments emerged, and closed 20 up at 348p, while Ault ing comment on the annual arranged in Estagrish and Hawley and Wiberg revived with a rise of 5 results, while Entitle Gas hard.

to 125p. Hunterprint moved forward 20 to 408p and KLP were 15 higher at 380p, but Bunzl weakened 4 to 224p. USM-listed The following is based on trading vo Yellowhammer bounded 23 to 188p among Advertising Agencies where Abbott Mead Vickers gained 10 more to 340p; the latter has gained the British Telecom corpo-rate account. Gold Greenless Trett rose 5 more to 280p.

Buwers returned for selected Property issues and Land Securities featured with a rise of 7 at 372p. MEPC hardened a couple of pence to 351p following a broker's

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1986-87

	•
tex	NEWSPAPERS (3), PAPER (9),
LNS	PROPERTY (15), SHEES (2),
G).	TEXTILES (7), TRUSTS (22), OILS (1),
(ዓ).	OVERSEAS TRADERS (2),
(9).	PLANTATIONS (2), MINES (4).
	NEW LOWS (5)
ing	
a.	AMERICANS (4) Citicorp, Cont. Illinois
	Corp., Manuf. Hanover, Transamerica,
(2),	
<b>(2).</b>	ENSIMEERING (1) Tex Hidgs.

May Aug. Nov. May Aug. Nov.

dened 12 to 80 2p, after 79 2p. Elsewhere, Lysander Petroleum; shed 11 to 34p following the poor

Strong support was encouraged of Pelly Peck by a financial press report suggesting that the instituinterim results.

tions were now clamouring for the shares.
Firm bullion prices helped gold mining stocks to extend their recovery. Demand was thin, however, and mostly came from

the US. Continental investors stayed on the side lines. At the close, the FT Gold Share index was 7.2 up at 3313. Southvanl and Harmony stood out strongly, and there was selective

demand for the finance houses. Diamonds again lacked features, De Beers again failed to extend the gain which preceded the trading figures reported earlier this week.

#### Traded Options

Demand for Traded Options improved with total contracts struck amounting to 46,738—31,843 calls and 14,896 pmts. British Airways were active with 4.365 calls arranged 1,596 in April 1205, while 3,098 calls were done in

#### **Traditional Options**

First dealings March 2 Last dealings March 13

 Last declaration June 11
 For Settlement June 22
 For rate indications see end of Money was given for the call of
Berheley and Hay Hill. Properly
Trust, Kwil-Fit, Astra Industrial,
FIC Lilley, Central and Shearwood,
Ryan Hotels, Common Bres.
Control. Securities, Premier
Consolidated, Hyman, Norfolk
Capital, United Guarantee, TV-am,
Begalism Eventher

writies dealt through the SEAQ system

#### TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

3,600 1,300 3,600 7,29 708 3,500 5,900 8,400 210 12,000 1,300 12,000 1,200 1,200 RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

Rises 9 24 501 173 33

(	LONDON RECENT ISSUES													
EQL	IIT	IES		. •			•				-, -			31
Essae Price	Paid	Latest Description	198	667	Π	S	tock	.	Closing	+ 07	lie.		C-may	
TIME	4	Date	iligh	Low				_	Price	-	Div.	Co-d	Yes	Ratio
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7	F.P.	_	1 25	37		der T			561 <sub>2</sub>	+5	R4.0	끍	14	28.7
125	65	5/4	12212	104			P15		122	+40	R6.0		62	142
105	F.P.	27/3	155	127	Capit	عا Rad	io 10p		155 -	+20	W5.0	ផែ	45	166
\$110	F.P.	203	133	123	Date	Group	م10		131	+1	.R4.5		44	155
· 5125 670	肾	27/3	136 ·	133 80			roup 5p		136	+1	U2.2		23	18.2
4250	F.P.	84	350	315	T Date	reison	10p 5 enidelil		. 87	+2	R2.7	21	4.4	156
*#	F.P.	<u> </u>	130	120	4-lone	ung Pic	sabe 20%	Z 1	350 ii		U6.25	22	25	25.9
<b>9115</b>	F.P.	16/4	146	135	4JSE	Cest	rical 20o		136	+1	129	2.8	=	l
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· 5120 995	F.P.	26/3	154 102	127	1494	الم لحظ	State Corp	104	152 .	+7 .	R4.26	225	3.9	14.3
97D	F.P	1004	38	97 27	RCO		- est. es :	<u> </u>	101	<b> </b>	L3.91	23	53	124
Suo I	FĎ.	7/4	152	120	THE	HO2 116	elth 2p Sidney 5	/	.37		6.28	4.1	109	318
220	F.P.		246	239		Octobelo Octobelo	a Bk. Uni	2-1	142 245	+2	R4.26			165
	F.P.	. —	108	97	Scot.	ha T	u ok. viji St. Warra	21	100 I	+2	±6.0	25	44	10.3
<b>990</b>	F.P.	3/4	101	-97	Slect	d Col	demit 10	<b>5</b> 1			R2.2	=		- 1
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\$100 	相 FP. SBD FP. FP.	155 14	12por 58p 565 <sub>2</sub> 1005 <sub>1</sub> 100 1005 <sub>2</sub>	4372	City Ste Estate: 7% Car. Urs. Ln. 2005/06 LoBards 6% Con. Sec. Pri. 51 Mail-Sense: Market 11% Bed Deb 2012-16 Mailconvide 1031 % Bed. 15/2488 De. 2015/9. Deb 2016 TR Tressees Com 10-2% Deb 2016	1150 550 557 1004 100 1035	1
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type Price	Amoret Paid up	Latest Restato Date	19 High	16/7 Low	Stock	Clasing Price	+ =
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#### FT-ACTUARIES INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	& SUB-SI	COTIC	INC		Thurs	day A	March 12 1987 Mar					March 10	March 9	ago (appress.)
F	ez 306-31 Igures in parenthe stocks pe	ses show		of lade		Est. Earnin Yield e (Max	چ ا	Grass Div. Yield% ACT at 29%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	xd adj. 1987 to date	Index Na.	Index No.	judes No.	Index No.
1	CAPITAL 6008	S (208) .		852			a i	3.09	16.86	2.16	853.97	858.89	855.60	714.66
2	Building Materia			1095.				3.16	16.60	0.72	1039.20			755.99
3	Contracting, Cons	struction (	(28)	1486.				3.17	20.15	2.68				1110.49
4	Electricals (12)		2055.		7.3		3.82	17.51	1.39	2055.71	2041_53			
5	Electronics (38)		1 <u>921</u>				2.32	17.06		1925.29			1742.86	
6	Mechanical Engli Metals and Metal		475.   458.				3.52 3.41	15.05 15.09	1.04	474.66			397.71	
8 9	Motors (15)	rormay	<del>1</del> 00.   321.		8.0 8.5		3.37	13.42	0.00 0.88	450.49 322.65	449.69 329.53	449.22 325.12	318.65 283.50	
10	Other (edustrial I	Aateriais	1446		50		3.39	19.66	2.64					
21	CONSUMER CR		1181				2.71	29.78	251		1178.72		881.95	
22	Brewers and Dist	Illers (22	)	1167.				313	16.30	355		1104.25		861.55
25	Food Manufactur			874		7.6		3.33	17.16	2.21	867.74			637.83
25	Food Retailing (1			2150.				2.58	23.67	9.65		2130.07	2123.80	1867.94
27	Health and House	shold Pro	ducts (1,0)					1.63	28.60	0.28	2335.36		2299.68	1492.36
29 31	Leisure (31)	/7.4\		1185.				3.53	20.70	8.26	1177.A3			916.51
32	Packaging & Pap Publishing & Prin		<del></del> -	590. 3565.	1	5.9		2.84	21.68	0.56	593.71	592.50	593.79	449.08
34	Stores (37)	King (14)		13060. 1826.		56		3.21 2.64	22.59 21.77	3.41	3529.51	3502.50 1041.63	3498.87 1031.25	2233.34
35	Textiles (17)			661		7.8		3.07	14.59	监	1017.57 647.72	655.14	656.19	847.49 517.34
40	OTHER GROUP!	(88)		964		81		3.50	15.17	3.78	961.26	965.72	957.87	837.87
41	Agencies (1.7)			1484.		4.4		177	30.62		1378.78			60
42	Chemicals (21)			1218.		8.1		3.60	15.08		1216.58	1226.50		952.12
43	Conglomerates C			1382		6.7		3.35	17.60		1291.99	1305.37	1289.46	<u> </u>
45	Shipping and Tra		IJ	1972		6.8		4.83	17.80	0.00	1955.65	1967.46	1925.64	1639.29
47	Telephone Netwo			957.!		9.7		4.02	13.97	1.09	964.14	969.89	961.43	994.42
48	Miscellaneous (2)			<u> 1294.</u>		9.3	8	325	12.62	3.23	1287.01	1299.97	1281.62	2027.38
49	INDUSTRIAL G	16UP (41	<u>12)</u>	<u> 1948.</u>		7.0	<u> 5   </u>	3.01	17.96	2.84	1044.38	1050.09	1044.44	837.49
<u>51</u>	Oil & Gas (18)			1739.	77 +1.0	9.7	5 🔽	5.1B	12.97	19.18	1722.82	1711.02	1698.88	1176.16.
<u>59</u>	500 SHARE IND			1106.	83 +0.5	7.4	2	3.31	17.05	4.27	1101.38	1105.54	1099.32	867.90,
61	FINANCIAL GR	DUP(117	]	683.	31 +0.5	$\top$	$\neg$	4.25		5.80	680.12	678.34	671.76	588.60
62	Banks (8)			734,8		18.0	0	5.20	7.63	12.84	731.75	724.03	722.45	598.55
65	Insurance (Life)			968.	,	1 —	- 1	4.01	-	0.00	964.89	974.03	962.81	896.78
66 67	Insurance (Comp			545.	,	<b>)</b> –	- 1	4.36	l — :	2.02	541.69	541.50	526.56	482.52
68	Insurance (Broke Merchant Banks	85) (Y)		1169.		8.4	6	4.53	15.41		1167.04	1171.73	1164.22	1274.83
69	Property (47)		***************************************	368. 891.		1 =	_ (	3.24	l . <del></del> i	0.03	368.99	368.42		352.75
70	Other Financial C	26)		- 445.		53 72		3.31 3.44	24.18	9.96	885.32	885.59	873.75	728.11
71	Investment Trust			970		1-2	<del>"</del>		17.69	1.86	443.25	439.99	438.02	337.10
81	Mining Finance (			3777		83	اہ	2.42 4.36	14.49	4.86 1.89	970.27	968.52 373.59	966.53 375.47	726.90 280.65
91	Overseas Traders			891		9.2		5.04	13.16	10.94	376.96 882 36	292.86	882.74	673.02
99	ALL-SHARE INC	EX(727	)	991			┭┼	3.44	43.48	4.42	987.25	989.66	983.81	786.59
				Inde		<del></del>	<del>.   .</del>					-		
	!			No				Day's Low	March 11	March 10	March	March	March	Year
	FT-SE 100 SHAI	E INDE	K &		7+18.3	1000	7 76	172.7		1007 7		7000 2	2902.8	1616.7
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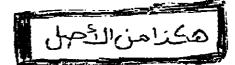
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#### Financial Times Friday March 13 1987 Ø COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

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# Higher sales figures give little impetus

#### WALL STREET

SETTLING down after volatility earlier in the week, Wall Street stock prices crept ahead in moderheavy trading yesterday as many broad market indices set re-New York

Both stock and credit markets failed to gain any sense of direction was weaker as the markets realised from the sharp increase in February's retail sales figures released erday because in context the

2,267.20, 11 points shy of its record. edged down \$% to \$47%. It had opened about four points down from the previous close, drift- \$72%. Analysts said the outlook is ed about seven points higher but fell back from an attempted rally

But all the broader market indices set records. The Standard were slightly lower yesterday. ExPoor's 500 index rose 0.91 to 291.22,
the New York and American stock
exchange composites added 0.57 to

\$76\%\$ and Standard Oil put on \$1 165.96 and 3.12 to 331.99 and the Nasdan over-the-counter composite rose 1.05 to 432.48. Advancing NYSE issues outpaced those declining by a ratio of four-to-three on volume of

On their first day as members of the 30-stock Dow Industrial index, strong Boeing fell \$1 to \$52% and Coca-Cola lost \$1% to \$47% on combined volume of 2.7m shares. In contrast, Inco and Owens-Illinois, the stocks they replaced, were mixed. Inco rose \$% to \$15% while Owens-Illinois was unchanged at \$60% on total volume of L4m shares, indicating that the new stocks are more ntative of the market.

Profit taking was apparent in technology and drug sectors with Digital Equipment falling \$1% to \$166%, Unisys losing \$% to \$101%, Merck dropping \$1% to \$156% and Smith civing up \$3% to \$157%

Squibb giving up \$3% to \$157%. IBM advanced \$2% to \$144% following reports that its second generation of personal computers to be aunched soon would diverge from industry standards, facing compet-ing manufacturers with difficult choices of whether to follow suit. Among the competitors COMPAQ

Row soared \$16 to \$49% following a \$50 a share offer from Harcourt, Brace, Jovanovich. Mr Theodore Cross, a Harper Row shareholder, withdrew his earlier bid of \$34 a publishing stocks. McGraw-Hill added \$1% to \$71%, Houghton Mifflin rose \$1% to \$34% and Macmillan advanced \$% to \$58%.

Cyclops gained \$1% to \$93 on news of a counter offer of \$90% a share, on certain conditions, from an investment group including Au-dio/Video Affiliates, which dipped \$% to \$7%. An earlier AVA bid had been topped by a \$90% offer from Dixon's, the UK electrical consumer

Taft Broadcasting rose \$\frac{5}{2}\$ to \$153. Its board rejected a \$145 a share offer from an investme group led by the group's vice chair-

Allegis, parent of the United Air Lines and hotel group, gained \$2% to \$61% on rumours that Mr Donald cords, writes Roderick Oram in Trump, the New York real estate inestor, was planning a bid for it.

The retailing sector generally the retail sales figures were not as good as they seemed at first glance. Sears, Roebuck edged ahead \$% to \$52% but Wal-Mart slipped \$% to The Dow Jones industrial aver- \$58, Federated Department Stores age closed down 1.78 points at dipped \$% to \$93% and the Limited

Atlantic Richfield rose \$2% to positive for its new Alaskan oil field. Other oil stocks were boosted by the release of favourable inventory figures even though oil prices to \$80 % although Texaco slipped \$%

Credit markets took in their stride the far larger than expected increase in retail sales in February announced yesterday. The rise of 41 per cent, heavily influenced by strong but volatile car sales, was largely offset by the revision of January's sharp decline of 7.4 per cent pared with the 5.8 per cent drop originally reported.

The largely neutral figures failed tors and traders the clues they had been seeking to the my's direction. Another chance comes today with the re-lease of February's industrial production and producer prices. Small increases of around 0.2 per cent and 0.4 per cent respectively from Janu-

The price of the 7.50 per cer benchmark Treasury long bond edged up 1/2 of a point to \$91% at which it yielded 7.51. Other maturities were similary ahead a fraction

#### CANADA

THE ADVANCE continued in Toromto as strong resource stocks led the market higher and most sectors

Dome Petroleum, which was due 6 cents ahead at C\$1.16. Oils generally were boosted by crude price gains and Shell Canada

added C\$11/2 to C\$36% while Gulf Canada was C\$¼ higher at C\$26¼. Nickel producer Inco, which fell

# Dublin springs ahead on poll outcome

certainty over who would form Ireland's new Government has added extra confidence to an already thriving Dublin stock

market.

Dealers were joking yesterday about the luck of Mr Charles Haughey, leader of the minority Flama Fail administration formed on Tuesday, whose return to power was followed by new highs on the equities market, a rush of demand for government gilts, and two straight days of rare spring sunshine in Dublin,

With the long-term stability of the new Government in question and other factors exerting a strong influence on the market, the political element contributed only in part to the optimistic outlook.

On the equities front, the long election

which has been moving relentlessly upwards for mouths, chiefly because the main stocks rely increasingly for profit growth rsees operations and not on the

Stockbrokers J&E Davy's Overall Index was at a high of 735.20 yesterday, having risen about 25 per cent since the beginning of this year. The trend is linked to the per-formance of other international markets, particularly London to which Dublin is af-

Leading the surge has been Jeffer Smurfit, the paper, board and packaging maker whose recent expansion in the US has led to big profit growth forecasts. It now accounts for nearly one quarter of the Dublin market's total market capitalisation Other strong performers include Cen

Roadstone, Waterford Glass, FII-Fyfies and Independent Newspapers, which all earn a hig chunk of their earnings over-sens. The two hig Irish banks, Alicel Irish and Bank of the land, are also moving up as ealers judge they have been undervalued

Mr Haughey's return to office had a greater effect in the glits market which acunts for the bulk of turnover in Dublin. The dispelling of uncertainty in government, at least for a sew mouths, combined with the strengthening of sterling and falling interest rates in London to boost demand for government securities.

mand ar government securities.

Although the market was quieter again yesterday, dealers said some E7èm of stock was bought on Wednesday, shading yields on some long-term gilts slightly below 12 per cent for the first time since September.

They added that the Government was new well shead of its domestic funding targets for this year, having raised about 40 per cent of its Hilm requirement already.

A key factor in all this was the ca the Irish pound against storing. The com-bination of a cheaper Irish pound and rela-tively high interest rates raises the prospect of a reverse in a recent trend of heavy outflows from the Irish currency. That would eventually help bring down interest rates, a crucial element in the new Government's hopes of boosting growth in the

Dealers are new looking forward to the UK budget on Tuesday and the Irish budget at the end of the mouth to see if this

Hugh Carnegy

#### EUROPE

## **Brussels** hits record despite profit-taking

RENEWED caution beld back many European bourses vesterday but selective buying made an exception of Selgium and the Netherlands

Brussels encountered widespr profit-taking after the long bull run, but strong demand in certain sectors managed to push the stock ex-change index to yet another record of 4,468.54, a gain of 11.38. Insurers remained strong, with Royale Belge putting on BFr 550 to

BFr 7,050, a rise of 8.5 per cent. Market leader Petrofina, howver, fell back a further BFr 125 to BFr 9,950, retailer GB Inno BM lost BFr 58 to BFr 1,160 and industrial

holding company Gevaert lost BFr 80 to BFr 6,500 after higher profits, Amsterdam continued to be buoyed by the dollar, which was fixed slightly higher against the guilder, and demand from both home and abroad was strong. In mixed internationals, Philips added 30 cents to FI 50.30 with a forecast of better 1987 profits. But KLM eased 30 ents to F1 43.10. Frankfurt remained unsettled by

VW's problems but the sell-off was much reduced from Wednesday. The Commerzbank index added 4.8 to 1,727.0 but did not reflect later

sales which took the bourse to a mixed to easier close. Reconsideration of the VW currency fraud losses left the car share DM 2.20 bigher at DM 325.50 on bargain-hunting, although overseas investors were active sellers. BMW added DM 3 to DM 484 but Daimler ended DM 12 lower at DM 920.

Bonds were slightly higher. The Bundesbank sold DM 171.1m of pa-

#### LONDON

THE SOFTER pound had little impact on a buoyant London gilt-market as marketmakers and trading houses squared posi-tions ahead of next week's bud-

Equities lacked heart and the FT-SE 100 fell 10.3 to 1,989.7 while the FT Ordinary gained 6.6 in 1.578.0.

Internationals, particularly chemicals, benefited from the lower exchange rate while banks advanced on hopes of lower in-terest rates. Details Page 42

Zarich was mainly lower, with banks under pressure from Ecuador's plans to suspend debt pay-

50 to SFr 10,950 while Ciba-Geigy ras steady at SFr 3,375.

Paris was mixed to easier on fur ther profit-taking with many inves tors hesitant in the wake of Wall Street's overnight losses. However there were some gains, notably for imetal, which jumped FFr 5.80 to FFr 111.80, a gain of 5.5 per cent. Milan picked up a little to end mixed to higher on end-of-month position-squaring. Montedison lost

a further L30 to L2,720. lm was depressed by news that no further interest rate cuts were planned. Sandvik, with higher profits, eased SKr 2 to SKr

Oslo pursued its rally, boosted by Madrid fell again.

#### SOUTHAFRICA

some buying of gold shares in Johannesburg, and Vaal Reefs advanced R5 to R349 while Driefontein was 25 cents ahead at R67.

THE FIRMER bullion price and de-cline in the financial rand attracted changed. Diamond stock De Beers

was steady at R20.25 and Sasol added 15 cents to R10.75.

# Nikkei at third peak

#### TOKYO

HIGH-TECHNOLOGY blue chips advanced sharply in Tokyo yester-day in heavy trading, helping push the Nikkei average to its third con-secutive record high, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press. The index surged 157.24 to

21,470.20 on turnover estimated at 1.1bn shares in the morning alone. A shift in investor interest from large-capital stocks to high-priced high-technology stocks in the after-noon curbed the increase so that trading totalled 1.58bn, down from Wednesday's 2.13bn. Gains led losses 497 to 395, with 119 issues un-

Various market indicators, inchuding single-day trading value and the Nikkei average, have reg-istered all-time records this year, but single-day turnover alone has yet to exceed the high of 2.32bn shares set on August 21. This has caused many investors and securities houses to speculate that the current bull market will continue until daily turnover hits a record.

Large-capital steels and shipbuildings advanced from the outset on massive purchases by institutional investors. However, volu failed to reach a new high due to the move toward high-tech issues. Nippon Steel lost Y4 to Y303, although turnover was the largest at 150.63m shares. Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals shed Y11 to Y549 and Showa Denko Y10 to Y616. Mitsub-

ishi Electric turned down, falling Y11 to Y560, and Sumitomo Chemi cal dropped Y28 to Y937. Among large-capital issues, Su-

"IMPOSSIBLE" DREAMS COME TRUE!

mitomo Metal Industries climber Y12 to Y237 on the second highest rading of 147.07m shares, mirroring its plan to build marine leisure facilities on the site of its steel-works. Mitsubishi Heavy Industries went up Y5 to Y620 and Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industries Y13

Most Aids-related stocks declined. Ajinomoto was Y50 down at Y3,650, Morinaga Milk Industry Y47 lower at Y830 and Takeda Chemical Y40 lower at Y3,050.

Bond prices plunged after Wednesday's sharp upsurge, on ru-mours that the Bank of Japan was concerned about the recent rapid rise. There was panic selling by dealers who purchased massively on Wednesday to build up invento-ries. The yield on the 5.1 per cent nt bond due in June 1996 fell from 4.600 per cent on Wednes-day to 4.575 per cent in the morn-ing, but later selling pushed it back up to 4.635 per cent.

#### HONG KONG

LATE SELLING, triggered by fears of a rise in local interest rates, forced Hong Kong lower again with a 10.76 drop to 2,750.14.

Properties were quick to respond to the rate speculation: a large self-off took Hutchison Whampon down HK\$1.50 to HK\$52.50, Cheung Kong was 75 cents down at HK\$44 and SHK Properties closed 40 cents off Bond Corp International held steady at HKS 2.70 ahead of results.

Among utilities, China Light advanced 20 cents to HK\$21.90.

#### **SINGAPORE**

THE POLITICAL crisis in Sarawa combined with early profit taking in Singapore trimmed 4.86 off the Straits Times industrial index to 1,066.94. Turnover retreated to 35.8m shares from Wednesday's

shares changing hands, gained 6 cents to S\$1.38 while Malaysian Rearces firmed % cent to 35 cents or DBS featured among the dec

with its 50-cent drop to S\$12 while Fraser & Neave closed 15 cents cheaper at S\$9.95.

#### **AUSTRALIA**

PROFIT-TAKERS continued to make inroads on Sydney share prices as the All Ordinaries dropped for the fourth day with a fresh fall of 8.4 points to 1,625.7. BHP drew more buyers, however, with investor attention focusing on

its gold mine unit. It gained 5 cents to A\$10.89 on turnover of 1.9m shares. Other BHP stakeholders were less resilient: Elders IXL lost 5 nts to A\$4.88 and Bell Resources closed unchanged at A\$4.65.

Bond Curp was also active with

4m shares turned over in a special sale off market at A\$2.75. Books finished 3 cents cheaper at AS2.77. News Corp fell again. It lost 50 its to A\$23 after a sharp fall ear-

Private Blood Bank staunched its losses and recovered with a 70 cent advance to A\$4.30.

## Major UK gilt market shake-out predicted

UK institutional investors be lieve there will be a majo shake-out of participants in the UK Government bond market within the next three years even though many expect the volume of their gilt turnover to increase, writes Janet Bush in

This is one of the messages that emerged from a survey of 70 institutions conducted during January by Capel-Cure Myers, a leading agency broker

Asked how many primary market-makers there would be within three years' time, 46 per cent of the institutions said less than 15. This opinion conforms with the widely-held view before Big Bang (the London financial services revolu-tion) that the gilt market was not large enough to support 27

The results also suggest sharp decrease in the number of agency brokers active in the gilt market. Around 85 per cent saw the number of agency bro-kers having fallen after a year, although the other 15 per cent see the number rising.

sults suggests that the deregula-tion of the market on October 27 has brought many of the ad-vantages which its proponents had promised. The vast majority of respondents to the survey thought that the market was more liquid since Big Bang and it now offered more efficient execution of deals. Coupled with the near or to-

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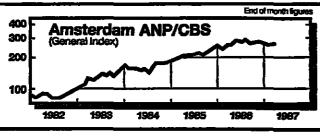
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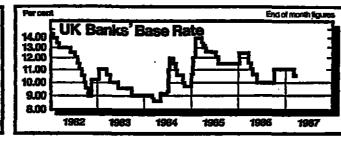
tal climination of commissions. these factors have encourage institutions and private inves tors to deal more frequen The responses of institutions

offer some hard evalence of the loyalty they have displayed to the old British broking houses which tends to support reports that foreign bous have not been able to build an retail business as much as they would have liked. An overwhelming 70 per cent said most of the market

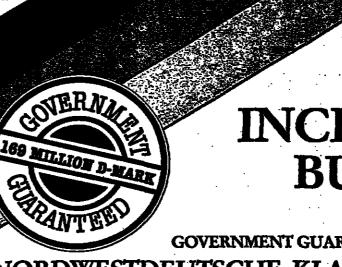
makers they now dealt with were connected with brokers they had used before Big Bang. Most institutions broadly content with the particular houses with whom they deal

# KEY MARKET MONITORS





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				HOME KOME	Hane Sene	1			CURRE	NÇIES	(London	ų		US BONDS				
DJ Industrials DJ Transport DJ Utilities S&P Comp.		2,268.98 939.80 216.43	188.40	ITALY Banca (	2,750.14 Comm. 682.09	2,760,90 679,86		\$ DM Yes		1.8715 153.8 6.22		298 245.0	Treesand 6% 1989 7% 1993	Mar Price 99"5: 99"5:	th 12 Yield 6.419 7.012	Price 99°%s 99°%s	Yeld 6,436 7,029	
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				SOUTH AFRICA		·MUUD)	W1.34		mencies		for 12	Prev	(years)	index	change		change	
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AUSTRALIA All Ord. Motels & Mins.	1,625.7 784.7	1,634.2 788.6	1,078.8 517.4	SPANI Medid	230.93	232.43	142,45	(offered	don Interi	heak fizi	8	8%s	3- 5 15-30 Source: A	157.57 198.58 <b>(emil L</b> yn	+0.17 +0.59 set	6.71 7.78	-0.03 -0.03	
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FRANCE				G	OLD (\$/c			\$1m poi March LONDO	ints of 100	*	-	- 93.97	General				8.64	
GAG Gen ind. Tendance	440.30 111.80	440.2 112.0	#15.8. 75.9	London	\$41		Prev \$407.25 \$407.45	Three-s	neuth Ma nta of 100		93.50	93.49	Citicorp		h 2016	100.375	934	
FAZ-Aktien Commerzberk	571.08			Parls (fiding) Luxembourg New York (April)	\$40 \$40	77.88 16.80	\$407.83 \$407.35 \$408.30	20-year	Hotions 32nds of 1	4 QAR 600%			Source: Sa Latest en				—	



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